

Joining datasets

CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R



Dave Robinson

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Processed votes

```
votes_processed
```

```
# A tibble: 353,547 × 6
  rcid session vote ccode year      country
  <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl>    <chr>
1     46        2     1     2  1947 United States
2     46        2     1    20  1947      Canada
3     46        2     1    40  1947      Cuba
4     46        2     1    41  1947      Haiti
5     46        2     1    42  1947 Dominican Republic
6     46        2     1    70  1947      Mexico
7     46        2     1    90  1947    Guatemala
8     46        2     1    91  1947    Honduras
9     46        2     1    92  1947   El Salvador
10    46        2     1    93  1947   Nicaragua
# ... with 353,537 more rows
```

- Each row is one roll call/country pair

Descriptions dataset

descriptions

```
# A tibble: 2,589 × 10
  rcid session      date    unres     me     nu     di     hr     co     ec
  <dbl>   <dbl> <dttm> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1    46        2 1947-09-04 R/2/299     0     0     0     0     0     0
2    47        2 1947-10-05 R/2/355     0     0     0     1     0     0
3    48        2 1947-10-06 R/2/461     0     0     0     0     0     0
4    49        2 1947-10-06 R/2/463     0     0     0     0     0     0
5    50        2 1947-10-06 R/2/465     0     0     0     0     0     0
6    51        2 1947-10-02 R/2/561     0     0     0     0     1     0
7    52        2 1947-11-06 R/2/650     0     0     0     0     1     0
8    53        2 1947-11-06 R/2/651     0     0     0     0     1     0
9    54        2 1947-11-06 R/2/651     0     0     0     0     1     0
10   55        2 1947-11-06 R/2/667     0     0     0     0     1     0
# ... with 2,579 more rows
```

inner_join()

```
votes_processed %>%  
  inner_join(descriptions, by = c("rcid", "session"))
```

```
# A tibble: 353,547 × 14  
  rcid session vote ccode year country date   unres    me  
  <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl> <chr>   <dttm> <chr> <dbl>  
1     46        2     1     2  1947 United States 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
2     46        2     1    20  1947 Canada 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
3     46        2     1    40  1947 Cuba 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
4     46        2     1    41  1947 Haiti 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
5     46        2     1    42  1947 Dominican Republic 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
6     46        2     1    70  1947 Mexico 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
7     46        2     1    90  1947 Guatemala 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
8     46        2     1    91  1947 Honduras 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
9     46        2     1    92  1947 El Salvador 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
10    46       2     1    93  1947 Nicaragua 1947-09-04 R/2/299    0  
# ... with 353,537 more rows, and 5 more variables: nu <dbl>, di <dbl>,  
#   hr <dbl>, co <dbl>, ec <dbl>
```

Let's practice!

CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R

Tidy data

CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R



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CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R

