Membership constraints

CLEANING DATA IN PYTHON



Adel Nehme
Content Developer @DataCamp



Chapter 2 - Text and categorical data problems



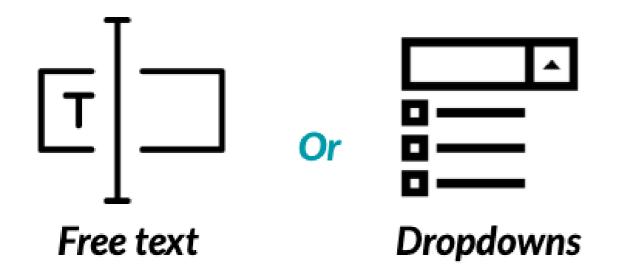
Categories and membership constraints

Predefined finite set of categories

Type of data	Example values	Numeric representation
Marriage Status	unmarried, married	0,1
Household Income Category	0-20K , 20-40K ,	0,1,
Loan Status	<pre>default , payed , no_loan</pre>	0,1,2

Marriage status can only be unmarried _or_ married

Why could we have these problems?





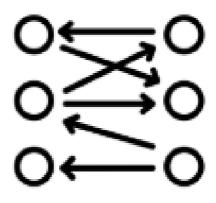


Parsing Errors

How do we treat these problems?



Dropping Data



Remapping Categories



Inferring Categories

An example

```
# Read study data and print it
study_data = pd.read_csv('study.csv')
study_data
```

```
name birthday blood_type

1 Beth 2019-10-20 B-

2 Ignatius 2020-07-08 A-

3 Paul 2019-08-12 O+

4 Helen 2019-03-17 O-

5 Jennifer 2019-12-17 Z+

6 Kennedy 2020-04-27 A+

7 Keith 2019-04-19 AB+
```

```
# Correct possible blood types
categories
```

An example

```
# Read study data and print it
study_data = pd.read_csv('study.csv')
study_data
```

```
      name
      birthday
      blood_type

      1
      Beth
      2019-10-20
      B-

      2
      Ignatius
      2020-07-08
      A-

      3
      Paul
      2019-08-12
      0+

      4
      Helen
      2019-03-17
      0-

      5
      Jennifer
      2019-12-17
      Z+
      <---</td>

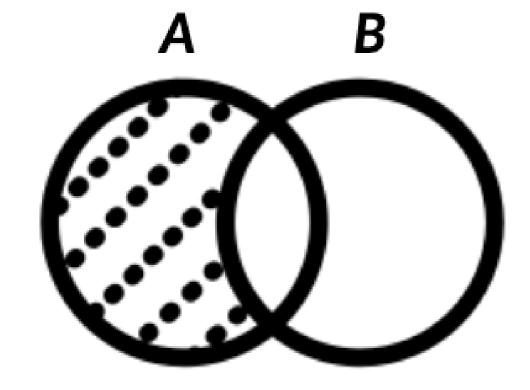
      6
      Kennedy
      2020-04-27
      A+

      7
      Keith
      2019-04-19
      AB+
```

```
# Correct possible blood types
categories
```

