

STA610 Case Study 1

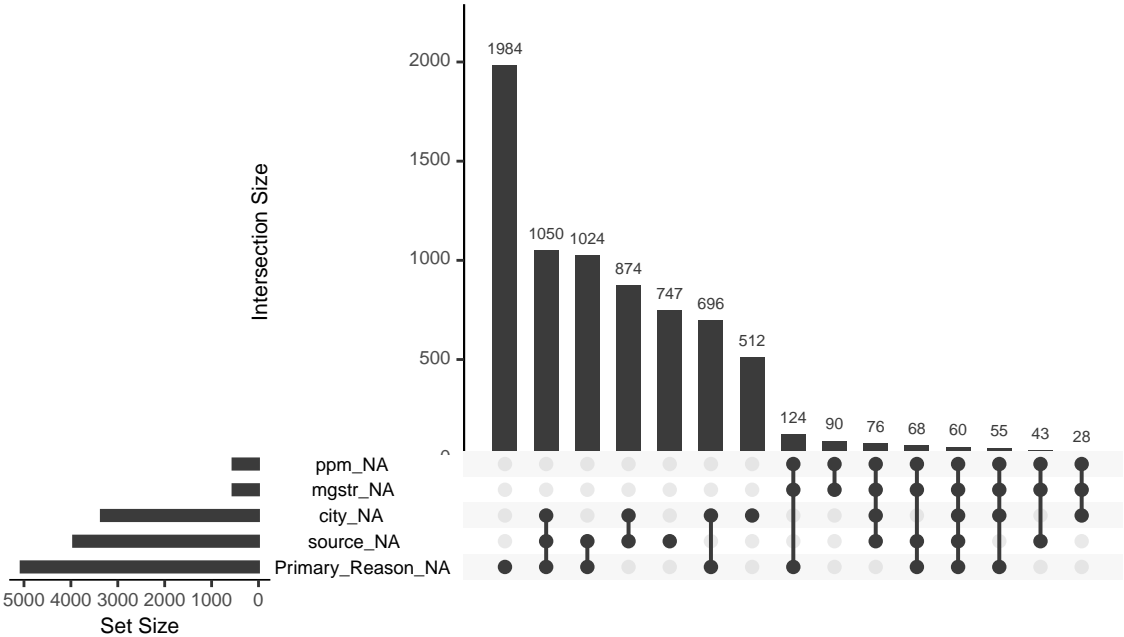
Emily Gentles (Presenter) Weiyi Liu (Writer) Jack McCarthy (Programmer)
Qinzhe Wang (Coordinator & Checker)

13 October, 2021

Introduction

EDA

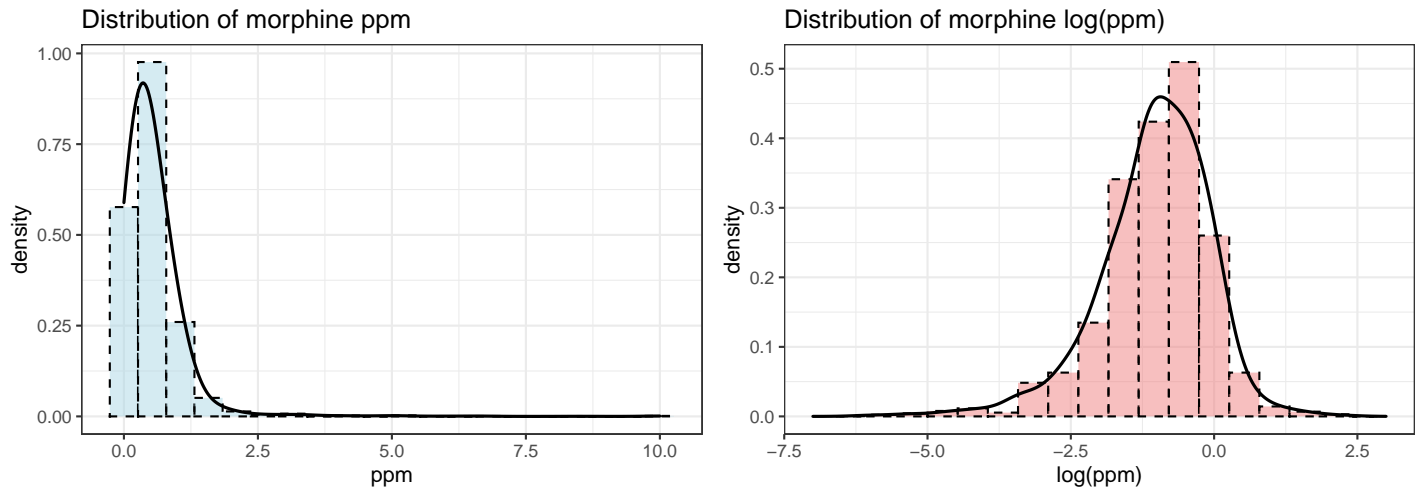
Missing Values



[1] 5582

Response Distribution

First, a look at the distributions of the response variable “ppm”. Observations with ppm between the 0.1 and 99.9 percentiles were considered so as to avoid the influence of extreme outliers on the analysis of the ppm distribution.



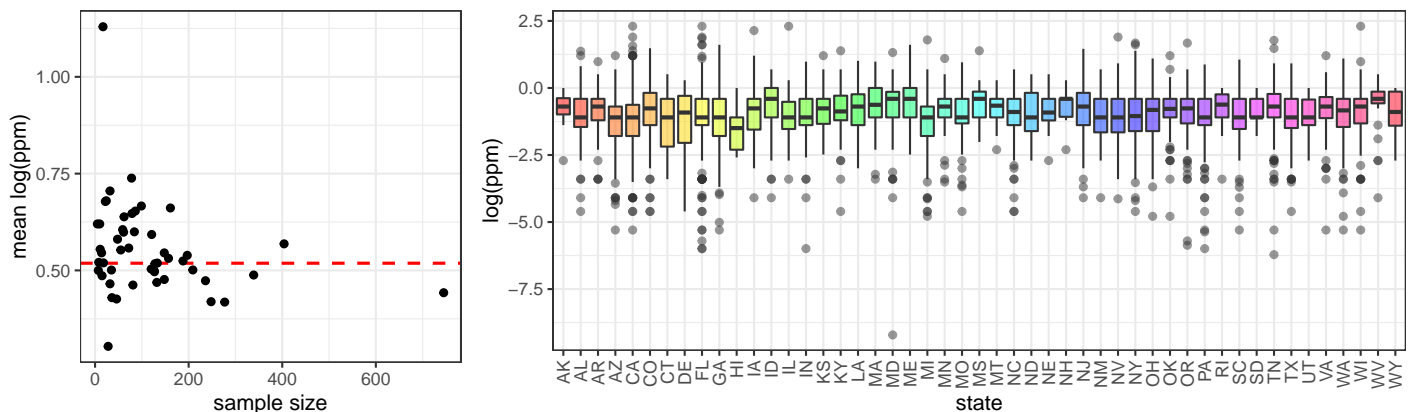
The distribution of ppm is clearly right-skewed, and it is strictly nonnegative in value, so a log transformation may be appropriate. The distribution of $\log(\text{ppm})$ is given above, and appears closer to the desired normal.

state vs. $\log(\text{ppm})$

We see that there are 4 states that have a sample size of 1, North Dakota, Vermont, Washington DC, and Wyoming, as well as 1 state that has a sample size of 2, Alaska. Due to the extremely small sample sizes we decided to remove these states from our dataset to avoid computational instability.

Table 1: 7 States with Smallest Sample Size

Puerto Rico	Vermont	North Dakota	South Dakota	Wyoming	New Hampshire	Washington, DC
1	3	5	7	8	10	10

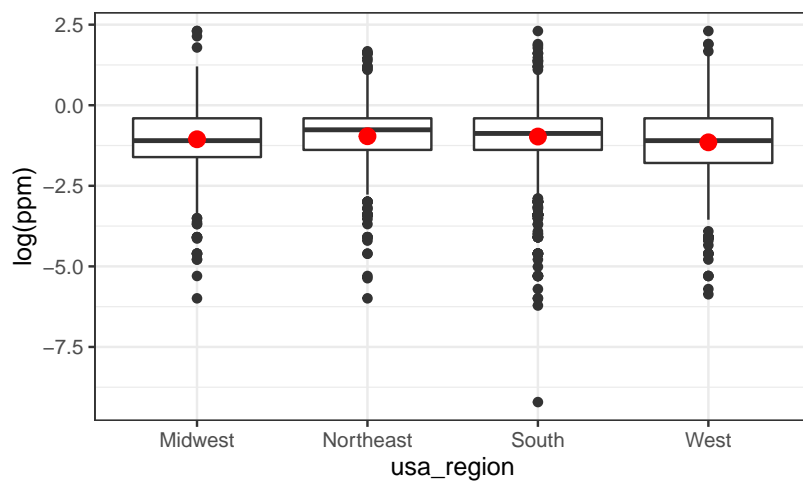


We observe that the within-state means for states with higher sample sizes in general adhere more closely to the grand mean. It is also evident that the $\log(\text{ppm})$ distributions differ little as compared to the within-state variance. This is conducive to the borrowing of information between states.

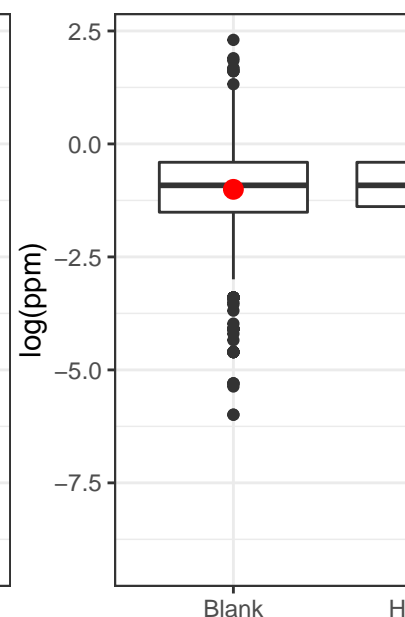
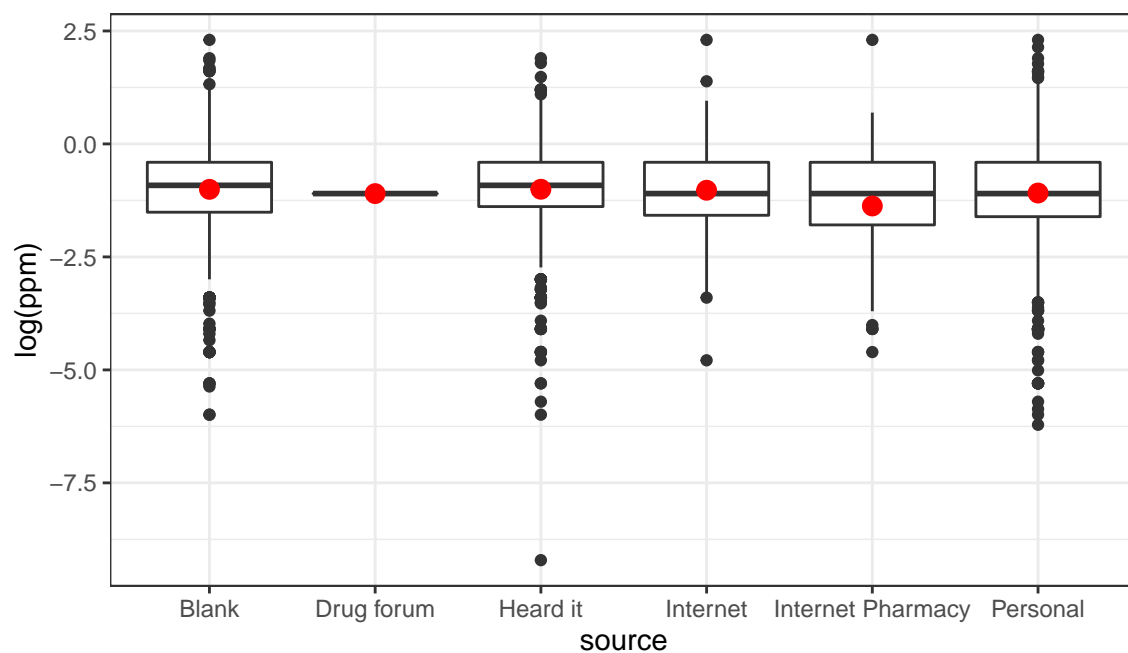
region vs. $\log(\text{ppm})$

We also have access to the broader region in which a purchase is made. This could be useful if we wanted to develop a simpler model that still captured variation by purchase location.

	usa_region	n	mean
1	Midwest	1168	-1.056
2	Northeast	674	-0.962
3	South	1953	-0.972
4	West	1773	-1.151



source vs. log(ppm)

