Complex keys

JOINING DATA WITH DATA.TABLE IN R



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Misspecified joins

What happens when you don't use the correct columns for join keys?

- An error is thrown
- The result is a malformed data.table

Column type mismatch

Using join key columns with different types will error

```
customers[web_visits, on = .(age = name)]
```

```
Error in bmerge(i, x, leftcols, rightcols, io, xo, roll, rollends,
nomatch, :
  typeof x.age (double) != typeof i.name (character)
```

customers:

name	gender	age	address
Madeline Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square



name	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45



Column type mismatch

```
customers[web_visits, on = .(id)]
```

```
Error in bmerge(i, x, leftcols, rightcols, io, xo, roll, rollends,
nomatch, :
  typeof x.id (integer) != typeof i.id(character)
```

id	name	gender	age	ad dress
1	"Madeline Martin"	"F"	54	"5 Market lane"
2	"Madeline Bernard"	"F"	45	"4 Jacaranda crescent"
3	"George Dimakos"	"M"	39	"2a Park square"



id	name	date	duration
"1"	"Madeline Martin"	2018-05-02	5
"1"	"Madeline Martin"	2018-05-03	32
"2"	"Madeline Bernard"	2018-05-03	12
"3"	"George Dimakos"	2018-04-27	45



Malformed full joins - no common key values

merge(customers, web_visits, by.x = "address", by.y = "name", all = TRUE)

name	gender	age	ad dress
Madeline Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square



name	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45



ad dress	name	gender	age	date	duration
2a Park square	George Dimakos	М	39	NA	NA
4 Jacaranda crescent	Madeline Bernard	F	45	NA	NA
5 Market lane	Madeline Martin	F	54	NA	NA
George Dimakos	NA	NA	NA	2018-04-27	45
Madeline Bernard	NA	NA	NA	2018-05-03	12
Madeline Martin	NA	NA	NA	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	NA	NA	NA	2018-05-03	32



Malformed right and left joins - no common key values

customers[web_visits, on = .(address = name)]

name	gender	age	ad dress
Madeline Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square



name	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45



name	gender	age	ad dress	date	duration
NA	NA	NA	Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
NA	NA	NA	Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
NA	NA	NA	Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
NA	NA	NA	George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45

Malformed inner joins - no common key values

customers[web_visits, on = .(address = name), nomatch = 0]

customers:

name	gender	age	ad dress
Madeline Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square



name	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45



na	me	gender	age	address	date	duration
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Malformed joins - coincidental common key values

customers[web_visits, on = .(age = duration), nomatch = 0]

name	gender	age	ad dress
Madeline Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square



name	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45



name	gender	age	ad dress	i.name	date
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent	George Dimakos	2018-04-27

Avoiding misspecified joins

Learning what each column represents before joins will help you avoid errors



Keys with different column names

customers:

name	gender	age	ad dress
Madeline Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square

person	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45

```
merge(customers, web_visits, by.x = "name", by.y = "person")
customers[web_visits, on = .(name = person)]
customers[web_visits, on = c("name" = "person")]
key <- c("name" = "person")
customers[web_visits, on = key]</pre>
```

Multi-column keys

customers:

first	last	gender	age	ad dress
Madeline	Martin	F	54	5 Market lane
Madeline	Bernard	F	45	4 Jacaranda crescent
George	Dimakos	М	39	2a Park square

first	last	date	duration
Madeline	Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline	Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline	Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George	Dimakos	2018-04-27	45

Multi-column keys

purchases:

name	date	item	units	price
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	book	2	\$15.00
Arthur Smith	2018-05-03	shelf	1	\$30.00
Jaqueline Mary	2018-05-03	CD	1	\$12.00
George Dimakos	2018-05-03	plant	3	\$16.00
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	shelf	1	\$30.00

name	date	duration
Madeline Martin	2018-05-02	5
Madeline Martin	2018-05-03	32
Madeline Bernard	2018-05-03	12
George Dimakos	2018-04-27	45

Specifying multiple keys with merge()

```
merge(purchases, web_visits, by = c("name", "date"))

merge(purchases, web_visits,
    by.x = c("name", "date"),
    by.y = c("person", "date")
```



