Name: A#:

Problem 1. Section 2.3g (10 points) Find a general solution for the following directly integrable differential equation. (Use an indefinite integral in this case.

$$x = (x^2 - 9) \frac{dy}{dx}$$

 ${\bf Solution:}$

Problem 2. Section 2.4a (10 points) Solve the following initial problem (using the indefinite integral). Also state the largest interval over which the solution is valid (i.e, the maximum possible intergal of interest.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \ x + 10e^{2x}$$

with
$$y(0) = 4$$
.

Solution: