

# STA610 Case Study 1

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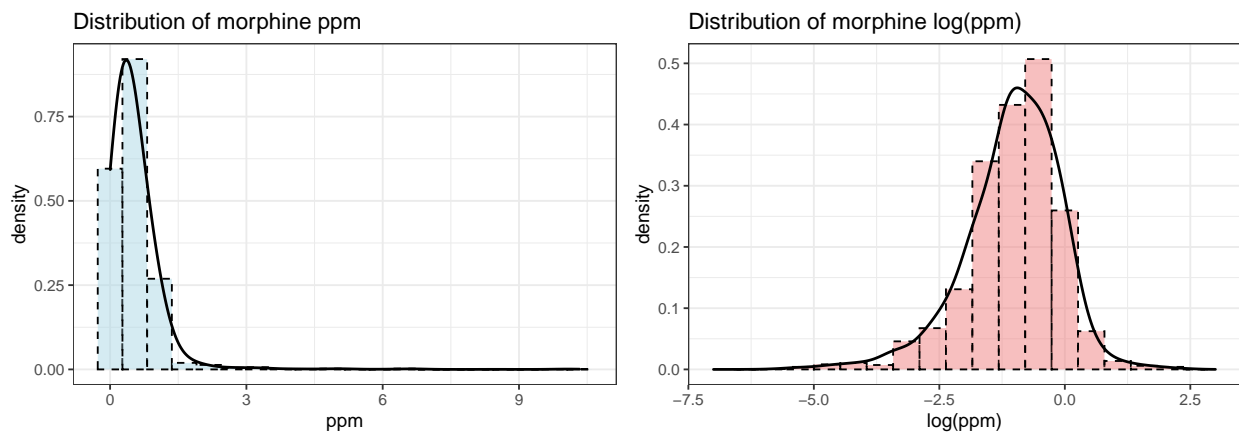
9/24/2021

## Introduction

## EDA

### Response Distribution

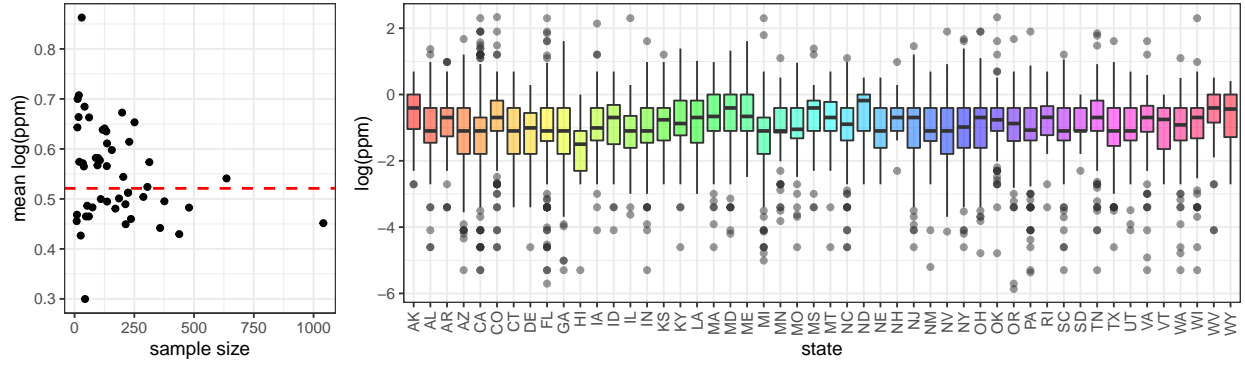
First, a look at the distributions of the response variable “ppm”. Observations with ppm between the 0.1 and 99.9 percentiles were considered so as to avoid the influence of extreme outliers on the analysis of the ppm distribution.



The distribution of ppm is clearly right-skewed, and it is strictly nonnegative in value, so a log transformation may be appropriate. The distribution of  $\log(\text{ppm})$  is given above, and appears closer to the desired normal.

### Predictor-Response Relationships

Next we may look at the relationship between state and  $\log(\text{ppm})$ .



We observe that the within-state means for states with higher sample sizes in general adhere more closely to the grand mean. It is also evident that the  $\log(\text{ppm})$  distributions differ little as compared to the within-state variance. This is conducive to the borrowing of information between states.