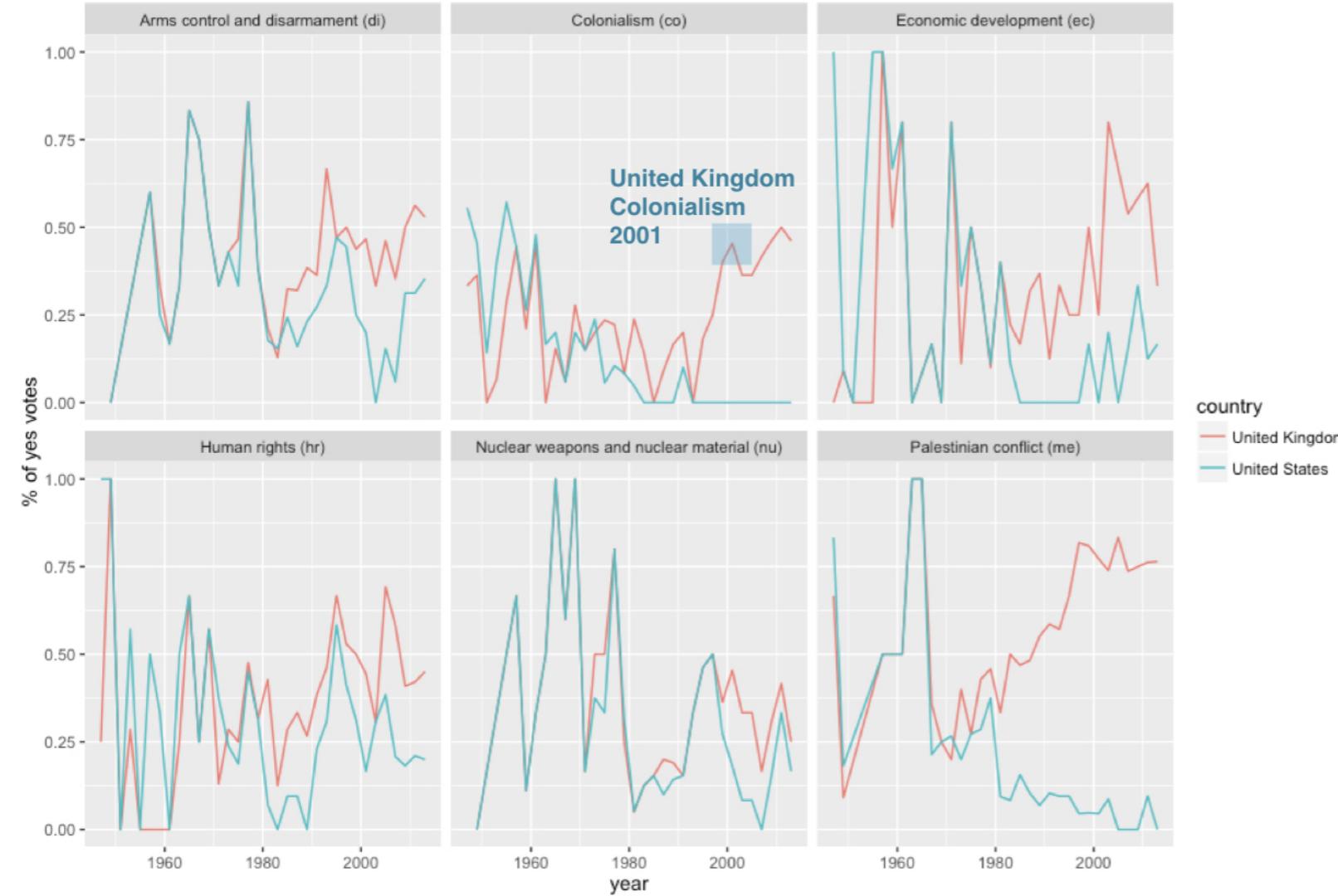
United Kingdom



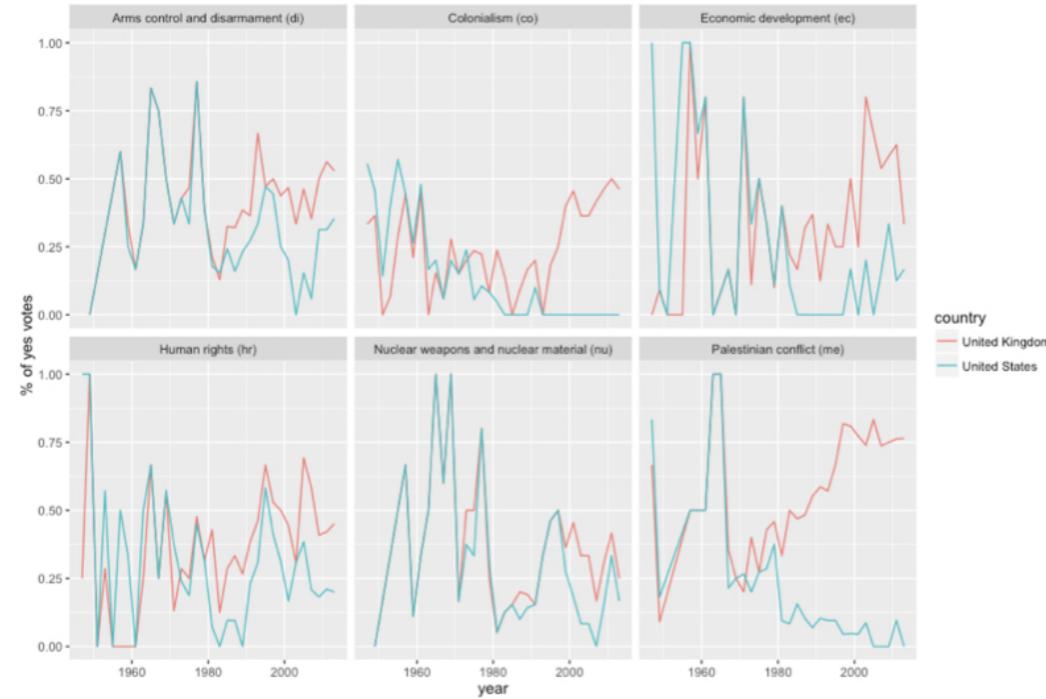
United Kingdom



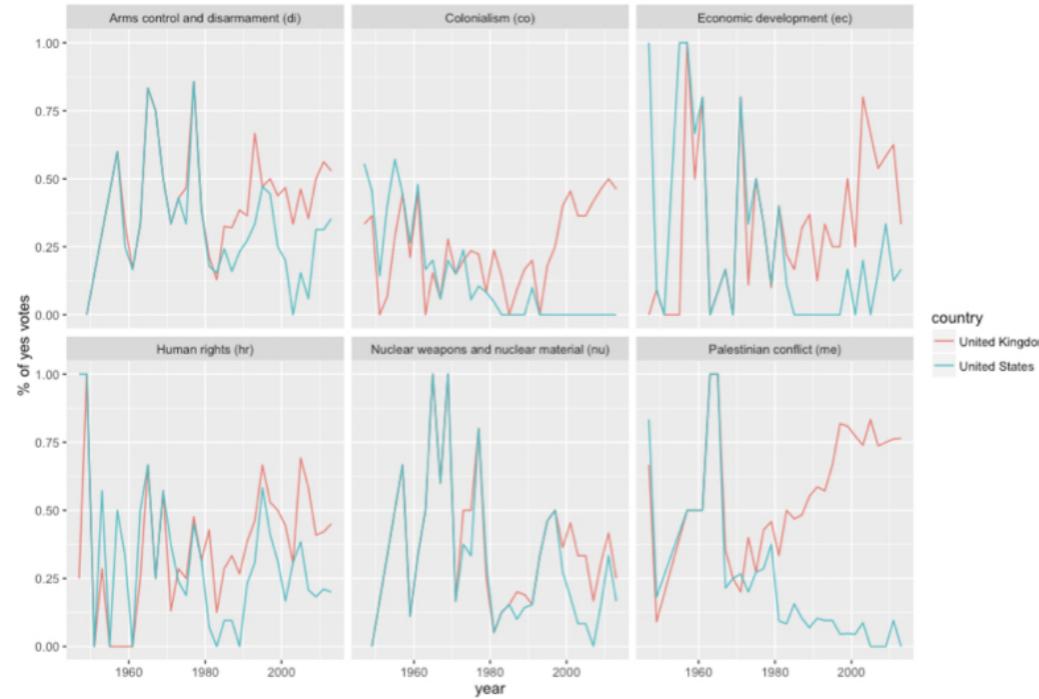
United Kingdom



Tidy data: topic is a variable

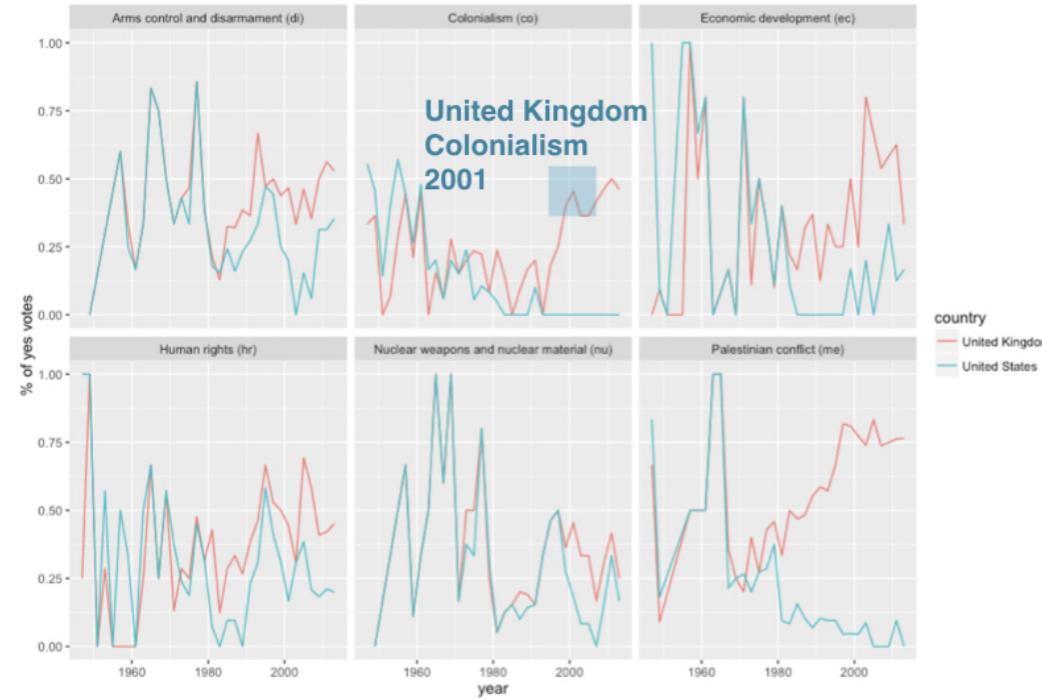


Tidy data: topic is a variable



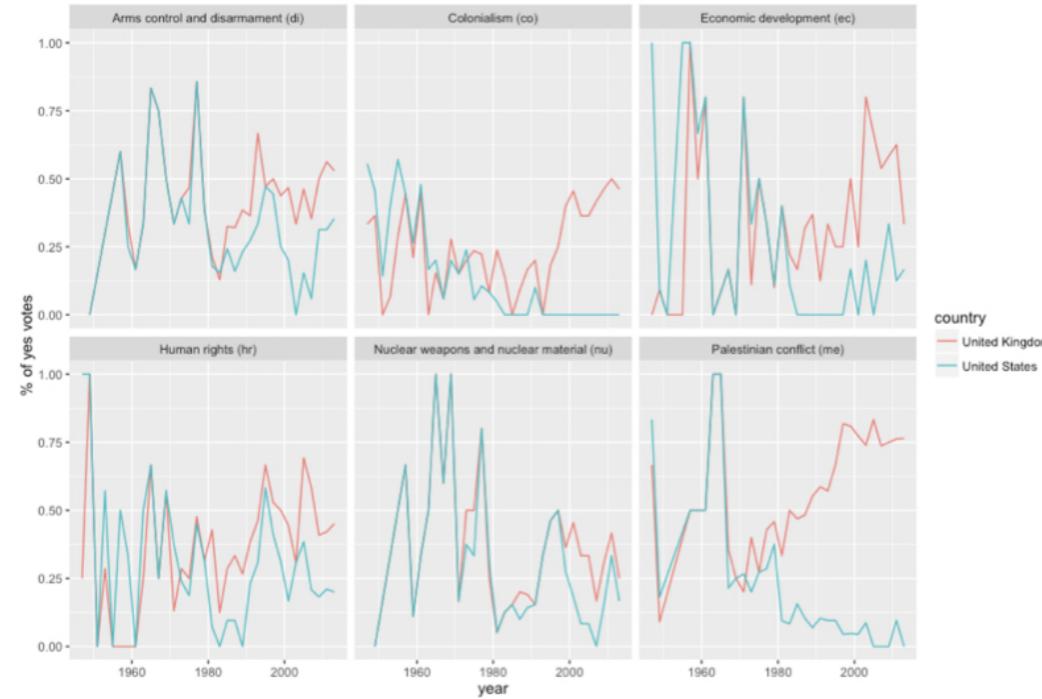
Country	Year	Topic
United States	1999	co
United States	2001	co
United States	1999	nu
United States	2001	nu
United Kingdom	1999	co
United Kingdom	2001	co
United Kingdom	1999	nu
United Kingdom	2001	nu

Tidy data: topic is a variable



Country	Year	Topic
United States	1999	co
United States	2001	co
United States	1999	nu
United States	2001	nu
United Kingdom	1999	co
United Kingdom	2001	co
United Kingdom	1999	nu
