140SL Text Analysis

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Loading libraries and dataset

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.0 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.2 v purrr
                               0.3.4
## v tibble 3.0.4 v dplyr 1.0.2
## v tidyr 1.1.2 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.4.0 v forcats 0.5.0
## v readr
          1.4.0
                    v forcats 0.5.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
library(tidytext)
library(tidylo)
listings <- read_csv("listings_cleaned_2clus.csv")</pre>
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X1' [1]
##
## -- Column specification -------
## cols(
##
    X1 = col_double(),
##
    id = col_double(),
    name = col_character(),
    description = col_character(),
##
    neighborhood_overview = col_character(),
##
    host_id = col_double(),
    price = col_double(),
    value = col_character()
##
listings <- listings[,-1]</pre>
listings$value <- factor(listings$value)</pre>
```

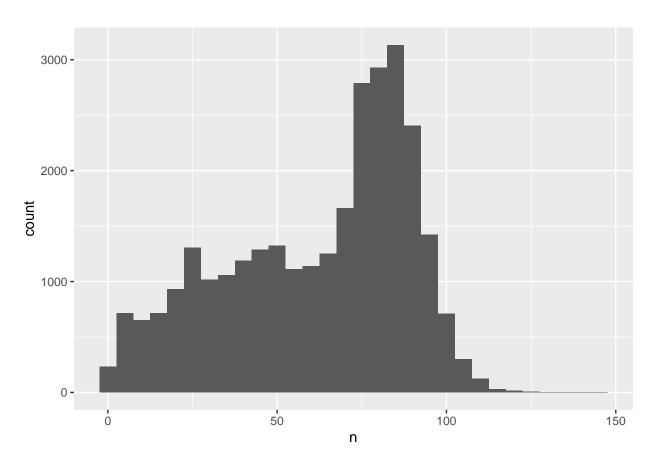
Low is 138 dollars or under. High is 139 dollars or higher

Exploring the dataset

```
#unnesting the description column and filtering out words with special symbols.
listings_unnested <- listings %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, description) %>%
  anti_join(stop_words, by = "word") %>%
  filter(!str_detect(word,"[^\x01-\x7F]"))

#looking at the distribution of the length of the descriptions
listings_unnested %>%
  count(id, sort = TRUE) %>%
  ggplot(aes(n)) +
  geom_histogram()
```

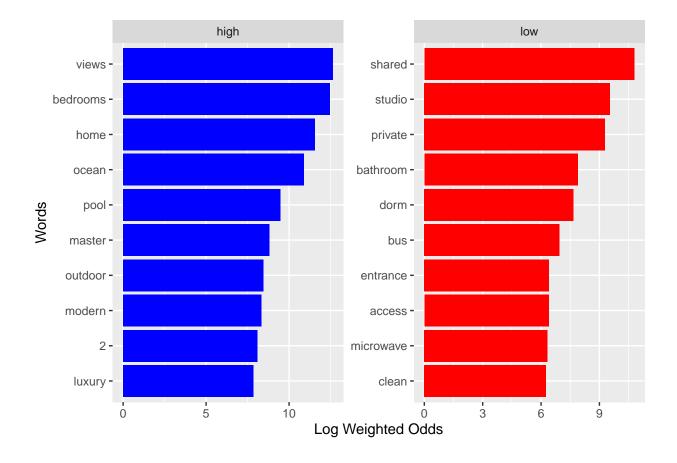
'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.



Taking a look at the log weighted odds of which words belong in the high value air bnb descriptions, and which words belong in the low value air bnb descriptions.

```
listings_lo <- listings_unnested %>%
  count(value, word) %>%
  bind_log_odds(value, word,n) %>%
  arrange(-log_odds_weighted)
```

```
listings_lo %>%
  group_by(value) %>%
  slice_max(log_odds_weighted, n = 10) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(word = reorder(word, log_odds_weighted)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(word, log_odds_weighted, fill = value)) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~value, scales = "free") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("blue", "red"))+
  coord_flip() +
  labs(x = "Words", y = "Log Weighted Odds")
```



Building the Model

Splitting the data into training and testing sets

```
## v infer 0.5.3 v tune 0.1.2
                      v workflows 0.2.1
## v modeldata 0.1.0
## v parsnip 0.1.4
                      v yardstick 0.0.7
## -- Conflicts ----- tidymodels_conflicts() --
## x scales::discard() masks purrr::discard()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x recipes::fixed() masks stringr::fixed()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## x yardstick::spec() masks readr::spec()
## x recipes::step() masks stats::step()
set.seed(123)
listings_split <- initial_split(listings, strata = value)</pre>
listings_train <- training(listings_split)</pre>
listings_test <- testing(listings_split)</pre>
```

Preparing the data for model building

