League of Legends Tier Analysis

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Overview

League of Legends is one of the world's most popular games, with over 80 million unique monthly players. Released in 2009 by Riot Games, it allows 10 players to compete in 5v5 strategic battle with a plethora of iconic characters, strategies, and maps.

League of Legends takes place on the symmetrical map Summoner's Rift, where two teams aim to destroy the opposing team's Nexus, or base. The map features a vast jungle and three "lanes", where players meet their opposing counterparts and kill their minions for gold, defeat their champions (characters), and destroy their Towers, which defend the Nexus. Each of the lanes features a specific role, ranging from durable fighters, assassins, and supporting healers.

In this analysis, we will focus on one simple question: what factors make a player successful in League of Legends? We will accomplish this by analyzing both team statistics and the individual statistics of one specific role: the Jungler. The Jungler does not occupy any of the three aforementioned lanes, instead opting to slay the monsters that occupy the map's jungle to gain experience, roam around the map securing objectives, and ambushing unsuspecting enemies in their lanes to aid his teammates.

A superior Jungler knows the most efficient path to take to kill monsters in the Jungle, applies suffocating pressure across the map by constantly ambushing enemies, and proactively secures important objectives such as Towers and Epic Monsters, which grant team-wide Gold and benefits. Because of this, Junglers have an enormous impact upon games, being able to single-handedly influence a game's outcome, making them a great role to analyze.

League of Legends features a ranking system very similar to Chess ELO, with different Tiers representing skill. In this analysis, we will use the Riot Games API, Python, Pandas, and Matplotlib to look at Junglers from two different tiers to analyze what makes a Jungler successful. We will focus on several different aspects: Gold, First Objectives, Turret Damage, Epic Monster Damage, and KDA. No need to worry, these terms will be fully explained as we move on.

Introduction

We begin by importing the Riot Games API through open source library Cassiopeia and setting the developer key and region. Pandas and Matplotlib are also imported. To install Cassiopeia, type pip install cassiopeia into the Terminal.

```
In [1]: import cassiopeia as cass # Open source library Cassiopeia
        import pandas as pd # Pandas, for data manipulation
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # MatPlotLib for visualization
        %matplotlib inline
        import random # Random for pulling random matches
        from IPython.display import display, HTML # For displaying DataFrames ne
        key = "RGAPI-bdff8036-917d-46bc-8979-9baf4d12b52c" # My personal develop
        er key
        cass.set_riot_api_key(key)
        cass.set default region("NA")
```

Functions for Scraping Statistics

Riot Games recently removed the ability to access overall statistics by player through their API. Fortunately, we can still access this data across many games with a little bit of data manipulation and cleaning!

The below functions serve to scrape data from players' match histories and compile them into useful, meaningful DataFrames.

Functions individualStats and isJungler pull the statistics of the 10 individual players in a given match and identifies whether a player is the Jungler, respectively.

```
In [2]: # Determines if the player is Jungler by checking for the mandatory spel
        1 "Smite".
        def isJungler(participant):
            if participant.summoner spell d.name == "Smite" or participant.summo
        ner spell f.name == "Smite":
                return True
            else:
                return False
```

```
In [3]: # Pull the players, champions, and roles from a specific game
        def individualStats(participants):
            # Dictionary and DataFrame for later use
            data = {'Player':[], 'Champion':[], 'Jungler':[], 'Kills':[], 'Death
        s':[],
                    'Assists':[], 'KDA':[], 'Towers Destroyed':[], 'Damage to Obj
        ectives':[], 'Team':[]}
            # Read in the participants
            for participant in participants:
                data['Player'].append(participant.summoner.name)
                data['Champion'].append(participant.champion.name)
                data['Jungler'].append(isJungler(participant))
                data['Kills'].append(participant.stats.kills)
                data['Deaths'].append(participant.stats.deaths)
                data['Assists'].append(participant.stats.assists)
                data['KDA'].append(participant.stats.kda)
                data['Towers Destroyed'].append(participant.stats.turret kills)
                data['Damage to Objectives'].append(participant.stats.damage dea
        lt_to_objectives)
                data['Team'].append(participant.team.side.name)
            # Set to DataFrame, index, rearrange columns
            allStats = pd.DataFrame(data)
            allStats = allStats.set index('Player')
            allStats = allStats[['Champion', 'Jungler', 'Kills', 'Deaths', 'Assi
        sts', 'KDA', 'Towers Destroyed', 'Damage to Objectives', 'Team']]
            return allStats
```

firstObjectiveStats finds the correlation between victory and taking an objective first.

```
In [4]: # Scrape statistics from a match
        def firstObjectiveStats(match, turretVictory, dragonVictory, baronVictor
        у):
            if match.blue team.first tower:
                turretVictory['First Turret Taken'].append(True)
                turretVictory['Victory'].append(match.blue team.win)
            elif match.red team.first tower:
                turretVictory['First Turret Taken'].append(True)
                turretVictory['Victory'].append(match.red_team.win)
            else: # If turret isn't taken
                turretVictory['First Turret Taken'].append(False)
                turretVictory['Victory'].append('N/A')
            if match.blue team.first dragon:
                dragonVictory['First Dragon Taken'].append(True)
                dragonVictory['Victory'].append(match.blue_team.win)
            elif match.red team.first dragon:
                dragonVictory['First Dragon Taken'].append(True)
                dragonVictory['Victory'].append(match.red team.win)
            else: # If Dragon isn't taken
                dragonVictory['First Dragon Taken'].append(False)
                dragonVictory['Victory'].append('N/A')
            if match.blue team.first baron:
                baronVictory['First Baron Taken'].append(True)
                baronVictory['Victory'].append(match.blue team.win)
            elif match.red team.first baron:
                baronVictory['First Baron Taken'].append(True)
                baronVictory['Victory'].append(match.red team.win)
            else: # First Baron isn't tkaen
                baronVictory['First Baron Taken'].append(False)
                baronVictory['Victory'].append('N/A')
```

individualWinStats finds the correlation between victory and individual statistics such as KDA.

```
In [5]: # Scrape individual statistics for each Jungler
        def individualWinStats(match, kdaVictory, kdaLoss, objectiveDamageVictor
        y, objectiveDamageLoss, turretDamageVictory, turretDamageLoss, goldVicto
        ry, goldLoss):
            for participant in match.participants:
                if isJungler(participant) and participant.stats.win:
                    kdaVictory['KDA'].append(participant.stats.kda)
                    kdaVictory['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
                    turretDamageVictory['Damage to
        Turrets'].append(participant.stats.damage_dealt_to_turrets)
                    turretDamageVictory['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
                    objectiveDamageVictory['Damage to Objectives'].append(partic
        ipant.stats.damage_dealt_to_objectives)
                    objectiveDamageVictory['Victory'].append(participant.stats.w
        in)
                    goldVictory['Gold Earned'].append(participant.stats.gold ear
        ned)
                    goldVictory['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
                elif isJungler(participant) and not participant.stats.win:
                    kdaLoss['KDA'].append(participant.stats.kda)
                    kdaLoss['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
                    turretDamageLoss['Damage to Turrets'].append(participant.sta
        ts.damage_dealt_to_turrets)
                    turretDamageLoss['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
                    objectiveDamageLoss['Damage to Objectives'].append(participa
        nt.stats.damage dealt to objectives)
                    objectiveDamageLoss['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
                    goldLoss['Gold
        Earned'].append(participant.stats.gold earned)
                    goldLoss['Victory'].append(participant.stats.win)
```

Let's now use these functions to begin pulling data from players across different Tiers!

1) Challenger Tier

The Challenger Tier is composed of League of Legends' top 0.02% players. There is only room for 200 players at once in Challenger, making it the most competitive Tier; these players are extremely skilled and are often either professionals or on the brink of playing the game professionally.

