An introduction to shiny

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08 February 2014

Intro

shiny is an R package that enables web based applications

- Overview of shiny basics
- Three examples
- The code/data necessary to reproduce anything in this talk is on github
 - □ https://github.com/jwhendy/devFest-shiny

Basics

- shiny needs to operate inside of RStudio
- [At least] two files are required to run an application
 - □ ui.R: page format, user inputs, and outputs you're going to create
 - □ server.R: contains the R code which will generate your dynamic output

Don't forget to run install.packages("shiny")!

Minimal ui.R

```
library(shiny)
# page format
shinyUI(pageWithSidebar(
 # title
 headerPanel("Hello Shiny!"),
 sidebarPanel(
   # user inputs go here
 ),
 mainPanel(
   plotOutput("plot") # what you're going to output, e.g. a plot
))
```

Minimal server.R

```
library(shiny)
shinyServer(function(input, output) {
  # general R code here: load libraries, set variables/functions/etc.
  # output$name has to match ui.R's plotOutput("name")
  output$plot <- renderPlot({</pre>
    # code to make a plot goes here
 })
```

It works!

Create the above files...

```
# run from within R studio
library(shiny)
setwd("/path/to/ui-and-server.R")
runApp()
```



Lots of choices

Input elements

- checkbox
- date (single/range)
- file upload
- numeric/text box
- dropdown
- slider (single/double)

Output methods

- html
- image
- plot
- table
- text
- [rendered] markdown

Example: data analysis/exploration

- Enable rapid and dynamic switching of plot variables
- Allows for "plot prototyping" to examine trends/relationships
- Web-based solution is easily sharable with others

Fiddling with public transportation data

- Grabbed data on public transportation centers around US (more here)
- Some are quite efficient, some are horrible
- Can shiny help find some interesting tidbits?

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Demo time!

Example: interactive contour plots

- Applied machine learning in R on product test data
- Contour plots can be nice for visualizing effect of inputs vs. outputs
- How to share the results with co-workers who don't use R?

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Demo time!

Example: visualizing insurance costs

- Benefit plan choices are tough!
- Started making visualizations/walkthroughs at 3M in 2011
- Goal: simplify decision process through visualization

The main issue

■ HR typically sends you a table like this on glossy paper; which plan is best?

	Plan A	Plan B
Premium	\$150/mo	\$250/mo
3M Contribution	\$1,000	\$0
Deductible	\$2,500	\$750
OOP_{max}	\$5,000	\$4,000

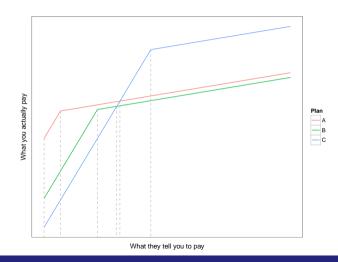
The main issue

• These employees are not smiling because they understood the table



Image credit: http://jtsfs.com/employee-benefits-2/group-health-insurance/

In 2011, it was so simple!



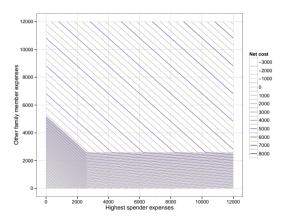
Fast-foward to 2013

- 3M introduces split deductibles on two plans
- Now which plan is best?

Plan	Premium	Ded_{ind}	Ded_{tot}	OOP_{ind}	OOP_{tot}	HSA
Α	\$3,500	\$500	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$4,000	-
В	\$2,200	-	\$2,750	-	\$5,500	\$1,250
C	\$600	\$2,750	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$11,000	\$1,250

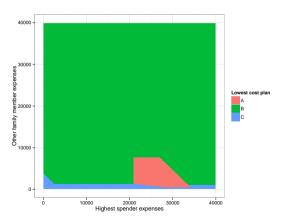
First shot

■ Now we need axes for max spender vs. everyone else... contour plot!



Winning cost map

"Stack" the contours, figure out which one is lowest



So, what about *this* year?

- I used shiny, obviously!
- Dynamic UI elements for # of people on plan
- "Interesting" algorithm for dealing with complex criteria
- Hosted internally at 3M with shiny-server
- Put an anonymized version on RStudio server

