

```
1: // $Id: list.h,v 1.5 2012-11-14 21:35:53-08 - - $
2:
3: #ifndef __LIST_H__
4: #define __LIST_H__
5:
6: #include <stdbool.h>
7:
8: //
9: // NAME
10: // list - maintain a doubly linked list of elements.
11: //
12: // DESCRIPTION
13: // A doubly linked list of elements is maintained, with the
14: // ability to insert, delete, and view elements of the list
15: // and to move up and down the list one step at a time.
16: //
17:
18: typedef enum {MOVE_HEAD, MOVE_PREV, MOVE_NEXT, MOVE_LAST} list_move;
19: //
20: // Type: enumeration code for moving up and down the list.
21: // Used as second argument to 'setmove_list':
22: //
23: // MOVE_HEAD - set the cursor position to the null node at the
24: // beginning of the list.
25: //
26: // MOVE_LAST - set the cursor position to the last node in the
27: // list.
28: //
29: // MOVE_PREV - set the cursor position to the node immediately
30: // before it in the list.
31: //
32: // MOVE_NEXT - set the cursor position to the node immediately
33: // after the current position.
34: //
35:
36: typedef struct list *list_ref;
37: //
38: // Type: the handle returned by the constructor and passed to
39: // the other functions.
40: //
41:
42: void debugdump_list (list_ref list);
43: //
44: // Accessor: Prints out a debug dump of the list to stderr.
45: // Precondition: valid list.
46: // Postcondition: none.
47: //
48:
```

```
49:
50: list_ref new_list (void);
51:  //
52:  // Constructor:    return a new valid empty list.
53:  // Precondition:   none;
54:  // Postcondition:  returns a properly constituted empty list.
55:  //
56:
57: void free_list (list_ref);
58:  //
59:  // Destructor:     frees up the list and its internal headers.
60:  // Preconditions:  list must be valid and empty.
61:  // Postcondition:  memory is freed and its argument is dangling.
62:  // Asserts:        that the precondition is met.
63:  //
64:
65: bool setmove_list (list_ref, list_move);
66:  //
67:  // Mutator:        moves the current position to another position
68:  //                  in the list (see 'typedef list_move' above).
69:  // Precondition:    list must be valid.
70:  //                  MOVE_PREV may not be used in the head position.
71:  //                  MOVE_NEXT may not be used in the last position.
72:  // Postcondition:   returns TRUE if successful and FALSE if failed.
73:  //
74:
75: char *viewcurr_list (list_ref);
76:  //
77:  // Accessor:        returns the data item in the current node in the
78:  //                  list. Does not release space, this pointer's
79:  //                  target may not be changed or freed.
80:  // Precondition:    valid list and current not in the head position.
81:  // Postcondition:   returns NULL if called from the head positin.
82:  //
83:
```

```
84:
85: void insert_list (list_ref, char *);
86:    //
87:    // Mutator:      inserts new char* into the list immediately
88:    //               after the current position.
89:    // Precondition:  valid list.
90:    // Postcondition: char* passed in is now property of list and
91:    //               not the client.
92:    //
93:
94: void delete_list (list_ref);
95:    //
96:    // Mutator:      deletes the current line from the list.
97:    // Precondition:  valid list and not empty.
98:    // Postcondition: same list with one line removed.
99:    //
100:
101: bool empty_list (list_ref);
102:    //
103:    // Accessor:      checks to see if the list is empty.
104:    // Precondition:  list is valid.
105:    // Postcondition: returns TRUE iff the only node is the head node.
106:    //
107:
108: bool is_list (list_ref);
109:    //
110:    // Accessor:      checks to see if its argument is a list.
111:    // Precondition:  none.
112:    // Postcondition: returns TRUE if is not null and is a list.
113:    //
114:
115: #endif
116:
```

```
1: // $Id: debugf.h,v 1.1 2012-11-14 21:32:49-08 - - $
2:
3: #ifndef __DEBUGF_H__
4: #define __DEBUGF_H__
5:
6: //
7: // DESCRIPTION
8: //   Debugging library containing miscellaneous useful things.