The Riot API conveniently includes access to the Challenger Tier. We begin by analyzing matches from players in this Tier. Below, we will get the Challenger Tier, iterate through the first 30 players (for the sake of statistical accuracy), and scrape important statistics, placing them into dictionaries.

count += 1

```
In [6]: print("CHALLENGER TIER")
        challenger players = cass.get challenger league(queue=cass.Queue.ranked_
        solo_fives)
        challenger_players = [player.summoner for player in challenger_players]
        # Dictionaries. These will be used for storing data.
        turretVictory = {'First Turret Taken':[],'Victory':[]}
        dragonVictory = {'First Dragon Taken':[],'Victory':[]}
        baronVictory = {'First Baron Taken':[],'Victory':[]}
        kdaVictory = {"KDA":[],'Victory':[]}
        kdaLoss = {"KDA":[],'Victory':[]}
        goldVictory = {"Gold Earned":[],"Victory":[]}
        goldLoss = {"Gold Earned":[],"Victory":[]}
        turretDamageVictory = {'Damage to Turrets':[], 'Victory':[]}
        turretDamageLoss = {'Damage to Turrets':[], 'Victory':[]}
        objectiveDamageVictory = { 'Damage to Objectives':[], 'Victory':[]}
        objectiveDamageLoss = { 'Damage to Objectives':[], 'Victory':[]}
        # Iterate through the Challenger League
        count = 1
        for player in range(0, 35):
            currentMatch = challenger players[player].match history[random.randi
        nt(0, 10)] # Pull random match from the top 30 players
            if currentMatch.mode.name == 'classic':
                                                       # Only look at ranked, cl
        assic games
                print("Rank", count, "Challenger player is",
        challenger players[player].name)
                if count == 1: # Display the first match
                    display(individualStats(currentMatch.participants))
                firstObjectiveStats(currentMatch, turretVictory, dragonVictory,
        baronVictory) # Correlation between first objectives and win
                individualWinStats(currentMatch, kdaVictory, kdaLoss, objectiveD
        amageVictory, objectiveDamageLoss, turretDamageVictory,
        turretDamageLoss, goldVictory, goldLoss)
```

CHALLENGER TIER

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/league/v3/challengerleag ues/by-queue/RANKED SOLO 5x5

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/22 350178

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/36096807?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/realms/na.json

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779278 573

Rank 1 Challenger player is PutYourHeartsUp

Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/cdn/8.9.1/data/en US/c hampionFull.json

Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/cdn/8.9.1/data/en US/s ummoner.json

/Users/jonathanwang/anaconda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/ ma in .py:9: DeprecationWarning: generator 'SearchableLazyList. iter__' raised StopIteration

| | Champion | Jungler | Kills | Deaths | Assists | KDA | Towers Destroyed | (|
|------------------|----------|---------|-------|--------|---------|----------|---------------------|---|
| Player | | | | | | | | |
| Apollo Price | Sivir | False | 9 | 4 | 12 | 5.250000 | 2 | 1 |
| Tzaphkiel | Zoe | False | 12 | 3 | 11 | 7.666667 | 2 | 1 |
| Sleepingsleeping | Camille | False | 4 | 5 | 8 | 2.400000 | 2 | 8 |
| Zoo wu | Xin Zhao | True | 5 | 5 | 14 | 3.800000 | 1 | 2 |
| Táylor | Lulu | False | 2 | 4 | 17 | 4.750000 | 1 | 2 |
| Nugeek | Pantheon | False | 3 | 9 | 6 | 1.000000 | 0 | 2 |
| steboob | Ezreal | False | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4.000000 | 0 | 1 |
| cloud mandate | Ekko | False | 1 | 8 | 5 | 0.750000 | 0 | 6 |
| PutYourHeartsUp | Nami | False | 2 | 6 | 14 | 2.666667 | 0 | 1 |
| CONTRACTZZZZZZZZ | Trundle | True | 7 | 5 | 10 | 3.400000 | 0 | Ę |

/Users/jonathanwang/anaconda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/ ma in .py:2: DeprecationWarning: generator 'SearchableLazyList. iter ' raised StopIteration

from ipykernel import kernelapp as app

```
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/51
075422
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/214019737?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781012
Rank 2 Challenger player is Hopefulqt
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/48
193601
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/211103379?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2776654
418
Rank 3 Challenger player is Spica1
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/51
580106
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/214201438?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782325
818
Rank 4 Challenger player is 1Self
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/23
245665
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/37281196?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2775947
672
Rank 5 Challenger player is Scrandor
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/92
959312
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/245520390?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2778706
512
Rank 6 Challenger player is Call Me Fishman
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/35
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/50164583?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780325
686
Rank 7 Challenger player is stuntopolis
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/22
830349
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/36754073?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781071
393
Rank 8 Challenger player is RF Legendary
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/77
191631
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/233968691?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779534
077
Rank 9 Challenger player is Kítzuo
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/19
```

906739

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/32665183?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781105 674

Rank 10 Challenger player is Virus

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/34

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/48340486?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779575 738

Rank 11 Challenger player is Tuesdayy

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/74 731419

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/232683859?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779256 763

Rank 12 Challenger player is cupcakes29

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/30 366254

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/44711577?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782452

Rank 13 Challenger player is Acoldblazeolive

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/21 193032

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/34486403?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782067 609

Rank 14 Challenger player is dog2

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/20 156599

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/33005538?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782067 493

Rank 15 Challenger player is Carmen Campagne

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/22 415968

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/36191519?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782565 718

Rank 16 Challenger player is Real Danijrm

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/95 119178

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/247352288?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779276

Rank 17 Challenger player is WPI 3970

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/19 689584

5/14/2018

Final Project Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/32383467?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2776401 652 Rank 18 Challenger player is TCLB Zaiven Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/19 451735 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/32145619?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781620 564 Rank 19 Challenger player is daduu Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/52 326216 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/213994943?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2778058 Rank 20 Challenger player is papa croc romanm Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/21 490433 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/34897744?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782100 622 Rank 21 Challenger player is goldenglue Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/87 330006 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/238226639?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782153 425 Rank 22 Challenger player is Yusui Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/20 389591 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/32827730?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782601 Rank 23 Challenger player is Inorï Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/60 469878 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/221789061?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781016 Rank 24 Challenger player is Macoto Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/22 Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/36278569?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2776439 404

Rank 25 Challenger player is Biofrost

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/23 934806

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a

ccount/38149512?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2776393

Rank 26 Challenger player is Ádrian Aries

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/32 576527

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/47471922?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782497 251

Rank 27 Challenger player is Danwel

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/41

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/205086552?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781074 617

Rank 28 Challenger player is Rodov

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/46 531569

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/209604276?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779164 934

Rank 29 Challenger player is sheridesmybrain

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/81 041277

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/235389322?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780411

Rank 30 Challenger player is Myth of Bulgaria

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/21 124626

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/34389376?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781031 432

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/92 659419

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/245621796?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780318

Rank 31 Challenger player is Spaghettibud9

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/89 909122

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/241274665?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Rank 32 Challenger player is light b

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/30 046300

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/44291086?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

INFO: Unexpected service rate limit, backing off for 44 seconds (from h eaders).

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a

```
ccount/44291086?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
        Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782646
        Rank 33 Challenger player is always plan ahea
        Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/77
        549273
        Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
        ccount/234039454?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
        Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781356
        828
        Rank 34 Challenger player is Top 1 Percent
In [7]: # Convert Dictionaries into DataFrames for easier data manipulation
        turretVictory = pd.DataFrame(turretVictory)
        dragonVictory = pd.DataFrame(dragonVictory)
        baronVictory = pd.DataFrame(baronVictory)
        kdaVictory = pd.DataFrame(kdaVictory)
        kdaLoss = pd.DataFrame(kdaLoss)
        objectiveDamageVictory = pd.DataFrame(objectiveDamageVictory)
        objectiveDamageLoss = pd.DataFrame(objectiveDamageLoss)
        turretDamageVictory = pd.DataFrame(turretDamageVictory)
        turretDamageLoss = pd.DataFrame(turretDamageLoss)
        goldVictory = pd.DataFrame(goldVictory)
```

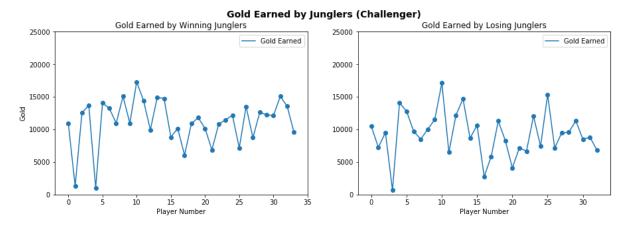
1a) Gold Earned per Team

goldLoss = pd.DataFrame(goldLoss)

Now that we've scraped and organized all this data, let's begin to analyze which factors influence a team's victory the most. The first and most obvious one the currency of League of Legends, Gold, which enables players to buy powerful equipment to leverage an advantage over opponents. Gold can be earned from killing players and non-player characters, as well as destroying turrets and taking objectives. Let's take a look at the Gold statistics per Jungler in-game:

```
In [8]: # Graph the Gold Earned by each Jungler
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 2, figsize = (15,4.5))
        goldVictory.plot(ax = ax[0]).scatter(goldVictory.index, goldVictory['Gol
        d Earned'])
        goldLoss.plot(ax = ax[1]).scatter(goldLoss.index, goldLoss['Gold
        Earned'])
        ax[0].set_title("Gold Earned by Winning Junglers")
        ax[1].set_title("Gold Earned by Losing Junglers")
        ax[0].set_ylabel("Gold")
        ax[0].set ylim([0, 25000])
        ax[1].set_ylim([0, 25000])
        for var in ax:
            var.set_xlabel("Player Number")
        fig.suptitle("Gold Earned by Junglers (Challenger)", fontsize = 14, font
        weight = "bold")
```

Out[8]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x119548438>



```
In [9]: # Concatenate both columns for easier comparison
        goldDescribe = pd.concat([goldVictory.describe(), goldLoss.describe()],
        axis = 1)
        goldDescribe.columns = ['Gold (Winning Junglers)', 'Gold (Losing Jungler
        s)']
        goldDescribe
```

Out[9]:

| | Gold (Winning Junglers) | Gold (Losing Junglers) |
|-------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| count | 34.000000 | 33.000000 |
| mean | 11137.735294 | 9294.151515 |
| std | 3571.650084 | 3498.989168 |
| min | 1050.000000 | 668.000000 |
| 25% | 9972.250000 | 7167.000000 |
| 50% | 11624.500000 | 9479.000000 |
| 75% | 13544.250000 | 11326.000000 |
| max | 17280.000000 | 17142.000000 |

As expected, the Junglers who earned more Gold won more often. The more Gold a Jungler has, the stronger equipment he can buy to aid him in killing enemies and securing objectives. It seems that the majority of the winning Junglers' Gold earned fell between around 10000 to 15000 Gold.