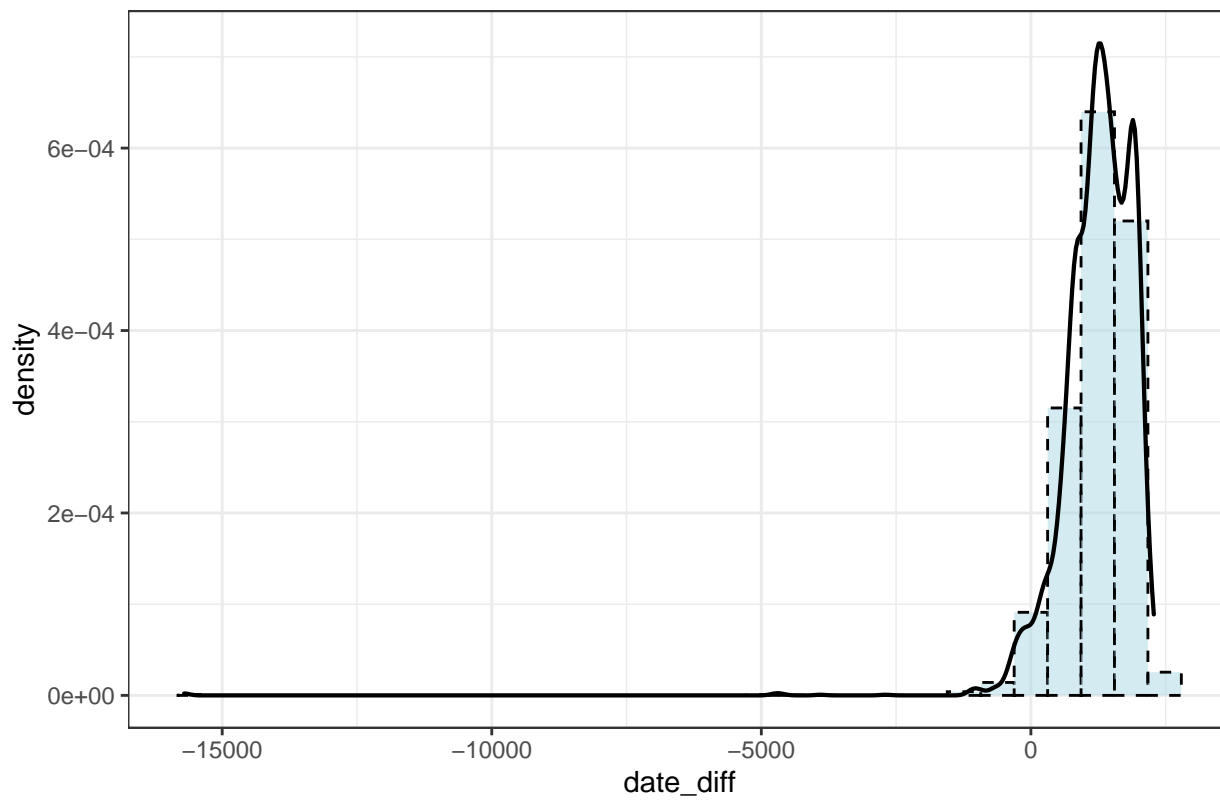


```
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
##   source      n
##   <chr>    <int>
## 1 Blank    1768
## 2 Heard it 1193
## 3 Internet  228
## 4 Internet Pharmacy 79
## 5 Personal 2309
```

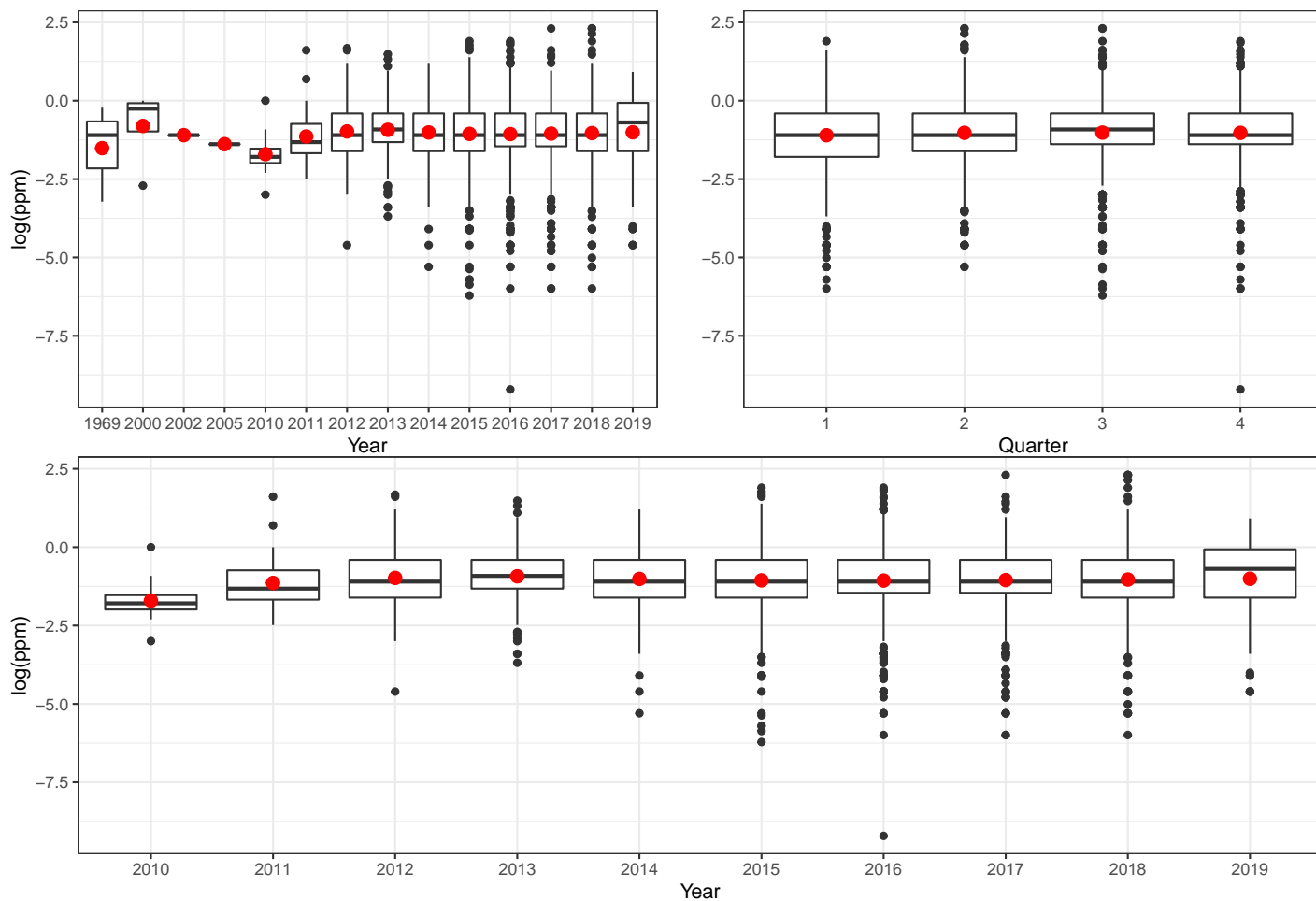
date

record price_date as a continuous variable counting days from some start date.

