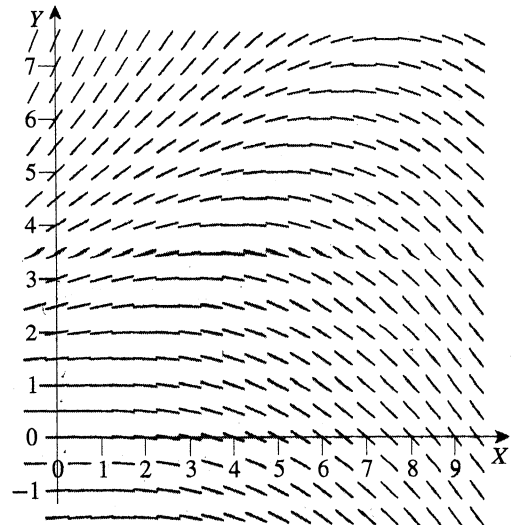


9.3. On the right is a slope field for some first-order differential equation.

a. Letting  $y = y(x)$  be the solution to this differential equation that satisfies  $y(0) = 3$ :

- Sketch the graph of this solution.
- Using your sketch, find (approximately) the value of  $y(8)$ .

b. Sketch the graphs of two other solutions to this unspecified differential equation.



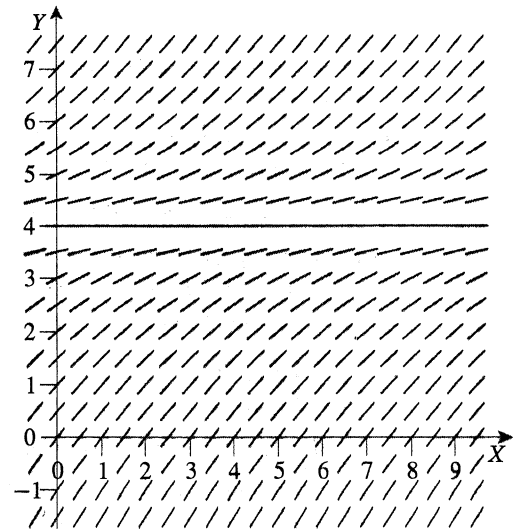
9.4. On the right is a slope field for some first-order differential equation.

a. Sketch the graphs of the solutions to this differential equation that satisfy

- $y(0) = 2$
- $y(0) = 4$
- $y(0) = 4.5$

b. What, approximately, is  $y(4)$  if  $y$  is the solution to this unspecified differential equation satisfying

- $y(0) = 2$ ?
- $y(0) = 4$ ?
- $y(0) = 4.5$ ?



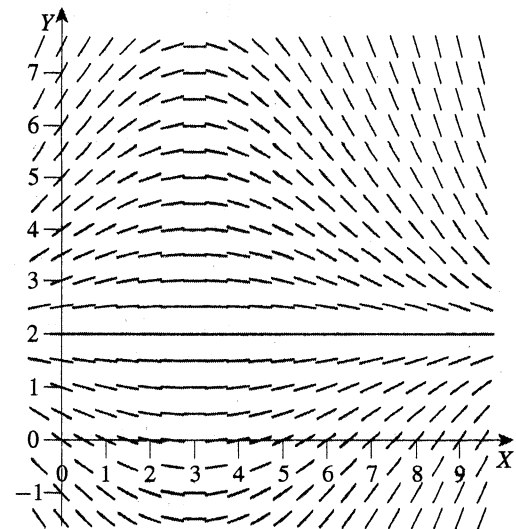
9.5. On the right is a slope field for some first-order differential equation.

a. Let  $y(x)$  be the solution to the differential equation with  $y(0) = 5$ .

- Sketch the graph of this solution.
- What (approximately) is the maximum value of  $y(x)$  on the interval  $(0, 9)$ , and where does it occur?
- What (approximately) is  $y(8)$ ?

b. Now let  $y(x)$  be the solution to the differential equation with  $y(0) = 0$ .

- Sketch the graph of this solution.
- What (approximately) is  $y(8)$ ?



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9.6. On the right is a slope field for some first-order differential equation.

a. Let  $y(x)$  be the solution to the differential equation with  $y(0) = 2$ .

