* ~~Structure your folders.~~
  + ~~Start by creating a scss folder inside of your project's root folder. All of your Sass files, including sub-folders to organize them will go in here.~~
  + ~~Create sub-folders inside of the scss folder for your base, component, and utilities partials.~~
  + ~~Create a css folder inside of the project's root folder. This is where your output css will be generated.~~
* ~~Create the file structure.~~
  + ~~Change the normalize.css file into a Sass partial and save it to the base folder.~~
  + ~~Create a typography partial and save it to the base folder.~~
  + ~~Create at least 4 different component partials that group together the major sections of the site. For example: navigation, grid, form, and button partials.~~
  + ~~Inside of the utilities folder, create variables and mixins partials.~~
  + ~~In each of your scss sub-folders, create an \_index.scss file. These files will be used to import individual partials from each sub-folder.~~
  + ~~Create a styles.scss. Use this file to import all of the \_index.scss files from your sub-folders.~~
* ~~Setup Sass to watch for changes.~~
  + ~~From the terminal, navigate to your project's root folder.~~
  + ~~Run the command sass --watch scss:css so that Sass will continuously update your output CSS as you make changes to your Sass.~~
* ~~Create your variables.~~
  + ~~Looking through the resources/css/styles.css file, identify common colors and sizes that can be converted to variables.~~
    - ~~Create at least 5 color variables.~~
    - ~~Create a variable that stores the size of the media query breakpoint.~~
* ~~Add styles to the typography partial.~~
  + ~~Scan the resources/css/styles.css file for styles related to font family, size, and weight.~~
  + ~~Pay particular attention to those that are targeting tag names like a, h1, body, or the universal selector \*.~~
  + ~~Add these styles into the typography partial.~~
* ~~Move styles into components.~~
  + ~~Transfer the remaining CSS into their respective components. For example, any class selectors that begin with grid, column, or rows could go in the grid component.~~
  + ~~Be sure to update any styles that use color values with the Sass variables you created in the previous step.~~
* ~~Check your work~~
  + ~~Double check all of your work, click on the "How you will be graded" tab above and compare your project to the rubrics listed there. Post your project in the #review-my-project channel so that the rest of the community can see your awesome project and give feedback before submitting.~~

#### ~~Create a media query mixin~~

* + ~~Create a mixin that creates a media query inside of the selector that calls the mixin.~~
    - ~~The mixin should accept a single parameter for the size of the media query breakpoint.~~
    - ~~The mixin should create a min-width media query only.~~

#### ~~Use the media query mixin for all media queries.~~

#### ~~Use a nested selector structure for at least one component.~~

* + ~~Create a base selector for a group of related styles.~~
  + ~~Inside of that selector, use the Sass parent selector: & to append a child class selector to the base. An example would be in the navigation component use .nav as the base selector, and nest .nav-link inside of it.~~

#### ~~Use built in Sass function to add hover effect.~~

* + ~~Created a hover effect for buttons.~~
  + ~~For the effect, lighten the button's background color by 15%.~~
  + ~~Add a CSS transition so that the color change fades in.~~