Specifying multiple keys with the data.table syntax

```
purchases[web_visits, on = .(name, date)]
purchases[web_visits, on = c("name", "date")]

purchases[web_visits, on = .(name = person, date)]
purchases[web_visits, on = c("name" = "person", "date")]
```



Final Slide

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Problem columns

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Common column names

parents:

name	gender	age
Sarah	F	41
Max	М	43
Qin	F	36

children:

parent	name	gender	age
Sarah	Oliver	М	5
Max	Sebastian	М	8
Qin	Kai-lee	F	7

Common column names

Using the data.table syntax

```
parents[children, on = .(name = parent)]
```

```
name gender age i.name i.gender i.age

1: Sarah F 41 Oliver M 5

2: Max M 43 Sebastian M 8

3: Qin F 36 Kai-lee F 7
```

Common column names with merge()

Using the merge() function

```
merge(x = children, y = parents, by.x = "parent", by.y = "name")
```

```
parent name gender.x age.x gender.y age.y

1: Max Sebastian M 8 M 43

2: Qin Kai-lee F 7 F 36

3: Sarah Oliver M 5 F 41
```

Adding context with your own suffixes

The suffixes argument can add useful context:

```
merge(children, parents, by.x = "parent", by.y = "name",
    suffixes = c(".child", ".parent"))
```

```
parent name gender.child age.child gender.parent age.parent

1: Max Sebastian M 8 M 43

2: Qin Kai-lee F 7 F 36

3: Sarah Oliver M 5 F 41
```

Renaming columns

Rename all columns using setnames()

```
parent parent.gender parent.age

1: Sarah F 41

2: Max M 43

3: Qin F 36
```

Joining with 'data.frames'

Join keys for data.frames may be in the rownames

```
parents
     gender age
Sarah
          F 41
    M 43
Max
         F 36
Qin
parents <- as.data.table(parents, keep.rownames = "parent")</pre>
parents
  parent gender age
  Sarah
     Max M 43
3:
     Qin
             F 36
```



Let's practice!

JOINING DATA WITH DATA.TABLE IN R



Duplicate matches

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Join key duplicates

Which bacteria could be found at both sites using any method?
site1_ecology[site2_ecology, on = .(genus)]

site1_ecology:

genus	count	method
Nitrosomonas	500	WGS
Nitrosomonas	620	16S
Rhizobium	360	WGS
Rhizobium	300	16S

	genus	present	method
-	Nitrosomonas	TRUE	WGS
1	Nitrosomonas	TRUE	16S
4	Nitrosomonas	TRUE	Culture
1	Rhizobium	TRUE	WGS
$\frac{1}{2}$	Rhizobium	TRUE	16S
1	Rhizobium	FALSE	Culture

Error from multiplicative matches

```
site1_ecology[site2_ecology, on = .(genus)]
```

```
Error in vecseq(f__, len__, if (allow.cartesian || notjoin ||
!anyDuplicated(f__, :
    Join results in 12 rows; more than 10 = nrow(x)+nrow(i). Check for
    duplicate key values in i each of which join to the same group in x over
    and over again. If that's ok, try by=.EACHI to run j for each group to
    avoid the large allocation. If you are sure you wish to proceed, rerun
    with allow.cartesian=TRUE. Otherwise, please search for this error message
    in the FAQ, Wiki, Stack Overflow and data.table issue tracker for advice.
```

Allowing multiplicative matches

allow.cartesian = TRUE allows the join to proceed:

```
# data.table syntax
site1_ecology[site2_ecology, on = .(genus), allow.cartesian = TRUE]

# merge()
merge(site1_ecology, site2_ecology, by = "genus", allow.cartesian = TRUE)
```