```
library(themis)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'themis':
##
    method
                            from
##
    bake.step_downsample
                           recipes
    bake.step_upsample
##
                         recipes
    prep.step_downsample recipes
##
##
    prep.step_upsample
                           recipes
##
    tidy.step_downsample
                            recipes
##
    tidy.step_upsample
                            recipes
##
    tunable.step_downsample recipes
##
    tunable.step_upsample
                            recipes
##
## Attaching package: 'themis'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:recipes':
##
      step_downsample, step_upsample
##
library(textrecipes)
listings_rec <- recipe(value ~ description, data = listings_train) %>%
 step_tokenize(description) %>% #unnests the description
                                   #getting rid of stopwords such as "a" and "the"
 step_stopwords(description) %>%
 step_tokenfilter(description, max_tokens = 500) %>% #filter for top 500 words that were present
 step_tfidf(description) %>% #converting the words into variables. value is given based on frequency
 step_normalize(all_predictors()) #Normalizing all the variables
```

Creating model specifications

```
lasso_spec <- logistic_reg(penalty = tune(), mixture = 1) %>% #going to tune penalty
set_engine("glmnet")

lasso_wf <- workflow() %>% #adding model and recipe to a workflow
add_recipe(listings_rec) %>%
add_model(lasso_spec)
```

Tuning the model

```
lambda_grid <- grid_regular(penalty(), levels = 20) #a grid with 20 different lambda values to try
set.seed(123)
review_folds <- vfold_cv(listings_train, strata = value, v = 5) #5 fold cross validation to test differ
doParallel::registerDoParallel() #speeds up the process
set.seed(5)
lasso_grid <- tune_grid(</pre>
 lasso_wf,
                                    #going to tune the lasso model
 resamples = review_folds,
                                  #resampling with the cv folds made earlier
 grid = lambda_grid,
                                  #using the 20 different lambda values
 metrics = metric_set(accuracy) #metric of success is going to be accuracy of predictions
)
##
## Attaching package: 'rlang'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       %0%, as_function, flatten, flatten_chr, flatten_dbl, flatten_int,
##
       flatten_lgl, flatten_raw, invoke, list_along, modify, prepend,
##
       splice
## Attaching package: 'vctrs'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       data_frame
## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
##
       data_frame
## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
## expand, pack, unpack

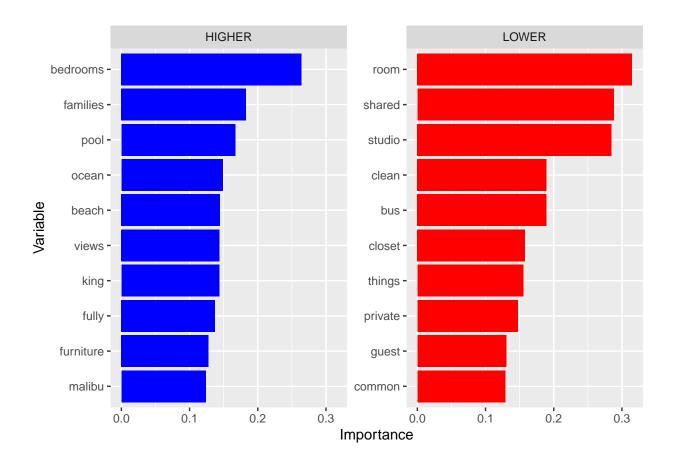
## Loaded glmnet 4.0-2

best_tune <- lasso_grid %>%  #selecting best penalty value based on accuracy
    select_best("accuracy")

final_model <- finalize_workflow(lasso_wf, best_tune)  #finalizing the model</pre>
```

Fitting the model

```
lasso_fit <- final_model %>%
                                #fitting the training data to the model
  fit(listings_train)
#observing which words in the description lead to higher prices
library(vip)
## Attaching package: 'vip'
## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
##
##
       vi
lasso_fit %>%
  pull_workflow_fit() %>%
  vi(lambda = best_tune$penalty) %>%
  group_by(Sign) %>%
  top_n(10, wt = abs(Importance)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(Importance = abs(Importance),
         Variable = str_remove(Variable, "tfidf_description_"),
         Variable = fct_reorder(Variable, Importance),
         effect = ifelse(Sign == "NEG", "HIGHER", "LOWER")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Importance, y = Variable, fill = effect)) +
  geom col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("blue", "red"))+
  facet_wrap(~effect, scales = "free_y")
```



Testing the model

```
lasso_test <- final_model %>% #fitting the final model to the testing data
   fit(listings_test)
lasso_pred <- predict(lasso_test, listings_test)

#confidence matrix of actual values vs predicted values
conf_mat <- table(prediction = lasso_pred$.pred_class, actual = listings_test$value); conf_mat

## actual
## prediction high low
## high 1972 546
## low 939 4175

#accuracy of the predictions
(conf_mat[1,1] + conf_mat[2,2]) / sum(conf_mat)</pre>
```

[1] 0.8054245

Getting a 80.5% accuracy rate.