# Instruments of the Social Capital Assessment Tool

This document presents the full text of the interview guides and the questionnaires of the Social Capital Assessment Tool, as presented in Annex 1 of *Understanding and Measuring Social Capital*.

The document consists of five sections:

- 1A. Community Profile and Asset Mapping Interview Guide
- 1B. Community Questionnaire
- 1C. Household Questionnaire
- 1D. Organizational Profile Interview Guides
- 1E. Organizational Profile Scoresheet

### Annex 1A Community Profile And Asset Mapping— Interview Guide

The community profile is elicited through a series of group interviews conducted in the community during the initial days of field work. The community profile allows the research team to become familiar with community characteristics and issues relating to social capital for reference in later phases of the data collection. The group interviews establish a consensus definition of the "community" in which the research takes place. This definition will be used throughout the community profile exercise and will serve as reference for the interviews of the household survey. It will also define the catchment area of institutions for the organizational profile.

Several participatory methods are used to develop the community profile. In addition to a focus group format, the data collection includes a community mapping exercise followed by an institutional diagramming exercise. The primary data source material generated by these interviewing, mapping, and diagramming exercises are:

- Community maps, indicating location of community assets and services
- Observational notes of group process and summary of issues discussed
- List of positive characteristics of community assets and services
- List of negative characteristics of community assets and services
- List of all formal and informal community institutions
- Case study of community collective action
- Institutional diagrams (Venn) of relative impact and accessibility
- Institutional diagrams (web) of institutional network relationships

Between two and eight group interviews should be conducted in each community. Each group should have 5–12 participants. At least two group interviews should be carried out with women and men separately. Groups may be stratified on other sociodemographic characteristics that may be important within the community context, such as age or ethnicity. Mixed group interviews can also be conducted to assess levels of consensus, but these should be in addition to separate groups.

Each group should have a moderator and two observers. The moderator's role is to facilitate the discussion, probe on key issues, elicit comments from all participants, and focus the discussion on the issues of interest without seeming to interrupt or ignore extraneous comments from participants. The observers' role is to take notes on the content of the discussion and process of group dynamics.

The team should have the following materials available: interview guide, pads of notepaper, writing pens, flip-chart paper, markers (several colors), colored paper circles of different sizes, tape, scissors.

# 1. Definition of Community and Identification of Community Assets

Bring large sheets of paper and several color markers. Ask the group to draw a map of their village or neighborhood that shows the settlement pattern, sites for productive activities, and locations of various assets and services in the community. A second group may be asked to make modifications to the map developed by the first group or, if they prefer, draw their own. The map is a key reference point for the discussion and should be used throughout the interview process to stimulate discussion, identify critical issues, clarify discussion points, and so on.

- 1.1 How do you define this village/neighborhood?

  (Probe on geographical boundaries, place names, and other reference points. Establish consensus on the geopolitical definition of "community" for later use in the household survey.)
- 1.2 Where is/are the...
  - ...primary school? Secondary school? Childcare centers? Other schools?
  - ...health services (both formal and informal)?
  - ...sources of water?
  - ...waste and garbage disposal sites?
  - ...sources of electric lighting?
  - ...public telephones?
  - ...main streets/roads?
  - ...principal means of transportation?
  - ...markets, shops, and other commercial establishments?
  - ...churches (places of worship)?
  - ...cultural and recreational areas? (Where do you spend your free time?)
  - ...areas that are less safe?
  - RURAL:...irrigation systems?
- 1.3 How many years has this village/neighborhood been in existence? Has the village/neighborhood grown, gotten smaller, or stayed the same in the last five years? Who are the people most likely to come into or leave the community?
  - (In the case of significant in- or out-migration, have the group draw a second map showing patterns of migration, new settlement, and expansion of community boundaries and land use.)

### 2. COLLECTIVE ACTION AND SOLIDARITY

2.1 People from the same village/neighborhood often get together to address a particular issue that faces the community, fix a problem, improve the quality of life, or something similar. Which of the following issues has your village/neighborhood tried to address in the last three years?

(Probe: education, health, public services, roads and transportation, markets, credit, recreational and cultural resources, security, child care, irrigation, agricultural services.)

2.2	Do you think that everyone in this village/neighborhood	has equal
	access to	?
	(Probe: same services as mentioned under 2.1)	

Is this also true for the poorest members of the community?

2.3 Have there been any efforts by the community to improve the quality of the <u>(service or benefit)</u> or overcome a problem? Can you describe one instance in detail? (Refer to this case study for specifics of the following questions.) Were there community groups that played an important role? What kinds of responses did you get from the local government? From other organizations? From the rest of the community? What kinds of obstacles did you have to deal with? What was the outcome of the effort?

(Probe for locus of leadership, resources tapped, sources of resistance, who benefited or suffered from the outcome, the kind of follow-up that occurred as a result of the effort, and the mechanisms employed to ensure sustainability of the effort.)

2.4 Has this village/neighborhood ever attempted to make improvements but failed? Why do you think the attempt failed? What would you have done differently to make the effort more successful?

(Probe for constraints on collective action; identify the roles of government, community organizations, and secondary institutions in influencing outcomes; and discuss the relationship between the community, representative organizations, local government, and other civil society actors.)

### 3. COMMUNITY GOVERNANCE AND DECISIONMAKING

3.1 Who are the main leaders in this community? (*Probe formal and informal leadership.*)

- 3.2 How do they become leaders? How are new leaders selected?
- 3.3 How are decisions made within this community? What is the role of the community leaders? How are community members involved?

(Probe on role of traditional leaders, informal leaders, elites.)

### 4. LIST OF COMMUNITY INSTITUTIONS

4.1 What are the groups, organizations, or associations that function in this village/neighborhood?

Have the group list all the organizations, formal and informal, that exist in the community. Make sure all different types of organizations are included (agriculture, credit, religious, recreational, health, education, etc.) and that the list is as complete as possible. Have the group go through the list and identify which institutions are most important in meeting the community's needs. Make sure the list is written with plenty of space between each item.

- 4.2 Which groups play the most active role in helping improve the well-being of community members?
- 4.3 How did this group or organization get started (government initiated, through government donations, NGO donations, grassroots initiative, etc.)?
- 4.4 How are the leaders selected (election, appointment, inheritance)? How stable is the leadership (frequent or sudden changes, normal progressive change, or never changes)? Is leadership generally harmonious or conflictive?
- 4.5 How are decisions made within these groups or organizations?

### 5. RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN ORGANIZATIONS AND THE COMMUNITY

Venn diagram: Cut out (ahead of time) paper circles of three different sizes and lay them out. Ask the group to place the largest circles next to the most important organizations, the middle-sized circles next to the less important organizations, and the smallest circles next to the least important organizations. Write the name of the organization in each circle. Observers should record the group's reasoning as to why organizations are categorized as more or less important.

Draw a relatively large square in the center of the flip-chart paper. Tell the group that this square represents themselves. Have the group place the organization-labeled circles in or around the square at the center. The closer they are to the center square, the more accessible the particular organization is to the community. Let the group discuss among themselves and facilitate as necessary. Record the resulting diagram and reasoning behind the group's discussion on each organization.

- 5.1 Of the organizations on this list, which are most important? Which are least important? Which are of medium importance?
- 5.2 Of the organizations on this list, which ones are most accessible to the community? Which are least accessible? Which are somewhat accessible?

### 6. INSTITUTIONAL NETWORKS AND ORGANIZATIONAL DENSITY

Flowchart diagram: Have ready a sheet of flip-chart-sized paper and markers. Facilitate a discussion among the group regarding the relationships among the identified organizations, community leaders, and the community. Probe on local government institutions, nongovernmental organizations, base organizations, and other civil society actors. Ask the group to draw each actor and, using arrows or other appropriate symbols, indicate the relationship among them. Probe links among all organizations.

- 6.1 Which organizations work together? How do they work together (hierarchically, collaboratively)?
- 6.2 Are there any organizations that work against each other (compete or have some sort of conflict)? Which ones and why?
- 6.3 Some groups may share the same members and some groups have different members. Which organizations have the same or similar membership?
- 6.4 Are there organizations that share resources?