United Kingdom	2001	nu

Tidy data: topic is a variable



Country	Year	Topic
United States	1999	co
United States	2001	co
United States	1999	nu
United States	2001	nu
United Kingdom	1999	co
United Kingdom	2001	co
United Kingdom	1999	nu
United Kingdom	2001	nu

Topic is spread across six columns

- Each topic has one column, so combine into a single variable:
`topic`

```
votes_joined %>%  
  select(rcid, session, vote, country, me:ec)
```

```
# A tibble: 353,547 × 10  
  rcid session vote      country    me    nu    di    hr    co    ec  
  <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <chr>     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>  
1     46       2     1 United States     0     0     0     0     0     0  
2     46       2     1 Canada          0     0     0     0     0     0  
3     46       2     1 Cuba            0     0     0     0     0     0  
4     46       2     1 Haiti           0     0     0     0     0     0  
5     46       2     1 Dominican Republic 0     0     0     0     0     0  
6     46       2     1 Mexico          0     0     0     0     0     0  
7     46       2     1 Guatemala        0     0     0     0     0     0  
8     46       2     1 Honduras         0     0     0     0     0     0  
9     46       2     1 El Salvador       0     0     0     0     0     0  
10    46       2     1 Nicaragua        0     0     0     0     0     0  
# ... with 353,537 more rows
```

