AP COMPUTER quiz4

1. Consider the following code:

```
int j = 0;
String s = "map";
while (j < s.length()) {
   int k = s.length();
   while (k > j) {
       System.out.println(s.substring(j, k));
       k--;
   }
   j++;
}
```

```
(A) map
    ma
    m
    ар
    а
(B) map
    ma
    m
    ар
    а
(C) map
    ар
    р
    ар
    р
    р
(D) m
    ma
    map
    а
    ар
    р
(E) p
    ар
    р
    map
    ma
    m
```

2. A factorial is shown by an exclamation point(!) following a number. The factorial of 5 or 5! is calculated by (5)(4)(3)(2)(1)=120.

Assuming n is an integer greater than 1. Choose the method that will return n!

```
I. public static int f(int n) {
        int factorial = 1;
        for (int i = n; i > 0; i--) {
            factorial *= n;
        return factorial;
    }
II. public static int f(int n) {
        int factorial = 1;
        int j = 1;
        while (j <= n) {
            factorial *= j;
            j++;
        }
        return factorial;
    }
III.public static int f(int n) {
        if (n == 1)
            return n;
        return n * f(n - 1);
    }
```

```
(A) I only(B) II only(C) II only(D) II and III only(E) I, II and III
```

3. Given the following code excerpt for the Tile Class:

```
public class Tile {
    private int styleNumber;
    private String color;
    private double width;
    private double height;
    private String material;
    private double price;

    Tile(int style, String col){
        styleNumber = style;
        color = col;
    }

    Tile(int style, String col, double w, double h, String mat, double
```

```
price){
        styleNumber = style;
        color = col;
        width = w;
        height = h;
       material = mat;
        price =price;
    }
    Tile(int style, String col, String mat, double price){
        styleNumber = style;
        color = col;
       material = mat;
        price =price;
    }
    public void chgMaterial(String mat) {
        String material = mat;
    }
    public String toString() {
       return (styleNumber + " " + color + " " + width + " " + height + " "
+ material + " " + price);
   }
```

What is the output after the following client code is executed?

```
Tile t1 = new Tile(785, "grey", "ceramic", 6.95);
t1.chgMaterial("marble");
System.out.println(t1.toString());
```

```
(A) Tile@5ccd43c2
(B) 785 grey 0.0 0.0 marble 0.0
(C) 785 grey 0.0 0.0 ceramic 0.0
(D) 785 grey 0.0 0.0 ceramic 6.95
(E) 785 grey 0.0 0.0 marble 6.95
```

4. What is the output after the following client code is executed?

```
Tile t2 = new Tile(101, "blue");
System.out.print(t2);
```

```
(A) Tile@5ccd43c2
(B) 101 blue 0.0 0.0 null 0.0
(C) Type mismatch error
```

- (D) NullPointerException
- (E) There will be no output; the program will not compile

5. The Tile Class is going to be used for an application built for a small independent tile store. The owner wants the programmer to add a field for the number of unopened boxes of tile he has for each style of tile he has in stock and a method to change the value. What would be the proper declaration for this field?

```
(A) public static int inventory;(B) private static double inventory;(C) final int inventory;(D) private int inventory;(E) private int [] inventory;
```