# Annex 1B Community Questionnaire

### 1. COMMUNITY CHARACTERISTICS

1.1	How many years has the comm	nuni	ty be	een in existence?
	More than 20 years Between 10 and 20 years Fewer than 10 years	[ [ [	]	1 2 3
1.2	How many households are in t	his c	comr	munity?
	Fewer than 25 Between 25 and 49 Between 50 and 99 Between 100 and 249 More than 250	[ [ [ [	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5
1.3	In the last three years, the community has:	nun	nber	of people living in this
	Increased Decreased Remained the same	[ [ [	]	1 2 3
1.4	What are the two main reason of change?	s fo	r the	e increase, decrease, or lack
	(a)			_
	(b)			_
1.5	What are the two principal e community?	cono	omic	activities for men in this
	(a)			_
	(b)			_
1.6	What are the two principal ecocommunity?	onor	nic a	activities for women in this
	(a)			_
	(b)			_

1.7	In the last three years, availability	of e	mploym	ent has:
	Improved [ Worsened [ Remained the same [	]	1 2 3	
1.8	What is the main route that community, both during rainy sea			
	Paved road	1	iny 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(b) <u>Dry</u> [
1.9	In the last three years, the roads le	eadin	g to this	s community have:
	Improved [ Worsened [ Remained the same [	] ] ]	1 2 3	
1.10	The availability of housing in this	com	munity	is:
	Adequate [ Deficient [	]	1 2	
1.11	In the last three years, the qualit has:	y of	housing	g in this community
	Improved [ Worsened [ Remained the same [	] ] ]	1 2 3	
1.12	What are the two main reasons th improved, worsened, or remaine years?			
	(a)		<del></del>	
	(b)			

1.13	In the last three years, the overall quality of life of the people living in this community has: (consider job availability, safety and security, environment, housing, etc.)
	Improved [ ] 1 Worsened [ ] 2 Remained the same [ ] 3
1.14	What are the two main reasons that the quality of life in the community has improved, worsened, or remained the same during the last three years?
	(a)
	(b)
1.15	Overall, the level of living of this community may be characterized as:
	Wealthy [ ] 1 Well-to-do [ ] 2
	Well-to-do [ ] 2 Average [ ] 3 Poor [ ] 4
	Very poor [ ] 5
1.16	Do people in this community generally trust one another in matters of lending and borrowing?
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2
1.17	In the last three years, has the level of trust improved, worsened, or stayed the same?
	Improved [ ] 1 Worsened [ ] 2
	Remained the same [ ] 3
1.18	Compared with other communities, how much do people in this community trust each other in matters of lending and borrowing?
	More trust than in other communities [ ] 1 Same as in other communities [ ] 2 Less trust than in other communities [ ] 3

1.19	Do you agree or disagree with the following statement: People here look out mainly for the welfare of their own families and they are not much concerned with community welfare.						
	Strongly agree [ ] 1 Agree [ ] 2 Disagree [ ] 3 Strongly disagree [ ] 4						
2. Principal Services							
2A.	Electricity						
2A.1	What fraction of the community has household electrical service?						
	The entire community [ ] 1 Most of the community [ ] 2 About half the community [ ] 3 Less than half/very few [ ] 4 No one in the community [ ] 5 (go to section 2B)						
2A.2	In the last three years, the electrical service to this community has:						
	Improved [ ] 1 Worsened [ ] 2 Remained the same [ ] 3						
2A.3	Currently, the quality of electrical service within the homes of this community is:						
	Very good       [ ] 1         Good       [ ] 2         Average       [ ] 3         Poor       [ ] 4         Very poor       [ ] 5						
2A.4	What are the two main problems with the electrical service?						
	(a)						
	(b)						
2B.	Public Lighting						
2B.1	Does this community have street lights?						
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2 (go to section 2C)						

	In the last three years, the public lighting service has:				
	Improved Worsened Remained the same	] ] ]	]	1 2 3	
2B.3	Currently, the quality of public	c ligh	nting	g service is:	
	Very good Good Average Poor Very poor	] ] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5	
2B.4	What are the two main proble community?	ems	with	n the public lighting in this	
	(a)			_	
	(b)			_	
2C.	Drinking Water				
2C.1	What part of the community h	as pi	pe-l	oorne water?	
	The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few	] ] ] ]	]	1 2 3	
	No one in the community	[	]	5	
2C.2	What part of the community h	[	]	5	
2C.2		[ as ac [	] eccess	5 to public standpipes?	
2C.2 2C.3	What part of the community has to the community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few	[ as ac [ [ [ [	] [] [] [] [] [] []	to public standpipes?  1 2 3 4 5	

2C.4	Currently, the potable water se	rvic	e is:			
	Very good	ſ	1	1		
	Good	Ì	í	2		
	Average	Ì	] ] ]	3		
	Poor	Ì	í	4		
	Very poor	[	j	5		
2C.5	What are the two main probler	ns w	vith t	the potable water service?		
	(a)			_		
	(b)			_		
2D.	Home Telephone Service					
2D.1	What fraction of the communit	y ha	as ho	ome telephone service?		
	The entire community	ſ	1	1		
	Most of the community	Ì	í	2		
	About half the community	Ì	ĺ	3		
	Less than half/very few	Ì	ĺ	4		
	The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few No one in the community	]	j	5 (go to section 2E)		
2D2	Currently, the home telephone service is:					
	Very good	[	]	1		
	Good	[	]	2		
	Average	[	]	3		
	Poor	[	]	4		
	Very poor	[	]	5		
2E.	Communication Services					
2E.1	Does this community have pub	olic t	elep	hones?		
	Yes	[	]			
	No	[	]	2 (go to question 2E.3)		
2E.2	How many public telephones a	ire i	n thi	s community?		
			(	go to question 2E.4)		
2E.3	What is the distance from thi telephone?	s co	mm	unity to the nearest public		
	Distance (in walking minutes)					

2E.4	In the last three years, the community has:	publ	lic	telephone service in this
	Improved	[	]	1
	Worsened	[ [ ]	j	2
	Remained the same	[	]	3
2E.5	Currently, the public telephone	serv	ice	in this community is:
	Very good	[	]	1
	Good	[	]	2
	Average	[	]	3
	Poor	Ĺ	]	4
	Very poor	l	]	5
2E.6	What are the two main problem in this community?	s wi	th t	he public telephone service
	(a)			_
	(b)			_
2E.7	Is there a post office in this com	mun	ity	?
	Yes	[	]	1
	Yes No	]	]	1 2 (go to question 2E.9)
2E.8	Yes No What is the distance from this office?			
2E.8	No What is the distance from this	s co.	mn	nunity to the nearest post
2E.8 2E.9	No What is the distance from this office?	s co	mn	nunity to the nearest post
	No What is the distance from this office? Distance (in walking minutes) In the last three years, the mail s	s co	mm ce i	nunity to the nearest post
	No What is the distance from this office? Distance (in walking minutes) In the last three years, the mail s	s co	mm ce i	nunity to the nearest post
	No What is the distance from this office? Distance (in walking minutes) In the last three years, the mail s	s co	mm ce i	nunity to the nearest post
	No What is the distance from this office? Distance (in walking minutes) In the last three years, the mail s	s co	mn ce i	nunity to the nearest post  In this community has:
2E.9	What is the distance from this office?  Distance (in walking minutes) In the last three years, the mail so Improved Worsened Remained the same  Currently, the mail service in the	s co	mn ce i	nunity to the nearest post  In this community has:
2E.9	What is the distance from this office?  Distance (in walking minutes) _ In the last three years, the mail s Improved Worsened Remained the same	s co	mn ce i	in this community has:  1 2 3 nunity is: 1 2
2E.9	What is the distance from this office?  Distance (in walking minutes)  In the last three years, the mail so Improved Worsened Remained the same  Currently, the mail service in the Very good Good Average	s co	mn ce i	in this community has:  1 2 3 nunity is:  1 2 3
2E.9	What is the distance from this office?  Distance (in walking minutes)  In the last three years, the mail so the last three years, the last three years, the last three years, the last three years thr	s co	mn ce i	in this community has:  1 2 3 nunity is: 1 2

2E.11	What are the two main proble community?	ems	s wit	th the mail service in this
	(a)			_
	(b)			_
2E.12	What fraction of the commun service?	ity	has	access to public Internet
	The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few No one in the community	] ] ] ]	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 (go to question 2E.14)
2E.13	Where are public Internet access	s se	rvice	es available?
	Local school Library Community center Training center Internet café Other (specify)	] ] ] ] ]	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6 (go to section 2F)
2E.14	What is the distance from this Internet access service?	co	mmı	unity to the nearest public
	Distance (in walking minutes)			
2F.	Sewage			
2F.1	What fraction of the commun system?	ity	is se	erved by a public sewage
	The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few No one in the community	] ] ] ]	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 (go to question 2F.6)
2F.2	In the last three years, the qual this community has:	ity	of th	ne public sewage system in
	Improved Worsened Remained the same	] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3

2F.3	Currently, the public sewage sy	sten	n is:	
	Very good Good Average Poor Very poor	] [ [ [	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5
2F.4	What are the two main problem in this community?	ns v	with	the public sewage system
	(a)			_
	(b)			_
2F.5	Do the streets of this community to handle excess water and prev			
	Yes No	] [	]	1 2
2F.6	What other sewage and waste community?	e w	ater	systems are used in this
	a. Latrine	[	<u>Ye:</u> ]	<u>No</u> 1 [ ] 2
	b. Septic tanks c. River or sea d. Other (specify)	[ [	]	1 [ ] 2 1 [ ] 2 1 [ ] 2 1 [ ] 2
2 <i>G</i> .		[ [	]	1 [ ] 2 1 [ ] 2 1 [ ] 2
<b>2</b> <i>G</i> . 2G.1				
	Garbage Collection  What fraction of the community	y is [	serv	red by a garbage collection
	Garbage Collection  What fraction of the community service?  The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few	y is [ [ [ [	serv	red by a garbage collection  1 2 3 4 5

2G.3	In the homes that do not receive g is the main solid waste disposal me		
	Burn it [ Throw on own lot [ Throw on others' lots [ Throw into river/sea [ Bury it [ Pay to haul away [ Other (specify) [	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
2H.	Public Market		
2H.1	Does this community have a public	c ma	rket?
	Yes [No [	]	1 (go to question 2H.3) 2
2H.2	The walking distance from the cois:	mm	unity to the nearest market
	Distance (in walking minutes)		(go to section 2I)
2H.3	The market is open:		
	Every day [ Some days of the week [ One day per week [ Other (specify) [	] ] ]	1 2 3 4
2H.4	In the last three years, the quality a	ınd s	service of this market has:
	Improved [ Worsened [ Remained the same [	] ] ]	1 2 3
2H.5	How many people in the communi	ity u	se the market?
	The entire community [ Most of the community [ About half the community [ Less than half/very few [	] ]	1 2 3 4