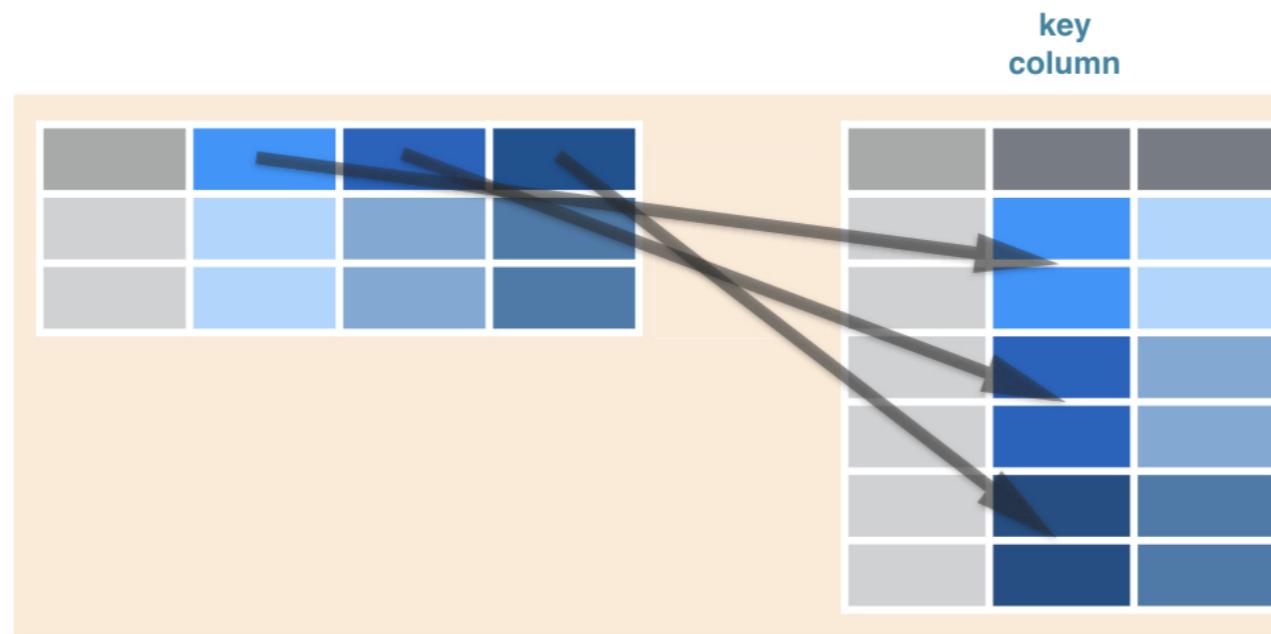
Use gather() to bring columns into two

gather() brings
multiple columns
into just key and
value



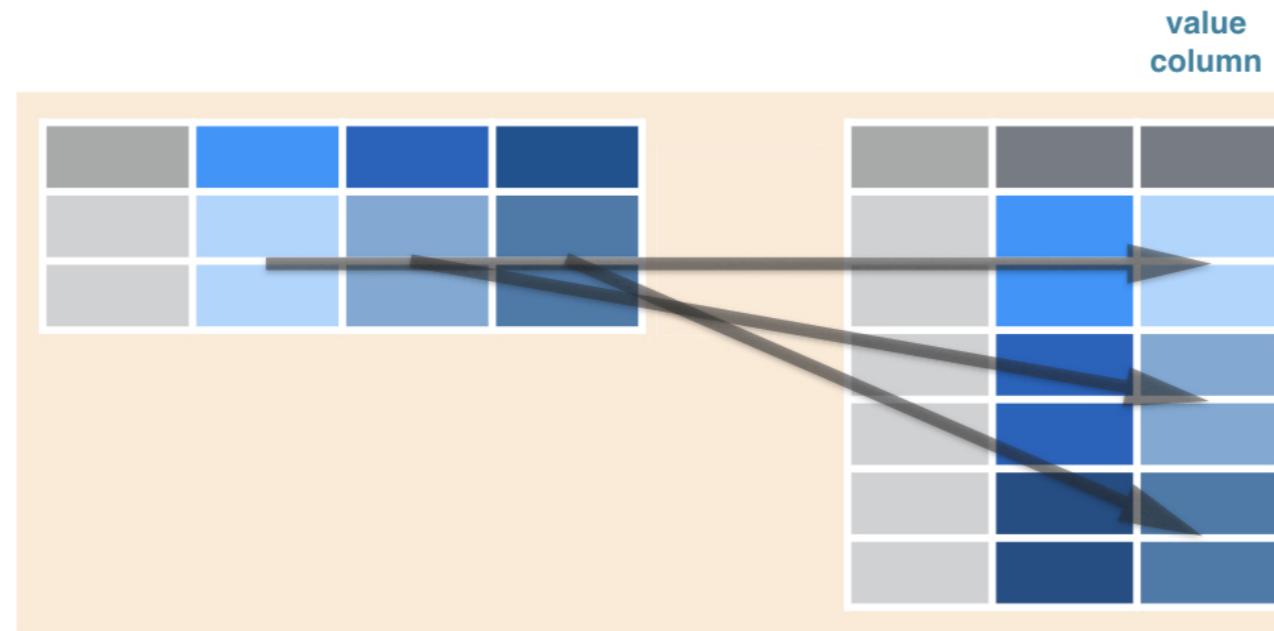
Use gather() to bring columns into two

gather() brings
multiple columns
into just key and
value



Use gather() to bring columns into two

gather() brings
multiple columns
into just key and
value



Use gather() to bring columns into two variables

```
library(tidyr)
votes_joined %>%
  gather(topic, has_topic, me:ec)
```

```
# A tibble: 2,121,282 × 10
  rcid session vote ccode year country date  unres topic has_topic
  <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl>   <chr> <dttm> <chr> <chr>    <dbl>
1     46       2     1     2  1947 United States 1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
2     46       2     1    20  1947 Canada        1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
3     46       2     1    40  1947 Cuba          1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
4     46       2     1    41  1947 Haiti         1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
5     46       2     1    42  1947 Dominican Republic 1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
6     46       2     1    70  1947 Mexico        1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
7     46       2     1    90  1947 Guatemala     1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
8     46       2     1    91  1947 Honduras      1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
9     46       2     1    92  1947 El Salvador    1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
10    46       2     1    93  1947 Nicaragua     1947-09-04 R/2/299   me      0
# ... with 2,121,272 more rows
```

- “topic” is now a variable

Use gather() to bring columns into one variable

```
library(tidyr)
votes_joined %>%
  gather(topic, is_topic, me:ec) %>%
  filter(has_topic == 1)
```

```
# A tibble: 350,032 × 10
  rcid session vote ccode year country date unres topic has_topic
  <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl>   <chr>   <dttm> <chr> <chr>   <dbl>
1    77        2     1     2  1947 United States 1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
2    77        2     1    20  1947 Canada   1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
3    77        2     3     40  1947 Cuba     1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
4    77        2     1     41  1947 Haiti    1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
5    77        2     1     42  1947 Dominican Republic 1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
6    77        2     2     70  1947 Mexico   1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
7    77        2     1     90  1947 Guatemala 1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
8    77        2     2     91  1947 Honduras 1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
9    77        2     2     92  1947 El Salvador 1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
10   77        2     1     93  1947 Nicaragua 1947-11-06 R/2/1424   me      1
# ... with 350,022 more rows
```

Let's practice!

CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R

Tidy modeling by topic and country

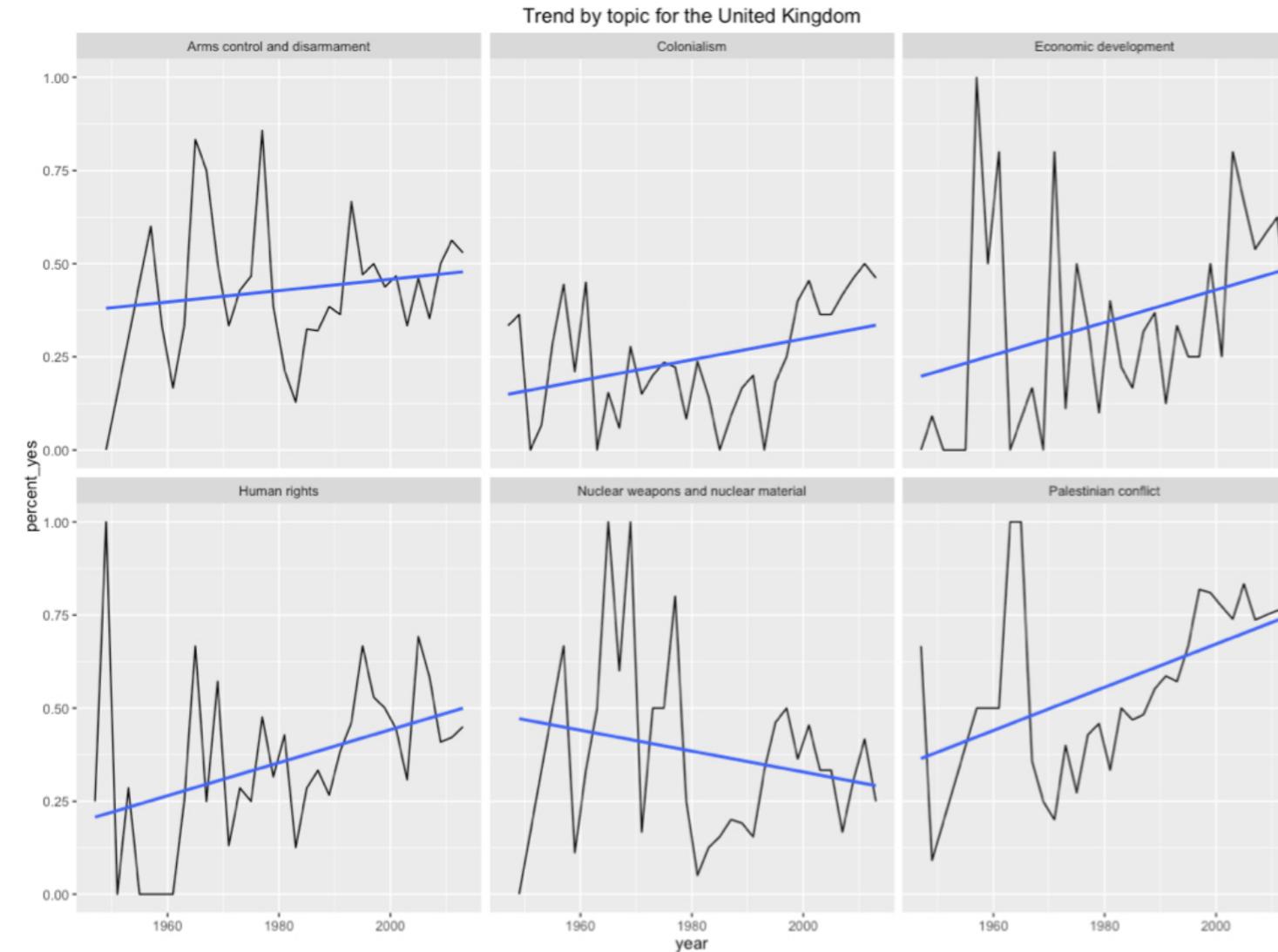
CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R



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Detecting a trend by topic



Tidy modeling by country

```
library(tidyr)
library(purrr)
library(broom)
country_coefficients <- by_year_country %>%
  nest(-country) %>%
  mutate(model = map(data, ~ lm(percent_yes ~ year, data = .)),
         tidied = map(model, tidy)) %>%
  unnest(tidied)
country_coefficients
```

```
# A tibble: 399 × 6
  country     term    estimate  std.error statistic   p.value
  <chr>      <chr>     <dbl>     <dbl>     <dbl>       <dbl>
1 Afghanistan (Intercept) -11.063084650 1.4705189228 -7.523252 1.444892e-08
2 Afghanistan     year     0.006009299 0.0007426499  8.091698 3.064797e-09
3 Argentina      (Intercept) -9.464512565 2.1008982371 -4.504984 8.322481e-05
4 Argentina        year     0.005148829 0.0010610076  4.852773 3.047078e-05
5 Australia       (Intercept) -4.545492536 2.1479916283 -2.116159 4.220387e-02
# ... with 394 more rows
```