Note that the minimum values of Gold earned by Winning and Losing Junglers are significantly lower than their respective means. This can be attributed to the length of a game itself - if a game is an incredibly one-sided steamroll, a relatively small amount of Gold can be enough to press the advantage hard enough to end the game very quickly.

1b) First Team to Take Objectives

As previously mentioned, the purpose of League of Legends is to destroy the enemy's base. The main objectives in the game are Turrets, large defensive structures which stand between a team and the enemy's base. However, there are also two additional objectives: the Dragon and the Baron. Defeating the Dragon and Baron grants the team benefits such as increased power or sieging ability, making them invaluable for victory.

Let's analyze the correlation between being the first to take these three objectives and victory.

```
In [10]: tv = turretVictory[list(turretVictory)[1]].value_counts()
         dv = dragonVictory[list(dragonVictory)[1]].value_counts()
         bv = baronVictory[list(baronVictory)[1]].value_counts()
         display(tv)
         display(dv)
         display(bv)
         True
                  27
         False
                   5
                   2
         N/A
         Name: Victory, dtype: int64
         True
                  21
         False
                  10
         N/A
                   3
         Name: Victory, dtype: int64
         True
                  17
         N/A
                  14
         False
                   3
         Name: Victory, dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: # A direct comparison of first objective and Victory
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 3, figsize = (15,4.5))
         tv.plot(ax = ax[0], kind = 'bar')
         dv.plot(ax = ax[1], kind = 'bar')
         bv.plot(ax = ax[2], kind = 'bar')
         ax[0].set title("First Turret Destroyed")
         ax[1].set_title("First Dragon Slain")
         ax[2].set_title("First Baron Slain")
         ax[0].set_ylabel("Games")
         for var in ax:
             var.set_xlabel("Victory")
         fig.suptitle("First Objectives and Victory (Challenger)", fontsize = 14,
          fontweight = "bold")
```

Out[11]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1192ec4e0>



There is a positive correlation between all three of these factors.

Destroying the first tower not only indicates that a team's players have outmaneuvered and outplayed their opponents, but also rewards the destroying team a large sum of gold which can be used to purchase more powerful equipment to further press their lead. This can be seen in the above graph, where in 84.38% (27/32) of games where the first tower was taken, a victory was secured.

Killing the first Dragon gives a small permanent boost in team power, ranging from increased sieging power to augmented movement speed. Benefits multiply after the first boost, so taking the first Dragon is important to start the multiplicative effect. However, while the boost is certainly beneficial, it varies and is determined by a random number generator, so it may not always fit what the team needs at the time. This explains the weakened correlation between the two, where victory was secured in only 67.74% (21/31) of games where the first Dragon was slain.

Killing the first Baron grants massively augmented combat and sieging power. While the boost is only temporary, it is enough to cause significant damage to an enemy's base and team members and often end the game outright. This can be seen in the incredibly strong correlation between first Baron slain and victory, with 85% (17/20) first Baron games resulting in victory.

Great. Now that we've seen team statistics, let's take a look at individual statistics.

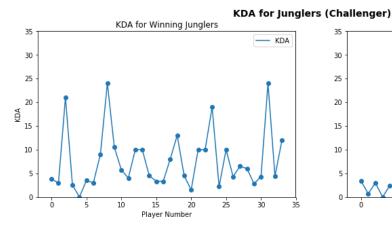
1c) Jungler KDA

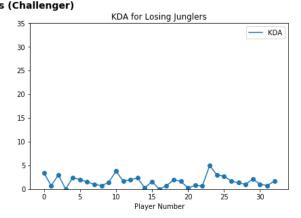
League of Legends is a team game, but naturally, the better a team's individual players are, the higher chance of victory being secured.

The statistic KDA, or Kills/Deaths/Assists, is the ratio of (Kills + Assists) / Deaths. Kills are highly beneficial because killing an opponent not only removes them from the game for a set amount of time, but also rewards Gold and experience. A player can capitalize on an opponent's death to take objectives, earn Gold, and take other useful actions unhindered by an opponent. Assists indicate that a player helped in killing an opponent, and reward slightly less Gold and experience. In contrast, deaths are a setback for players for the same reason while dead, a player cannot take any actions to defend or attack objectives and gives Gold and experience to an opponent.

```
In [12]: # Comparing winning Junglers' and losing Junglers' KDAs
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 2, figsize = (15,4.5))
         kdaVictory.plot(ax = ax[0]).scatter(x = kdaVictory.index, y =
         kdaVictory['KDA'])
         kdaLoss.plot(ax = ax[1]).scatter(x = kdaLoss.index, y = kdaLoss['KDA'])
         ax[0].set_title("KDA for Winning Junglers")
         ax[1].set_title("KDA for Losing Junglers")
         ax[0].set_ylabel("KDA")
         ax[0].set_ylim([0, 35])
         ax[1].set_ylim([0, 35])
         for var in ax:
             var.set_xlabel("Player Number")
         fig.suptitle("KDA for Junglers (Challenger)", fontsize = 14, fontweight
         = "bold")
```

Out[12]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1191504e0>





```
In [13]: # Deatiled statistics for this dataset
         kdaDescribe = pd.concat([kdaVictory.describe(), kdaLoss.describe()], axi
         s = 1)
         kdaDescribe.columns = ['KDA (Winning Junglers)', 'KDA (Losing
         Junglers)'|
         kdaDescribe
```

Out[13]:

| | KDA (Winning Junglers) | KDA (Losing Junglers) |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| count | 34.000000 | 33.000000 |
| mean | 7.760434 | 1.640284 |
| std | 6.246951 | 1.138570 |
| min | 0.000000 | 0.000000 |
| 25% | 3.375000 | 0.750000 |
| 50% | 5.125000 | 1.600000 |
| 75% | 10.000000 | 2.125000 |
| max | 24.000000 | 5.000000 |

There is a large disparity between the KDA of winning Junglers vs the KDA of losing Junglers. As seen in the games pulled from the Challenger Tier, even the worst-performing winning Jungler achieved a positive KDA ratio, showing that while Kills and Assists do not directly contribute to the destruction of the enemy base, they are certainly valuable and indirectly help a team achieve its end goal.

At a glance, it does seem like having a high KDA is correlated with victory. However, this doesn't necessarily mean that securing a high KDA will result in a victory. Let's take a closer look within this sample of games to check if having a higher KDA than the enemy Jungler results in victory. We will now directly compare opposing Junglers for every game and assess the outcome of the game:

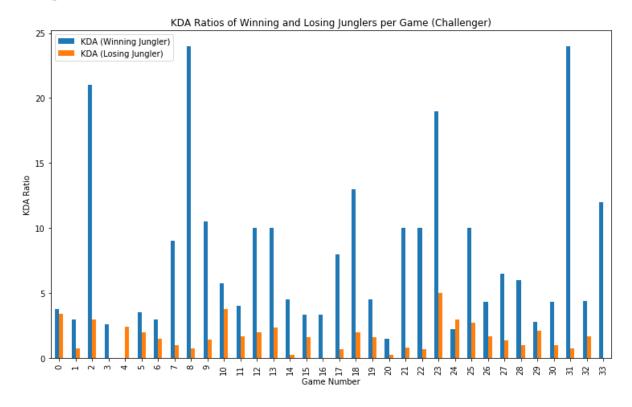
In [14]: # Concatenate both Junglers' columns for direct comparison of KDA kdaCompare = pd.concat([kdaVictory['KDA'], kdaLoss['KDA']], axis = 1) kdaCompare.columns = ['KDA (Winning Jungler)', 'KDA (Losing Jungler)'] display(kdaCompare)

| | KDA (Winning Jungler) | KDA (Losing Jungler) |
|----|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 3.800000 | 3.400000 |
| 1 | 3.000000 | 0.714286 |
| 2 | 21.000000 | 3.000000 |
| 3 | 2.571429 | 0.000000 |
| 4 | 0.000000 | 2.428571 |
| 5 | 3.500000 | 2.000000 |
| 6 | 3.000000 | 1.500000 |
| 7 | 9.000000 | 1.000000 |
| 8 | 24.000000 | 0.714286 |
| 9 | 10.500000 | 1.444444 |
| 10 | 5.750000 | 3.800000 |
| 11 | 4.000000 | 1.666667 |
| 12 | 10.000000 | 2.000000 |
| 13 | 10.000000 | 2.333333 |
| 14 | 4.500000 | 0.250000 |
| 15 | 3.333333 | 1.600000 |
| 16 | 3.333333 | 0.000000 |
| 17 | 8.000000 | 0.666667 |
| 18 | 13.000000 | 2.000000 |
| 19 | 4.500000 | 1.625000 |
| 20 | 1.500000 | 0.250000 |
| 21 | 10.000000 | 0.777778 |
| 22 | 10.000000 | 0.666667 |
| 23 | 19.000000 | 5.000000 |
| 24 | 2.200000 | 3.000000 |
| 25 | 10.000000 | 2.750000 |
| 26 | 4.333333 | 1.666667 |
| 27 | 6.500000 | 1.333333 |
| 28 | 6.000000 | 1.000000 |
| 29 | 2.800000 | 2.125000 |
| 30 | 4.333333 | 1.000000 |
| 31 | 24.000000 | 0.750000 |

| | KDA (Winning Jungler) | KDA (Losing Jungler) | | | |
|----|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 32 | 4.400000 | 1.666667 | | | |
| 33 | 12.000000 | NaN | | | |

```
In [15]: # Compare Junglers' KDAs and game results across all games
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         kdaCompare.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar', figsize = (12.5, 7.5))
         ax.set_ylabel('KDA Ratio')
         ax.set xlabel('Game Number')
         ax.set_title('KDA Ratios of Winning and Losing Junglers per Game (Challe
         nger)')
```

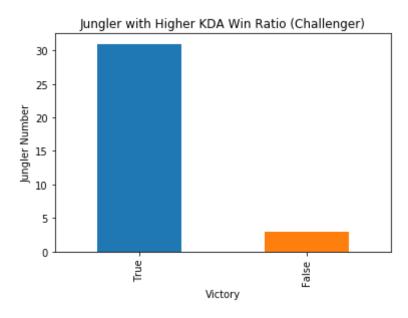
Out[15]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1182a5cf8>



```
In [16]: # Directly compare and plot Higher KDA and Victory
         higherKdaVictory = {'Higher KDA' : [], 'Victory' : []}
         for index, row in kdaCompare.iterrows():
             winningJungler = row['KDA (Winning Jungler)']
             losingJungler = row['KDA (Losing Jungler)']
             if winningJungler > losingJungler:
                 higherKdaVictory['Higher KDA'].append(True)
             else:
                 higherKdaVictory['Higher KDA'].append(False)
             higherKdaVictory['Victory'].append(True)
         higherKdaVictory = pd.DataFrame(higherKdaVictory)
```

```
In [17]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         hkv = higherKdaVictory[list(higherKdaVictory)[0]].value counts()
         ax.set_title("Jungler with Higher KDA Win Ratio (Challenger)")
         ax.set_ylabel("Jungler Number")
         ax.set_xlabel("Victory")
         hkv.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar')
```

Out[17]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x118f25a90>



As seen in the graph, it looks like KDA actually does matter as much as the original graph led on. In a whopping 31/34 (91.18%) of the games, the Jungler with the higher KDA was able to secure victory, and in the other 3/34 (8.82%), the Jungler was unable to translate his high kill score into a victory. This small percentage of Junglers may be because these Junglers may have become too bloodthirsty, opting to kill the members of the enemy team instead of focusing on objectives such as Towers and Epic Monsters.

Ultimately, League of Legends is a game that is centered around destroying the enemy base. The Jungler's role is to create opportunities to do so by facilitating kills, but if he becomes complacent, focuses too much on inflating his score, or fails to capitalize on the kills he enables, a powerful Jungler can definitely still lose the game. On the other hand, if a Jungler fares poorly early on and is unable to facilitate kills, he may still be able to win by playing to destroy Towers and benefit his team.

In this case, it is unsurprising that nearly all high KDA Junglers are able to translate their high kill scores into Victories - these are the best players in the world, and understand very well that League of Legends is not an individual, kill-focused game.

Bringing the focus back onto objectives, let's take a look at how opposing Junglers fared in being team-based, objective-oriented players.

1d) Damage to Dragon and Baron

We already know that the first Dragon and Baron are correlated with victory. In theory, a Jungler's duty is to secure these powerful objectives for his team. Let's take a look at the total damage dealt to Dragons and Barons per each Jungler.

```
In [18]: # Comparing Objective Damage between Winning and Losing Junglers
         objectiveDamageCompare = pd.concat([objectiveDamageVictory['Damage to Ob
         jectives'],
                                             objectiveDamageLoss['Damage to Objec
         tives']], axis = 1)
         objectiveDamageCompare.columns = ['Damage to Objectives (Winning Jungle
         r)', 'Damage to Objectives (Losing Jungler)']
         display(objectiveDamageCompare)
```

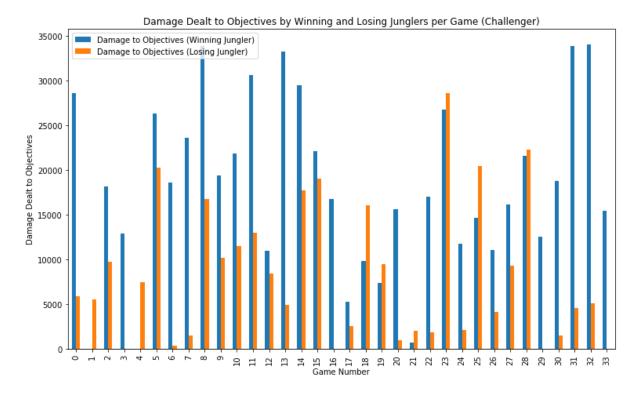
| | Damage to Objectives (Winning Jungler) | Damage to Objectives (Losing Jungler) |
|----|--|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 28648 | 5896.0 |
| 1 | 0 | 5556.0 |
| 2 | 18209 | 9749.0 |
| 3 | 12916 | 0.0 |
| 4 | 0 | 7451.0 |
| 5 | 26339 | 20261.0 |
| 6 | 18638 | 395.0 |
| 7 | 23579 | 1539.0 |
| 8 | 33848 | 16727.0 |
| 9 | 19420 | 10177.0 |
| 10 | 21877 | 11529.0 |
| 11 | 30612 | 13010.0 |
| 12 | 10940 | 8431.0 |
| 13 | 33251 | 4881.0 |
| 14 | 29500 | 17742.0 |
| 15 | 22119 | 19070.0 |
| 16 | 16772 | 0.0 |
| 17 | 5297 | 2516.0 |
| 18 | 9831 | 16033.0 |
| 19 | 7355 | 9460.0 |
| 20 | 15589 | 1002.0 |
| 21 | 720 | 2034.0 |
| 22 | 17065 | 1804.0 |
| 23 | 26796 | 28583.0 |
| 24 | 11748 | 2141.0 |
| 25 | 14660 | 20489.0 |
| 26 | 11025 | 4096.0 |
| 27 | 16133 | 9323.0 |
| 28 | 21595 | 22290.0 |
| 29 | 12552 | 0.0 |
| 30 | 18795 | 1539.0 |
| 31 | 33848 | 4575.0 |

| | Damage to Objectives (Winning Jungler) | Damage to Objectives (Losing Jungler) |
|----|--|---------------------------------------|
| 32 | 34067 | 5107.0 |
| 33 | 15429 | NaN |

```
In [19]: # Comparing Damage Dealt and Victory across all games

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
  objectiveDamageCompare.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar', figsize = (12.5, 7.5))
  ax.set_ylabel('Damage Dealt to Objectives')
  ax.set_xlabel('Game Number')
  ax.set_title('Damage Dealt to Objectives by Winning and Losing Junglers per Game (Challenger)')
```