2I.	Transportation			
2I.1	I.1 Is this community served by a public transport system?			
	Yes No	[	]	1 (go to question 2I.3)
2I.2	The walking distance to the transportation is:	ne	arest	community with public
	Distance (in walking minutes)			(go to question 2I.7)
2I.3	Public transportation is available	le:		
	Every day Some days of the week One day per week Other (specify)	[ [ [	]	1 2 3 4
2I.4	In the last three years, the transportation has:	qı	ıalit	y and service of public
	Improved Worsened Remained the same	[ [	]	1 2 3
2I.5	Public transportation is used by	:		
	The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few No one in the community	] ] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5
2I.6	What two main changes ca transportation to this communit		эе 1	made to improve public
	(a)			_
	(b)			_

2I.7	What other types of transportatuse to go to neighboring comportant ones).			
				(a) (b)
	XA7 11 ·	1		
	Walking Bicycle	1 2		
	Horse Canoe/boat	3 4		
	Car	5		
2 <i>J</i> .	Recreation			
2J.1	Does this community have spor	rts f	ields	s or recreational areas?
	Yes	[	]	1 2 (go to question 2J.3)
	No			
2J.2	In the last three years, the c recreational areas has:	onc	litioı	n of the sports fields and
	Improved	[	]	1
	Worsened Remained the same	[	] ] ]	3
2J.3	Does this community have sepa	arat	e chi	ildren's play areas?
	Yes	[	]	1 2 (go to section 2K)
	No	l	J	2 (go to section 2K)
2J.4	In the last three years, the cond has:	litic	on of	f these children's play areas
	Improved	[	]	1
	Worsened Remained the same	[	]	2 3
2K.	Security			
2K.1	Does this community have a sec	curi	ity o	r police force?
	Yes	[	]	1
	No	Į	]	2 (go to section 3)

2K.2	This service is provided by:			
	The police The community A private company	[ [ [	] ] ]	1 2 3
2K.3	This security service is provide	d to:		
	The entire community Most of the community About half the community Less than half/very few	[ [ [	] ] ]	1 2 3 4
2K.4	In the last three years, the qual	ity o	f the	e security service has:
	Improved Worsened Remained the same	] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3
3. LABO	OR MIGRATION			
3.1	Are there members of this cor work during certain periods of			
	Yes No	[ [	]	1 2 (go to question 3.6)
3.2	Do more women than men le women leave to work? Or equa			
	More women than men More men than women Equal numbers	[ [ [		1 2 3
3.3	Where do they go to work prin	naril	y?	
	To a city in this region To a city in another region To a city in another country To a rural area in this region To a rural area in another region To a rural area in another coun			[ ] 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 [ ] 4 [ ] 5 [ ] 6
3.4	What are the two principal jobs	s wo	men	leave for?
	(a)		_	
	(b)			

3.5	What are the two principal jobs	me	n lea	ave for?
	(a)		_	
	(b)		_	
3.6	Are there people from other countries community?	omr	nun	ities who come to work in
	Yes No	]	]	1 2 (go to section 4)
3.7	What are the two principal jobs	the	у со	me for?
	(a)		_	
	(b)		_	
4. EDU	CATION			
<i>4A</i> .	Preschool			
4A.1	Does this community have a pu	ıblic	pre	school?
	Yes No	]	]	1 (go to question 4A.3)
4A.2	How far from the community is	s the	e nea	rest public preschool?
	Distance (in walking minutes)			(go to section 4B)
4A.3	Is the number of preschools in the number of young children i			
	Yes No	[ [	]	1 2
4A.4	Is the number of teachers in number of children?	thes	se pi	reschools sufficient for the
	Yes No	[ [	]	1 2

4A.5	The physical condition of the preschool is:
	Very good       [ ] 1         Good       [ ] 2         Average       [ ] 3         Poor       [ ] 4         Very poor       [ ] 5
4A.6	What percentage of young children attend public preschools?
	All children [ ] 1 (go to section 4B)  Most children [ ] 2  About half of the children [ ] 3  Less than half [ ] 4  Very few/none [ ] 5
4A.7	What are the two principal reasons that young children from this community do not attend public preschool?
	(a)
	(b)
4B.	Primary School
4B.1	Does this community have a public primary school?
	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 4B.3) No [ ] 2
4B.2	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 4B.3)
4B.2	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 4B.3) No [ ] 2  How far from the community is the nearest public primary
4B.2 4B.3	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 4B.3) No [ ] 2  How far from the community is the nearest public primary school?
	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 4B.3) No [ ] 2  How far from the community is the nearest public primary school?  Distance (in walking minutes) (go to section 4C)  Is the number of primary schools in this community sufficient to
	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 4B.3) No [ ] 2  How far from the community is the nearest public primary school?  Distance (in walking minutes) (go to section 4C)  Is the number of primary schools in this community sufficient to serve the number of school-age children in the community?  Yes [ ] 1

4B.5	The physical condition of the pr	rima	ry s	chool is:
	Very good Good Average Poor Very poor	] ] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5
4B.6	What percentage of eligible sprimary schools?	scho	ol-a	ge children attend public
	All children Most children About half of the children Less than half Very few/none	] ] ] ]	] ] ]	1 (go to section 4C) 2 3 4 5
4B.7	What are the two principal rea this community do not attend p	sons	s tha	t school-age children from
	(a)		_	
	(b)		_	
4C.	Secondary School			
<i>4C</i> . 4C.1	Secondary School  Does this community have a pu	ıblic	seco	ondary school?
	Does this community have a pu			ondary school?  1 (go to question 4C.3) 2
	Does this community have a pu	[	]	1 (go to question 4C.3)
4C.1	Does this community have a purifyes No How far from the community	[ [ y is	] ] the	1 (go to question 4C.3) 2 nearest public secondary
4C.1	Does this community have a purification of the community school?	[ [ y is	] the in the	1 (go to question 4C.3) 2 nearest public secondary  (go to section 4D) nis community sufficient to
4C.1 4C.2	Yes No How far from the community school? Distance (in walking minutes) Is the number of secondary school accommodate the number of secondary school secondary	[ [ y is	] the in the	1 (go to question 4C.3) 2 nearest public secondary  (go to section 4D) nis community sufficient to -school-age students in the
4C.1 4C.2	Yes No How far from the community school? Distance (in walking minutes) Is the number of secondary school accommodate the number of secondary? Yes	[ [ ] cools cond	the in the	1 (go to question 4C.3)  nearest public secondary  (go to section 4D)  nis community sufficient to r-school-age students in the

4C.5	The physical condition of the se	econ	dary	y school is:
	Very good Good Average Poor Very poor	[ [ [ [	] ] ] ]	2 3 4
4C.6	What percentage of secondary secondary schools?	-sch	ool-	age children attend public
	All children Most children About half of the children Less than half Very few/none	] ] ]	] ] ] ]	1 (go to section 4D) 2 3 4 5
4C.7	What are the two principal children from this community school?	reas y do	ons no	that secondary-school-age at attend public secondary
	(a)		_	
	(b)		_	
4D.	Adult Education			
4D.1	Is there an adult literacy community?	can	npai	gn or program for the
	Yes	ſ	1	1
	No	[	]	2
4D.2			•	
4D.2		s for	•	s community?
4D.2 5. HEA	Are there job training programs Yes No	s for	this	s community?
	Are there job training programs Yes No	s for [ [ heal	this	s community?  1 2  problems affecting children
5. HEA	Are there job training programs Yes No LTH What are the three principal	s for [ [ heal	this	s community?  1 2  problems affecting children
5. HEA	Are there job training programs Yes No LTH What are the three principal under six years of age in this co	s for [ [ heal	this	s community?  1 2  problems affecting children

5.2	What are the two principal health problems affecting adult men in this community?
	(a)
	(b)
5.3	What are the two principal health problems affecting adult women in this community?
	(a)
	(b)
5.4	Does this community have a health clinic or hospital?
	Yes [ ] 1 (go to question 5.6) No [ ] 2
5.5	How far is the nearest public health clinic or hospital?
	Distance (in walking minutes) (go to question 5.7)
5.6	Does the health clinic or hospital regularly have sufficient:
	Sufficient       Insufficient       None         a. Basic medicines       [ ] 1
5.7	Does this community have a family planning program?
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2 (go to section 6)
5.8	Who offers the program?
	Government [ ] 1 NGO [ ] 2 Private facility [ ] 3 Other (specify) [ ] 4

### 6. Environmental Issues

6.1	Does this	community	have:

		Yes			No	<u>)</u>
a. Garbage dumping that contaminates rivers or wells	ſ	1	1	ſ	1	2
b. Garbage dumping that		,	-	L	,	_
contaminates the ocean	[	]	1	[	]	2
c. Junk yards or scrap heaps	[	]	1	[	]	2
d. Standing water or stagnant						
pools	[	]	1	[	]	2
e. Slaughterhouses that dump						
waste in public places	[	]	1	[	]	2
f. Mechanics who dump waste						
oil in soil or water	[	]	1	[	]	2
g. Polluting industries	[	]	1	[	]	2
h. Clear-cutting or forest burns	[	]	1	[	]	2
i. Mining	[	]	1	[	]	2
j. Other (specify)	[	]	1	[	]	2

6.2 Overall, the current environmental condition of the community is:

Very good	[	]	1
Good	]	]	2
Average	]	]	3
Poor	[	]	4
Very poor	]	]	5

6.3 In the last three years, the environmental conditions in the community have:

Improved	[	]	1
Worsened	[	]	2
Remained the same	[	1	3

What are the two main actions that could be taken to improve the environmental conditions in this community?