Tidy modeling by country and topic

```
library(purrr)
library(broom)
country_topic_coefficients <- by_year_country_topic %>%
  nest(-country, -topic) %>%
  mutate(model = map(data, ~ lm(percent_yes ~ year, data = .)),
    tidied = map(model, tidy)) %>%
unnest(tidied)
```

```
# A tibble: 2,383 × 7
  country      topic     term   estimate std.error
  <chr>        <chr>     <chr>     <dbl>     <dbl>
1 Afghanistan Colonialism (Intercept) -9.196506325 1.9573746777
2 Afghanistan Colonialism             year      0.005106200 0.0009885245
3 Afghanistan Economic development (Intercept) -11.476390441 3.6191205187
4 Afghanistan Economic development         year      0.006239157 0.0018265400
5 Afghanistan Human rights (Intercept)  -7.265379964 4.3740212201
6 Afghanistan Human rights              year      0.004075877 0.0022089932
7 Afghanistan Palestinian conflict (Intercept) -13.313363338 3.5707983095
8 Afghanistan Palestinian conflict         year      0.007167675 0.0018002649
9 Afghanistan Arms control and disarmament (Intercept) -13.759624843 4.1328667932
10 Afghanistan Arms control and disarmament          year      0.007369733 0.0020837753
# ... with 2,373 more rows, and 2 more variables: statistic <dbl>, p.value <dbl>
```

Tidy modeling by country and topic

```
library(purrr)
library(broom)
country_topic_coefficients <- by_year_country_topic %>%
  nest(-country, -topic) %>%
  mutate(model = map(data, ~ lm(percent_yes ~ year, data = .)),
    tidied = map(model, tidy)) %>%
unnest(tidied)
```

```
# A tibble: 2,383 × 7
  country      topic     term   estimate std.error
  <chr>        <chr>     <chr>     <dbl>     <dbl>
1 Afghanistan Colonialism (Intercept) -9.196506325 1.9573746777
2 Afghanistan Colonialism             year      0.005106200 0.0009885245 <-
3 Afghanistan Economic development (Intercept) -11.476390441 3.6191205187
4 Afghanistan Economic development         year      0.006239157 0.0018265400 <-
5 Afghanistan Human rights (Intercept)  -7.265379964 4.3740212201
6 Afghanistan Human rights              year      0.004075877 0.0022089932 <-
7 Afghanistan Palestinian conflict (Intercept) -13.313363338 3.5707983095
8 Afghanistan Palestinian conflict         year      0.007167675 0.0018002649 <-
9 Afghanistan Arms control and disarmament (Intercept) -13.759624843 4.1328667932
10 Afghanistan Arms control and disarmament          year      0.007369733 0.0020837753 <-
# ... with 2,373 more rows, and 2 more variables: statistic <dbl>, p.value <dbl>
```

Let's practice!

