

Homework 4

● Graded

22 Hours, 14 Minutes Late

Student

Jacob Hauptman

Total Points

20 / 24 pts

Question 1

Uniform

4 / 4 pts

✓ - 0 pts Correct

Question 2

Bernoulli

4 / 4 pts

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1 pt Wrong variance formula.

- 1 pt wrong probability of success

Question 3

Bernoulli parameters

■ 1 / 4 pts

- 0 pts Correct

- 1 pt Part a is wrong.

✓ - 1 pt Part b is wrong.

✓ - 1 pt Part c is wrong

✓ - 1 pt Part d is wrong.

1 total of 19 outcomes have $\max=3$

2 There 11 outcomes with two consecutive 6s

3 Total 8 outcomes have $\max \leq 2$

Question 4

Binomial

3.5 / 4 pts

– 0 pts Correct

✓ – 0.5 pts Calculation error in part b

– 0.5 pts No final answer in part b (Hence no comparing in part c)

– 0.5 pts Not using pmf to compute Exp or Var in part b.

– 1 pt Not using pmf to compute Exp and Var in part b.

– 1 pt ignoring $X=5$ and $X=6$

Question 5

Hypergeometric

3.5 / 4 pts

– 0 pts Correct

✓ – 0.5 pts calculation error in part b

– 0.5 pts No final answer in part b.

– 1 pt Not using pmf to compute Exp / Var in part b

– 1 pt No attempt / irrelevant answer for part d

– 0.5 pts Didn't compute variance

Question 6

Binomial/Hypergeometric with bigger parameters

4 / 4 pts

✓ – 0 pts Attempted

– 4 pts Not attempted

Questions assigned to the following page: [1](#), [2](#), and [3](#)

STAT400 Homework 4

9.24.2024

1a) Binomial Distribution.

$$1b) \frac{N+1}{2} = \frac{1001}{2} = 500.5$$

$$1c) \frac{(N+1)(N-1)}{12} = \frac{1001(999)}{12} = 8333.25$$

2a) $X = \{win, lose\}$

$$P_X(win) = \frac{1}{1000}$$

$$P_X(lose) = \frac{999}{1000}$$

$$P_X(x) = p^x(1-p)^{x-1} = \left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)^x \left(\frac{999}{1000}\right)^{x-1}$$

$$2b) E(X) = p = \frac{1}{1000}$$

$$2c) V(X) = p(1-p) = \frac{1}{1000} \left(\frac{999}{1000}\right) = \frac{999}{1000000}$$

$$3a) P(\text{sum} \geq 5) = 1 - P(\text{sum} < 5) = 1 - \frac{3+1+0+0}{216} = 1 - \frac{1}{54} = \frac{53}{54} \approx 0.981$$

$$3b) P(\text{max} \leq 2) = \frac{1+3}{216} = \frac{1}{54} \approx 0.0185$$

$$3c) P(\text{max} = 3) = \frac{3+3}{216} = \frac{6}{216} = \frac{1}{36} \approx 0.027$$

113 (x3)

223 (x3)

Questions assigned to the following page: [3](#), [4](#), and [5](#)

$$3d) P(2 \text{ consecutive } 6\text{'s}) = \frac{2}{2^{10}} = \frac{1}{100} \approx 0.0093$$

x 66
66 x

$$4a) P_X(x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x} = \binom{6}{x} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{6-x}$$

$$4b) E(X) = \sum_{x=1}^6 x P_X(x) = 1 \binom{6}{1} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^5 + 2 \binom{6}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 \\ + 3 \binom{6}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 + 4 \binom{6}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^4 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \\ + 5 \binom{6}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^5 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^1 + 6 \binom{6}{6} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^6$$

$$\binom{6}{1} = 6 \quad \binom{6}{2} = \frac{6!}{4!2!} = 15 \quad \binom{6}{3} = \frac{6!}{3!3!} = 20$$

$$\binom{6}{4} = \frac{6!}{2!4!} = 15 \quad \binom{6}{5} = \frac{6!}{1!5!} = 6 \quad \binom{6}{6} = 1$$

$$E(X) = 2 = \mu_x$$

$$V(X) = \sum_{x=1}^6 (x - \mu_x)^2 P_X(x) \approx 0.98$$

$$4c) E(X) = np = 6\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 2$$

$$V(X) = np(1-p) = 6\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{12}{9} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$2 = 2 \quad 0.98 \neq \frac{4}{3}$$

The expected value equal but variance is off.

$$5a) P_X(x) = \frac{\binom{M}{x} \binom{N-M}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}} = \frac{\binom{4}{x} \binom{8}{6-x}}{\binom{12}{6}} \quad \binom{12}{6} = 924$$

Question assigned to the following page: [5](#)

$$5b) E(X) = \sum_{x=1}^4 x P_X(x) = P(1) + 2P(2) + 3P(3) + 4P(4) = 2$$

$$P(1) = 0.24$$

$$P(2) = 0.45$$

$$P(3) = 0.24$$

$$P(4) = 0.07$$

$$V(X) = \sum_{x=1}^4 (x - \mu_X)^2 P_X(x) = (1-2)^2 P(1) + (2-2)^2 P(2) + (3-2)^2 P(3) + (4-2)^2 P(4) = 0.606$$

$$5c) E(X) = n\left(\frac{M}{N}\right) = 6\left(\frac{4}{12}\right) = 2$$

$$V(X) = \left(\frac{N-n}{N-1}\right) n \left(\frac{M}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{M}{N}\right) = \left(\frac{12-6}{12-1}\right) (6) \left(\frac{4}{12}\right) \left(1 - \frac{4}{12}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{6}{11}\right) (6) \left(\frac{4}{12}\right) \left(\frac{8}{12}\right) = 0.727$$

Expected is the same but variance is sort of close

5d) The expected value using the formulas is the same but the variance is different.

$$E(X): \begin{matrix} \text{geo} \\ 2 \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} \text{hyp geo} \\ 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$V(X): \begin{matrix} \frac{4}{3} \end{matrix} \neq 0.727$$

Question assigned to the following page: [6](#)

$$6a) P_X(x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

$$P_X(x) = \binom{6}{x} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{6-x}$$

$$6b) P_X(x) = \frac{\binom{M}{x} \binom{N-M}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}$$

$$P_X(x) = \frac{\binom{40}{x} \binom{80}{6-x}}{\binom{120}{6}}$$

6c) Hyper does replacement while not hyper does without replacement. Hyper geometric has to account for more variables too.