(a)	 			
` ′				

7. AGR	ICULTURE (only in rural areas)					
7.1	What are the three principal undertaken in this community?		cul	tural or	livestock	activities
	(a)		_			
	(b)		_			
	(c)		_			
7.2	Where do the inhabitants of the livestock and produce? ( <i>List importance</i> .)	nis c up	com to	munity three 7	generally venues by	sell their order of
	,		_	a	b	С
	Community market Market in neighboring areas Domestic middlemen Exporters Public institutions Cooperatives Local stores and shops Other (specify) Only self-consumption/ no outside sales	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	go t	o questio	on 7.4)	
7.3	What are the two most important this community for getting the earning a profit?					
	(a)		_			
	(b)		_			
7.4	Do the agricultural workers/pr technical assistance?	odu	cers	s in this	communi	ty receive
	Yes No	[	]	1 2 (go to	o question	7.6)

7.5	Who is the main provider of whether the institution is public of				l assistanc	ee? (Probe
7.6	Does this community have any	typ	e of	agricult	ural coope	erative?
	Yes No	] ]	]	1 2		
7.7	Does this community have any community or nearby) that agricultural producers?					
	Yes No	]	]	1 2 (go t	o question	7.9)
7.8	What are the three main persor or loans to agricultural produce					ide credit
				a	b	С
79	(1 3)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 of t	his o	commur	nity receive	e loans or
7.9	Do the agricultural producers credits from individuals or inst	itut	ions	in other	nty receive r cities or r	e loans or egions?
	Yes No	[	]	2		
7.10	What percentage of the agriculuse loans or credits to support				s in this co	mmunity

7.11	What are the two principal producers of this community credits?							
	(a)		_					
	(b)							
	(b)		_					
7.12	In the last three years, the harv	ests	/yiel	ds ha	ve:			
	Increased	[	]	1				
	Decreased	[	]	2				
	Remained the same	[	]	3				
7.13	In the last three years, the sale in this community have:	es of	agr	icultu	ral/live	estoc	ck product	s
	Increased	ſ	1	1				
	Decreased	j	]	2				
	Remained the same	[	j	3				
8. Сом	MUNITY SUPPORT							
8.1	Which of the following organiz	zatio	ns e	xist ir	n this c	omn	nunity?	
			<u>Y</u> 6	<u>es</u>		1	<u>No</u>	
	a. Community development committee	[	]	1	]	]	2	
	b. Cooperative (fishing,	L	]	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	L	J	۷	
	agriculture, crafts)	ſ	1	1	ſ	1	2	
	c. Parent-teacher association	Ì	í	1	j	í	2	
	d. Health committee	Ì	ĺ	1	ĺ	í	2	
	e. Youth group	ĺ	j	1	Ĩ	j	2	
	f. Sports group	[	]	1	]	]	2	
	g. Cultural group	[	]	1	[	]	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	h. Civic group	[	]	1	[	]	2	
	i. Other (specify)	[	]	1	[	]	2	

8.2 Which persons or organizations help or support these community-based organizations?

		Y	es_		N	<u>o</u>
a. Local government	[	]	1	[	]	2
b. National government	[	]	1	[	]	2
c. Politicians	[	]	1	[	]	2
d. Religious organizations	[	]	1	[	]	2
e. School/teachers	[	]	1	[	]	2
f. Nongovernmental						
organizations	[	]	1	[	]	2
g. Business group	[	]	1	[	]	2
h. Service club	[	]	1	[	]	2
i. Prosperous citizens	[	]	1	[	]	2
j. The community as a whole	[	1	1	ſ	1	2

8.3 What buildings do people in this community regularly use for meetings and gatherings?

<u>Yes</u> <u>No</u>
[ ] 1 [ ] 2
[ ] 1 [ ] 2
eaders [ ] 1 [ ] 2
al leaders [ ] 1 [ ] 2
us
[ ] 1 [ ] 2
l []1 []2
ngs [ ] 1 [ ] 2
al
[ ] 1 [ ] 2
[ ] 1 [ ] 2
al leaders [ ] 1 [ ] : us [ ] 1 [ ] : l [ ] 1 [ ] : ngs [ ] 1 [ ] :

8.4	Which members of the communissues facing the community?	ity	par	ticipate most in solving the
	(a) By gender Men Women Men and women equally Neither participate	] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3 4
	Adults Older persons Youth, adults, and elders equally	] ] ] ]	]	1 2 3 4 5
	(c) By employment status Workers Unemployed or nonworkers Workers and nonworkers equally Neither participate		]	1 2 3 4
8.5	In the last three years, has the c need or problem?	om	mu	nity organized to address a
	Yes No	[ [	]	1 2 (go to question 8.8)
8.6	Around what issue(s) did the co	mn	nuni	ity organize?
	(a)		_	
	(b)		_	
8.7	Was/were the initiative(s) succes	ssfu	1?	
	a. Initiative #1 [ b. Initiative #2 [	]	<u>Yes</u>	No Ongoing 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3
8.8	What are the two main prob members feel must be addressed			
	(a)		_	
	(b)			

8.9	Are there any specific assistance programs to this community?							
	Yes No	] [	]	1 2 (g	o to que	stio	n 8.11)	
8.10	What are the two main progrethem?	ams	ano	d the	instituti	ons	that support	
	(a) Program/institution							
	(b) Program/institution						<del></del>	
8.11	Do any of the following prob who is the most affected or ethnic group, etc.)?							
			Yes	<u> </u>	<u>No</u>		Most affected group	
	a. Burglaries b. Robberies c. Assaults d. Gangs e. Vandalism f. Violent disputes g. Alcohol abuse h. Substance (drug) abuse i. Teen pregnancy j. Domestic violence k. Child abuse l. Prostitution m.Other problems (specify)	]		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2		

# Annex 1C Household Questionnaire

Lengt	h of interview	
_	initiated: terminated:	
1. Ide	NTIFICATION OF SELE	ECTED HOUSEHOLD:
1.1.	Province/state	
1.2.	District	
1.3.	Subdistrict	
1.4.	Town/village	
1.5	Type of area:	Urban [ ] Rural nonindigenous [ ] Indigenous [ ] Difficult access [ ]
1.6	Location:	UnitNumber
1.7	Address of selected	d household: Community Street House number Other details
Interv	iewer:	Supervisor:
2. Ho	USING CHARACTERIS	TICS AND HOUSEHOLD ROSTER
2.1	Type of house (obs	ervation only)
	Individual house Open roof and pat Apartment Room within a lar Other (specify)	[ ] 3

2.2	What construction material is walls of the house or building?		for	the majority of the exterior
	Cinderblock/brick/stone/ concrete/cement Fiberglass Wood Adobe/wattle and daub Cane/straw/sticks No walls Other (specify)	[ [ [ [ [	] ] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
2.3	What is the construction mater	ial of	mo	st of the roof of this house?
	Concrete/cement Tiles Metal (zinc, aluminum, etc.) Wood Straw or thatch Other (specify)	[ [ [ [ [	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6
2.4	What is the construction ma house?	terial	of	most of the floor of this
	Concrete/cement Tiles, brick, granite Wood Vinyl Earth, sand Cane Other (specify)	[ [ [ [ [	] ] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
2.5	How many rooms are used by	this h	ous	sehold for sleeping only?
2.6	What type of sanitary services  Connected to sewage system  Connected to septic tank  Latrine  None  Other (specify)	[ [	this	household use?  1 2 3 4 5

2.7	What is the primary source of w	ater	for	this household?			
	Piped water system Private well Public well Open tap or faucet River or stream Other (specify)	[ [ [ [	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6			
2.8	How does this household dispos	se o	f mo	st of its garbage?			
	Public garbage service Private garbage service Throw in vacant lots Throw in river, stream, ocean Burn and/or bury Other (specify)	] ] ] ] ]	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6			
2.9	What type of lighting does this l	household use?					
	Electricity (public source) Electricity (private source) Electricity (combination public and private) Only kerosene, gas, candles Other (specify)	] ] ] ]	]	1 2 3 4 5			
2.10	This home is  Owned and completely paid for Owned with a mortgage Rented Given in exchange for services Squatter	[ [ [ [	] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5			
	Other (specify)	[	]	6			

**NOTE:** • List all the people in the household first and then ask questions 2.12 to 2.20.

•	The household is defined as all the	e people usually living together in this dwelling and sharing expenses.
---	-------------------------------------	---

	all individuals in	is ""s			marital status?	2.16 Is ""s	2.17 Occupation	2.18 Currently employed?	2.19 Completed education level?	2.20 How long have you lived in
	household	relationship to		"		spouse currently a				this community?
		household head?				member of the household?				
N u						T.0				
m b	(List household head first, use first	`	Male1 Female .2		Common-law2	If yes, use number of	(Use code box)	Yes1 No2	(Use code box)	
e r	names only)				Divorced $3\rightarrow 2.17$ Widow(er) $4\rightarrow 2.17$					
					Never married $.5 \rightarrow 2.17$					
	Name	Code		Years			Code			Years
01										
02										
03										
04										
05										
06										
07										
08										
09										
10										

Code box for Question 2.12				
Head01	Grandchild	Cousin 15		
Wife/husband02	Grandparent 09	Other relative16		
Son/daughter03	Father-in-law/mother-in-law 10	Children from another family 17		
Father/mother04	Son-in-law/daughter-in-law. 11	Other relative		
Sister/brother05	Sister-in-law/brother-in-law 12	Renter		
Stepson/stepdaughter 06	Nephew/niece13	Other non-relative20		
Stepfather/stepmother . 07	Uncle/aunt14			

Code box for Question 2.17		
Farmer 1	Private sector:	
Fisherman2	Unskilled6	
Trade3	Skilled7	
Manufacturing:	Public sector:	
Artisan4	Unskilled8	
Industrial 5	Skilled9	
	Other10	

Code box for		
Question 2.19		
Illiterate, no schooling1		
Literate, no schooling2		
Primary incomplete3		
Primary complete4		
Secondary incomplete5		
Secondary complete6		
Vocational college7		
University8		
Other9		

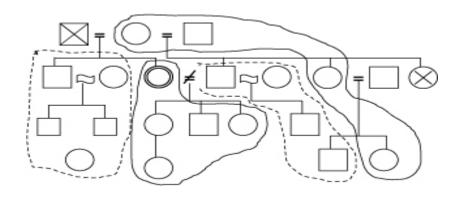
### 3. GENOGRAM

(Using symbols below, record here family composition, household composition, organizational affiliation, and level of involvement. An example is on the next page.)

