A Primer on Penetration Testing in 2019

Presented to the 85th Annual ICUL Meeting

Justin Hall
Director, Security Consulting





/usr/bin/whoami

cbts

- Cincinnati native
- Husband & dad
- •23+ years in IT
- 14+ years in security

- Director of Security Consulting at CBTS
- GCIH Gold / GCFA / GPEN
- University of Cincinnati College of Business alumnus







Cybersecurity spending in 2018 was

\$114 billion

and is likely to grow to \$170 billion in 2022

What is penetration testing?



"Security testing in which assessors mimic real-world attacks to identify methods for circumventing the security features of an application, system, or network."

NIST 800-115 - Technical Guide To Information Security Testing And Assessment

Penetration testing is not...





Vulnerability Assessment

- Vulnerability assessment is simply cataloguing and identifying issues in a computing environment, Penetration testing is an attack simulation
- Vulnerability assessment stops at finding vulnerabilities, Penetration testing goes on to exploit them

Penetration testing is not...





Red Teaming

- A red team directs an ongoing, 24x7 set of individual operations intended on compromising a network by any means necessary, with the goal of exposing issues in an organization's entire security strategy
- A penetration test typically has an explicitly defined scope and limits on the attack vectors that can be employed to validate the controls around a particular network segment, application, or practice

CBTS Penetration Testing Practices





Since 2009, **20-30 delivered per year** by GIAC-certified
CBTS Security Consulting
team based in Ohio



Attack vectors include
Network, Web Application,
Mobile Application, Phishing
& Social Engineering,
Wireless, and Physical testing



Custom attack scenarios
and handwritten (not autogenerated), cage free,
artisan, locally-sourced,
farm-to-table findings reports
suitable for several
audiences

Common Findings





Common Pentest Findings

From CBTS Penetration Test Services



#1

Missing Patches

Attackers will use these vulnerabilities to:

- Run their code on target systems
- Establish persistence mechanisms
- Gain information about the environment, or elevated privileges

Defenders need to:

- Have visibility into the state of the authorized assets in the environment
- Establish a strong vulnerability management program
- Test patches before install, and validate patches have been applied with scans

Common Pentest Findings

cbts

From CBTS Penetration Test Services



Default or Easily Guessed Passwords

Attackers will use these vulnerabilities to:

- Gain access to applications, smart devices, appliances, OT
- Quickly gain administrative privileges
- Password-spray with known accounts

Defenders need to:

- Enforce a strong password policy for all employees and for functional accounts
- Ensure that deployment processes for all infrastructure include default password changes
- Regularly audit enterprise password strength

Common Pentest Findings

cbts

From CBTS Penetration Test Services



Weak Operating System configuration

Attackers will use these vulnerabilities to:

- Intercept network sessions, such as SMB or Remote Desktop traffic, and steal credentials
- Laterally move from host to host undetected
- Grab cached Domain Admin credentials from memory

Defenders need to:

- Harden gold images of servers, workstations, and network devices so that all newly deployed machines have reduced attack surface
- Compare OS config to benchmarks and vendor best practices

Pentesting Resources

Methodology

- NIST 800-115 Technical Guide to Information Security Testing & Assessment
 - Official guidance from US govt
- Penetration Test Execution Standard (PTES)
 - Community developed
- MITRE ATT&CK Framework
 - Research institution developed

Books

- Counter Hack Reloaded by Ed Skoudis and Tom Liston
- Penetration Testing: A Hands-On Introduction to Hacking by Georgia Weidman





Pentesting Resources

Tools

- Kali Linux
 - Linux distribution with commonly used tools by Offensive Security
- DVL
 - Linux distribution that contains vulnerable software for test simulation
- Samurai WTF
 - Linux distribution with commonly used web application testing tools

Training

- SANS Institute SEC560, Network
 Penetration Testing & Ethical Hacking
- Offensive Security Certified Professional (OSCP)
- SpectreOps Red Team Operations

Q&A

Justin Hall, GCIH, GPEN

<u>Justin.Hall@cbts.com</u>

@justinhall