Table of possible outcomes

ded_{ind}	oop _{ind}	ded_{rem}	oop _{rem}	ded_{tot}	oop_tot	bin	formula
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	exp _{ind} + exp _{rem}
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	$ded_{ind} + 0.1 (exp_{ind} - ded_{ind}) + exp_{rem}$
0	0	1	0	0	0	4	$exp_{ind} + exp_{rem}$
1	0	0	0	1	0	17	$ded_{ind} + 0.1 (exp_{ind} - ded_{ind}) + exp_{rem}$
1	1	0	0	1	0	19	$oop_{ind} + exp_{rem}$
0	0	1	0	1	0	20	$ded_{tot} + 0.1 (exp_{ind} + exp_{rem} - ded_{tot})$
1	0	1	0	1	0	21	$ded_{tot} + 0.1 (exp_{ind} + exp_{rem} - ded_{tot})$
1	1	1	0	1	0	23	$oop_ind + ded_ind + 0.1 (exp_rem - ded_ind)$
1	0	1	1	1	0	29	$ded_{tot} + 0.1 (exp_{ind} + exp_{rem} - ded_{tot})$
1	1	0	0	1	1	51	$oop_{ind} + exp_{rem}$
1	1	1	0	1	1	55	$oop_{ind} + ded_{ind} + 0.1 (exp_{rem} - ded_{ind})$
1	0	1	1	1	1	61	oop _{tot}
1	1	1	1	1	1	63	oop _{tot}

Check against criteria; convert to binary

```
test_case <- c(rep(c(exp_ind, exp_rem, exp_ind + exp_rem),</pre>
                                                           # vector of predicted costs
                   each = 2))
                                                             # for max vs. others
test case <- rbind(test case, test case, test case)
                                                            # three sets for three plans
limits <- cbind(compare$ded_ind, compare$exp_max_ind,</pre>
                                                            # criteria values
                compare$ded_ind, compare$exp_max_ind,
                compare$ded_tot, compare$exp max tot)
result <- cbind(compare[, c("ded_ind", "ded_tot", "oop_ind", # store cutoffs in result
                            "oop_tot", "prem", "hsa")].
                exp ind, exp rem.
                (test_case > limits) %*% (2^(0:5))) # convert T/F to binary
```

Hacky function lookup

```
map funcs <- list(
 "0" = function(binary) { binary$exp_ind + binary$exp_rem },
 "1" = function(binary) { binary$ded ind + (0.1* (binary$exp ind - binary$ded ind)) + binary$exp rem },
 "4" = function(binary) { binary$exp ind + binary$exp rem },
 "16" = function(binary) { binary$ded tot + (0.1 * (binary$exp ind + binary$exp rem - binary$ded tot)) },
 "17" = function(binary) { binary$ded ind + (0.1* (binary$exp ind - binary$ded ind)) + binary$exp rem }.
 "19" = function(binary) { binary$oop ind + binary$exp rem }.
 "20" = function(binary) { binary$ded tot + (0.1 * (binary$exp ind + binary$exp rem - binary$ded tot)) }.
 "21" = function(binary) { binary$ded tot + (0.1 * (binary$exp ind + binary$exp rem - binary$ded tot)) }.
 "23" = function(binary) { binary$cop ind + binary$ded ind + (0.1 * (binary$exp rem - binary$ded ind)) }.
 "28" = function(binary) { binary$ded tot + (0.1 * (binary$exp ind + binary$exp rem - binary$ded tot)) }.
 "29" = function(binary) { binary$ded_tot + (0.1 * (binary$exp_ind + binary$exp_rem - binary$ded_tot)) },
 "48" = function(binary) { binary$oop tot }.
 "51" = function(binary) { binary$oop ind + binary$exp rem }.
 "55" = function(binary) { binary$oop ind + binary$ded ind + (0.1 * (binary$exp rem - binary$ded ind)) }.
 "60" = function(binary) { binary$oop tot }.
 "61" = function(binary) { binary$oop tot }.
 "63" = function(binary) { binary$oop tot }
```



So, why are they smiling?

Perhaps they were just playing with shiny!



Image credit: http://jtsfs.com/employee-benefits-2/group-health-insurance/

Sharing shiny apps

- tar/zip all files, send, have user run locally
- Install shiny-server on local machine
- Request account for RStudio server account (still available?)
 - □ Create/upload files; http://spark.rstudio.com/uname/appName
- Request account on new RStudio server here
 - □ Create apps locally, then follow setup instructions
 - □ When satisfied, just run deployApp()!
 - □ App goes live at http://uname.shinyapps.io/appName/

References

- Getting started with shiny
- shiny mailing list
- RStudio server account request
- SO question on creating dymanic input elements
- SO question on global variables (not intuitive!)
- SO question on sizing plots in shiny
- SO question that solved my contour plot issue; repaid with shiny example

Apps in this presentation

- Transpo exploration: spark.rstudio or shinyapps.io
- Interactive contour
- Benefit analysis
- Everything's also on github!

Tools

Presentation made entirely with open source software!











- Emacs and Org-mode for reproducible code environment
- LATEX / Beamer for typesetting
- Torino Beamer theme so that it wasn't obvious I was using Beamer

Questions?