# Genogram symbols □ = male □ = male informant □ = deceased male □ = female □ = female informant ○ = deceased female = elegal marriage b.19 date of birth common-law marriage ≠ = divorced d.19 date of death dissolution of union Composition of households living in the same community as the informant's household Composition of households living in a community

different from that of the informant.

# **Example**



This example represents the situation of a divorced woman whose household includes her three children and granddaughter. In a household within the same community live her mother (a remarried widow); her stepfather; her half-sister, currently separated from her husband; and her niece. Another half-sister died some time ago. The respondent's former husband resides in another community. His household consists of his common-law wife, their son, and the respondent's nephew. The respondent's brother lives in common-law union with two sons and a child, a girl, who is not a blood relation.

#### 4. STRUCTURAL SOCIAL CAPITAL

Now I would like to ask you some questions about how you feel a	bou
this village/neighborhood, and how you take part in the commu	ınity
activities. By community, I mean [insert conse	nsus
definition from community profile].	

## 4A. Organizational Density and Characteristics

- 4A.1 Are you or is someone in your household a member of any groups, organizations, or associations? (*Probe: Who in the household belongs to which group? Are there any other groups or informal associations that you or someone in your household belongs to? Code below and record on genogram. If the household is not a member in any group, go to section 4B.*)
- 4A.2 Do you consider yourself/household member to be active in the group, such as by attending meetings or volunteering your time in other ways, or are you relatively inactive? Are you/household member a leader in the group?

Household Member			Type of organization	Degree of participation
(use roster code)			(use codes below)	(use code below)
		Type of organ	nization	
Farmers'/fisherm	en's group	1	NGO	10
Cooperative	9 1	2	Religious group	11
Traders' associati	ion/		Cultural association	n 12
business group		3	Political group	13
Professional asso	ciation	4	Youth group	14
Trade union	5		Women's group	15
Credit/finance gr	oup	6	Parent group	16
Water/waste grou	ıp _	7	School committee	17
Neighborhood/vi	llage		Health committee	18
association		8	Sports group	19
Civic group		9	Other	20

	Degree of par	rticipa	ıti	on			
	Leader Very active Somewhat active Not active			1 2 3 4			
4A.3	Which of these groups is the m (List up to three by name and cod					usehold?	
	Group 1:		[	]			
	Group 2:		[	]			
	Group 3:		[	]			
Now I'	m going to ask you some questions	about i	the	member	s of these g	groups.	
4A.4	Overall, are the same people groups or is there little overlap					e differe	nt
	Little overlap Some overlap Much overlap	[ [ [	] ] ]	1 2 3			
			_		Group		_
4A.5		the Yes 1 No 2		1	2	3	
4A.6		me Yes 1 No 2					
4A.7		me Yes 1 No 2					

			Group	
4A.8	Are members mostly of the same political viewpoint or do they belong to the same political party?  Yes 1  No 2	1	2	3
4A.9	Do members mostly have the same occupation?  Yes 1  No 2			
4A.10	Are members mostly from the same age group?  Yes 1  No 2			
4A.11	Do members mostly have the same level of education?  Yes 1  No 2			

4A.12 How does the group usually make decisions?

	Group	
1	2	3

The leader decides and informs the other group members. 1
The leader asks group members what they think and then decides. 2
The group members hold a discussion and decide together. 3
Other (specify) 4

4A.13 Overall, how effective is the group's leadership?

		Group				
		1	2	3		
Very effective	1					
Somewhat effective	2					
Not effective at all	3					

4A.14 Do you think that by belonging to this group you have acquired new skills or learned something valuable?

		Group					
	_	1	3				
Yes No	1						
No	2						

4B. Networks and Mutual Support Organizations

Now I am going to ask you some questions about how the community functions and deals with problems.

4B.1 If the primary school of this village/neighborhood went without a teacher for a long time, say six months or more, which people in this village/neighborhood do you think would get together to take some action about it?

	<u>Yes</u>			<u>No</u>		
No one in the village/						
neighborhood would						
get together	[	]	1	[	]	2
(if yes, go to question 4B.3)						
Local/municipal government	[	]	1	[	]	2
Village/neighborhood						
association	[	]	1	[	]	2
Parents of school children	[	]	1	[	]	2
The entire village/						
neighborhood	[	]	1	[	]	2
Other (specify)	[	]	1	[	]	2

4B.2 Who would take the initiative (act as leader)?

4B.3 If there were a problem that affected the entire village/neighborhood, for instance (RURAL: "crop disease"; URBAN: "violence"), who do you think would work together to deal with the situation?

	<u>Yes</u>			<u>No</u>		
Each person/household would						
deal with the problem						
individually	[	]	1	[	]	2
(if yes, go to section 4C)						
Neighbors among themselves	[	]	1	[	]	2
Local government/municipal						
political leaders	[	]	1	[	]	2
All community leaders						
acting together	[	]	1	[	]	2
The entire village/						
neighborhood	[	]	1	[	]	2
Other (specify)	[	]	1	[	]	2

4B.4 Who would take the initiative (act as leader)?

## 4C. Exclusion

4C.1 Differences often exist between people living in the same village/neighborhood. To what extent do differences such as the following tend to divide people in your village/neighborhood?

	following tend to divide people in your village/neighborhood?									l?
	<u> </u>	Not at all				new	<u>hat</u>		Ver	
	a. Differences in education b. Differences in wealth/	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
	material possessions c. Differences in landholdings d. Differences in social status	[ [	] ] ]	1 1 1	] [ ]	] ] ]	2 2 2	[ [	]	3 3 3
	e. Differences between men and women	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
	<ul><li>f. Differences between younge and older generations</li><li>g. Difference between long- time inhabitants and</li></ul>	er [	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
	new settlers h. Difference in political party	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
	affiliations i. Differences in religious	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
	beliefs j. Differences in ethnic	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
	background k. Other differences (specify)	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
4C.2	Do these differences cause pro	ble	ms?							
	Yes No	] [	]	1 2 (g	go to	que	estion	n 40	2.5)	
4C.3	How are these problems usual	lly l	nanc	dled?	•					
	a. People work it out		<u>Ye</u>	<u>:s</u>	<u>No</u>					
	between themselves b. Family/household	[	]	1	[	]	2			
	members intervene c. Neighbors intervene d. Community leaders	[	]	1 1	[	]	2			
	mediate e. Religious leaders mediate f. Judicial leaders mediate	[ [ ]	] ] ]	1 1 1	] ] [	]	2 2 2			

4C.4	Do such problems ever lead	to vi	olen	ice?
	Yes No		]	

4C.5 Are there any services where you or members of your household are occasionally denied service or have only limited opportunity to use?

		Υe	<u>'S</u>		N	<u> 10</u>
a. Education/schools	[	]	1	[	]	2
b. Health services/clinics	[	]	1	[	]	2
c. Housing assistance	[	]	1	[	]	2
d. Job training/employment	[	]	1	[	]	2
e. Credit/finance	[	]	1	[	]	2
f. Transportation	[	]	1	[	]	2
g. Water distribution	[	]	1	[	]	2
h. Sanitation services	[	]	1	[	]	2
i. Agricultural extension	[	]	1	[	]	2
j. Justice/conflict resolution	[	]	1	[	]	2
k. Security/police services	[	]	1	[	]	2

4C.6 Do you think that there are other households in this community that have such access problems?

# 4C.7 If yes, what percentage of households is excluded?

		Others _	▶ Percentage
		excluded?	excluded?
			<25%=1
			25-50%=2
			51-75%=3
		Yes = 1	76-99%=4
		No = 2	100%=5
a.	Education/schools		[ ]
b.	Health services/clinics		[ ]
c.	Housing assistance		[ ]
d.	Job training/employment		[ ]
e.	Credit/finance		[ ]
f.	Transportation		[ ]
g.	Water distribution		[ ]
h.	Sanitation services		[ ]
i.	Agricultural extension		[ ]
j.	Justice/conflict resolution		[ ]
k.	Security/policy services		[ ]
		_	_

4C.8 What are the reasons or criteria why some people are excluded from these services?