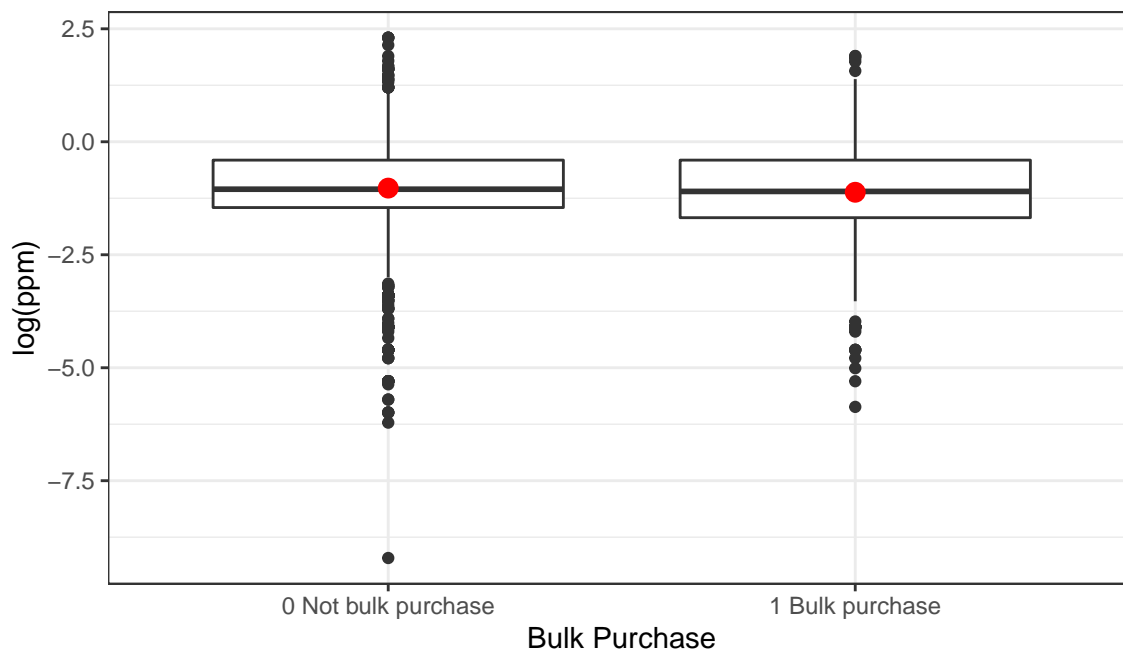
Date Distribution



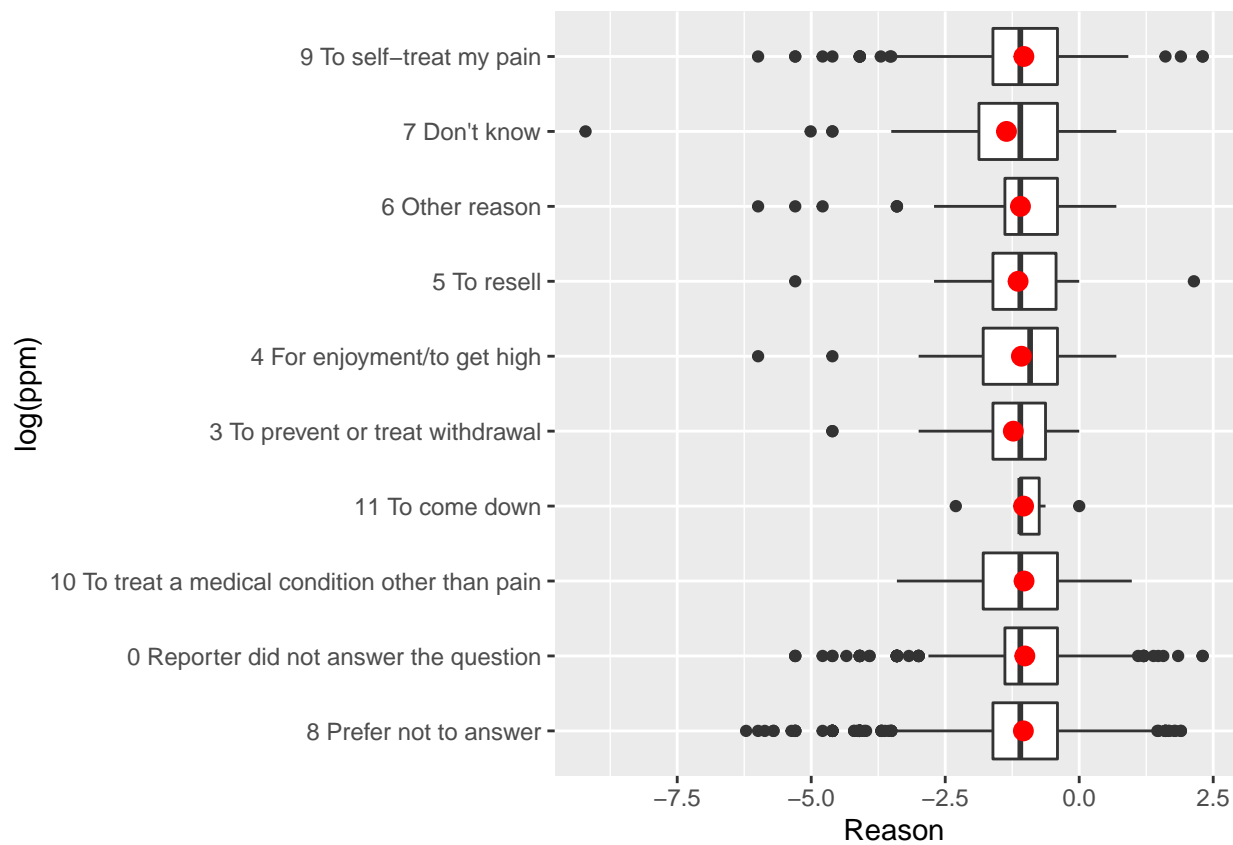
year & quarter vs.log(ppm)



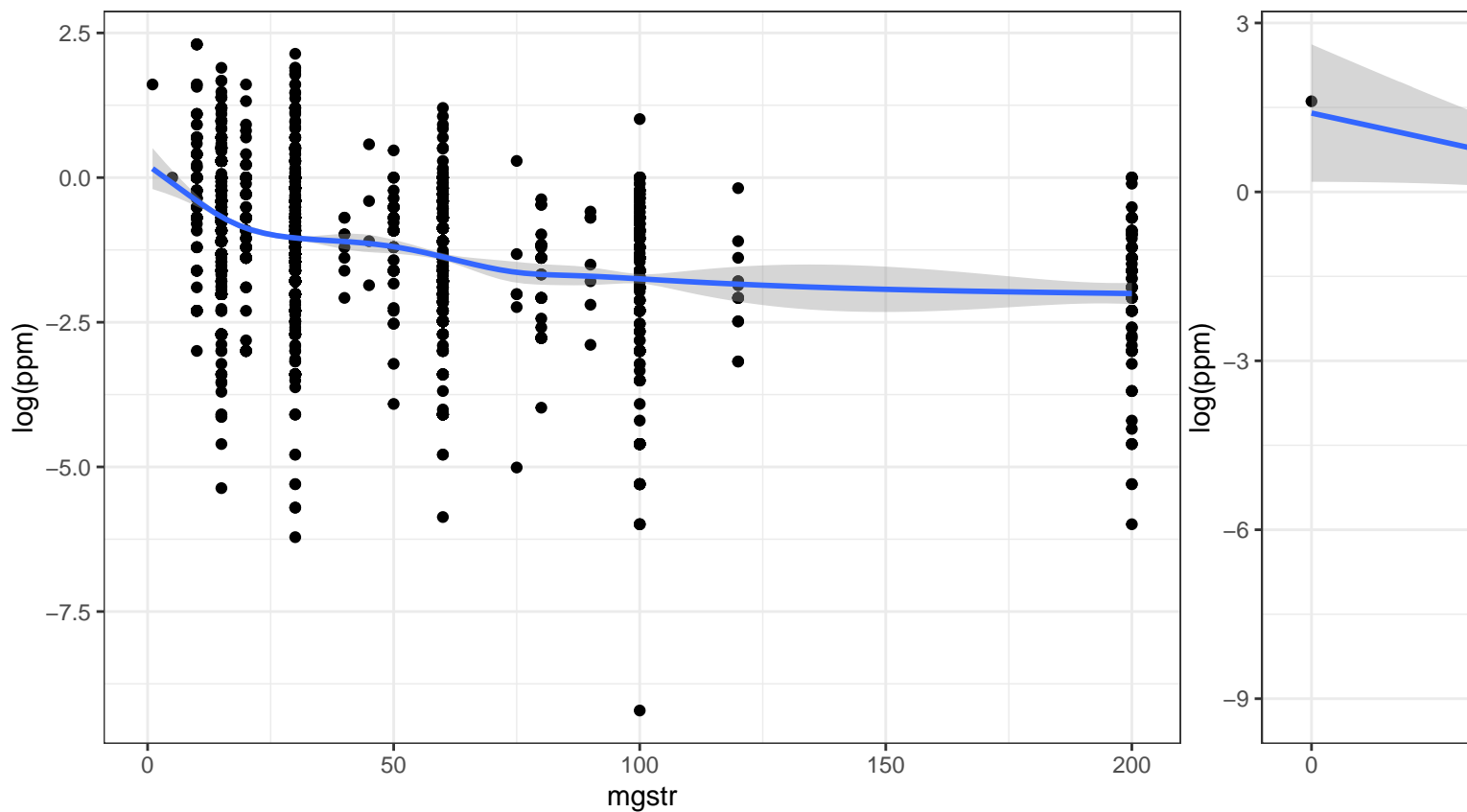
bulk_purchase vs.log(ppm)



