

# Ruby conoce a la WEB

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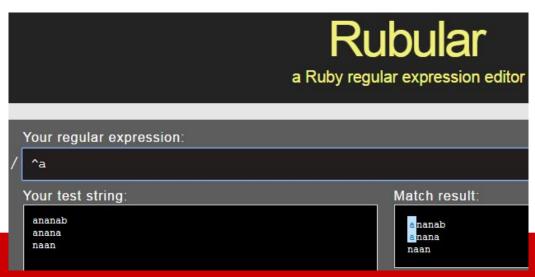
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### "Expression orientation"

```
fruits = ['banana', 'anana', 'naan'].map do |food|
    food.reverse
end # ["ananab", "anana", "naan"]

puts fruits.select { |f| f.match /^a/ }
    # ananab anana
```

http://www.rubular.com/

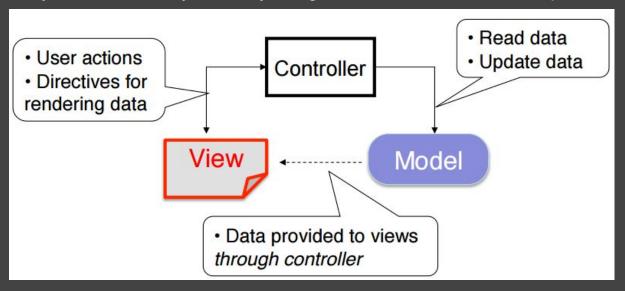


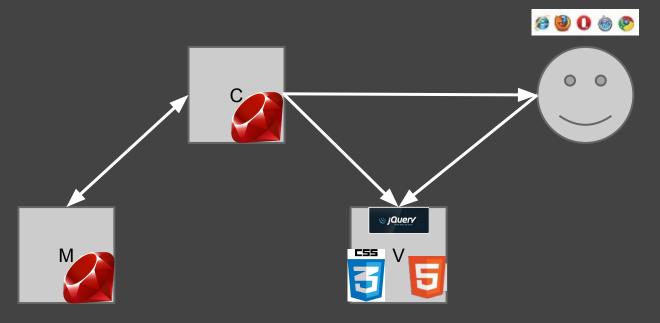
### Temario

- 1. MVC
- 2. REST
- 3. Routes
- 4. Gemfile
- 5. Estructura de una app simple

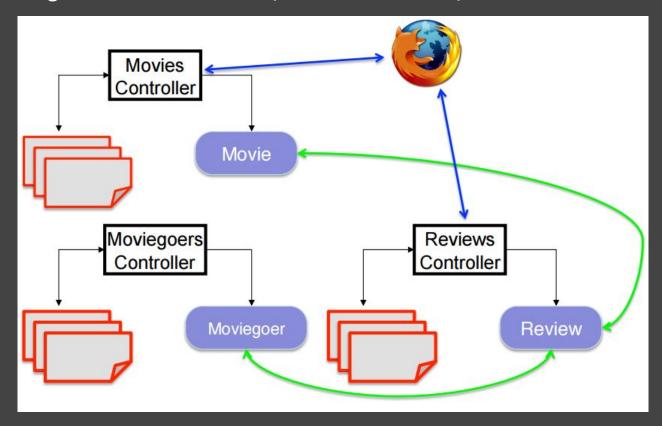
## The MVC Design Pattern

- Goal: separate organization of data (model) from UI & presentation (view) by introducing controller
  - mediates user actions requesting access to data
  - presents data for rendering by the view
- Web apps may seem "obviously" MVC by design, but other alternatives are possible...

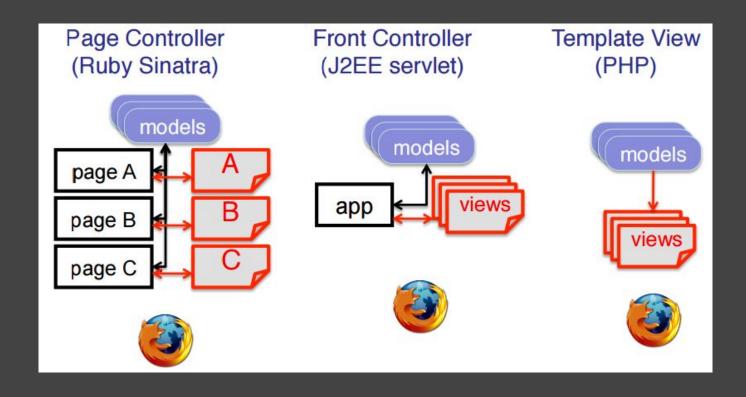




#### Each entity has a model, controller, & set of views



#### Alternatives to MVC



### Question

Which statement is **NOT** true about the Model-View-Controller (MVC) architectural pattern:

All MVC apps have both a "client" part (e.g. Web browser) and a "cloud" part (e.g. Rails app on cloud).