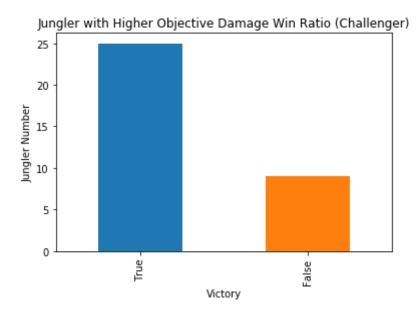
Out[19]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11e123550>



```
In [20]: # More direct visualization of high objective damage/Victory
higherObjectiveVictory = {'Higher Damage to Objectives' : [], 'Victory'
: []}
for index, row in objectiveDamageCompare.iterrows():
    winningJungler = row['Damage to Objectives (Winning Jungler)']
    losingJungler = row['Damage to Objectives (Losing Jungler)']
    if winningJungler > losingJungler:
        higherObjectiveVictory['Higher Damage to Objectives'].append(Tru
e)
    else:
        higherObjectiveVictory['Higher Damage to Objectives'].append(Fal
se)
    higherObjectiveVictory['Victory'].append(True)
higherObjectiveVictory = pd.DataFrame(higherObjectiveVictory)
```

```
In [21]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    hov = higherObjectiveVictory[list(higherObjectiveVictory)[0]].value_coun
    ts()
    ax.set_title("Jungler with Higher Objective Damage Win Ratio (Challenge
    r)")
    ax.set_ylabel("Jungler Number")
    ax.set_xlabel("Victory")
    hov.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar')
```

Out[21]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x11e2c3b00>



Very interesting. Despite the Jungler's duty being to kill these monsters for his team, outdamaging the enemy Jungler against the Baron or Dragon don't seem to carry as much weight as initially hypothesized. In only 73.52% (25/34) of games where a Jungler outdamaged his counterpart did he manage to ultimately win the game.

This can be attributed to a couple of factors. One, which was mentioned beforehand, is that the benefits of the Dragon in particular do not have as much of an immediate impact on the game as Turrets or Barons do. The benefits are relatively small, take time to multiply and ramp up, and are random.

The other reason is that the benefits Dragon and Baron go to the team that lands the killing blow. In other words, if Blue Team's Jungler damages 95% of the Dragon's health bar and Red Team's Jungler finishes it off, the benefits go to the Red Team. A common scenario that occurs when attempting to secure Baron is that an enemy will attempt "steal" the benefits by landing the killing blow, turning a normally beneficial situation into a bad one.

All of this adds up to mean that the sum of damage itself towards Epic Monsters is not a clear indicator of Victory.

1e) Damage to Turrets

We saw in our previous analysis that the first Turret is quite impactful on the game's outcome. How about the Jungler's damage output towards the Turrets?

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```
In [22]: # Comparing Turret Damage between Junglers
         turretDamageCompare = pd.concat([turretDamageVictory['Damage to
         Turrets'],
                                             turretDamageLoss['Damage to
         Turrets']], axis = 1)
         turretDamageCompare.columns = ['Damage to Turrets (Winning Jungler)', 'D
         amage to Turrets (Losing Jungler)']
         display(turretDamageCompare)
```

| | Damage to Turrets (Winning Jungler) | Damage to Turrets (Losing Jungler) |
|----|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | 2862 | 1696.0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 3792 | 430.0 |
| 3 | 5850 | 0.0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 5 | 4900 | 8084.0 |
| 6 | 3089 | 395.0 |
| 7 | 6825 | 0.0 |
| 8 | 6615 | 0.0 |
| 9 | 3118 | 1209.0 |
| 10 | 5826 | 0.0 |
| 11 | 4472 | 0.0 |
| 12 | 3893 | 1191.0 |
| 13 | 3080 | 3499.0 |
| 14 | 0 | 5556.0 |
| 15 | 5413 | 669.0 |
| 16 | 1554 | 0.0 |
| 17 | 4511 | 0.0 |
| 18 | 2401 | 61.0 |
| 19 | 941 | 0.0 |
| 20 | 2127 | 355.0 |
| 21 | 0 | 392.0 |
| 22 | 1145 | 0.0 |
| 23 | 3289 | 133.0 |
| 24 | 3000 | 241.0 |
| 25 | 1026 | 2254.0 |
| 26 | 4816 | 0.0 |
| 27 | 1222 | 704.0 |
| 28 | 4592 | 316.0 |
| 29 | 940 | 0.0 |
| 30 | 4460 | 0.0 |
| 31 | 6615 | 511.0 |

| | Damage to Turrets (Winning Jungler) | Damage to Turrets (Losing Jungler) | | | |
|----|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 32 | 7795 | 0.0 | | | |
| 33 | 612 | NaN | | | |

```
In [23]: higherTurretVictory = {'Higher Damage to Turrets' : [], 'Victory' : []}
for index, row in turretDamageCompare.iterrows():
    winningJungler = row['Damage to Turrets (Winning Jungler)']
    losingJungler = row['Damage to Turrets (Losing Jungler)']
    if winningJungler > losingJungler:
        higherTurretVictory['Higher Damage to Turrets'].append(True)
    else:
        higherTurretVictory['Higher Damage to Turrets'].append(False)
        higherTurretVictory['Victory'].append(True)

higherTurretVictory = pd.DataFrame(higherTurretVictory)
```

```
In [24]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 2, figsize = (15,4.5))
    turretDamageVictory.plot(ax = ax[0]).scatter(turretDamageVictory.index,
    turretDamageVictory['Damage to Turrets'])
    turretDamageLoss.plot(ax = ax[1]).scatter(turretDamageLoss.index, turret
    DamageLoss['Damage to Turrets'])

ax[0].set_title("Turret Damage for Winning Jungler")

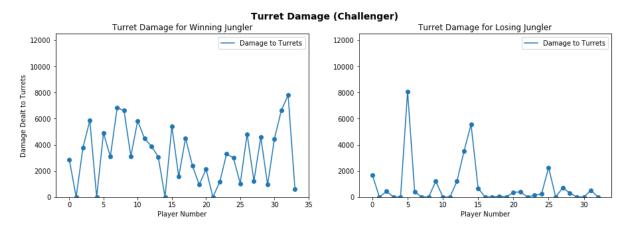
ax[0].set_title("Turret Damage for Losing Jungler")

ax[0].set_ylabel("Damage Dealt to Turrets")
    ax[0].set_ylim([0, 12500])
    ax[1].set_ylim([0, 12500])

for var in ax:
    var.set_xlabel("Player Number")

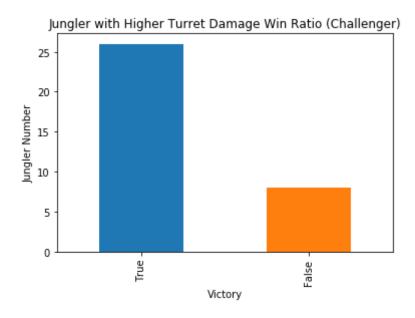
fig.suptitle("Turret Damage (Challenger)", fontsize = 14, fontweight =
    "bold")
```

Out[24]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11e793fd0>



```
In [25]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         htv = higherTurretVictory[list(higherTurretVictory)[0]].value counts()
         ax.set title("Jungler with Higher Turret Damage Win Ratio (Challenger)")
         ax.set_ylabel("Jungler Number")
         ax.set_xlabel("Victory")
         htv.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar')
```

Out[25]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x11e408c50>



It seems that Turret Damage is more strongly correlated with Victory than with Epic Monsters, with a 76.47% (26/34) rate of Victory. This is because Turrets a large sum of Gold and other advantages. For example, killing an enemy champion yields 300 Gold to the killer, with 50% of that number being split across teammates who assisted. For the average kill, this means that 450 Gold will be granted to the team. Killing an Epic Monster will grant varying benefits.

However, destroying Turrets yields far greater benefits. The destroyer(s) of the tower will receive 250 Gold, but all five members will also receive 100 Gold individually for 500 + 250 = 750 Gold. In addition, if that tower was the first to be destroyed, an additional 300 Gold will be granted to the destroyer(s). This means that while a kill can yield 450 Gold to a team, destroying a Tower can grant up to 1050 Gold, as well as provide a large strategic advantage over the opposing team. Furthermore, Towers closer to the Base and Nexus will give higher base Gold when destroyed.

It's no wonder why League of Legends is a turret-focused team game.

2) Silver Tier

We've managed to discover that Turrets and KDA are the most important factors in deciding a game, while damage to objectives is not nearly as important. However, it's important to remember that these are the best players in the world.

Let's now take a glance at the median players of League of Legends to see if the same trends hold true. The Silver Tier is where the majority of games' player population falls, with the top 50% of the playerbase being Silver rank. While these players may have some grasp of the game and are not in the bottom Tier, Bronze, they still lack fundamental skills and understanding of the game that prevents them from being any better than average.

While the Riot API does not provide direct access to any tiers beyond Challenger, if we know the name of a player, we can still scrape all the players in that person's league.

