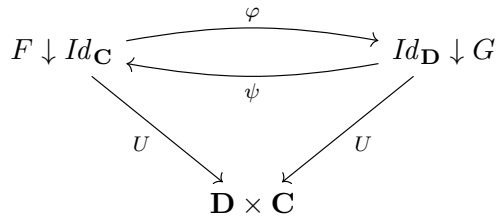


Comma Category Characterization of an Adjunction

Definition 1. Let $U : \mathbf{C} \downarrow \mathbf{D} \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \times \mathbf{D}$ be the forgetful functor from the comma category into the product category, defined on objects by $U(A, B, f) = (A, B)$ and arrows by $U(i, \beta) = (i, \beta)$.

Lemma 1. Let $F : \mathbf{D} \rightleftarrows \mathbf{C} : G$ be two functors and φ, ψ an isomorphism as in the following commuting diagram



then $F \dashv G$.

Proof. Note, since $U(\varphi(A, B, f)) = U(A, B, f) = (A, B)$, there exists a φ' , such that for all A, B, f , $\varphi(A, B, f) = (A, B, \varphi'(f))$. And for arrows it follows $\varphi(i, j) = (i, j)$.

Now, how does φ act on arrows?

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F \downarrow Id_{\mathbf{C}} & Id_{\mathbf{D}} \downarrow G & \mathbf{C} \qquad \mathbf{D} \\
 \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 (A, B, f) & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & (A, B, \varphi'(f)) \\
 \downarrow (i, j) & & \downarrow (i, j) \\
 (A', B', f') & & (A, B, \varphi'(f'))
 \end{array} & \text{or} & \begin{array}{ccc}
 FA \xrightarrow{f} B & \xRightarrow{\quad} & A \xrightarrow{\varphi'(f)} GB \\
 Fi \downarrow & & \downarrow i \\
 FA' \xrightarrow{f'} B' & & A' \xrightarrow{\varphi'(f')} GB'
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

To show: $Hom_{\mathbf{C}}(FA, B) \cong Hom_{\mathbf{D}}(A, GB)$ natural in A and B .

- We define the isomorphism as follows: $\varphi' : Hom_{\mathbf{C}}(FA, B) \rightleftarrows Hom_{\mathbf{D}}(A, GB) : \psi'$. φ', ψ' are an isomorphism because φ, ψ are an isomorphism.

- φ' natural in A, B , i.e.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
A & B & \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}}(FA, B) \xrightarrow{\varphi'} \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{D}}(A, GB) \\
\downarrow i & \downarrow j & \downarrow j \circ - \circ Fi \\
A' & B' & \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}}(FA', B') \xrightarrow{\varphi'} \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{D}}(A', GB') \\
& & \downarrow Gj \circ - \circ i
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\varphi'(j \circ f \circ Fi) &\stackrel{\text{I}}{=} \varphi'(j \circ f) \circ i \\
&\stackrel{\text{II}}{=} G(j \circ f) \circ \varphi'(Fi) \\
&= Gj \circ Gf \circ \varphi'(Fi) \\
&\stackrel{\text{III}}{=} Gj \circ \varphi'(f) \circ i
\end{aligned}$$

I $\varphi'(j \circ f \circ Fi) = \varphi'(j \circ f) \circ i$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
(A, B', j \circ f \circ Fi) & & (A, B', \varphi'(j \circ f \circ Fi)) \\
\downarrow (i, id) & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & \downarrow (i, id) \\
(A', B', j \circ f) & & (A', B', \varphi'(j \circ f)) \\
\\
FA \xrightarrow{j \circ f \circ Fi} B' & & A \xrightarrow{\varphi'(j \circ f \circ Fi)} GB' \\
Fi \downarrow & \xRightarrow{\quad} & \downarrow i \\
FA' \xrightarrow{j \circ f} B' & & A' \xrightarrow{\varphi'(j \circ f)} GB' \\
& & \downarrow G(id)
\end{array}$$

II $\varphi'(j \circ f) \circ i = G(j \circ f) \circ \varphi'(Fi)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
(A, FA', Fi) & & (A, FA', \varphi'(Fi)) \\
\downarrow (i, j \circ f) & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & \downarrow (i, j \circ f) \\
(A', B', j \circ f) & & (A, B', \varphi'(j \circ f)) \\
\\
FA \xrightarrow{Fi} FA' & & A \xrightarrow{\varphi'(Fi)} GFA' \\
Fi \downarrow & \xRightarrow{\quad} & \downarrow i \\
FA' \xrightarrow{j \circ f} B' & & A' \xrightarrow{\varphi'(j \circ f)} GB' \\
& & \downarrow G(j \circ f)
\end{array}$$

III $Gf \circ \varphi'(i) = \varphi' f \circ i$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
(A, FA', Fi) & & (A, FA', \varphi'(Fi)) \\
\downarrow (i, f) & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & \downarrow (i, f) \\
(A', B', f) & & (A, B', \varphi'(f))
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
FA \xrightarrow{Fi} FA' & & A \xrightarrow{\varphi'(Fi)} GFA' \\
Fi \downarrow & & \downarrow i \\
FA' \xrightarrow{f} B' & \Longrightarrow & A' \xrightarrow{\varphi'(f)} GB'
\end{array}$$

- ψ' natural in A, B is similar.

□