Model-View-Controller is just one of several possible ways to structure a app.

Peer-to-peer apps (vs. client-server apps) can be structured as Model-View-Controller.

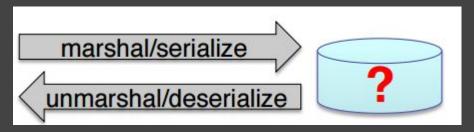
Apps on the Web, controller actions and view contents are transmitted using HTTP.

#### Modelo

```
⊕ ÷ b · l ·
                                                  alert.rb ×
Project
assets
                                                   Dclass Alert < ActiveRecord::Base
  controllers
                                                      validates : level, presence: true
  helpers
                                                      validates : expires, presence: true
  mailers mailers
  models
                                                       LEVELS = [:success, :info, :warning, :danger]
     concerns
                                                       enum level: LEVELS
      data_sync
      ? .keep
                                                       scope :not expired, -> { where(arel table[:expires].gt(Time.zone.now)) }
      ability.rb
                                                      def self.displayable
      activity summary.rb
                                                        not expired
      adjuster.rb
      alert.rb
      cache_manager.rb
                                                       # Rails Admin support
                                                      def level enum
      case.rb
      claims lab record.rb
      closed feature.rb
      diany note th
```

## In-Memory vs. In-Storage objects

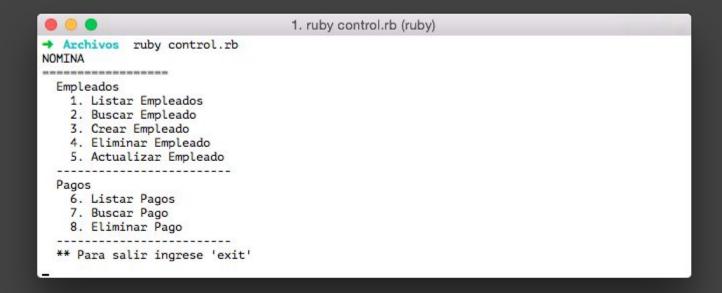
- How to represent persisted object in storage
  - Example: Movie with name & rating attributes
- Basic operations on object: CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)
- ActiveRecord: every model knows how to CRUD itself, using common mechanisms



#### Controlador

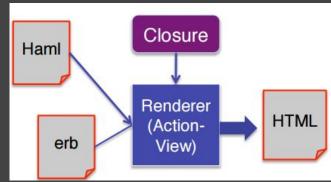
```
Project
                                                       pages_controller.rb ×
   assets
                                                     Class PagesController < ApplicationController
   controllers
                                                          skip before action :authenticate user!, only: [:upgrade]
      concerns
                                                         def upgrade
      users
                                                           render template: 'pages/upgrade'
      adjuster_dashboard_controller.rb
      application_controller.rb
                                                      △end
         claims_controller.rb
      pages_controller.rb
   helpers
```

#### Vista?





View: Template View pattern



## Don't put code in your views

Syntactically, you can put any code in view

MVC advocates thin views & controllers

 Helpers (methods that "prettify" objects for including in views) have their own place in Rails app

### **REST**

REST (Representational State Transfer)—R. Fielding, 2000

Idea: URI names resource, not page or action

Homework, read about REST

### Routes

- In MVC, each interaction the user can do is handled by a controller action
  - Ruby method that handles that interaction
- A route maps <HTTP method, URI> to controller action

Route	Action
GET /movies/3	Show info about movie whose ID=3
POST /movies	Create new movie from attached form data
PUT /movies/5	Update movie ID 5 from attached form data
DELETE /movies/5	Delete movie whose ID=5

### **Bundler & Gemfile**



### Administración de librerías por proyectos

http://bundler.io/

```
Ouinta Sesión gem install bundler
```

### Gemfile