```
In [26]: # Very similar function as the one used above, modified to use a playe
         r's name to scrape data from his Tier.
         def getLeague(summonerName, turretVictory, dragonVictory, baronVictory,
         kdaVictory, kdaLoss, goldVictory,
                  goldLoss, turretDamageVictory, turretDamageLoss, objectiveDamag
         eVictory, objectiveDamageLoss):
             league = cass.get summoner(name = summonerName)
             leaguePlayers = []
             for i in league.leagues:
                 for player in i.entries:
                     leaguePlayers.append(player)
             count = 1
             for player in range(0, 35):
                 currentMatch = leaguePlayers[player].summoner.match history[rand
         om.randint(0,10)]
                 if currentMatch.mode.name == 'classic':
                     print("Rank", count, "player is", leaguePlayers[player].summ
         oner.name)
                     if count == 1: # Display the first match
                         display(individualStats(currentMatch.participants))
                     firstObjectiveStats(currentMatch, turretVictory, dragonVicto
         ry, baronVictory) # Correlation between first objectives and win
                     individualWinStats(currentMatch, kdaVictory, kdaLoss, object
         iveDamageVictory, objectiveDamageLoss, turretDamageVictory, turretDamage
         Loss, goldVictory, goldLoss)
                 count += 1
```

```
In [27]: # Dictionaries for data manipulation
         turretVictory = {'First Turret Taken':[],'Victory':[]}
         dragonVictory = {'First Dragon Taken':[],'Victory':[]}
         baronVictory = {'First Baron Taken':[],'Victory':[]}
         kdaVictory = {"KDA":[],'Victory':[]}
         kdaLoss = {"KDA":[],'Victory':[]}
         goldVictory = {"Gold Earned":[],"Victory":[]}
         goldLoss = {"Gold Earned":[], "Victory":[]}
         turretDamageVictory = {'Damage to Turrets':[], 'Victory':[]}
         turretDamageLoss = {'Damage to Turrets':[], 'Victory':[]}
         objectiveDamageVictory = {'Damage to Objectives':[], 'Victory':[]}
         objectiveDamageLoss = { 'Damage to Objectives':[], 'Victory':[]}
         # We will use the Silver player "Worst Dancer NA" as reference.
         getLeague("Worst Dancer NA", turretVictory, dragonVictory, baronVictory,
          kdaVictory, kdaLoss, goldVictory,
                  goldLoss, turretDamageVictory, turretDamageLoss, objectiveDamag
         eVictory, objectiveDamageLoss)
```

> Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/by -name/WorstDancerNA

> Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/league/v3/positions/by-s ummoner/44849010

> Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/league/v3/leagues/fa7503 10-fef3-11e7-919f-c81f66cf2333

> Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/49 254918

> Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/212248470?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

> Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2778175 120

Rank 1 player is Brazzers com

/Users/jonathanwang/anaconda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/__ma in .py:9: DeprecationWarning: generator 'SearchableLazyList. iter__' raised StopIteration

| | Champion | Jungler | Kills | Deaths | Assists | KDA | Towers Destroyed | Da Obj€ |
|------------------|-----------------|---------|-------|--------|---------|----------|---------------------|------------|
| Player | | | | | | | | |
| KrombopulosMikel | Zilean | False | 2 | 7 | 10 | 1.714286 | 0 | 5803 |
| Legendary Morty | Ezreal | False | 5 | 5 | 3 | 1.600000 | 0 | 1929 |
| hmu for dabs | Ekko | False | 6 | 9 | 4 | 1.111111 | 0 | 0 |
| ohh ok | Maokai | False | 3 | 5 | 4 | 1.400000 | 0 | 384 |
| Brazzers com | Aatrox | True | 6 | 8 | 5 | 1.375000 | 0 | 1822 |
| jiiide | Zyra | False | 8 | 4 | 7 | 3.750000 | 1 | 3358 |
| Apollo4910 | Miss Fortune | False | 2 | 5 | 12 | 2.800000 | 0 | 5543 |
| dragon3eggroll | Master Yi | True | 12 | 3 | 6 | 6.000000 | 2 | 1502 |
| Winnings | Vladimir | False | 7 | 4 | 9 | 4.000000 | 0 | 1601 |
| MDsupra | Kled | False | 5 | 6 | 6 | 1.833333 | 3 | 5598 |

/Users/jonathanwang/anaconda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel/ ma in__.py:2: DeprecationWarning: generator 'SearchableLazyList.__iter__' raised StopIteration

from ipykernel import kernelapp as app

```
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/73
630463
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/232093495?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782345
Rank 2 player is PNWes
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/27
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/42268799?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2746688
600
Rank 3 player is Dispenger
Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/cdn/8.6.1/data/en US/s
ummoner.json
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/59
138578
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/220444149?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780727
305
Rank 4 player is 3ShotWilliams
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/71
560302
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/230818116?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2778314
915
Rank 5 player is Hide on sticks
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/34
628016
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/49067543?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781381
416
Rank 6 player is Trufflecakes
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/73
158029
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/231941274?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2771204
440
Rank 7 player is xXTNTFreakXx
Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/cdn/8.8.1/data/en US/s
ummoner.json
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/25
045635
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/39552080?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780376
Rank 8 player is XAXAXAXAXAXAXAX
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/47
729825
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/210520770?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
```

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```
Final Project
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2779389
194
Rank 9 player is Greaterfooled
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/74
849449
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/232611371?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780215
833
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/69
359106
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/229557176?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2751908
526
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/48
077204
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/211217923?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780862
039
Rank 12 player is xLoveLieghStoryx
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/37
817690
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/200850481?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781857
934
Rank 13 player is CrustaceanSniper
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/22
912445
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/36782083?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782726
310
Rank 14 player is Rodman101
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/20
351590
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/33288552?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782196
011
Rank 15 player is A Purple Bilbo
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/19
9015
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/225854?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781906
Rank 16 player is Verbov
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/78
209561
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/234213861?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2750400
```

Rank 17 player is radiar1

952

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```
Final Project
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/20
995721
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
ccount/34208006?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2773875
944
Rank 18 player is Nick Farrell
```

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/36 699444

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/51156735?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2757401

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/40 490294

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/203450285?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2762659 183

Rank 20 player is Queen Celina

Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/cdn/8.7.1/data/en US/s ummoner.json

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/70 040311

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/230345587?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782389 343

Rank 21 player is PerfectTlming

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/59 411957

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/220556898?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2775407 850

Rank 22 player is Vayne Mid

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/69 529188

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/229765577?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780863 881

Rank 23 player is Report Rakan

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/73 570367

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/232088853?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781615 058

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/20 446925

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/33389639?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2766504 900

Rank 25 player is One Trick Fest

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/47

380089

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/210096082?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782509 768

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/43 236381

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/205665421?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782479 977

Rank 27 player is Yo She Bop

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/46 049476

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/209019304?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2781417

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/22 872011

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/36805077?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2720423 587

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/46 592958

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/209651034?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2758086 119

Rank 30 player is GigaOdin

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/32 171851

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/46960860?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2780356 254

Rank 31 player is avermenceblade

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/21 172405

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/34455401?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2743149

Rank 32 player is Mojoliciouz69

Making call: https://ddragon.leagueoflegends.com/cdn/8.5.1/data/en US/s ummoner.json

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/19

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a ccount/32312338?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2773235 399

Rank 33 player is Chamizo

Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/63 849189

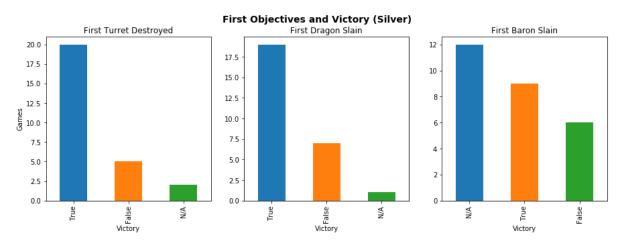
Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a

```
ccount/226546229?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
         Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2782528
         Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/summoner/v3/summoners/78
         952375
         Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matchlists/by-a
         ccount/234551035?beginIndex=0&endIndex=100
         Making call: https://nal.api.riotgames.com/lol/match/v3/matches/2778099
         502
         Rank 35 player is mambalamba
In [28]: # Convert into DataFrames for data manipulation
         turretVictory = pd.DataFrame(turretVictory)
         dragonVictory = pd.DataFrame(dragonVictory)
         baronVictory = pd.DataFrame(baronVictory)
         kdaVictory = pd.DataFrame(kdaVictory)
         kdaLoss = pd.DataFrame(kdaLoss)
         objectiveDamageVictory = pd.DataFrame(objectiveDamageVictory)
         objectiveDamageLoss = pd.DataFrame(objectiveDamageLoss)
         turretDamageVictory = pd.DataFrame(turretDamageVictory)
         turretDamageLoss = pd.DataFrame(turretDamageLoss)
         goldVictory = pd.DataFrame(goldVictory)
         goldLoss = pd.DataFrame(goldLoss)
```

2a) First Team to Take Objectives