Primary_Reason vs.log(ppm)



mgstr vs. log(ppm)



Date Distribution

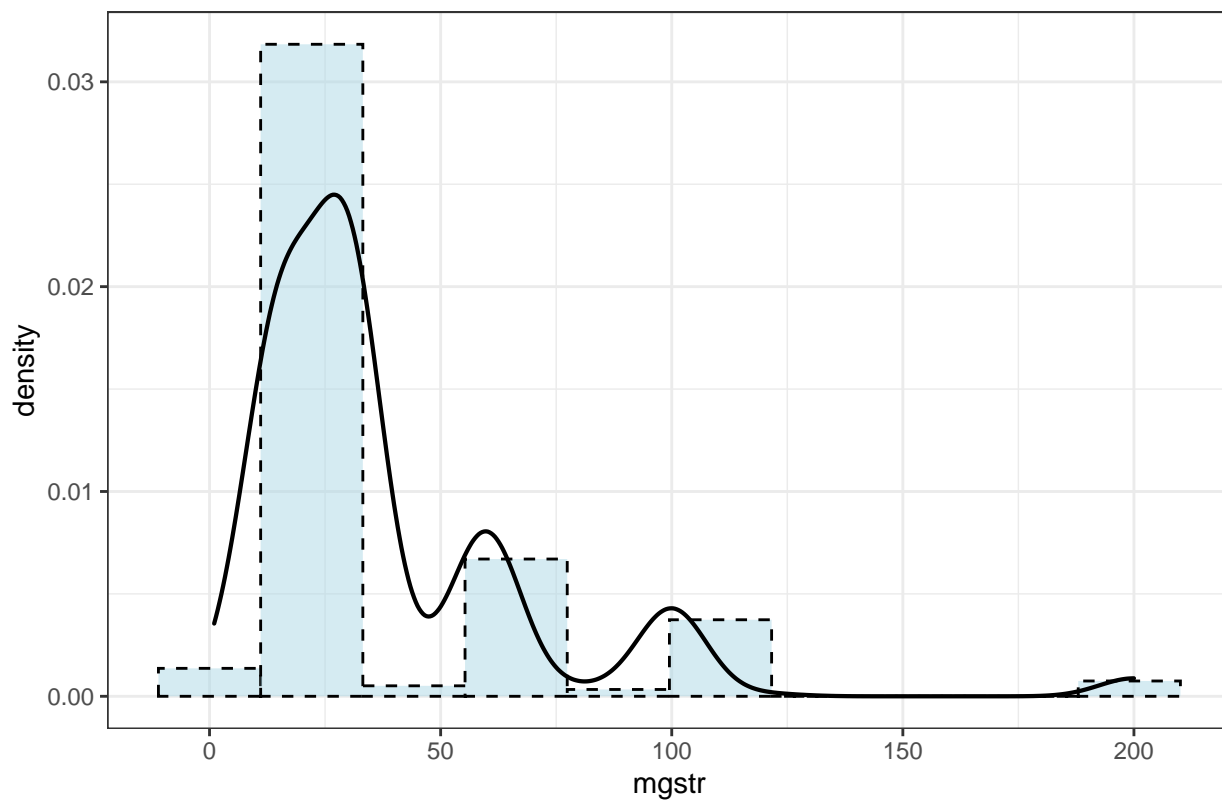
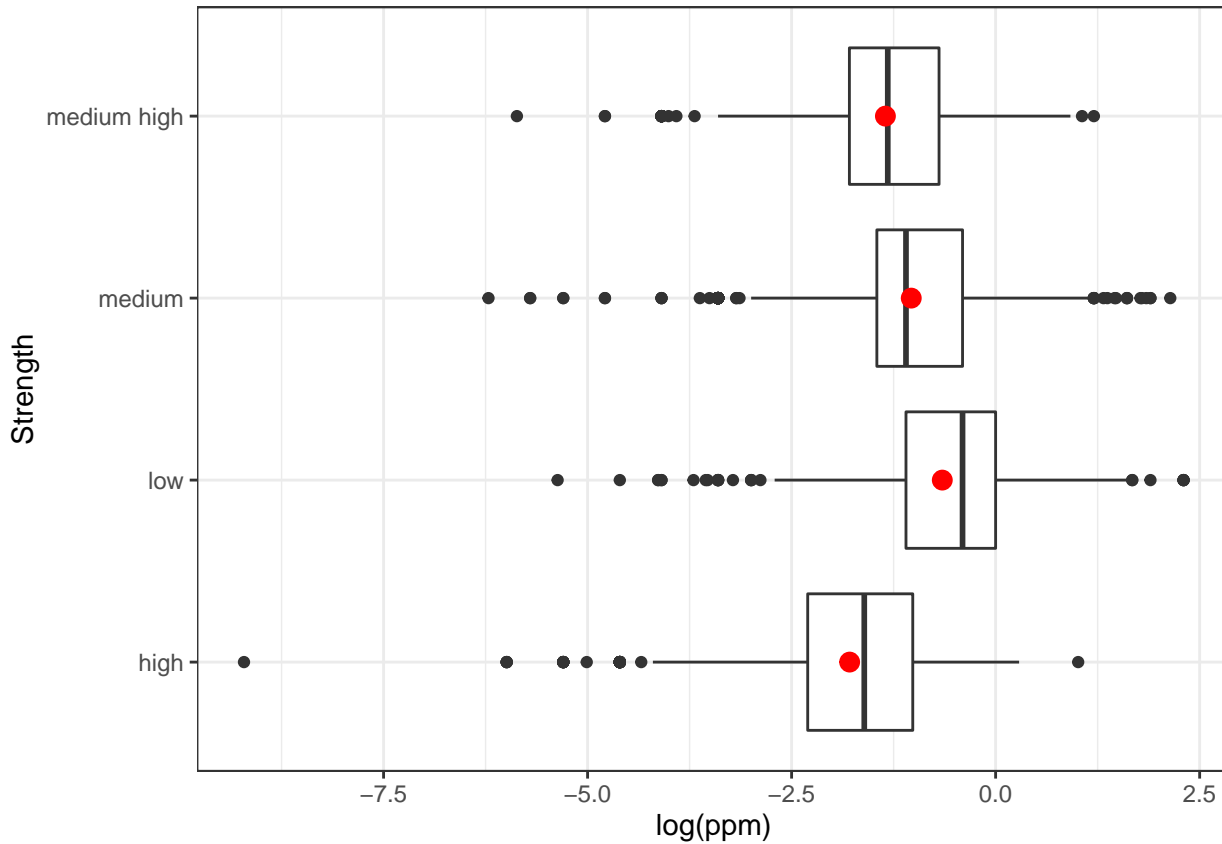