Allowing multiplicative matches

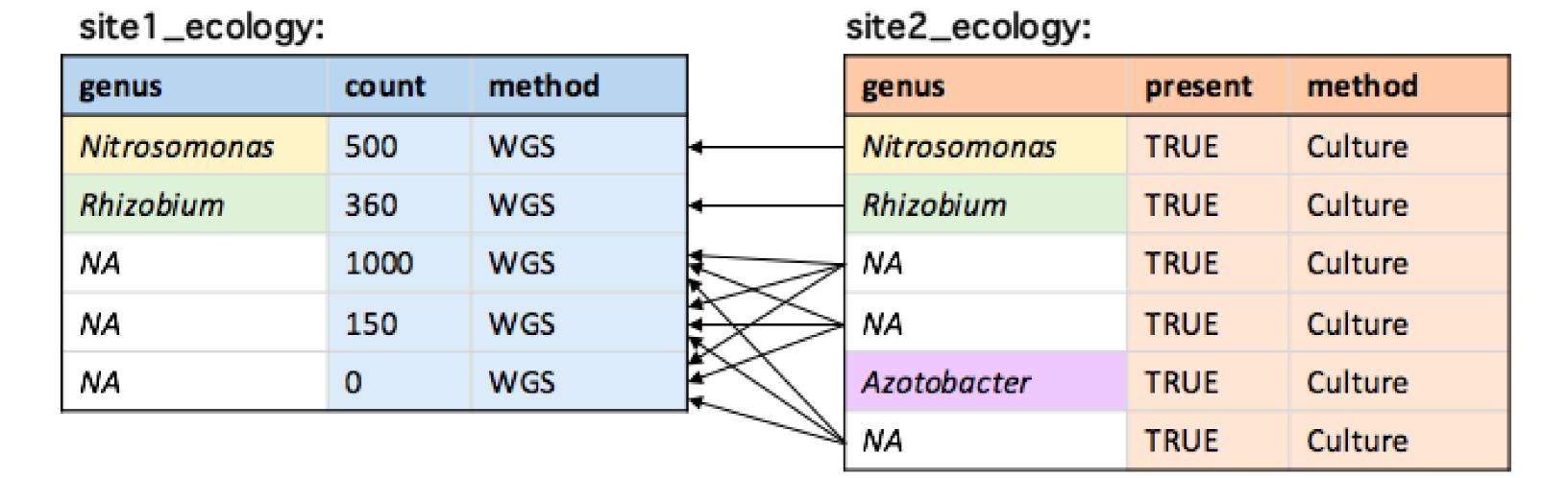
```
site1_ecology[site2_ecology, on = .(genus), allow.cartesian = TRUE]
```

```
genus count method present i.method
 1: Nitrosomonas
                    500
                           WGS
                                  TRUE
                                            WGS
 2: Nitrosomonas
                                  TRUE
                                            WGS
                    620
                           16S
 3: Nitrosomonas
                           WGS
                                  TRUE
                                            16S
                    500
 4: Nitrosomonas
                   620
                           16S
                                  TRUE
                                            16S
 5: Nitrosomonas
                           WGS
                                  TRUE
                    500
                                        Culture
                                  TRUE
                                        Culture
 6: Nitrosomonas
                   620
                           16S
       Rhizobium
                    360
                           WGS
                                  TRUE
                                            WGS
       Rhizobium
                    300
                           16S
                                  TRUE
                                            WGS
       Rhizobium
 9:
                           WGS
                                  TRUE
                                            16S
                    360
       Rhizobium
                                  TRUE
                                            16S
10:
                    300
                           16S
11:
       Rhizobium
                           WGS
                                 FALSE
                    360
                                        Culture
12:
       Rhizobium
                    300
                           16S
                                 FALSE
                                        Culture
```



Missing values

Missing values (NA) will match all other missing values:



Filtering missing values

!is.na() can be used to filter rows with missing values

```
site1_ecology <- site1_ecology[!is.na(genus)]
site1_ecology</pre>
```

```
genus count method
1: Nitrosomonas 500 WGS
2: Rhizobium 360 WGS
```

```
site2_ecology <- site2_ecology[!is.na(genus)]
site2_ecology</pre>
```

```
genus present method

1: Nitrosomonas TRUE Culture

2: Rhizobium TRUE Culture

3: Azotobacter TRUE Culture
```



