

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

SCHOOL OF COMPUTING
PRACTICAL ASSESSMENT 0
Semester 1 AY2024/2025

CS2030S Programming Methodology II

October 2024

Time Allowed 60 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This practical assessment consists of **one** question. The total mark is 1 dependent on compilation, correctness, and basic design.
2. This is an CLOSE BOOK assessment. You are only allowed to refer to one double-sided A4-size paper.
3. Only files directly under your home directory will be graded. Do **NOT** put your code under a subdirectory.
4. Write your student number on top of **EVERY FILE** you created or edited as part of the @author tag. Do **NOT** write your name.
5. You may add new classes/interfaces as needed by the design **during** the session.
IMPORTANT: If the newly added classes/interfaces are not used by your main program, no marks will be awarded for design. However, if they cause compilation error, penalty will be given.
6. Solve the programming tasks by editing `GymManagement.java` and creating any necessary files. You can leave the files in your home directory and log off after the assessment is over. There is no separate step to submit your code.
7. To compile your code, run `"javac -Xlint:unchecked -Xlint:rawtypes *.java"` (no quote). If you have any compilation error, please modify them.
IMPORTANT: If the submitted classes or any of the new files you have added cannot be compiled, you will be given 0 marks.
8. To run all the test cases, run `./test.sh`. You can also run the test individually. For instance, run `"java Test1 < inputs/Test1.1.in"` (no quote) to execute `Test1` on input `inputs/Test1.1.in`.
9. To check the basic of your design, you can run `"python3 WOOPSIE.py <file1.java> <file2.java>"` (no quote).
10. To get the summary of your design, you can run `"python3 DESIGN.py <main.java>"` (no quote).
11. You may only access the PE node with the assessment files from the labs **during** the session until 18:00.
12. You may access the PE node with the same account from outside of the labs **after** the session from 18:00 until 20:00. You may need to connect via SoC VPN.
 - You may use this time to ensure that your code can compile and produce the correct result.
 - You are **NOT** allowed to change the OOP design of your program, including **but not limited to**:
 - You are **NOT** allowed to add new files but you are allowed to remove files.
 - You are **NOT** allowed to add new classes but you are allowed to remove classes.
 - You are **NOT** allowed to change (add, remove, update, etc) the class hierarchy.
If `B` is a subtype of `A` after the session, `B` must be a subtype **during** the session (unless removed).
 - You are **NOT** allowed to change (add, remove, update, etc) modifiers of classes/fields/methods/etc.
All `public/private/static/final/etc` remains `public/private/static/final/etc`.
 - You are **NOT** allowed to change (add, remove, update, etc) any public fields/methods/etc.
You may remove public classes. You may also add/remove private fields/methods.
 - There may be other limitations. If you are unsure what to change, simply ensure that your code can compile and produce correct output without touching classes/fields/methods/etc.

IMPORTANT: This design check is done **automatically** followed by **manual**. So ensure that your program can be **parsed** (i.e., the compilation error is due to type error and not of syntax error). Check that `WOOPSIE` and `DESIGN` can correctly read and process the file. Manual check ensures that no loopholes are used.

Overview. You are building a system to help with the management and administration the newly opened SoC gym. This system will need to keep track of the equipment and people in the gym. A gym has a capacity, that is the number of people that can be in the Gym. If a person comes to the Gym and it is at capacity, they will not be allowed to enter. A trainer can train a customer using some equipment.

The Class GymManagement. The class GymManagement has a constructor which takes in no arguments. It can be used in the following way:

```
GymManagement gym = new GymManagement();
```

Types of Gym Equipment. The class can handle two different types of gym equipment.

- **Type 0:** A Treadmill which has a speed (a double)
- **Type 1:** A Dumbbell which has a weight (a double)

Types of People. The class can handle two different types of people.

- **Type 0:** A Trainer who can train other Customers
- **Type 1:** A Customer who can be trained

Types of Actions. The class can handle three different types of actions.

- **Type 0:** A Customer entering the gym
- **Type 1:** A Trainer training a Customer with a piece of gym equipment
- **Type 2:** A Trainer finishing training

Input File. The equipment, people, and actions of people at the gym are stored in a file format. This file format is loaded into GymManagement through the constructor and has the following format.

- The first line of the file contains an integer n_1 , which is the number of pieces of equipment in the gym.
- The next n_1 lines contain information about the equipment. Each of these n_1 lines contains two fields, separated by a space.
- The first field is always an integer and indicates the types of equipment (either 0 for Treadmill, or 1 for Dumbbell)
- The second field is a double which is the property of equipment, either a speed or a weight.
- The next line of the file contains an integer n_2 , which is the number of people in the gym.
- The next n_2 lines contain information about these people. Each of these n_2 lines contains two fields, separated by a space.
- The first field is always an integer and indicates the types of person (either 0 for Trainer, or 1 for Customer)
- The second field is a string which is the name of the person.
- The next line of the file contains an integer n_3 , which is the capacity of the gym.
- The next line of the file contains an integer n_4 , which is the number of actions.
- The next n_4 lines contain information about these actions. Each of these n_4 lines contains either two fields or 4 fields, separated by a space.
- The first field is always an integer and indicates the types of action (either 0 for Entering, 1 for Training, 2 for Finishing Training)
- The second field is either the index of the customer (for Entering action), or the index of the trainer for other actions. This field is an integer that indicates the index of the customer that is being trained.
- The third field applies only if the action is Starting Training. This field is an integer that indicates the index of the customer that is being trained.
- The fourth field applies only if the action is Starting Training This field is an integer that indicates the index of the equipment that is being trained with

You can assume that the given test data follows the input format correctly.