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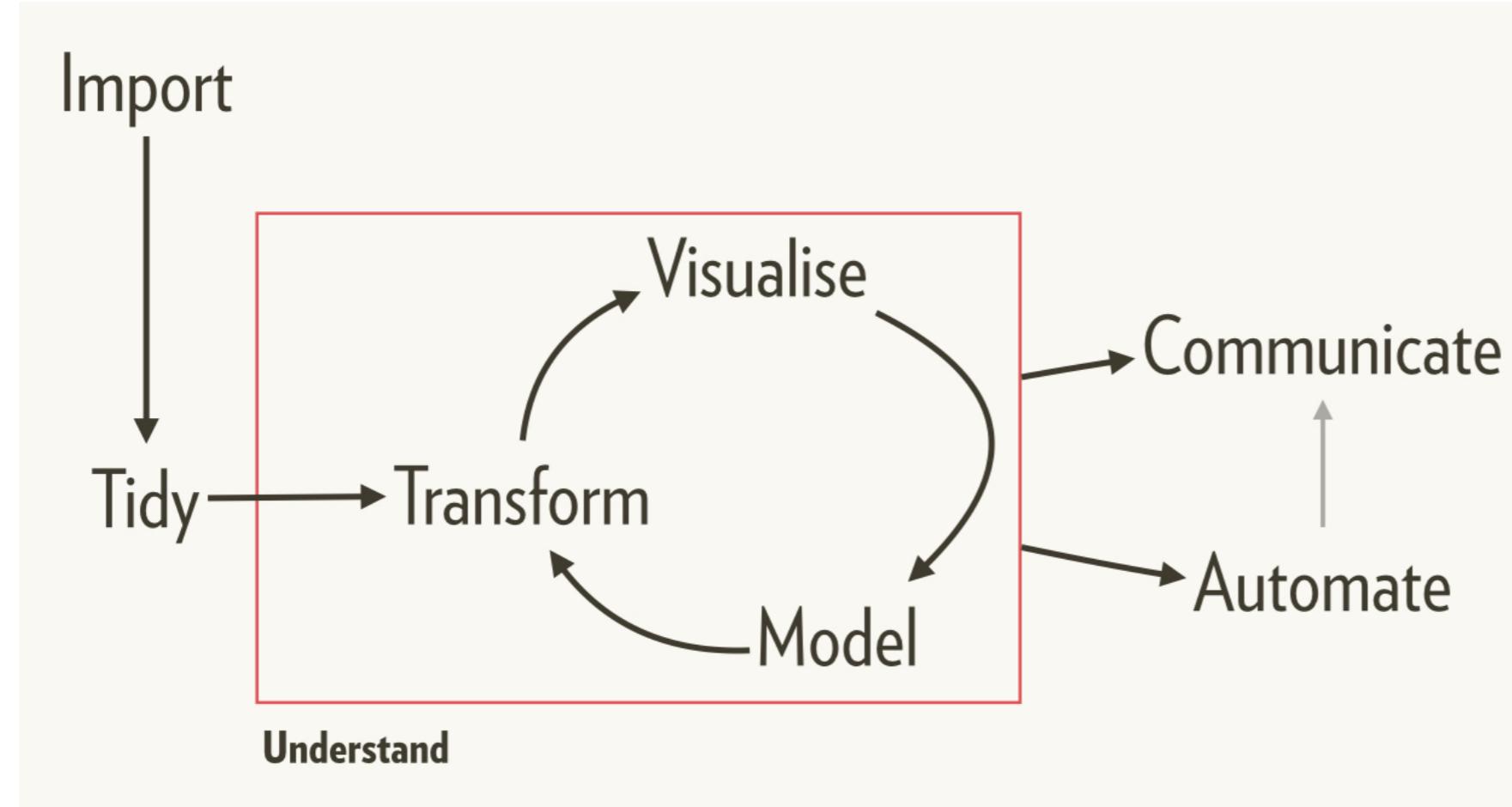
Conclusion

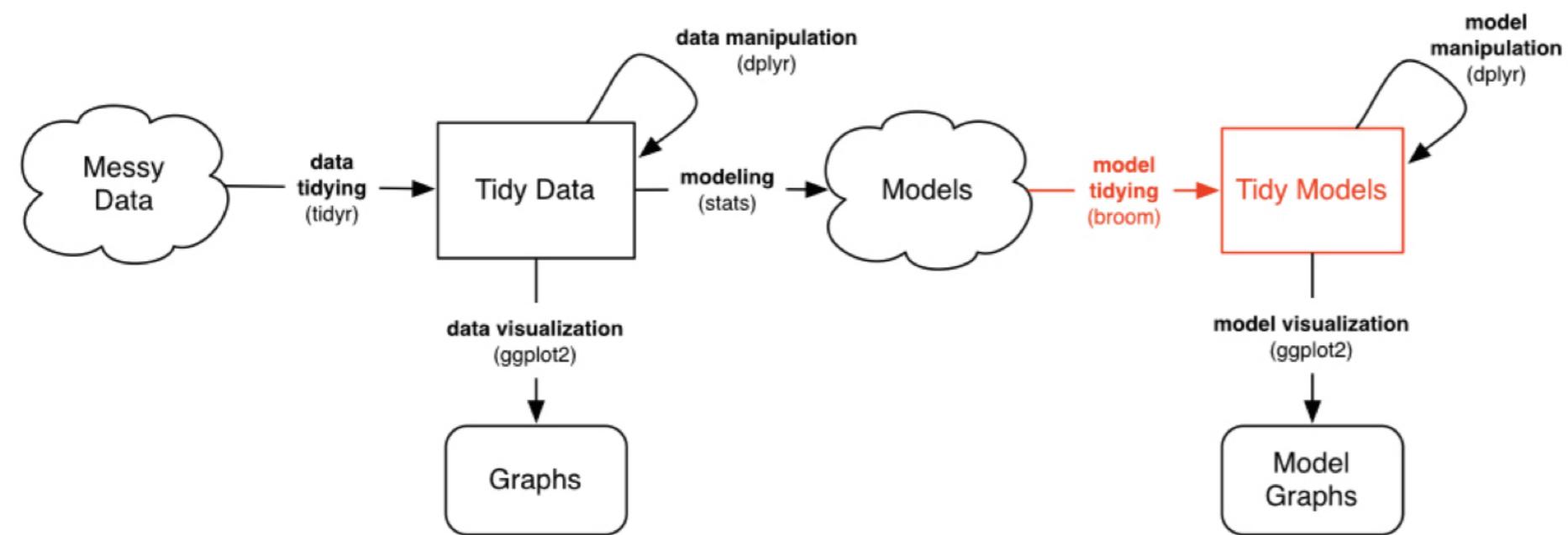
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