		Yε	<u>es</u>		<u>N</u>	<u>lo</u>
a. Income level	[	]	1	[	]	2
b. Occupation	[	]	1	[	]	2
c. Social status (class, caste)	[	]	1	[	]	2
d. Age	[	]	1	[	]	2
e. Gender	[	]	1	[	]	2
f. Race/ethnicity	[	]	1	[	]	2
g. Language	[	]	1	[	]	2
h. Religious beliefs	[	]	1	[	]	2
i. Political affiliation	[	]	1	[	]	2
j. Lack of education	[	]	1	[	]	2

4D.	Previous Collective Action							
4D.1	In the past year, how village/neighborhood gotter government officials or political as their goal?	n to	ogetl					
	Never Once A couple of times Frequently	] ] ] ]	] ] ]	1 (go to question 4D.3) 2 3 4				
4D.2	Was this action/were any of these actions successful?							
	Yes, all were successful Some were successful and	[	]	1				
	others not No, none were successful	]	]	2 3				
4D.3	How often in the past year have you joined together with others in the village/neighborhood to address a common issue?							
	Never Once A couple of times Frequently	] ] ] ]	] ] ]	1 2 3 4				

4D.4 In the last three years have you personally done any of the following things:

		Voc			N	<u>lo</u>
a. Voted in the elections	[	Yes ]	1	[	]	2
b. Actively participated in an association	[	]	1	[	]	2
c. Made a personal contact		_				_
with an influential person d. Made the media interested	Į	]	1	L	]	2
in a problem	[	]	1	[	]	2
e. Actively participated in						
an information campaign	[	]	1	[	]	2
f. Actively participated in an election campaign	[	1	1	ſ	]	2
g. Taken part in a protest	_			_		
march or demonstration	[	]	1	[	]	2
h. Contacted your elected representative	ſ	]	1	ſ	]	2
i. Taken part in a sit-in	L	,		·	,	
or disruption of						
government meetings/ offices	[	1	1	ſ	1	2
j. Talked with other people	L	1	-	L	1	_
in your area about						_
a problem k. Notified the court or police	Į	]	1	L	]	2
about a problem	[	]	1	I	]	2
l. Made a monetary or						
in-kind donation	[	]	1	[	]	2
m. Volunteered for a charitable organization	ſ	1	1	ſ	1	2
U	•	•			-	

4D.5	Have you been approached by someone personally during the last three years who asked you to do any of the following:						
			<u>Ye</u>	_		No	_
	<ul><li>a. Vote in the elections</li><li>b. Actively participate in</li></ul>	[	]	1	[	]	2
	an association	[	]	1	[	]	2
	c. Make a personal contact with an influential person	[	1	1	ſ	]	2
	d. Make the media interested					,	
	in a problem e. Actively participate in an	L	]	1	Į	]	2
	information campaign	[	]	1	[	]	2
	f. Actively participate in an election campaign	ſ	1	1	ſ	]	2
	g. Take part in a protest						
	march or demonstration h. Contact your elected	Į	]	1	[	]	2
	representative	[	]	1	[	]	2
	<ul><li>i. Take part in a sit-in or disruption of government</li></ul>						
	meetings/offices	[	]	1	[	]	2
	<ul><li>j. Talk with other people in your area about a</li></ul>						
	problem	[	]	1	[	]	2
	k. Notify the court or police	г	1	1	r	,	2
	about a problem  l. Make a monetary or	l	]	1	L	J	2
	in-kind donation	[	]	1	[	]	2
	m. Volunteer for a charitable organization	[	1	1	Г	1	2
	organization	L	1	•	L	1	_
4D.6	If some decision related to a made in this village/neighb village/neighborhood would the community leaders make	orh be	ood calle	l, do ed up	yo oon	u to	hink the entire lecide or would
	The community leaders would The whole village/neighborho				e cal	led	[ ] 1 [ ] 2
4D.7	Overall, how would you rat village/neighborhood?	e tl	ne s	pirit	of 1	part	icipation in this
	Very low	[	]	1			
	Low	[	]	2			
	Average High	[ [	J ]	2 3 4			
	Very high	[	j	5			

4D.8 How much influence do you think people like yourself can have in making this village/neighborhood a better place to live?

A lot	[	]	1
Some	[	]	2
Not very much	[	]	3
None	ſ	1	4

## 5. COGNITIVE SOCIAL CAPITAL

## 5A. Solidarity

5A.1 Suppose someone in the village/neighborhood had something unfortunate happen to them, such as a father's sudden death. Who do you think they could turn to for help in this situation? (Record first three mentioned.)

	a	b	С	
No one would help			1	
Family			2	
Neighbors			3	
Friends			4	
Religious leader or group			5	
Community leader			6	
Business leader			7	
Police			8	
Family court judge			9	
Patron/employer/benefactor			10	
Political leader			11	
Mutual support group to which s/he	belongs		12	
Assistance organization to which s/ho	e does not	belong	13	
Other (specify)		O	14	

5A.2	Suppo	se your	neighb	or suffered	d an economi	c loss, sa	y (RU	RAL:
	"crop	failure";	URBA]	N "job los	s"). In that sit	tuation, v	vho d	o you
	think	would	assist	him/her	financially?	(Record	first	three
	mentio	ned.)						

	a	b	с
No one would help			1
Family			2
Neighbors			3
Friends			4
Religious leader or group			5
Community leader			6
Business leader			7
Police			8
Family court judge			9
Patron/employer/benefactor			10
Political leader			11
Mutual support group to which s/he	belongs		12
Assistance organization to which s/ho	e does not	belong	13
Other (specify)		O	14

# 5B. Trust and Cooperation

5B.1	Do you think that in this village/neighborhood people generally
	trust one another in matters of lending and borrowing?

Do trust	[	]	1
Do not trust	[		2

5B.2 Do you think over the last few years this level of trust has gotten better, gotten worse, or stayed about the same?

Better	[	]	1
The same	[	]	2
Worse	[	1	3

5B.3 Compared with other villages/neighborhoods, how much do people of this village/neighborhood trust each other in matters of lending and borrowing?

Less than other villages/neighborhoods	[	]	1
The same as other villages/neighborhoods	[	]	2
More than other villages/neighborhoods	ſ	1	3

5B.4 Suppose someone from the village/neighborhood had to go away for a while, along with their family. In whose charge could they leave (RURAL: "their fields"; URBAN: "their house")? (Record first three mentioned.)

	a	b	С
Other family member			1
Neighbor			2
Anyone from the village/neighborho	od for this	purpose	3
Other (specify)			4
No one			5

5B.5 Suppose a friend of yours in this village/neighborhood faced the following alternatives, which one would s/he prefer most?

#### RURAL:

Own and farm 10 hectares of land entirely by themselves	1
Own and farm 25 hectares of land jointly with	
one other person	2

### URBAN:

Own a patio 10 m <sup>2</sup> alone	1
Own a patio 25 m <sup>2</sup> that is shared with one other family	2

5B.6 If you suddenly had to go away for a day or two, whom could you count on to take care of your children? (*Record first three mentioned*.)

	и	U	C
Other family member			1
Neighbor			2
Anyone from the village/neighborhood	od for this	purpose	3
Other (specify)			4
Don't have children			5

5B./	welfare of their own families with village/neighborhood we	an	d th		
	Strongly agree Agree Disagree Strongly disagree	] ] ] [	] ] ]	1 2 3 4	
5B.8	If a community project does n has benefits for others in the think your neighbor would co	vil	lage	e/neighborhood, then do	
	Will not contribute time Will contribute time	] [	]	1 2	
5B.9	If a community project does n has benefits for others in the think your neighbor would co	vil	lage	e/neighborhood, then do	
	Will not contribute money Will contribute money	[ [	]	1 2	

5B.10 Please tell me whether in general you agree or disagree with the following statements:

		ong gre		<u> </u>	Agre	<u>ee</u>	Dis	sagı	ree_	Stro dis	•	
a. Most people in												
this village/												
neighborhood												
are basically												
honest and	г	1	1	г	1	2	г	1	3	г	1	1
can be trusted.	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
b.People are always interested only in												
their own welfare.	г	1	1	[	]	2	Г	1	3	г	1	4
c. Members of this	Į	J	1	L	J	_	[	]	3	Ĺ	]	4
village/neighbor-												
hood are more												
trustworthy than												
others.	ſ	1	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
d. In this village/	Ľ	,	_	Ľ	,		L	,		L	,	
neighborhood, one												
has to be alert or												
someone is likely												
to take advantage												
of you.	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
e. If I have a problem,	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
there is always												
someone to help me.	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
f. I do not pay attention	ı											
to the opinions of oth	ers											
in the village/												
neighborhood.	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
g.Most people in this												
village/neighborhood	l											
are willing to help	_	_		_			_		_	_	_	
if you need it.	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
h.This village/neigh-												
borhood has												
prospered in the		,	4		,	_	r	,	_		,	
last five years.	Į	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
i. I feel accepted as												
a member of this												
village/	Г	1	1	Г	1	2	г	1	2	r	1	1
neighborhood.	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4

	j. RURAL: If you lose a pig or a goat, someone in the village would help look for it or would return it to you. URBAN: If you drop your purse or wallet in the neighborhood, someone will see it and return it to you. [ ]	1	[	]	2	[ ]	3	3	]	]	4
5C.	Conflict Resolution										
5C.1	In your opinion, is this village conflictive?	/nei	ghb	orho	od g	ene	eral	ly p	ea	cef	ul or
	Peaceful Conflictive	] [	]	1 2							
5C.2	Compared with other village less conflict in this village/neig				ood	s, i	s tl	her	e r	noı	re or
	More The same Less	[ [ ]	]	1 2 3							
5C.3	Do people in this village/r money toward common devel					ontr	ibu	ıte	tir	ne	and
	They contribute some or a lot. They contribute very little or		]	1							
5C.4	nothing.  Compared with other village people of this village/neighbotoward common development	orho	ood								
	They contribute less than othe neighborhoods. They contribute about the same		Ü	es/	[	]	1				
	other villages/neighborhoods They contribute more than oth	6.			[	]	2				
	villages/neighborhoods.				L	]	3				

5C.5	Are the relationships among generally harmonious or disa			
	Harmonious Disagreeable	]	]	1 2
5C.6	Compared with other relationships among people harmonious, the same, villages/neighborhoods?	in	ages this less	village/neighborhood more
	More harmonious The same Less harmonious	] ] ]	]	1 2 3
5C.7	Suppose two people in this serious dispute with each primarily help resolve the dis	oth	er.	
	No one; people work it out between themselves Family/household members Neighbors Community leaders Religious leaders Judicial leaders Other (specify)	] ] ] ]	] ] ] ] ]	1 2 3 4 5 6 7

## Annex 1D Organizational Profile Interview Guides

The overall objective of the institutional profile is to delineate the relationships and networks that exist among formal and informal institutions operating in the community, as a measure of structural social capital. Specifically, the profile assesses the organizations' origins and development (historical and community context, longevity, and sustainability); quality of membership (reasons people join, degree of inclusiveness of the organization); institutional capacity (quality of leadership, participation, organizational culture, and organizational capacity); and institutional linkages.