Table 2: Sample Size for mgstr Levels

1	5	10	15	20	30	40	45	50	60	75	80	90	100	120	200
1	1	166	1607	120	2192	8	4	51	819	6	34	7	446	14	92

	mgstr
25%	15
50%	30
75%	60



Model

choose grouping variable

Grouping	BIC
State	14712.37
City	14763.15
Region	14745.99

Choose **State** as our grouping variable

```
## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## model1: log(ppm) ~ (1 | city)
## model2: log(ppm) ~ (1 | city) + state
##      npar   AIC   BIC  logLik deviance  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
```



```

## model1      3 15409 15428 -7701.3      15403
## model2     52 15356 15700 -7625.8      15252 150.92 49  2.585e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modela: log(ppm) ~ (1 | state)
## model3: log(ppm) ~ (1 | state) + usa_region
##      npar   AIC    BIC  logLik deviance  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modela      3 15355 15375 -7674.4      15349
## model3      6 15354 15394 -7670.9      15342 7.1319  3    0.06781 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modela: log(ppm) ~ (1 | state)
## modelb: log(ppm) ~ mgstr2 + (1 | state)
##      npar   AIC    BIC  logLik deviance  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modela      3 15355 15375 -7674.4      15349
## modelb      6 14576 14616 -7281.9      14564   785  3 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelb: log(ppm) ~ mgstr2 + (1 | state)
## modelc: log(ppm) ~ mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
##      npar   AIC    BIC  logLik deviance  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelb      6 14576 14616 -7281.9      14564
## modelc      7 14564 14610 -7274.8      14550 14.247  1 0.0001603 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelc: log(ppm) ~ mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modeld: log(ppm) ~ year + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
##      npar   AIC    BIC  logLik deviance  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelc      7 14564 14610 -7274.8      14550
## modeld     16 14567 14673 -7267.6      14535 14.428  9    0.1079

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelc: log(ppm) ~ mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modele: log(ppm) ~ quarter + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
##      npar   AIC    BIC  logLik deviance  Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelc      7 14564 14610 -7274.8      14550
## modele     10 14560 14626 -7270.0      14540   9.7  3    0.0213 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelc: log(ppm) ~ mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelf: log(ppm) ~ date_diff + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelc    7 14564 14610 -7274.8    14550
## modelf    8 14564 14617 -7273.9    14548 1.7621  1    0.1844

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modele: log(ppm) ~ quarter + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modele   10 14560 14626 -7270.0    14540
## modelg   14 14549 14641 -7260.4    14521 19.237  4  0.0007061 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

modelg <- lmer(log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1|state), data =
morph_data)

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelgg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state) + quarter * bulk_purc
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelg   14 14549 14641 -7260.4    14521
## modelgg   17 14549 14662 -7257.6    14515 5.4786  3    0.1399

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelggg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state) + quarter * mgstr2
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelg   14 14549 14641 -7260.4    14521
## modelggg  23 14558 14711 -7256.2    14512 8.3905  9    0.4953

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelgggg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state) + bulk_purchase * m
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelg   14 14549 14641 -7260.4    14521
## modelgggg 17 14549 14662 -7257.6    14515 5.402  3    0.1446

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelggggg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state) + quarter * source
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)

```

```
## modelg          14 14549 14641 -7260.4      14521
## modelggggg      26 14542 14714 -7244.8      14490 31.137 12    0.001877 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelgggggg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state) + bulk_purchase * mgstr2
##               npar    AIC    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelg          14 14549 14641 -7260.4      14521
## modelgggggg      18 14552 14672 -7258.2      14516 4.3824  4      0.3567

## Data: morph_data
## Models:
## modelg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state)
## modelggggggg: log(ppm) ~ quarter + source + mgstr2 + bulk_purchase + (1 | state) + source * mgstr2
##               npar    AIC    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## modelg          14 14549 14641 -7260.4      14521
## modelggggggg      26 14566 14738 -7257.1      14514 6.4869 12      0.8896
```

We now have `quarter`, `bulk_purchase`, `primary_reason` and `mgstr2` in our model, regarding `state` as the grouping variable.

Why/how did we choose the variables to put into the model? too many predictors?

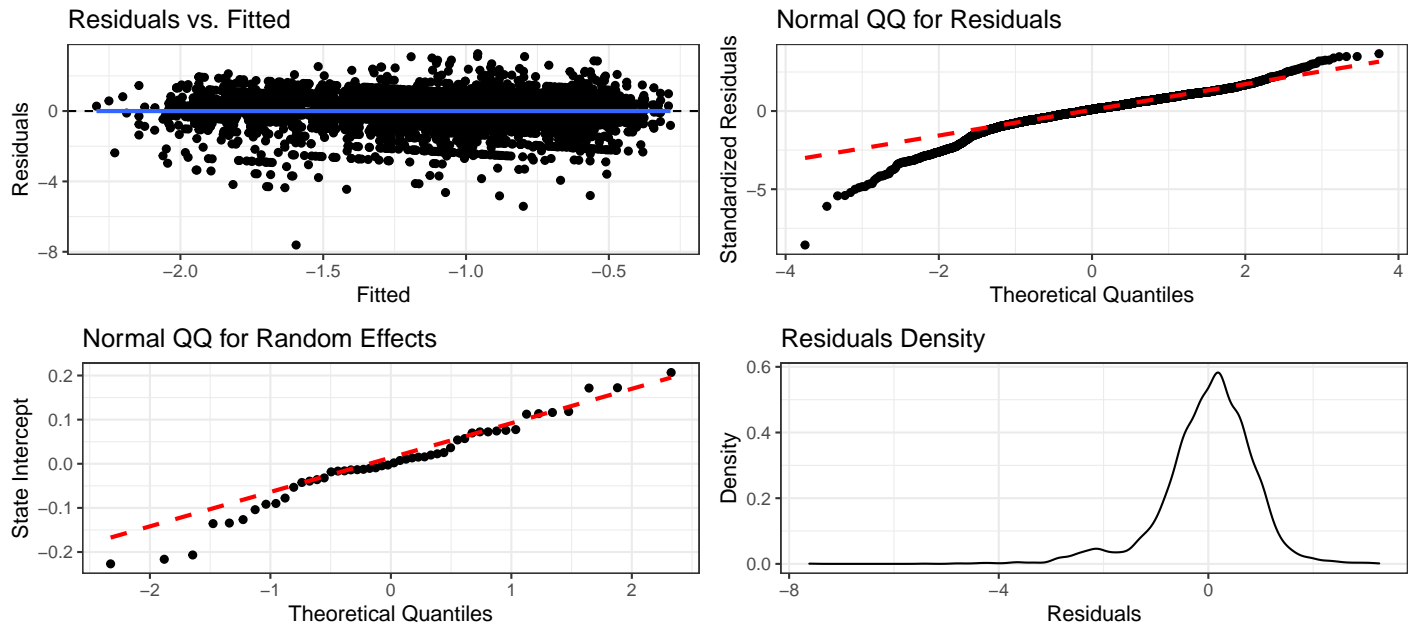
Unique values: `state` = 45 `quarter` = 4 `bulk purchase` = 2 `primary reason` = 10 `mgstr` = 14