9: //
10:
11: //
12: // Keep track of Exec_Name and Exit_Status.
13: //
14: extern char *Exec_Name;
15: extern int Exit_Status;
16:
17: //
18: // Tell debugf what program is running.
19: //
20: void set_Exec_Name (char *name);
21:
22: //
23: // Support for stub messages.
24: //
25: #define STUBPRINTF(...) \
26:     __stubprintf (__FILE__, __LINE__, __func__, __VA_ARGS__)
27: void __stubprintf (char *file, int line, const char *func,
28:                  char *format, ...);
29:
30: //
31: // Debugging utility.
32: //
33:
34: void set_debugflags (char *flags);
35: //
36: // Sets a string of debug flags to be used by DEBUGF statements.
37: // Uses the address of the string, and does not copy it, so it
38: // must not be dangling.  If a particular debug flag has been set,
39: // messages are printed.  The format is identical to printf format.
40: // The flag "@" turns on all flags.
41: //
42:
43: #ifdef NDEBUG
44: #define DEBUGF(FLAG,...) // DEBUG (FLAG, __VA_ARGS__)
45: #else
46: #define DEBUGF(FLAG,...) \
47:     __debugprintf (FLAG, __FILE__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__)
48: void __debugprintf (char flag, char *file, int line,
49:                  char *format, ...);
50: #endif
51:
52: #endif
53:
```

```
1: // $Id: edfile.c,v 1.14 2012-11-14 21:35:53-08 - - $
2:
3: #include <assert.h>
4: #include <libgen.h>
5: #include <stdio.h>
6: #include <stdlib.h>
7: #include <string.h>
8: #include <unistd.h>
9:
10: #include "debugf.h"
11: #include "list.h"
12:
13: bool want_echo = false;
14:
15: void badline (int stdincount, char *stdinline) {
16:     fflush (NULL);
17:     fprintf (stderr, "Bad input line %d: %s\n", stdincount, stdinline);
18:     fflush (NULL);
19: }
20:
21: void editfile (list_ref list) {
22:     char stdinline[1024];
23:     int stdincount = 0;
24:     for(;; ++stdincount) {
25:         printf ("%s: ", Exec_Name);
26:         char *linepos = fgets (stdinline, sizeof stdinline, stdin);
27:         if (linepos == NULL) break;
28:         if (want_echo) printf ("%s", stdinline);
29:         linepos = strchr (stdinline, '\n');
30:         if (linepos == NULL || stdinline[0] == '\0') {
31:             badline (stdincount, stdinline);
32:         } else {
33:             *linepos = '\0';
34:             switch (stdinline[0]) {
35:                 case '$': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: $\n", stdincount); break;
36:                 case '*': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: *\n", stdincount); break;
37:                 case '.': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: .\n", stdincount); break;
38:                 case '0': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: 0\n", stdincount); break;
39:                 case '<': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: <\n", stdincount); break;
40:                 case '>': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: >\n", stdincount); break;
41:                 case '@': debugdump_list (list); break;
42:                 case 'a': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: a\n", stdincount); break;
43:                 case 'd': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: d\n", stdincount); break;
44:                 case 'i': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: i\n", stdincount); break;
45:                 case 'r': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: r\n", stdincount); break;
46:                 case 'w': STUBPRINTF ("stdin[%d]: w\n", stdincount); break;
47:                 default : badline (stdincount, stdinline);
48:             }
49:         }
50:     }
51: }
52:
```

```
53:
54: void usage_exit() {
55:     fflush (NULL);
56:     fprintf (stderr, "Usage: %s filename\n", Exec_Name);
57:     fflush (NULL);
58:     exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
59: }
60:
61: int main (int argc, char **argv) {
62:     Exec_Name = basename (argv[0]);
63:     if (argc != 2) usage_exit();
64:     want_echo = ! (isatty (fileno (stdin)) && isatty (fileno (stdout)));
65:     list_ref list = new_list();
66:     editfile (list);
67:     free_list (list); list = NULL;
68:     return Exit_Status;
69: }
```

```
1: // $Id: list.c,v 1.13 2012-11-14 21:36:52-08 - - $
2:
3: #include <assert.h>
4: #include <stdbool.h>
5: #include <stdio.h>
6: #include <stdlib.h>
7:
8: #include "debugf.h"
9: #include "list.h"
10:
11: static char *list_tag = "struct list";
12: static char *listnode_tag = "struct listnode";
13:
14: typedef struct listnode *listnode_ref;
15:
16: struct list {
17:     //
18:     // INVARIANT: Both head and last are NULL or neither are NULL.