Between three and six institutions per community should be profiled. The organizations need to be identified through the community interviews and/or household survey as key organizations or those having the most impact or influence on community development.

For each organizational profiled, interviews need to be carried out with its leadership, members, and nonmembers. Individual interviews need to be conducted with up to three leaders per organization. The interviews should preferably be face-to-face, but a self-administered written questionnaire may be substituted. Focus group interviews should be carried out with members and nonmembers, with each group ideally having between 5 and 12 participants Depending on the size and diversity of the group's membership, anywhere from one to four focus groups should be conducted. Of the nonmembers, effort should be made to conduct two focus groups, one for nonmembers who want to be members and one for nonmembers with no interest in becoming a member.

Each focus group should have a moderator and two observers. The moderator's role is to facilitate the discussion, probe on key issues, elicit comments from all participants, and focus the discussion on the issues of interest without seeming to interrupt or ignore extraneous comments from participants. The observers' role is to take notes on the content of the discussion and process of group dynamics. Upon completion of the focus group interview, the moderator and observers should conduct a follow-up debriefing to refine the interview notes and discuss preliminary findings.

#### 1. Organizational Identity

1.1	Name of organization
1.2	Type of organization
1.3	Membership
1.4	Location (district, village, neighborhood)
1.5	Names of leaders

#### 2. LEADERSHIP INTERVIEW GUIDE

## 2A. Origins and Development

- 2A.1 How was your organization created? Who was most responsible for its creation (e.g., government mandate, community decision, suggestion of outside NGO)?
- 2A.2 What kinds of activities has the organization been involved in?
- 2A.3 In what ways has the organization changed its structures and purpose? What is the main purpose of your organization today?
- 2A.4 As the organization developed, what sort of help has it received from outside? Has it received advice and/or funding or other support from the government? What about from nongovernment sources? How did you get this support? Who initiated it? How was the support given? What benefits and limitations has the organization derived from this support?

### 2B. Membership

- 2B.1 Can you tell us about the people involved in your organization? How do they become involved? Are all people in the community involved? If not, why are some members of the community not involved?
- 2B.2 Why do people join or are willing to serve (as officers/leaders/board members) in the organization? Is it hard to convince people to continue being active in the organization? What kinds of requests/demands do they make on the leadership and organization?
- 2B.3 Are active members in this organization also members of other organizations in the community/region? Do people tend to be members of just one organization or join many simultaneously? Can you explain why?

## 2C. Institutional Capacity

- 2C.1 How would you characterize the quality of *leadership* of this organization, in terms of...
  - ...stability?
  - ...number of leaders/availability?
  - ...diversity/heterogeneity of leadership?
  - ...quality and skills of leaders?
  - ...relationship of leaders to staff and to the community?
- 2C.2 How would you characterize the quality of *participation* in this organization, in terms of...
  - ...attendance at meetings, both internal to the organization and externally with other organizations?
  - ...participation in decisionmaking within the organization?
  - ...dissemination of relevant information prior to the decision?
  - ...informal opportunities to discuss the decision?
  - ...consultation processes with base organizations or with the community?
  - ...broad debate, including opposition positions, and honesty?
  - ...dissemination of the results of the decisionmaking process?
  - ...the number of women, young people, poor people who work in the organization and who occupy positions of responsibility in the organization?
  - ...whether any groups within the community feel excluded from the organization? What groups are they?
  - ...the level of participation of more prosperous families (elites) in the organization?
  - ...whether elites are sympathetic, supportive, interfering, adversarial, or negative influences?

- 2C.3 How would you characterize the *organizational culture* of this organization, in terms of...
  - ...the existence and level of knowledge of the procedures and policies?
  - ...whether the procedures and policies are carried out? Whether there are problems with nonattendance at meetings, theft of property or supplies?
  - ...conflict resolution mechanisms, both within the community and within the organization?
  - ...the nature of conflicts between the organization and community members?
- 2C.4 How would you characterize the *organizational capacity* of this organization, in terms of...
  - ...carrying out specialized activities (e.g., credit, commercialization)?
  - ...supervising and contracting consultants?
  - ...preparing financial reports for banks, donors, and government?
  - ...reacting to changing circumstances (e.g., price fluctuations, change in government)?
  - ...developing specific plans for the future (instead of reacting to opportunities as they present themselves)?
  - ...reflecting on and learning from previous experiences?

### 2D. Institutional Linkages

- 2D.1 How would you characterize your organization's relationship with other community organizations? When do you feel the need to establish collaboration/links with them?
- 2D.2 Do you have links with organizations outside the village/neighborhood? With which ones? What is the nature of those links?

- 2D.3 Do you feel sufficiently informed about other organizations' programs and activities? What are your sources of information?
- 2D.4 Have you attempted to organize or work with other organizations to achieve a mutually beneficial goal? (*Ask for which activities*.) Is this a common strategy among organizations in this village/neighborhood? (*Probe as to reasons why or why not*.)
- 2D.5 Could you describe your relationship with the government? Have you had experience in trying to get government assistance? What was your experience? Which level of government do you find most cooperative (local, district, national)? Has the government made particular requests of your organization?
- 2D.6 Is your organization linked to any government program? Which government program(s) is your organization involved with? Why those particular programs? What sort of role does your organization play in the program? Are there certain characteristics of these programs that make it easier for your organization to work with the programs?
- 2D.7 Do you feel sufficiently informed about government programs and activities? What are your sources of information?
- 2D.8 Have you attempted to give inputs to the government? What were the circumstances? What have been the results? What kinds of challenges did you have to deal with? (*Probe for any role in planning, operation, and maintenance of government-sponsored services.*)
- 2D.9 Has your organization been invited to participate in any of the various government development planning processes? What do you think about these planning mechanisms?
- 2D.10 In general, how do you assess your organization's actual influence on government decisionmaking at the district level?

#### 3. Members Interview Guide

### 3A. Organizational History and Structure

- 3A.1 How did this group start?
- 3A.2 Who have been the leaders of this group? Who are the leaders now? How and why did the leadership change over time? What are the qualities of leadership?

- 3A.3 Why did you decide to join this group? What kinds of benefits do you get by being a member of this group?
- 3A.4 How are the leaders of this organization selected? How are decisions made? To what extent do you feel the organization represents your concerns to the outside world and to the government?
- 3A.5 Why are some people not members of this organization?
- 3A.6 How do you feel this organization complements, replaces, or competes with government institutions' activities in the community?
- 3A.7 How do you feel this organization complements, replaces, or competes with nongovernmental institutions' activities in the community?
- 3A.8 What would you do to make this organization more effective?
- 3B. Institutional Capacity
- 3B.1 How would you characterize the quality of *leadership* of this organization, in terms of...
  - ...stability?
  - ...number of leaders/availability?
  - ...diversity/heterogeneity of leadership?
  - ...quality and skills of leaders?
  - ...relationship of leaders to staff and to the community?

- 3B.2 How would you characterize the quality of *participation* in this organization, in terms of...
  - ...attendance at meetings, both internal to the organization and externally with other organizations?
  - ...participation in decisionmaking within the organization?
  - ...dissemination of relevant information prior to the decision?
  - ...informal opportunities to discuss the decision?
  - ...consultation processes with base organizations or with the community?
  - ...broad debate, including opposition positions, and honesty?
  - ...dissemination of the results of the decisionmaking process?
  - ...the number of women, young people, poor people who work in the organization and who occupy positions of responsibility in the organization?
  - ...whether any groups within the community feel excluded from the organization? What groups are they?
  - ...the level of participation of more prosperous families (elites) in the organization?
  - ...whether elites are sympathetic, supportive, interfering, adversarial, or negative influences?
- 3B.3 How would you characterize the *organizational culture* of this organization, in terms of...
  - ...the existence and level of knowledge of procedures and policies?
  - ...whether the procedures and policies are carried out? Whether there are problems with nonattendance at meetings, theft of property or supplies?
  - ...conflict resolution mechanisms, both within the community and within the organization?
  - ...the nature of conflicts between the organization and community members?

