

Unit 5: Inference for categorical data

3. Chi-square testing

Sta 101 - Spring 2015

Duke University, Department of Statistical Science

March 23, 2015

1. Housekeeping

2. Main ideas

1. Categorical data: 2 levels \rightarrow Z, >2 levels $\rightarrow \chi^2$ square
2. The χ^2 statistic is always positive and right skewed
3. At least 5 expected successes for χ^2 testing

3. Application exercises

4. Summary

- ▶ Mt2 Review tonight 7-8pm at Old Chem 116
- ▶ This week: OH 3-5 today and Tuesday, support by TAs and on Piazza by me later in the week
- ▶ Project due Saturday night
- ▶ RA6 Monday (all videos, unit is shorter)

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If sample size related conditions are not met: Simulation based inference (randomization for HT / bootstrapping for CI, when appropriate)

Clicker question

In the basic Powerball game players select 5 numbers from a set of 59 white balls. We have historical data from lottery outcomes such that we are able to calculate how many times each of the 59 white balls were picked. We want to find out if each number is equally likely to be drawn. Which test is most appropriate?

- (a) Z test for a single proportion
- (b) Z test for comparing two proportions
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H_0 : *Each outcome is equally likely, $p_1 = p_2 = \dots = p_{59} = 1/59$*

Clicker question

A Gallup poll asked whether or not respondents identify as Tea Party Republican (yes / no) and whether or not they are motivated to vote in the upcoming midterm election (yes / no). We want to find out whether being a Tea Party Republican is associated with motivation to vote. Which test is most appropriate?

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$H_0 : p_{TPR} = p_{Other}$, where p = probability of being motivated to vote

Clicker question

Suppose the Gallup poll instead asked about

- ▶ party affiliation (Tea Party Republican, Other Republican, and Non-Republican), and
- ▶ motivation to vote (extremely unmotivated, very unmotivated, unmotivated, motivated, very motivated, extremely motivated)

We want to find out whether party affiliation is associated with motivation to vote. Which test is most appropriate?

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H_0 : *Party affiliation and motivation to vote are independent*

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χ^2 *statistic*: When dealing with counts and investigating how far the observed counts are from the expected counts, we use a new test statistic called the *chi-square (χ^2) statistic*:

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(O - E)^2}{E} \quad \text{where } k = \text{total number of cells}$$

Important points:

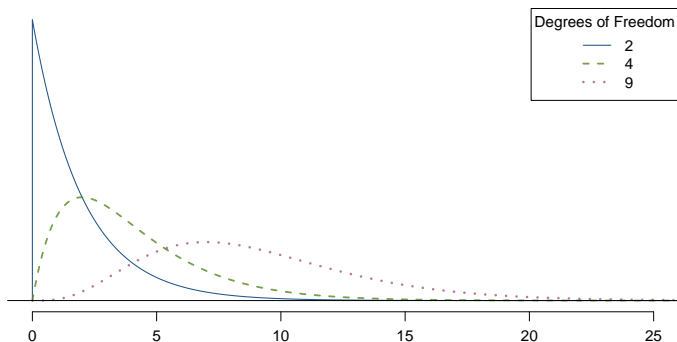
- ▶ Use **counts** (not **proportions**) in the calculation of the test statistic, even though we're truly interested in the proportions for inference
- ▶ Expected counts are calculated assuming the null hypothesis is true

The χ^2 distribution has just one parameter, *degrees of freedom (df)*, which influences the shape, center, and spread of the distribution.

- ▶ For χ^2 GOF test: $df = k - 1$
- ▶ For χ^2 independence test: $df = (R - 1) \times (C - 1)$

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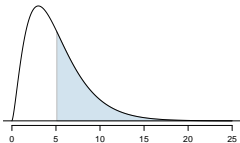
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- ▶ Using R: `pchisq()`

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- ▶ Using the applet: http://bit.ly/dist_calc
- ▶ Using R: `pchisq()`
- ▶ Using the table: works a lot like the t table, but only provides upper tail values.



Upper tail		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.005	0.001
df	1	1.07	1.64	2.71	3.84	5.41	6.63	7.88	10.83
	2	2.41	3.22	4.61	5.99	7.82	9.21	10.60	13.82
	3	3.66	4.64	6.25	7.81	9.84	11.34	12.84	16.27
	4	4.88	5.99	7.78	9.49	11.67	13.28	14.86	18.47
	5	6.06	7.29	9.24	11.07	13.39	15.09	16.75	20.52
	6	7.23	8.56	10.64	12.59	15.03	16.81	18.55	22.46
	...								

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1. *Independence:* In addition to what we previously discussed for independence, each case that contributes a count to the table must be independent of all the other cases in the table.
2. *Sample size / distribution:* Each cell must have at least 5 *expected* cases.

Clicker question

Suppose a poll asked the following questions:

- ▶ How would you identify your socio-economic status: low, middle, high?
- ▶ What type of pet did you have growing up, select all that apply: cat, dog, fish, bird, rodent, none of the above?

What test is most appropriate for evaluating the relationship between these two variables?

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Application exercise: 5.3 Chi-square tests

See course website for details.

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