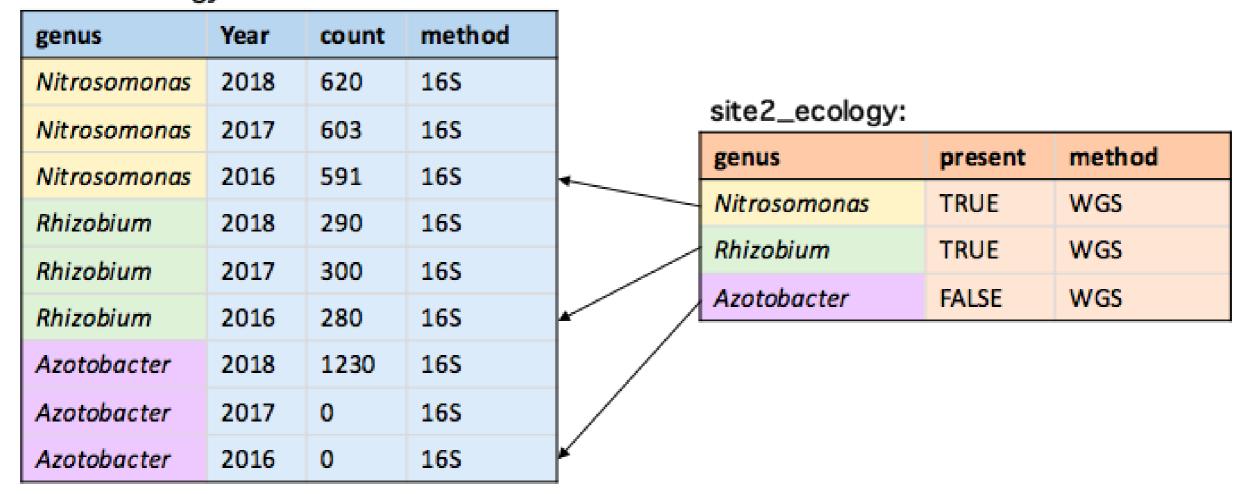
Keeping only the first match

```
site1_ecology[site2_ecology, on = .(genus), mult = "first"]
```

genus	Year	count	method			
Nitrosomonas	2018	620	16S	*	-:	-:
Nitrosomonas	2017	603	16S		site2_ecology:	
Nitrosomonas	2016	591	168		genus	
Rhizobium	2018	290	16S	-	Nitrosomonas	<i>Nitrosomonas</i> TRUE
Rhizobium	2017	300	16S		Rhizobium	Rhizobium TRUE
Rhizobium	2016	280	16S		Azotobacter	Azotobacter FALSE
Azotobacter	2018	1230	165			•
Azotobacter	2017	0	16S			
Azotobacter	2016	0	168			

Keeping only the last match

```
children[parents, on = .(parent = name), mult = "last"]
```





Identifying and removing duplicates

duplicated() : what rows are duplicates?

unique(): filter a data.table to just unique rows

The duplicated() function

Using values in all columns:

```
duplicated(site1_ecology)
```

FALSE FALSE FALSE

Using values in a subset of columns:

FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE

genus	count	method
Nitrosomonas	500	WGS
Nitrosomonas	620	16S
Rhizobium	360	WGS
Rhizobium	300	16S

The unique() function

```
unique(site1_ecology, by = "genus")
```

genus	count	method				
Nitrosomonas	500	WGS		genus	count	method
Nitrosomonas	620	16S	x	Nitrosomonas	500	WGS
Rhizobium	360	WGS	├	Rhizobium	360	WGS
Rhizobium	300	16S	x			

Changing the search order

fromLast = TRUE changes the direction of the search to start from the last row

```
duplicated(site1_ecology, by = "genus", fromLast = TRUE)
```

TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE

```
unique(site1_ecology, by = "genus", fromLast = TRUE)
```

genus	count	method				
Nitrosomonas	500	WGS	x	genus	count	method
Nitrosomonas	620	16S	├	Nitrosomonas	620	16S
Rhizobium	360	WGS	x _,	Rhizobium	300	16S
Rhizobium	300	16S				



Let's practice!

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