19:     // If neither are null, then following listnode next links from
20:     // head will get to last, and prev links from last gets to head.
21:     //
22:     char *tag;
23:     listnode_ref head;
24:     listnode_ref curr;
25:     listnode_ref last;
26: };
27:
28: struct listnode {
29:     char *tag;
30:     char *line;
31:     listnode_ref prev;
32:     listnode_ref next;
33: };
34:
35: void debugdump_list (list_ref list) {
36:     listnode_ref itor = NULL;
37:     assert (is_list (list));
38:     fflush (NULL);
39:     fprintf (stderr,
40:             "\n[%p]->struct list {tag=[%p]->[%s];"
41:             " head=[%p]; curr=[%p]; last=[%p]; }\n",
42:             list, list->tag, list->tag,
43:             list->head, list->curr, list->last);
44:     for (itor = list->head; itor != NULL; itor = itor->next) {
45:         fprintf (stderr,
46:                 "[%p]->struct listnode {tag=[%p]->[%s];"
47:                 " line=[%p]=[%s]; prev=[%p]; next=[%p]; }\n",
48:                 itor, itor->tag, itor->tag, itor->line, itor->line,
49:                 itor->prev, itor->next);
50:     }
51:     fflush (NULL);
52: }
53:
```

```
54:
55: list_ref new_list (void) {
56:     //
57:     // Creates a new struct list.
58:     //
59:     list_ref list = malloc (sizeof (struct list));
60:     assert (list != NULL);
61:     list->tag = list_tag;
62:     list->head = NULL;
63:     list->curr = NULL;
64:     list->last = NULL;
65:     return list;
66: }
67:
68: void free_list (list_ref list) {
69:     assert (is_list (list));
70:     assert (empty_list (list));
71:     STUBPRINTF ("list=[%p]\n", list);
72: }
73:
74: bool setmove_list (list_ref list, list_move move) {
75:     assert (is_list (list));
76:     switch (move) {
77:         case MOVE_HEAD:
78:             STUBPRINTF ("MOVE_HEAD: list=[%p]\n", list);
79:             break;
80:         case MOVE_PREV:
81:             STUBPRINTF ("MOVE_PREV: list=[%p]\n", list);
82:             break;
83:         case MOVE_NEXT:
84:             STUBPRINTF ("MOVE_NEXT: list=[%p]\n", list);
85:             break;
86:         case MOVE_LAST:
87:             STUBPRINTF ("MOVE_LAST: list=[%p]\n", list);
88:             break;
89:         default: assert (false);
90:     }
91:     return false;
92: }
93:
94: char *viewcurr_list (list_ref list) {
95:     assert (is_list (list));
96:     STUBPRINTF ("list=[%p]\n", list);
97:     return NULL;
98: }
99:
```



```
100:
101: void insert_list (list_ref list, char *line) {
102:     assert (is_list (list));
103:     STUBPRINTF ("list=[%p], line=[%p]=%s\n", list, line, line);
104: }
105:
106: void delete_list (list_ref list) {
107:     assert (is_list (list));
108:     assert (! empty_list (list));
109:     STUBPRINTF ("list=[%p]\n", list);
110: }
111:
112: bool empty_list (list_ref list) {
113:     assert (is_list (list));
114:     return list->head == NULL;
115: }
116:
117: bool is_list (list_ref list) {
118:     return list != NULL && list->tag == list_tag;
