

Evaluation of Color STIPs for Human Action Recognition

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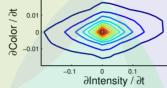
1. Why Color for Action Recognition?

Because:

Motion is the dominant cue in action recogition

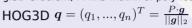
Color gives:

-More Motion observations -Better Motion estimation



4. Multi-channel STIP Descriptors

g:3D Gradient, P: nx3 matrix of polyhedron face centers





KlaserBMVC08

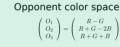
Channel Integration: $g'' = \sum_{j=1}^{nc} g^j \cdot g^j$

Channel Concatenation: $g' = \{g^j\}, j = 1, ..., n_c$ Channel Concatenation $\mathfrak{C}_{0,1}: n_c D/2$

	Gradient Orientation	Gradient Direction	
Channel Integration	$\mathfrak{C}_{1,1}:D/2$	$\mathfrak{C}_{1,0}:1D$	

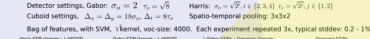
2. Reflection Model and Color Space Shafer85

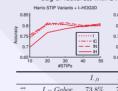
Di-chromatic Model, $\mathbf{f} = e(m^b \mathbf{c}^b + m^i \mathbf{c}^i)$ Diffuse Reflection Specular (interface) Reflection Source ci:Body Color cb:Interface Color m^b



	Intensity	Chromatic	Norm Chromatic	Hue
Representation	O_3	$[O_1,O_2]$	$\left[\frac{O_1}{O_3}, \frac{O_2}{O_3}\right]$	$\frac{O_1}{O_2}$
Invariant to	-	Highlights	Shadows	Hl. & Sh.
Reference	I	C	N	H

5. Results, UCF-Sports, UCF-11, UCF-50





IC - Gabor

I - Gabor

IN - Gabor

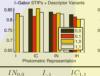
UCF Sports



71.1%

Color

71.0%



68.5%

76.0%

72.6%

72.9%



73.9%

74.2%



3. Multi-channel STIP Detectors

 m^i :Scalar mb·Scalar

Multi-channel Harris STIPs

 $q(\cdot;\cdot,\cdot)$:3D Gauss f^j :image channel j n_c :nr channels $V = (V^1, V^2, ..., V^{n_c})^T$ $V^j = q(\cdot; \sigma_o, \tau_o) * f^j(\cdot)$ $V_d = (V_d^1, V_d^2, ..., V_d^{n_c})^T, d \in \{x, y, t\}$









71.8%

Intensity

UCF 11



71.8%

LICE 50

54.3% 57.9%

Multi-channel Gabor STIPs

 $R = \sum_{i=1}^{nc} (g(\cdot; \sigma_o) * h_{ev}(\cdot; \tau_o) * V^j)^2 + (g(\cdot; \sigma_o) * h_{od}(\cdot; \tau_o) * V^j)^2$