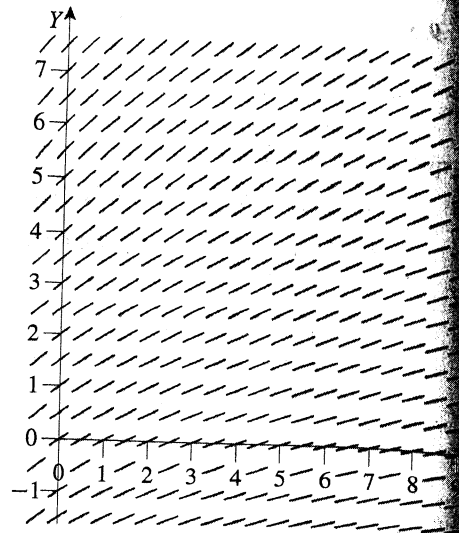
i. Sketch the graph of this solution.

ii. What (approximately) is  $y(3)$ ?

b. Now let  $y(x)$  be the solution to the differential equation with  $y(3) = 1$ .

i. Sketch the graph of this solution.

ii. What (approximately) is  $y(0)$ ?



9.7. On the right is a slope field for some first-order differential equation.

a. Let  $y(x)$  be the solution to the differential equation with  $y(0) = 4$ .

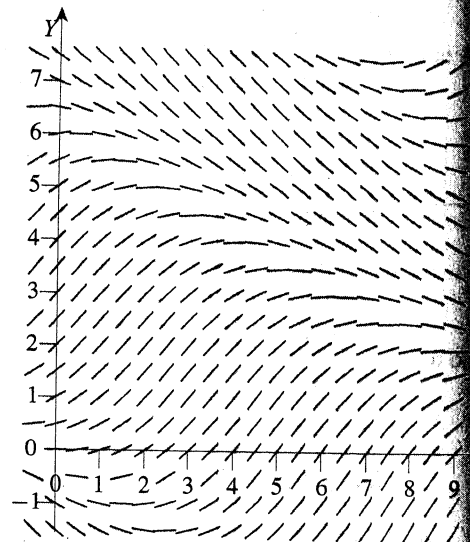
i. Sketch the graph of this solution.

ii. What (approximately) is the maximum value of  $y(x)$  on the interval  $(0, 9)$ , and where does it occur?

b. Now let  $y(x)$  be the solution to the differential equation with  $y(2) = 0$ .

i. Sketch the graph of this solution.

ii. What (approximately) is the maximum value of  $y(x)$  on the interval  $(0, 9)$ , and where does it occur?



9.8. Look up the commands for generating slope fields for first-order differential equations in your favorite computer math package (they may be the same commands for generating "direction fields"). Then:

i. Use the computer math package to sketch the indicated slope field for each differential equation given below,

ii. and use the resulting slope field to sketch (by hand) some of the solution curves for the given differential equation.

a.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin(x + y)$  using a  $25 \times 25$  grid on the region  $-2 \leq x \leq 10$  and  $-2 \leq y \leq 2$

b.  $10 \frac{dy}{dx} = y(5 - y)$  using a  $25 \times 25$  grid on the region  $-2 \leq x \leq 10$  and  $-2 \leq y \leq 5$

- c.  $10 \frac{dy}{dx} = y(y - 5)$  using a  $25 \times 25$  grid on the region  $-2 \leq x \leq 10$  and  $-2 \leq y \leq 10$
- d.  $2 \frac{dy}{dx} = y(y - 2)^2$  using a  $25 \times 17$  grid on the region  $-2 \leq x \leq 10$  and  $-1 \leq y \leq 3$
- e.  $3 \frac{dy}{dx} = (4 - y)(y - 1)^{4/3}$  using a  $19 \times 16$  grid on the region  $0 \leq x \leq 6$  and  $0 \leq y \leq 5$
- f.  $3 \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt[3]{x - y}$  using a  $25 \times 21$  grid on the region  $-2 \leq x \leq 10$  and  $-2 \leq y \leq 8$

9.9. Slope fields for several (unspecified) first-order differential equations have been sketched below. Assume that each horizontal line is the graph of a constant solution to the corresponding differential equation. Identify each of these constant solutions, and, for each constant solution, decide whether the slope field is indicating that it is a stable, asymptotically stable, or unstable constant solution.