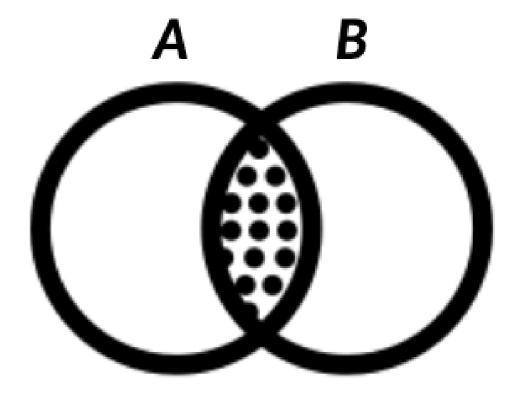
A note on joins

Anti Joins



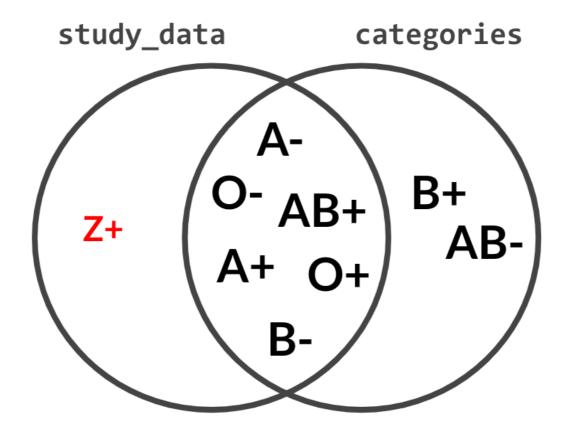
What is in A and not in B

Inner Joins



What is in both A and B

A left anti join on blood types

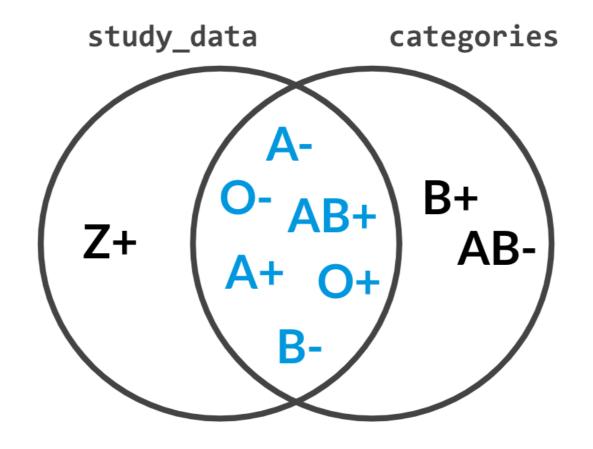


What is in study_data only

Returns only rows containing **Z**+



An inner join on blood types



What is in study_data and categories only

Returns all the rows except those containing **Z**+, B+ and AB-

Finding inconsistent categories

```
inconsistent_categories = set(study_data['blood_type']).difference(categories['blood_type'])
print(inconsistent_categories)
```

```
{'Z+'}
```

```
# Get and print rows with inconsistent categories
inconsistent_rows = study_data['blood_type'].isin(inconsistent_categories)
study_data[inconsistent_rows]
```

```
name birthday blood_type
5 Jennifer 2019–12–17 Z+
```



Dropping inconsistent categories

```
inconsistent_categories = set(study_data['blood_type']).difference(categories['blood_type'].isin(inconsistent_categories)
inconsistent_data = study_data[inconsistent_rows]
# Drop inconsistent categories and get consistent data only
consistent_data = study_data[~inconsistent_rows]
```

Tilda

Let's practice!

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Categorical variables

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Adel Nehme
Content Developer @DataCamp



What type of errors could we have?

- I) Value inconsistency
- Inconsistent fields: 'married', 'Maried', 'UNMARRIED', 'not married'...
- _Trailing white spaces: _ 'married ' , ' married ' ..
- II) Collapsing too many categories to few
- Creating new groups: 0-20K, 20-40K categories ... from continuous household income data
- Mapping groups to new ones: Mapping household income categories to 2 'rich', 'poor'
- III) Making sure data is of type category (seen in Chapter 1)

```
Capitalization: 'married', 'Married', 'UNMARRIED', 'unmarried'...
```

```
# Get marriage status column
marriage_status = demographics['marriage_status']
marriage_status.value_counts()
```

```
unmarried 352
married 268
MARRIED 204
UNMARRIED 176
dtype: int64
```



```
# Get value counts on DataFrame
marriage_status.groupby('marriage_status').count()
```

	household_income	gender
marriage_status		
MARRIED	204	204
UNMARRIED	176	176
married	268	268
unmarried	352	352



```
# Capitalize
marriage_status['marriage_status'] = marriage_status['marriage_status'].str.upper()
marriage_status['marriage_status'].value_counts()
```

UNMARRIED 528 MARRIED 472

```
# Lowercase
marriage_status['marriage_status'] = marriage_status['marriage_status'].str.lower()
marriage_status['marriage_status'].value_counts()
```

```
unmarried 528
married 472
```



```
Trailing spaces: 'married', 'married', 'unmarried', 'unmarried'...
```

```
# Get marriage status column
marriage_status = demographics['marriage_status']
marriage_status.value_counts()
```

```
unmarried 352
unmarried 268
married 204
married 176
dtype: int64
```

```
# Strip all spaces
demographics = demographics['marriage_status'].str.strip()
demographics['marriage_status'].value_counts()
```

```
unmarried 528
married 472
```



Collapsing data into categories

Create categories out of data: income_group column from income column.

```
category household_income
0 200K-500K 189243
1 500K+ 778533
...
```



Collapsing data into categories

Create categories out of data: income_group column from income column.

```
category Income
0 0-200K 189243
1 500K+ 778533
```

Collapsing data into categories

Map categories to fewer ones: reducing categories in categorical column.

```
array(['DesktopOS', 'MobileOS'], dtype=object)
```



Let's practice!

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Cleaning text data

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Content Developer @ DataCamp



What is text data?

Type of data	Example values
Names	Alex, Sara
Phone numbers	+96171679912
Emails	`adel@datacamp.com`
Passwords	•••

Common text data problems

1) Data inconsistency:

+96171679912 or 0096171679912 or ..?