Listing Equipment. There is a method to print out the equipment list of the gym `printEquipment`.

The method `printDescriptions` takes in no arguments and returns nothing. It prints the description of each equipment in enumerated order in the same order as they appear in the input files.

Consider the following input file, which specifies a gym with a capacity of two, with two equipment (A Treadmill and a Dumbbell), and zero people and actions.

```

2                      Number of pieces of equipment = 2
0 3.0                  Equipment 1: Treadmill speed 3.0
1 2.5                  Equipment 2: Dumbbell weight 2.5
0                      Number of people in the gym = 0
2                      Capacity of the gym = 2
0                      Number of actions = 0

```

Using the following code excerpt:

```

GymManagement gym = new GymManagement();
gym.printEquipment();

```

Will print out:

```

Equipment: Treadmill at speed 3.0
Equipment: Dumbbell with weight 2.5

```

Listing People. There are two types of people in the gym, customers and trainers.

There is a method to print out the people list `printPeople`. The method `printPeople` takes in no arguments and returns nothing. It prints the description of each person in enumerated order in the same order as they appear in the input files.

Consider the following input file, which specifies a gym with a capacity of two, with two equipment, and four people (two trainers and two customers) and zero actions.

```

2                      Number of pieces of equipment = 2
0 3.0                  Equipment 1: Treadmill speed 3.0
1 2.5                  Equipment 2: Dumbbell weight 2.5
4                      Number of people in the gym = 4
0 Frank                Person 1: Trainer Frank
0 Sam                  Person 2: Trainer Sam
1 Bob                  Person 3: Customer Bob
1 Sally                Person 4: Customer Sally
2                      Capacity of the gym = 2
0                      Number of actions = 0

```

Using the following code excerpt:

```

GymManagement gym = new GymManagement();
gym.printPeople();

```

Will print out:

```

Trainer: Frank
Trainer: Sam
Customer: Bob
Customer: Sally

```

Customers Entering the Gym. Customers can enter the gym until capacity is reached. After which customers are no longer allowed in. Consider the following input file, which specifies two equipment, and three people (two trainers and three customers) and three actions (all customers entering).

```

2           Number of pieces of equipment = 2
0 3.0       Equipment 1: Treadmill speed 3.0
1 2.5       Equipment 2: Dumbbell weight 2.5
5           Number of people in the gym = 5
0 Frank     Person 1: Trainer Frank
0 Sam       Person 2: Trainer Sam
1 Bob       Person 3: Customer Bob
1 Sally     Person 4: Customer Sally
1 Tim       Person 5: Customer Tim
2           Capacity of the gym = 2
3           Number of actions = 3
0 2         Action 1: Person 3 enters
0 3         Action 2: Person 4 enters
0 4         Action 3: Person 5 enters (cannot enter)

```

Using the following code excerpt:

```
GymManagement gym = new GymManagement();
```

Will print out:

```

Customer: Bob can enter
Gym Capacity: 1/2
Customer: Sally can enter
Gym Capacity: 2/2
Customer: Tim cannot enter
Gym Capacity: 2/2
Customers being Trained

```

Customers being Trained. A trainer can only train one customer at a time. A piece of gym equipment can only be used by one customer at a time.

Consider the following input file, which specifies two equipment, and four people (two trainers and two customers) and four actions. These four actions are entering the gym, beginning training, and then finishing training (twice).

```

2           Number of pieces of equipment = 2
0 3.0       Equipment 1: Treadmill speed 3.0
1 2.5       Equipment 2: Dumbbell weight 2.5
4           Number of people in the gym = 4
0 Frank     Person 1: Trainer Frank
0 Sam       Person 2: Trainer Sam
1 Bob       Person 3: Customer Bob
1 Sally     Person 4: Customer Sally
2           Capacity of the gym = 2
4           Number of actions = 4
0 2         Action 1: Person 3 enters
1 0 2 0     Action 2: Person 1 trains Person 3 with Equipment 1
2 0         Action 3: Person 1 finish training
2 0         Action 4: Person 1 finish training (but not training)

```

Using the following code excerpt:

```
GymManagement gym = new GymManagement();
```

Will print out:

```
Customer: Bob can enter
Gym Capacity: 1/2
Trainer: Frank training Customer: Bob using Equipment: Treadmill at speed 3.0
Trainer: Frank has finished training
Trainer: Frank is not training
```

Your Task. The following Java files are provided to you:

- `GymManagement.java` This is the main file that you should edit for this exam.
- `Test1.java` to `Test3.java` contain simple test cases that correspond to the examples above.

You may create new classes if needed. Additionally, sample test inputs and outputs can be found under the `inputs` and `outputs` directories. You can test your program by running the bash script `bash test.sh` which will test your program with all tests. You can test each test individually by:

```
javac TestX.java
java TestX < inputs/TestX.1.in
```

where `X` is a number between 1 and 3. Compare with the relevant output file `outputs/TestX.1.in`. Before submitting, make sure everything compiles with `javac *.java`.

Task: Rewrite this program using OOP principles. You should read through the file `GymManagement.java` to understand what it is doing. The given implementation applies minimal OO principles, your task in this exam is to rewrite `GymManagement.java` with new classes to apply the OO principles you learned. To achieve this, create new classes to encapsulate the relevant attributes and methods. Create subclasses as necessary. Use polymorphism to simplify the code in `GymManagement` and make your code extensible to possible new types of equipment, actions, and people. Make sure all OO principles, including LSP, tell-don't-ask, information hiding, are adhered to.

Potential Changes. The following potential changes should guide your design:

- There may be additional types of equipment or the behavior of the current types of equipment may be modified.
- There may be additional types of people or the behavior of the current types of people may be modified.