only have 1831 observations

final model

	Estimate	exp(Estimate)	Std. Error	df	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-1.7662127	0.1709793	0.0501878	695.5745	-35.1920702	0.0000000
quarter2	0.0851884	1.0889222	0.0323691	5540.6272	2.6317818	0.0085174
quarter3	0.0841888	1.0878343	0.0334164	5545.0209	2.5193848	0.0117839
quarter4	0.0781355	1.0812692	0.0343505	5541.3215	2.2746516	0.0229649
sourceHeard it	0.0570122	1.0586687	0.0337274	5546.2036	1.6903813	0.0910112
sourceInternet	-0.0044422	0.9955676	0.0630177	5545.5447	-0.0704915	0.9438050
sourceInternet Pharmacy	-0.3208306	0.7255462	0.1024391	5538.9433	-3.1319148	0.0017458
sourcePersonal	-0.0402830	0.9605176	0.0283620	5547.5892	-1.4203135	0.1555726
mgstr2low	1.1330601	3.1051441	0.0422532	5549.2455	26.8159608	0.0000000
mgstr2medium	0.7512885	2.1197295	0.0409249	5543.2562	18.3577321	0.0000000
mgstr2medium high	0.4326425	1.5413251	0.0472311	5538.5552	9.1601222	0.0000000
bulk_purchase1 Bulk purchase	-0.1116846	0.8943263	0.0298719	5547.8012	-3.7387862	0.0001868

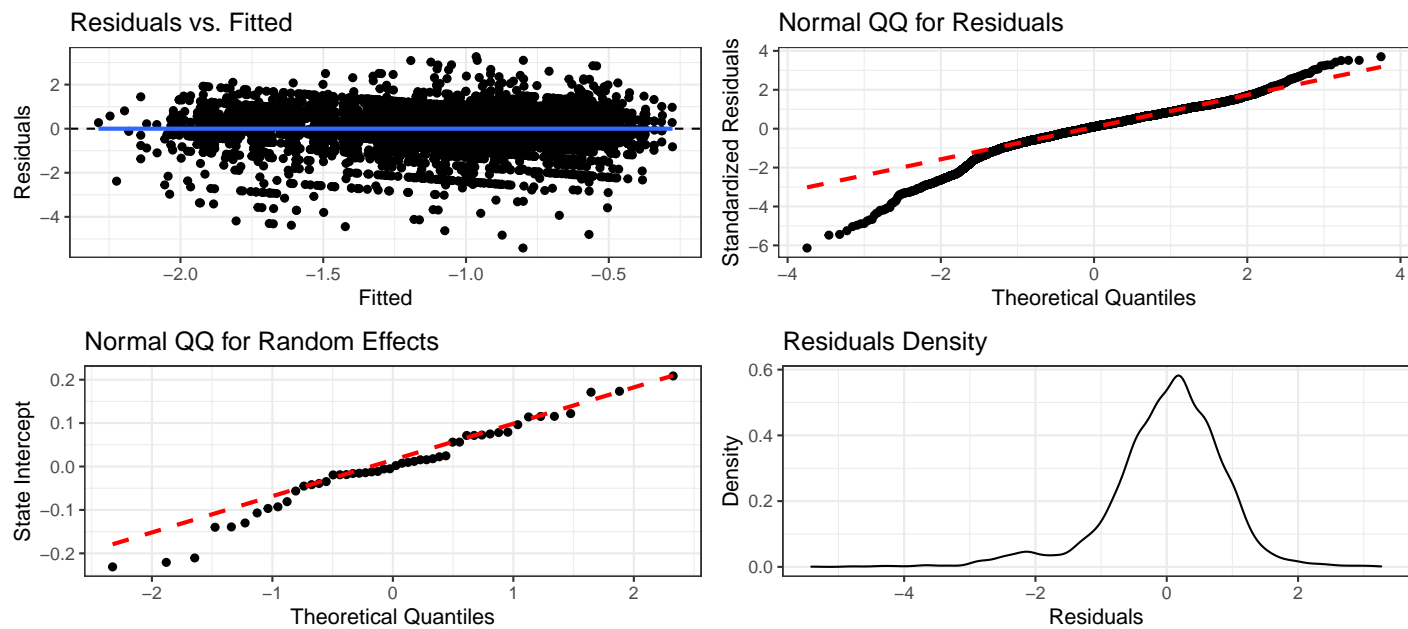
	Estimate
τ^2	0.0160650
σ^2	0.7893212



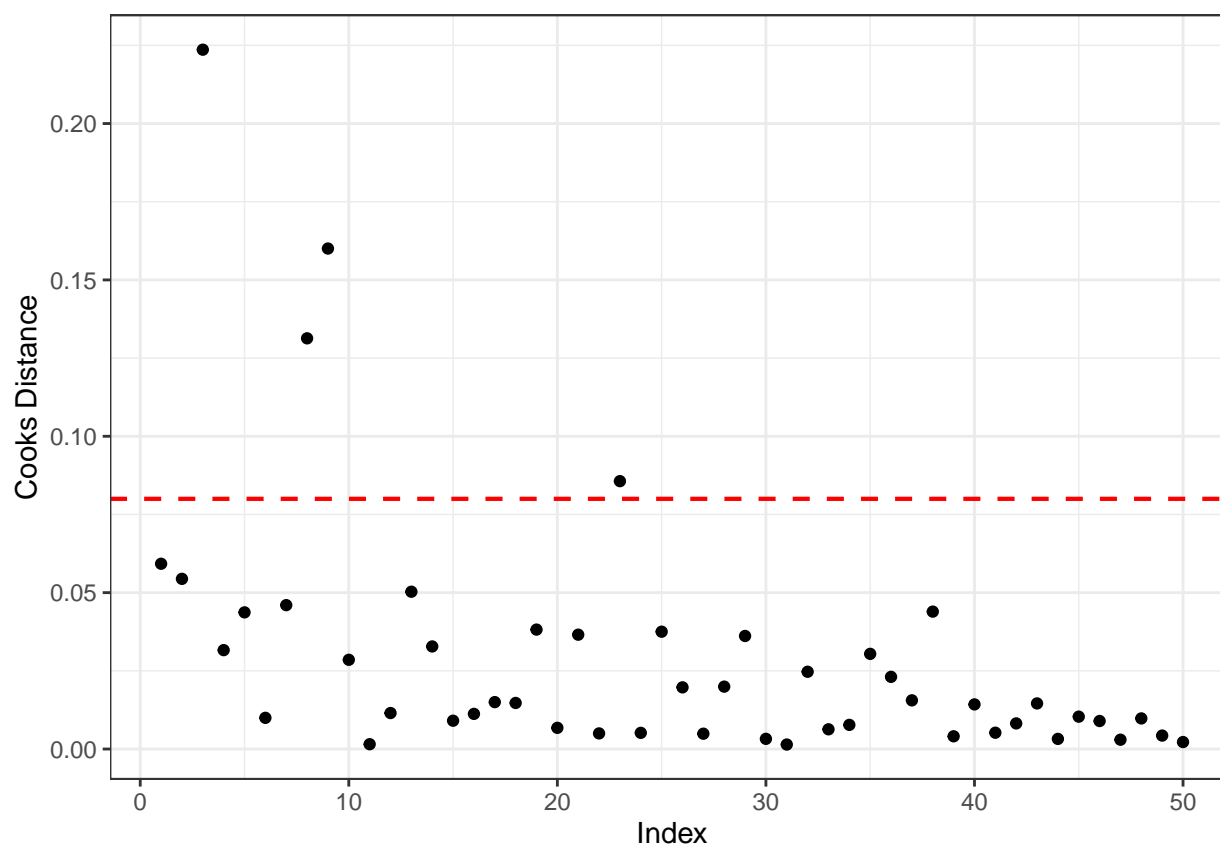
Remove the data point with the lowest residual.

