

Purpose



Build a model that will classify PED use to provide the International Olympic Committee with an expedient tool aiding in the identification of athlete samples to re-test.

- Athletes being retroactively stripped of their ranking and suspended from future events if found guilty of PED use.
- Provide the athletes in events with flagged
 PED users with an improved rank

PROCESS

- 1. Exploratory Data Analysis
- 2. Data Preprocessing
- 3. Feature Engineering
- 4. Modeling
- 5. Model Evaluation
- 6. Model iterations (Hyper parameter and Fine tuning)
- 7. Deployment

The data used for this project was gathered from:

Data

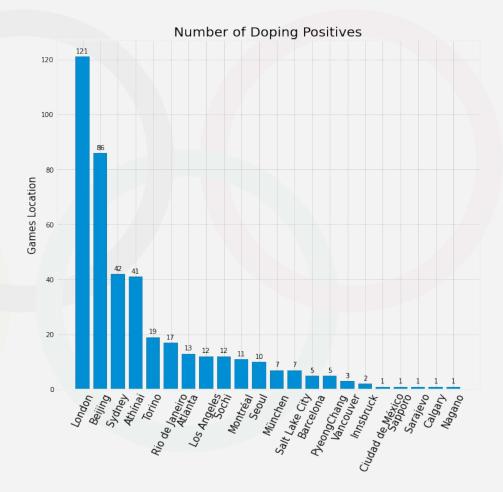
- Olympedia
- Kaggle Datasets
- World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA)
- The Doping List
- Wikipedia

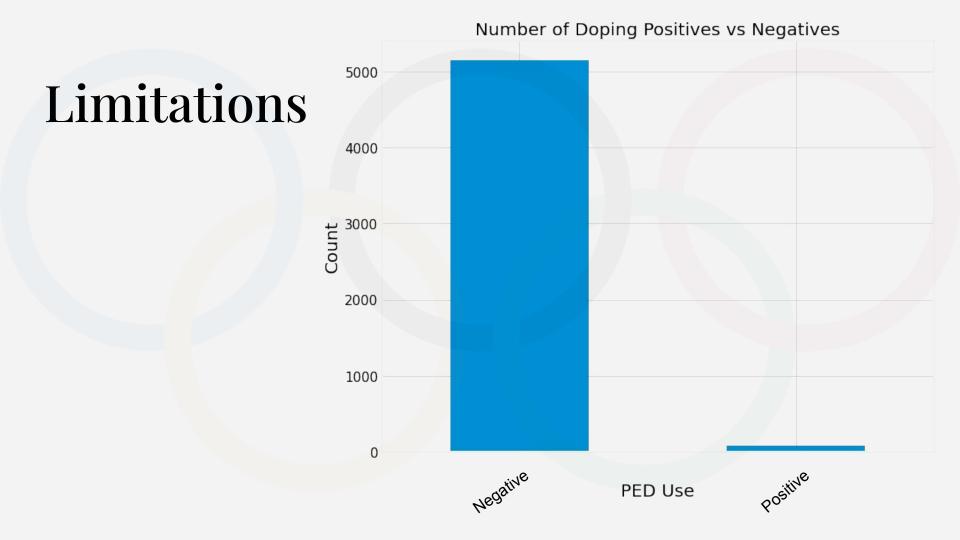
(2012-2016 data obtained)

Athlete dataset from kaggle as the base dataframe and combining the Olympedia results from track and field events on athlete names. The 'flagged' feature added to indicate PED use and be used as the target variable.

EDA Findings

Doping Positives per Olympic Games



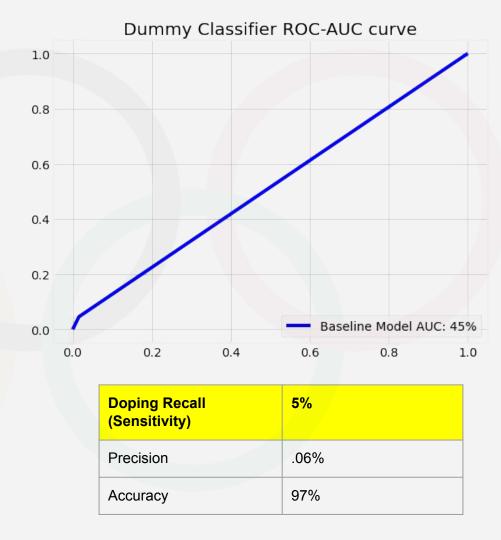


Baseline Model

Scikit-Learn Dummy Classifier

Optimizing for recall to limit False Negatives

The higher the AUC score, the better the model is at distinguishing positive vs negative PED use. The goal is to have the curve as close to the top left corner of the grid as possible (largest area under the curve)



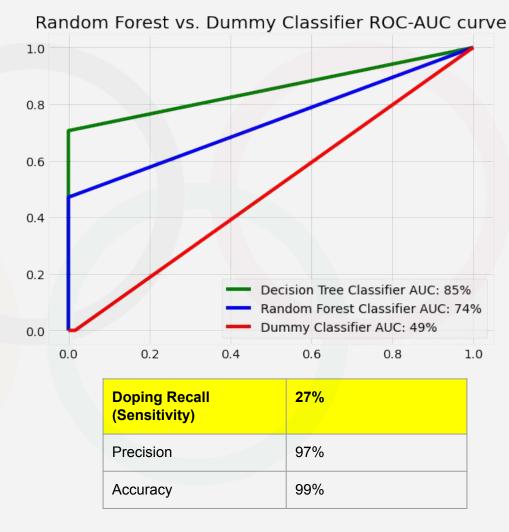
Current Model

Decision Tree Classifier

Optimizing for recall to limit False Negatives

Parameters:

- Max Depth: 7
- Min_samples_split: .13



Next Steps

- Include event results from 2004 and 2008 Summer Olympic
 Games
- Include all track and field events
- Engineered feature indicating difference in event result from previous year's Olympic Games
- Neural Network classification modeling
- Model evaluation on next Olympic Games event results
- Train model to classify type of PED used

Thank You

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