

Practice Quiz 4 MATH 2280, ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, SPRING 2024

NAME: Solutions

A#: _____

Problem 1. Exercise 6.2 (10 points) Using a linear substitution, solve the initial value problem.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + (y-x)^2$$

with $y(0) = \frac{1}{4}$

Solution:

$$u = y - x \Rightarrow y = u + x$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{du}{dx} + 1$$

no constant solution

$$\Rightarrow \frac{du}{dx} + 1 = u^2 + 1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{du}{dx} = u^2$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{1}{u^2} \frac{du}{dx} = 1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{1}{u^2} \frac{du}{dx} dx = dx$$

$$\hookrightarrow \int u^{-2} du = \int dx$$

$$\hookrightarrow -u^{-1} = x + C_1$$

$$\hookrightarrow u^{-1} = -(x + C_1)$$

$$\hookrightarrow u = -\frac{1}{x + C_1}$$

$$\hookrightarrow y - x = -\frac{1}{x + C_1}$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = x - \frac{1}{x + C_1}$$

$$y(0) = 0 - \frac{1}{0 + C_1} = -\frac{1}{C_1} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 = -4$$

$$\text{So, } y(x) = x - \frac{1}{x-4}$$

Problem 2. Exercise 6.7c (10 points) For the following determine a substitution that simplifies the differential equation, and using the substitution, find the general solution.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2}{x} y = 4\sqrt{y}$$

Solution:

Bernoulli Eqn

$y=0$ is always a solution for Bernoulli eqn

$$u = y^r = y^{1-n} = y^{1-\frac{1}{2}} = y^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = u^2 \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 2u \frac{du}{dx}$$

So

$$2u \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{2}{x} u^2 = 4(u^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\hookrightarrow 2u \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{2}{x} u^2 = 4u \quad \text{divide by } 2u$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{1}{x} u = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow p(x) = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow \mu = e^{\int p(x)} = e^{\ln(x)} = x$$

$$\therefore \frac{d}{dx}[x \cdot u] = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow x \cdot u = x^2 + C_1$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x) = \frac{x^2 + C_1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{x^2 + C_1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = \left(\frac{x^2 + C_1}{x} \right)^2$$