- 3B.4 How would you characterize the *organizational capacity* of this organization, in terms of...
  - ...carrying out specialized activities (e.g., credit, commercialization)?
  - ...supervising and contracting consultants?
  - ...preparing financial reports for banks, donors, and government?
  - ...reacting to changing circumstances (e.g., price fluctuations, change in government)?
  - ...developing specific plans for the future (instead of reacting to opportunities as they present themselves)?
  - ...reflecting on and learning from previous experiences?

#### 4. Nonmembers Interview Guide

### 4A. Group #1: Nonmembers who want to be members

- 4A.1 In your opinion, do the benefits of this particular organization spread beyond its members?
- 4A.2 Why are some people not members of this organization? Why are you not a member of this organization?
- 4A.3 How far do you think this organization complements or competes with other community organizations?
- 4A.4 What is your view about how the organization deals with government? (For example, does kinship or party affiliation play a role in determining the relationship?)
- 4A.5 What is your view about how the organization deals with other organizations that work in the village/neighborhood?

#### 4B. Group #2: Nonmembers who do not want to be members

- 4B.1 In your opinion, do the benefits of this particular organization spread beyond its members?
- 4B.2 Why are some people not members of this organization? Why are you not a member of this organization?
- 4B.3 How far do you think this organization complements or competes with other community organizations?

- 4B.4 What is your view about how the organization deals with government? (For example, does kinship or party affiliation play a role in determining the relationship?)
- 4B.5 What is your view about how the organization deals with other organizations that work in the village/neighborhood?

# Annex 1E Organizational Profile Scoresheet

1. LEAI	DERSHIP							
1A.	Rotation							
1A.1	Does the organization's leaders	ship	ch	ange 1	regulai	ly?		
	Yes No	[ [	]	1 2				
1A.2	Is the amount of time the sufficient for acquiring exp functions?							
	Yes No	[ [	]	1 2				
1A.3	Is there the possibility of reelec	tin	g su	ccessf	ul leac	lers?	,	
	Yes No	] [	]	1 2				
1B.	Density/Availability							
1B.1	How many people within the capability and qualities to be est					ve a	acquired th	ıe
	No one possesses these qualities Few (1 to 3) Some (4 to 6) Many (more than 6)	] ] ] ]	]	1 2 3 4				
1B.2	How many are put forward for	r lea	ader	ship t	asks?			
	Only a few are ready to be lead The group of candidates is limit				[	]	1	
	but adequate.				[	]	2	
	There is never a lack of candidates who are prepared and available to assume a lead	l, er	nthu		. [	]	3	

1B.3	How amenable are former leaders to continued participation in the organization?					
	There are no previous leaders; the organization is new. [ ] 1 Almost no participation by former leaders. [ ] 2 Some participation by former leaders. [ ] 3 Active participation by former leaders. [ ] 4					
1C.	Diversity/Heterogeneity					
1C.1	Do the leaders tend to come from a few groups or families that are always the same, or do the leaders represent a wider circle among the community?					
	From few groups [ ] 1					
	From various groups within the community [ ] 2					
	From almost all the groups within the community [ ] 3					
1C.2	What percentage of those that occupy leadership positions within the organization are women?					
	Less than 10% [ ] 1 Between 10 % and 25% [ ] 2 Between 26% and 50% [ ] 3 More than 50% [ ] 4					
1D.	Leadership Quality and Skills					
1D.1	In general, how would you characterize the quality of leadership in this organization in terms of					
	<u>Defi-</u>					
	Excellent Good Adequate cient					
	a. Education/training [ ] 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 [ ] 4 b.Dynamism/vision? [ ] 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 [ ] 4					
	c. Professionalism/					
	skills? [ ] 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 [ ] 4					
	d. Honesty/ transparency? [ ] 1 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 [ ] 4					
	$a_{ij}$					

1E.	Relationship between Leadership, Staff, and Constituency
1E.1	How would you characterize the relationship between the executive director and the management and technical staff?
	Harmonious, without major problems [ ] 1 Coexisting, with occasional rivalries [ ] 2 Conflictive, with many problems [ ] 3 Dysfunctional, without communication or coordination [ ] 4
1E.2	What level of acceptance and legitimacy does the leadership have, especially among grassroots organizations whose communities are underrepresented?
	The leaders are openly accepted and everyone recognizes their legitimacy to represent their interests. [ ] 1  The leaders are accepted by the majority of the community; the
	majority recognize their legitimacy. [ ] 2  The leaders are accepted by a minority of the community members; leaders have little legitimacy. [ ] 3  The leaders are not accepted and do
	not have legitimacy within the community. [ ] 4
2. PAR	TICIPATION
2A.	Frequency of Meetings
2A.1	Should the frequency with which the organization meets be greater, less, or remain the same?
	Greater [ ] 1 Less [ ] 2 The same [ ] 3
2B.	Participation in Decisionmaking
2B.1	What have been the two most important decisions made in the past year?
	Decision # 1:
	Decision # 2:

2B.2 Thinking about these decisions, did any of the following take place?

(Code decision # 1 first, then continue with decision # 2.)

Topic	a. Prior	b. Oppor-	c. Consul-	d. Wides-	e. Dis-
	dissemina-	tunity for	tation with	pread	semination
	tion of in-	informal	grassroots	debate,	of results
	formation	discussion		opposing	
				opinions,	
				and frank	
				discussion	
	Yes = 1	Yes = 1	Yes = 1	Yes = 1	Yes = 1
	No = 2	No = 2	No = 2	No = 2	No = 2
Decision					
#1					
Decision					
#2					

## 2C. Inclusiveness

2C.1 In the last three meetings, what has been the level of participation of women, of youth, and of the poorest groups?

			<u>Little/</u>		
	<u>Active</u>	<u>Moderate</u>	<u>None</u>		
a. Women	[ ] 1	[ ] 2	[ ] 3		
b. Youth	[ ] 1	[ ] 2	[ ] 3		
c. Poor	[ ] 1	[ ] 2	[ ] 3		

2C.2 In comparison with earlier meetings, was this level of participation more, less, or the same?

	<u>More</u>		Les	SS	<u>Same</u>			
a. Women	[ ]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
b. Youth	[ ]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3
c. Poor	[ ]	1	1	1	2	ſ	1	3

2C.3	To what degree does the organization truly represent its members?
	Highly representative [ ] 1 Somewhat representative [ ] 2 Slightly representative [ ] 3 Not representative at all [ ] 4
2C.4	What percentage of the population in this community feels included as beneficiaries of the organization or feels its interests are represented by the organization?
	Less than 25% [ ] 1 Between 25 % and 50% [ ] 2 Between 51% and 75% [ ] 3 More than 75% [ ] 4
2D.	Participation by Elites
2D.1	To what degree do the more prosperous families in the community (those with land, businesses, or professions) attend meetings, hold positions, or participate in activities of the organization?
	Active [ ] 1 Moderate [ ] 2
	Moderate [ ] 2 Little/none [ ] 3
2D.2	What is the relationship of the more prosperous families toward the organization itself?
	They are a resource to be counted on, sympathetic and/or supportive. [ ] 1
	They could be a resource, demonstrating interest
	but currently are an interfering element. [ ] 2 They could be a resource, but demonstrate no
	interest and currently are indifferent. [ ] 3 They cannot become a resource and represent an
	adversarial or negative element. [ ] 4
3. Or	GANIZATIONAL CULTURE
3.1	How many members know the procedures, norms, and tasks of the organization?
	The majority of members [ ] 1 Some members [ ] 2 Few members [ ] 3

3.2	How willing is the organization to confront problems with its members (if they were to happen) such as not attending meetings, avoiding work, or stealing property belonging to the
	organization?
	The organization is very willing to confront
	damaging behavior on the part of its members. [ ] 1 The organization is sometimes willing to confront
	damaging behavior on the part of its members. [ ] 2
	The organization has little capacity to confront damaging behavior on the part of its members. [ ] 3
3.3	For serious cases, do guidelines or rules exist to sanction, fine, or expel the transgressor?
	Yes [ ] 1
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2

# 4. ORGANIZATIONAL CAPACITY AND SUSTAINABILITY

# 4A. Specific Capacities

# 4A.1 What is the organization's capacity to...

	<u>Excellent</u>		<u>Good</u>		<u>Adequate</u>			<u>Deficient</u>				
a. Carry out its												
specialized tasks												
(e.g., credit,												
training, com-												
mercialization)?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
b. Supervise and contra	act											
specialized consulta	nts											
or staff?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
c. Prepare financial												
reports for banks,												
donors, or												
government?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
d. Respond in a timely												
fashion to changes												
that affect the organi	i-											
zation (e.g., price												
fluctuations, change												
of government)?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
e. Develop specific												
plans for the future												
(instead of reacting												
to external oppor-												
tunities as they												
present themselves)	? [	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
f. Reflect upon and												
learn from experience	e											
(build an institution	al											
memory)?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
g. Resolve problems or												
conflicts with other												
organizations or												
social actors?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4
h. Resolve problems												
or conflicts within												
the organization?	[	]	1	[	]	2	[	]	3	[	]	4

4B.	Collective Action and Formulation of Demands
4B.1	Does the organization have clearly defined processes for identifying the common needs and priorities of its members?
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2
4B.2	In the last three years, have there been petitions or other formal expressions of demand by the membership?
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2
4B.3	Have there been informal ways for members to express their demands?
	Yes [ ] 1 No [ ] 2
4B.4	In what way has the organization addressed these demands?
	Promotes demands of common interest Tries to identify common elements [ ] 2 Tries to process them one by one [ ] 3 There were no demands [ ] 4