2) Fixed length violations:

Passwords needs to be at least 8 characters

3) Typos:

+961.71.679912

Example

```
phones = pd.read_csv('phones.csv')
print(phones)
```

```
Full name
                             Phone number
       Noelani A. Gray 001-702-397-5143
0
        Myles Z. Gomez
                        001-329-485-0540
2
           Gil B. Silva 001-195-492-2338
3
     Prescott D. Hardin +1-297-996-4904
     Benedict G. Valdez
                        001-969-820-3536
5
      Reece M. Andrews
                                     4138
6
        Hayfa E. Keith 001-536-175-8444
       Hedley I. Logan 001-681-552-1823
      Jack W. Carrillo 001-910-323-5265
8
        Lionel M. Davis 001-143-119-9210
9
```

Example

```
phones = pd.read_csv('phones.csv')
print(phones)
```

```
Full name
                             Phone number
       Noelani A. Gray 001-702-397-5143
0
        Myles Z. Gomez 001-329-485-0540
           Gil B. Silva 001-195-492-2338
2
3
     Prescott D. Hardin +1-297-996-4904
                                           <-- Inconsistent data format
     Benedict G. Valdez
                        001-969-820-3536
5
                                           <-- Length violation
      Reece M. Andrews
                                    4138
6
        Hayfa E. Keith 001-536-175-8444
       Hedley I. Logan 001-681-552-1823
      Jack W. Carrillo 001-910-323-5265
8
        Lionel M. Davis 001-143-119-9210
9
```

Example

```
phones = pd.read_csv('phones.csv')
print(phones)
```

```
Phone number
             Full name
       Noelani A. Gray
                        0017023975143
0
        Myles Z. Gomez
                        0013294850540
           Gil B. Silva 0011954922338
2
3
     Prescott D. Hardin 0012979964904
     Benedict G. Valdez
                         0019698203536
5
      Reece M. Andrews
                                  NaN
6
        Hayfa E. Keith 0015361758444
       Hedley I. Logan
                        0016815521823
      Jack W. Carrillo 0019103235265
8
       Lionel M. Davis 0011431199210
9
```

```
# Replace "+" with "00"
phones["Phone number"] = phones["Phone number"].str.replace("+", "00")
phones
```

```
Full name
                          Phone number
     Noelani A. Gray 001-702-397-5143
      Myles Z. Gomez 001-329-485-0540
        Gil B. Silva 001-195-492-2338
  Prescott D. Hardin 001-297-996-4904
  Benedict G. Valdez 001-969-820-3536
5
                                  4138
    Reece M. Andrews
      Hayfa E. Keith 001-536-175-8444
6
     Hedley I. Logan 001-681-552-1823
    Jack W. Carrillo 001-910-323-5265
     Lionel M. Davis 001-143-119-9210
```

```
# Replace "-" with nothing
phones["Phone number"] = phones["Phone number"].str.replace("-", "")
phones
```

```
Full name
                       Phone number
     Noelani A. Gray
                      0017023975143
      Myles Z. Gomez 0013294850540
        Gil B. Silva
                      0011954922338
  Prescott D. Hardin 0012979964904
  Benedict G. Valdez 0019698203536
5
    Reece M. Andrews
                               4138
                      0015361758444
      Hayfa E. Keith
6
     Hedley I. Logan 0016815521823
    Jack W. Carrillo 0019103235265
     Lionel M. Davis 0011431199210
```

```
# Replace phone numbers with lower than 10 digits to NaN
digits = phones['Phone number'].str.len()
phones.loc[digits < 10, "Phone number"] = np.nan
phones</pre>
```

```
Full name
                         Phone number
        Noelani A. Gray
                        0017023975143
0
        Myles Z. Gomez 0013294850540
2
          Gil B. Silva 0011954922338
    Prescott D. Hardin 0012979964904
3
     Benedict G. Valdez 0019698203536
4
      Reece M. Andrews
5
                                  NaN
        Hayfa E. Keith 0015361758444
6
        Hedley I. Logan 0016815521823
8
      Jack W. Carrillo 0019103235265
        Lionel M. Davis 0011431199210
```

```
# Find length of each row in Phone number column
sanity_check = phone['Phone number'].str.len()

# Assert minmum phone number length is 10
assert sanity_check.min() >= 10

# Assert all numbers do not have "+" or "-"
assert phone['Phone number'].str.contains("+|-").any() == False
```

Remember, assert returns nothing if the condition passes

But what about more complicated examples?

phones.head()

```
Full name Phone number

0 Olga Robinson +(01706)-25891

1 Justina Kim +0500-571437

2 Tamekah Henson +0800-1111

3 Miranda Solis +07058-879063

4 Caldwell Gilliam +(016977)-8424
```

Supercharged control + F

Regular expressions in action

```
# Replace letters with nothing
phones['Phone number'] = phones['Phone number'].str.replace(r'\D+', '')
phones.head()
```

```
Full name Phone number

0 Olga Robinson 0170625891

1 Justina Kim 0500571437

2 Tamekah Henson 08001111

3 Miranda Solis 07058879063

4 Caldwell Gilliam 0169778424
```

Let's practice!

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