```
In [29]: tv = turretVictory[list(turretVictory)[1]].value_counts()
         dv = dragonVictory[list(dragonVictory)[1]].value counts()
         bv = baronVictory[list(baronVictory)[1]].value_counts()
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 3, figsize = (15,4.5))
         tv.plot(ax = ax[0], kind = 'bar')
         dv.plot(ax = ax[1], kind = 'bar')
         bv.plot(ax = ax[2], kind = 'bar')
         ax[0].set_title("First Turret Destroyed")
         ax[1].set_title("First Dragon Slain")
         ax[2].set_title("First Baron Slain")
         ax[0].set ylabel("Games")
         for var in ax:
             var.set_xlabel("Victory")
         fig.suptitle("First Objectives and Victory (Silver)", fontsize = 14, fon
         tweight = "bold")
```

Out[29]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11edffb70>



Interesting. We see for the most part that the trends are the same in Silver as they are in Challenger - the First Turret is a strong indicator of who will win the game, and the First Dragon has a slightly weaker correlation.

However, the First Baron differs greatly from Challenger Players. In most games, the First Baron is not even killed, and in the ones that it is, only 60% (9/15) games result in Victory. This may be because Silver players generally are less skilled and focused on objectives as much as higher-level players are. Without a more tangible advantage like a destroyed Turret, Silver players may not understand how to use the Baron's benefits to destroy the enemy base, leading to more potential for comebacks.

2b) Jungler KDA

```
In [30]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 2, figsize = (15,4.5))

kdaVictory.plot(ax = ax[0]).scatter(x = kdaVictory.index, y = kdaVictory['KDA'])
kdaLoss.plot(ax = ax[1]).scatter(x = kdaLoss.index, y = kdaLoss['KDA'])

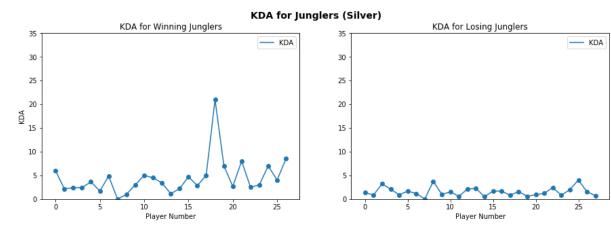
ax[0].set_title("KDA for Winning Junglers")

ax[1].set_title("KDA for Losing Junglers")

ax[0].set_ylabel("KDA")
ax[0].set_ylim([0, 35])
ax[1].set_ylim([0, 35])
for var in ax:
    var.set_xlabel("Player Number")

fig.suptitle("KDA for Junglers (Silver)", fontsize = 14, fontweight = "b old")
```

Out[30]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11f090b00>



```
In [31]: kdaDescribe = pd.concat([kdaVictory.describe(), kdaLoss.describe()], axi
    s = 1)
    kdaDescribe.columns = ['KDA (Winning Junglers)', 'KDA (Losing
    Junglers)']
    kdaDescribe
```

Out[31]: _

| | KDA (Winning Junglers) | KDA (Losing Junglers) |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| count | 27.000000 | 28.000000 |
| mean | 4.430441 | 1.534377 |
| std | 3.940637 | 0.958246 |
| min | 0.000000 | 0.000000 |
| 25% | 2.414530 | 0.839912 |
| 50% | 3.428571 | 1.437500 |
| 75% | 5.000000 | 2.022727 |
| max | 21.000000 | 4.000000 |

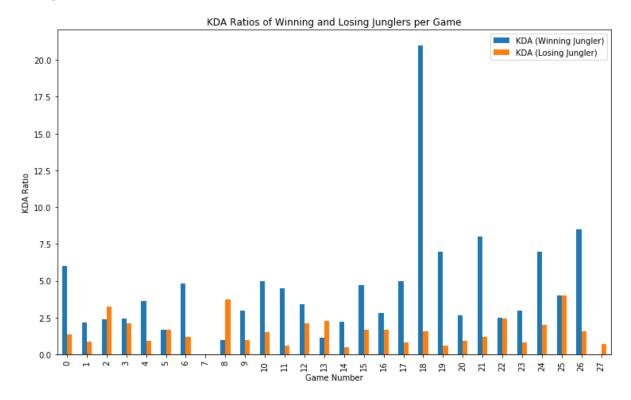
In [32]:

| kdaCompare = pd.concat([kdaVictory['KDA'], kdaLoss['KDA']], as | :is = 1) |
|--|-----------|
| kdaCompare.columns = ['KDA (Winning Jungler)', 'KDA (Losing Jungler)', 'KDA (L | ingler)'] |
| display(kdaCompare) | |

| | KDA (Winning Jungler) | KDA (Losing Jungler) |
|----|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 6.000000 | 1.375000 |
| 1 | 2.166667 | 0.842105 |
| 2 | 2.384615 | 3.222222 |
| 3 | 2.444444 | 2.090909 |
| 4 | 3.625000 | 0.900000 |
| 5 | 1.700000 | 1.666667 |
| 6 | 4.833333 | 1.181818 |
| 7 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 |
| 8 | 1.000000 | 3.750000 |
| 9 | 3.000000 | 1.000000 |
| 10 | 5.000000 | 1.500000 |
| 11 | 4.500000 | 0.600000 |
| 12 | 3.428571 | 2.111111 |
| 13 | 1.125000 | 2.250000 |
| 14 | 2.200000 | 0.500000 |
| 15 | 4.714286 | 1.692308 |
| 16 | 2.833333 | 1.666667 |
| 17 | 5.000000 | 0.833333 |
| 18 | 21.000000 | 1.571429 |
| 19 | 7.000000 | 0.600000 |
| 20 | 2.666667 | 0.916667 |
| 21 | 8.000000 | 1.200000 |
| 22 | 2.500000 | 2.428571 |
| 23 | 3.000000 | 0.800000 |
| 24 | 7.000000 | 2.000000 |
| 25 | 4.000000 | 4.000000 |
| 26 | 8.500000 | 1.571429 |
| 27 | NaN | 0.692308 |

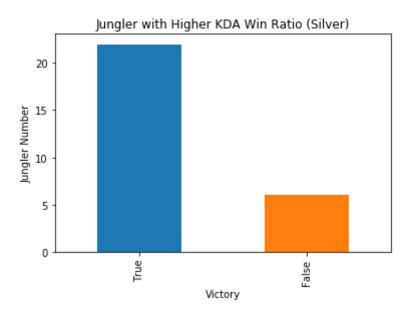
```
In [33]:
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         kdaCompare.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar', figsize = (12.5, 7.5))
         ax.set_ylabel('KDA Ratio')
         ax.set_xlabel('Game Number')
         ax.set_title('KDA Ratios of Winning and Losing Junglers per Game')
```

Out[33]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x11f21b240>