	Estimate	exp(Estimate)	Std. Error	df	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-1.7539294	0.1730925	0.0500673	668.4077	-35.0314697	0.0000000
quarter2	0.0853547	1.0891033	0.0321524	5539.1391	2.6546940	0.0079607
quarter3	0.0839552	1.0875801	0.0331930	5543.5182	2.5292998	0.0114565
quarter4	0.0843205	1.0879776	0.0341283	5539.6219	2.4706890	0.0135152
sourceHeard it	0.0632902	1.0653360	0.0335098	5544.4746	1.8887057	0.0589834
sourceInternet	-0.0041877	0.9958210	0.0625965	5543.9492	-0.0669005	0.9466633
sourceInternet Pharmacy	-0.3225594	0.7242929	0.1017530	5537.5340	-3.1700223	0.0015326
sourcePersonal	-0.0397818	0.9609991	0.0281727	5546.1674	-1.4120705	0.1579853
mgstr2low	1.1197175	3.0639884	0.0419994	5548.0026	26.6603389	0.0000000
mgstr2medium	0.7381139	2.0919862	0.0406796	5541.9141	18.1445782	0.0000000
mgstr2medium high	0.4197101	1.5215205	0.0469381	5536.8765	8.9417801	0.0000000
bulk_purchase1 Bulk purchase	-0.1141111	0.8921588	0.0296738	5546.2648	-3.8455220	0.0001216

	Estimate
τ^2	0.0166796
σ^2	0.7787108



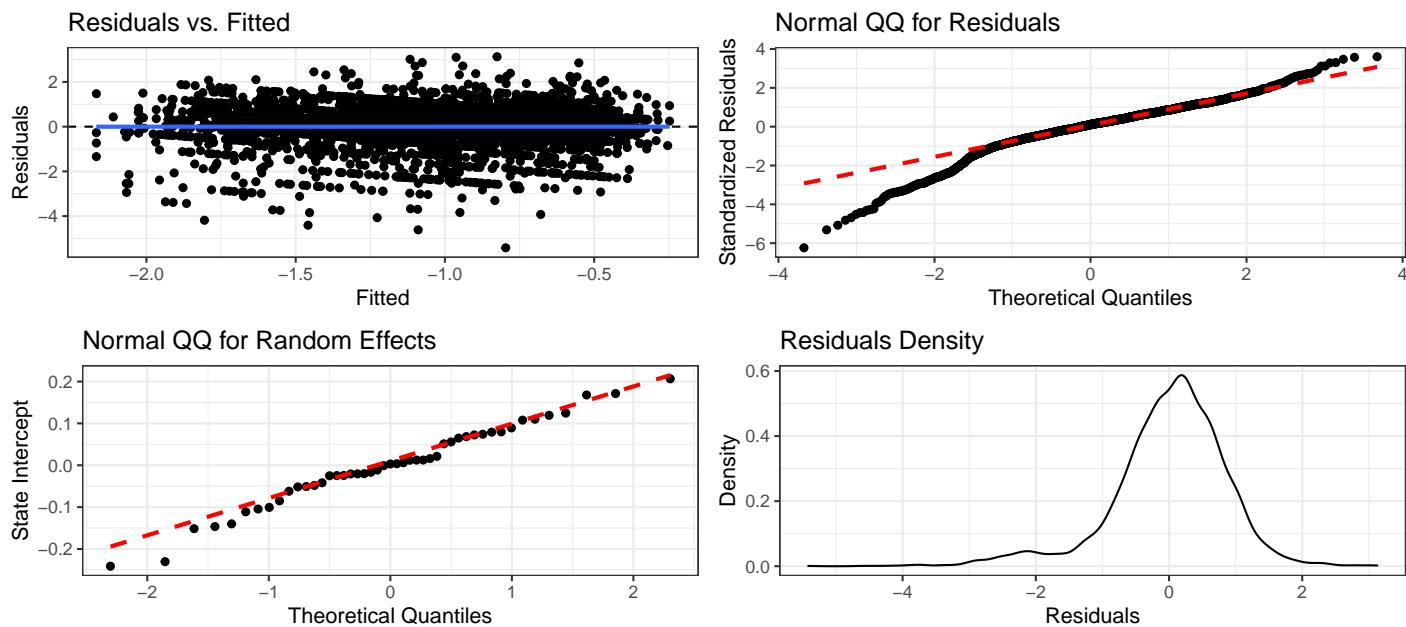
Influence



Cook's Distance
TRUE
TRUE
TRUE
TRUE

	Estimate	exp(Estimate)	Std. Error	df	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-1.7259391	0.1780058	0.0572501	825.079	-30.1473548	0.0000000
quarter2	0.0984300	1.1034372	0.0366413	4159.584	2.6863155	0.0072532
quarter3	0.1003537	1.1055619	0.0375420	4163.137	2.6731026	0.0075446
quarter4	0.1046460	1.1103175	0.0387449	4159.537	2.7008985	0.0069433
sourceHeard it	0.0722513	1.0749254	0.0378101	4164.281	1.9108993	0.0560861
sourceInternet	-0.0239783	0.9763069	0.0706812	4163.606	-0.3392466	0.7344411
sourceInternet Pharmacy	-0.1923604	0.8250095	0.1188587	4158.969	-1.6183951	0.1056533
sourcePersonal	-0.0590381	0.9426708	0.0321003	4166.078	-1.8391761	0.0659604
mgstr2low	1.0951158	2.9895290	0.0492714	4165.124	22.2262036	0.0000000
mgstr2medium	0.7204225	2.0553014	0.0480325	4159.702	14.9986488	0.0000000
mgstr2medium high	0.3928732	1.4812306	0.0552091	4155.416	7.1160993	0.0000000
bulk_purchase1 Bulk purchase	-0.1416847	0.8678948	0.0339122	4166.169	-4.1779824	0.0000300

	Estimate
τ^2	0.0170776
σ^2	0.7541611



Does not change much, but the sample size decreases sharply -> decide not to remove these groups.

```
## $state
```

state

