

Quiz 9

MATH 2280, ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, SPRING 2024

NAME: Solution

A#: _____

Problem 1. Exercise 20.4b (10 points) Compute the general solution of the following Euler equation.

$$x^3 y''' + 2x^2 y'' + x y' - y = 0$$

Solution:

$$x^3 y''' + 2x^2 y'' + x y' - y = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow r(r-1)(r-2) + 2r(r-1) + \underline{r-1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (r-1)(r(r-2) + 2r - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (r-1)(r^2 - 2r + \cancel{2r} - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (r-1)(r^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (r-1)^2(r+1) = 0$$

$$r_1 = 1, r_2 = 1, r_3 = -1$$

$$y_1 = x, y_2 = x \ln|x|, y_3 = x^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = C_1 x + C_2 x \ln|x| + C_3 x^{-1}$$

Problem 2. Exercise 21.12 (10 points) Consider the following nonhomogeneous linear differential equation.

$$y^{(4)} + y'' = 1$$

a. Verify that one particular solution to this equation is

$$y_p(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

b. Find the general solution of the differential equation.

Solution:

a. $y_p = \frac{1}{2}x^2$
 $y_p' = x \rightarrow y_p^{(4)} + y_p'' = 0 + 1 = 1 \checkmark$
 $y_p'' = 1$
 $y_p''' = 0$
 $y_p^{(4)} = 0$

b. Then solve the homogeneous ODE

$$r^4 + r^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2(r^2 + 1) = 0$$

$$r_1 = 0, r_2 = 0, r_3 = +i, r_4 = -i$$

$$y_1 = 1, y_2 = x, y_3 = \cos(x), y_4 = \sin(x)$$

So, $y_h = C_1(1) + C_2x + C_3\cos(x) + C_4\sin(x)$

and $y = y_p + y_h = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + C_1 + C_2x + C_3\cos(x) + C_4\sin(x)$