```
In [34]:
         higherKdaVictory = {'Higher KDA' : [], 'Victory' : []}
         for index, row in kdaCompare.iterrows():
             winningJungler = row['KDA (Winning Jungler)']
             losingJungler = row['KDA (Losing Jungler)']
             if winningJungler > losingJungler:
                 higherKdaVictory['Higher KDA'].append(True)
             else:
                 higherKdaVictory['Higher KDA'].append(False)
             higherKdaVictory['Victory'].append(True)
         higherKdaVictory = pd.DataFrame(higherKdaVictory)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         hkv = higherKdaVictory[list(higherKdaVictory)[0]].value counts()
         ax.set title("Jungler with Higher KDA Win Ratio (Silver)")
         ax.set_ylabel("Jungler Number")
         ax.set_xlabel("Victory")
         hkv.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar')
```

Out[34]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x11f32a748>

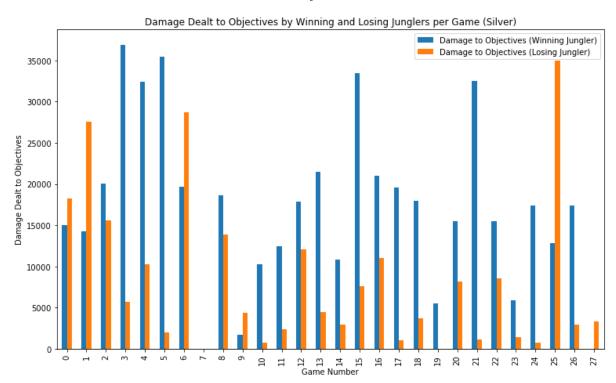


We mentioned previously that Challenger players understand how to convert their kills into Victory for their team, and that lower-level players may not; this is visualized quite clearly in the above graph. Average players may get caught up in their bloodlust for other players and forget their purpose in-game, or simply fail to capitalize on the advantages that they get, resulting in Defeats even when they are stronger than the opposing Jungler.

2c) Damage to Dragon and Baron

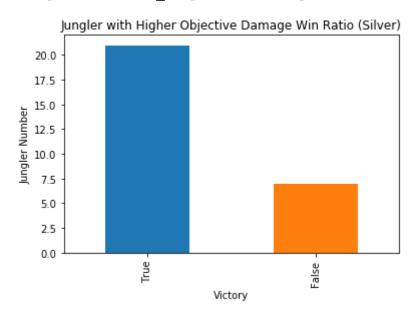
| | Damage to Objectives (Winning Jungler) | Damage to Objectives (Losing Jungler) |
|----|--|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 15028.0 | 18223 |
| 1 | 14228.0 | 27613 |
| 2 | 20027.0 | 15588 |
| 3 | 36902.0 | 5726 |
| 4 | 32395.0 | 10316 |
| 5 | 35411.0 | 2001 |
| 6 | 19682.0 | 28682 |
| 7 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 8 | 18665.0 | 13890 |
| 9 | 1687.0 | 4415 |
| 10 | 10267.0 | 794 |
| 11 | 12433.0 | 2379 |
| 12 | 17882.0 | 12120 |
| 13 | 21480.0 | 4468 |
| 14 | 10857.0 | 2959 |
| 15 | 33420.0 | 7648 |
| 16 | 21006.0 | 11040 |
| 17 | 19616.0 | 1035 |
| 18 | 17998.0 | 3728 |
| 19 | 5488.0 | 0 |
| 20 | 15481.0 | 8170 |
| 21 | 32542.0 | 1162 |
| 22 | 15467.0 | 8546 |
| 23 | 5863.0 | 1398 |
| 24 | 17355.0 | 736 |
| 25 | 12877.0 | 34952 |
| 26 | 17352.0 | 2983 |
| 27 | NaN | 3318 |

Out[35]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x120561630>



```
In [36]: higherObjectiveVictory = {'Higher Damage to Objectives' : [], 'Victory'
         for index, row in objectiveDamageCompare.iterrows():
             winningJungler = row['Damage to Objectives (Winning Jungler)']
             losingJungler = row['Damage to Objectives (Losing Jungler)']
             if winningJungler > losingJungler:
                 higherObjectiveVictory['Higher Damage to Objectives'].append(Tru
         e)
             else:
                 higherObjectiveVictory['Higher Damage to Objectives'].append(Fal
         se)
             higherObjectiveVictory['Victory'].append(True)
         higherObjectiveVictory = pd.DataFrame(higherObjectiveVictory)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         how = higherObjectiveVictory[list(higherObjectiveVictory)[0]].value_coun
         ts()
         ax.set_title("Jungler with Higher Objective Damage Win Ratio (Silver)")
         ax.set ylabel("Jungler Number")
         ax.set_xlabel("Victory")
         hov.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar')
```

Out[36]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x11f0e5898>



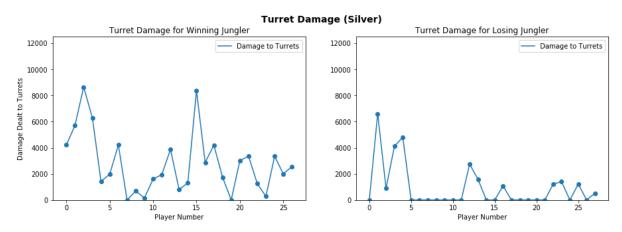
Objective Damage in Silver seems to have the same trend as in Challenger. 75% (21/28) of Junglers who outdamaged their counterparts in Objective Damage secured Victory, so there is definitely still a strong correlation.

2d) Damage to Turrets

| | Damage to Turrets (Winning Jungler) | Damage to Turrets (Losing Jungler) |
|----|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | 4207.0 | 0 |
| 1 | 5703.0 | 6606 |
| 2 | 8644.0 | 886 |
| 3 | 6300.0 | 4107 |
| 4 | 1421.0 | 4806 |
| 5 | 1976.0 | 0 |
| 6 | 4210.0 | 0 |
| 7 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 8 | 685.0 | 0 |
| 9 | 158.0 | 0 |
| 10 | 1603.0 | 0 |
| 11 | 1938.0 | 0 |
| 12 | 3870.0 | 2749 |
| 13 | 799.0 | 1588 |
| 14 | 1310.0 | 0 |
| 15 | 8360.0 | 0 |
| 16 | 2870.0 | 1082 |
| 17 | 4200.0 | 0 |
| 18 | 1751.0 | 0 |
| 19 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 20 | 3014.0 | 0 |
| 21 | 3354.0 | 0 |
| 22 | 1255.0 | 1219 |
| 23 | 277.0 | 1398 |
| 24 | 3342.0 | 0 |
| 25 | 2006.0 | 1218 |
| 26 | 2553.0 | 0 |
| 27 | NaN | 525 |

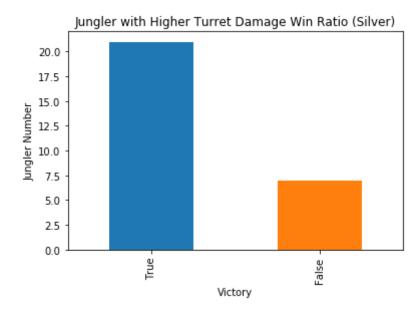
```
In [38]:
        higherTurretVictory = {'Higher Damage to Turrets' : [], 'Victory' : []}
         for index, row in turretDamageCompare.iterrows():
             winningJungler = row['Damage to Turrets (Winning Jungler)']
             losingJungler = row['Damage to Turrets (Losing Jungler)']
             if winningJungler > losingJungler:
                 higherTurretVictory['Higher Damage to Turrets'].append(True)
             else:
                 higherTurretVictory['Higher Damage to Turrets'].append(False)
             higherTurretVictory['Victory'].append(True)
         higherTurretVictory = pd.DataFrame(higherTurretVictory)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 2, figsize = (15,4.5))
         turretDamageVictory.plot(ax = ax[0]).scatter(turretDamageVictory.index,
         turretDamageVictory['Damage to Turrets'])
         turretDamageLoss.plot(ax = ax[1]).scatter(turretDamageLoss.index, turret
         DamageLoss['Damage to Turrets'])
         ax[0].set title("Turret Damage for Winning Jungler")
         ax[1].set title("Turret Damage for Losing Jungler")
         ax[0].set_ylabel("Damage Dealt to Turrets")
         ax[0].set_ylim([0, 12500])
         ax[1].set_ylim([0, 12500])
         for var in ax:
             var.set_xlabel("Player Number")
         fig.suptitle("Turret Damage (Silver)", fontsize = 14, fontweight = "bol
         d")
```

Out[38]: <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x120b582e8>



```
In [39]:
        fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         htv = higherTurretVictory[list(higherTurretVictory)[0]].value_counts()
         ax.set_title("Jungler with Higher Turret Damage Win Ratio (Silver)")
         ax.set_ylabel("Jungler Number")
         ax.set_xlabel("Victory")
         htv.plot(ax = ax, kind = 'bar')
```

Out[39]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x120976908>



And interestingly enough, 75% (21/28) of Junglers who scored higher Turret Damage than their counterparts also went on to win the game. This is comparable to the Challenger Tier's 76.47% (26/34). I initially assumed that average players would be unable to convert their Turrets into Victories, but it seems that Turrets are far more tangible advantages than Epic Monsters.

Conclusion

After analyzing the players in both Tiers, several trends can be seen.

In the Challenger Tier, KDA is the key to victory. Being directly superior to your opponents in skill and being able to kill them before they can kill you is important at every level, but especially critical at the top level. Players are far more likely to translate their high kill score into huge objective advantages - Turrets, Epic Monsters, and eventually base destruction all stem from being able to kill your opponents and take objectives unhindered. Junglers, especially, can use the Gold earned from kills to "snowball" out of control, buying incredibly powerful equipment and killing opponents and securing objectives, as seen by the very strong correlation between Gold and victory.

One aspect that ended up not being as important as I initially believed was the first Dragon. There was only a weak correlation between the first Dragon secured and victory - because of the randomness and long ramp time, nearly half of the Challenger Junglers lost after securing the first Dragon.

In the Silver Tier, where most average players reside, KDA was not nearly as inducive to victory as it was in Challenger. This can be chalked up to the fact that average players are simply not as good as top players at capitalizing on advantages, and more liable to "throw" their leads. Because of this inability to capitalize, there was also only a weak correlation between the first Baron secured and victory, as Silver players would likely not understand how to best abuse the benefits of the Baron.