119: }
120:
```

```
1: // $Id: debugf.c,v 1.6 2012-11-14 19:11:05-08 - - $
2:
3: #include <errno.h>
4: #include <stdarg.h>
5: #include <stdbool.h>
6: #include <stdio.h>
7: #include <stdlib.h>
8: #include <string.h>
9: #include <unistd.h>
10:
11: #include "debugf.h"
12:
13: char *Exec_Name = NULL;
14: int Exit_Status = EXIT_SUCCESS;
15:
16: static char *debugflags = "";
17: static bool alldebugflags = false;
18:
19: void __stubprintf (char *filename, int line, const char *func,
20:                  char *format, ...) {
21:     va_list args;
22:     fflush (NULL);
23:     fprintf (stdout, "%s: STUB: %s[%d] %s:\n",
24:             Exec_Name, filename, line, func);
25:     va_start (args, format);
26:     vfprintf (stdout, format, args);
27:     va_end (args);
28:     fflush (NULL);
29: }
30:
31: void set_debugflags (char *flags) {
32:     debugflags = flags;
33:     if (strchr (debugflags, '@') != NULL) alldebugflags = true;
34:     DEBUGF ('a', "Debugflags = \"%s\"\n", debugflags);
35: }
36:
37: void __debugprintf (char flag, char *file, int line,
38:                   char *format, ...) {
39:     va_list args;
40:     if (alldebugflags || strchr (debugflags, flag) != NULL) {
41:         fflush (NULL);
42:         fprintf (stderr, "%s: DEBUGF(%c): %s[%d]:\n",
43:                 Exec_Name, flag, file, line);
44:         va_start (args, format);
45:         vfprintf (stderr, format, args);
46:         va_end (args);
47:         fflush (NULL);
48:     }
49: }
50:
```

```
1: # $Id: Makefile,v 1.7 2012-11-14 21:39:16-08 - - $
2: MKFILE      = Makefile
3: DEPSFILE    = ${MKFILE}.deps
4: NOINCLUDE   = ci clean spotless
5: NEEDINCL    = ${filter ${NOINCLUDE}, ${MAKECMDGOALS}}
6: SUBMAKE     = ${MAKE} --no-print-directory
7:
8: GCC         = gcc -g -O0 -Wall -Wextra -std=gnu99
9: MAKEDEPS    = cc -MM
10:
11: CHEADER     = list.h debugf.h
12: CSOURCE     = edfile.c ${CHEADER:.h=.c}
13: OBJECTS     = ${CSOURCE:.c=.o}
14: EXECBIN     = edfile
15: SOURCES     = ${CHEADER} ${CSOURCE} ${MKFILE}
16: LISTING     = asg4c-edfile.code.ps
17:
18: all : ${EXECBIN}
19:
20: ${EXECBIN} : ${OBJECTS}
21:      ${GCC} -o $@ ${OBJECTS}
22:
23: %.o : %.c
24:      cid + $<
25:      ${GCC} -c $<
26:
27: ci : ${SOURCES}
28:      cid + ${SOURCES}
29:
30: lis : ${SOURCES}
31:      mkpspdf ${LISTING} ${SOURCES} ${DEPSFILE}
32:
33: clean :
34:      - rm ${OBJECTS} ${DEPSFILE} core
35:
36: spotless : clean
37:      - rm ${EXECBIN}
38:
39: deps : ${CSOURCE} ${CHEADER}
40:      @ echo "# ${DEPSFILE} created `date`" >${DEPSFILE}
41:      ${MAKEDEPS} ${CSOURCE} | sort | uniq >>${DEPSFILE}
42:
43: ${DEPSFILE} :
44:      @ touch ${DEPSFILE}
45:      ${SUBMAKE} deps
46:
47: again :
48:      ${MAKE} --no-print-directory spotless deps ci all lis
49:
50: ifeq "${NEEDINCL}" ""
51: include ${DEPSFILE}
52: endif
53:
```

```
1: # Makefile.deps created Wed Nov 14 21:39:16 PST 2012
2: debugf.o: debugf.c debugf.h
3: edfile.o: edfile.c debugf.h list.h
4: list.o: list.c debugf.h list.h
```