

v3.0.0 Design

- The URL will be parsed and the path will be stripped of before appending absolute favicon paths ‘/’ (1).
- ‘styles.css’ will be updated so the page background matches the favicon background and all text matches the favicon foreground (2).
- All elements will be wrapped in a ‘main’ tag which will be centered using flexbox (6).
- A tested package called **cache** described in **cache** will be added (3, 4).
- **FileCacheManager** and **TimeCacheManager** will be embedded in structs that log the removing operations and inject a **FileChangedSource** that checks the file on the file-system and a **SleepSource** which calls **time.Sleep** (3, 4, 5).
- Specific getters wrapping **cache.Get** will be provided for each of favicons, the config, and the template.
 - The **TimeCacheManager** will be accessed by the accessor for loading favicons.
 - The **FileCacheManager** will be accessed by the accessor for the config (3).
 - The **FileCacheManager** will be accessed by the accessor for the template (4).
- **CacheManagers** and **Caches** will be wrapped into the main **http.HandlerFunc** through a closure (3, 4).

cache

```
type Cache<T> struct:  
* Get(string) (T, bool)  
* Put(string, T)  
* Delete(string)  
* Clear()  
  
type CacheManager<T> interface:  
* Get(Cache<T>, string) (T, bool)  
* Put(Cache<T>, string, T)  
* Delete(Cache<T>, string)  
* Clear(Cache<T>)  
  
type Fallback<T> func(string) T  
  
func Get<T>(CacheManager<T>, Cache<T>, Fallback<T>) T  
  
type TimeSource interface:  
* Time() time.Time  
  
type TimeCacheManager<T> struct:  
* New(TimeSource)
```

```

* CacheManager<T>

type FileChangedSource interface:
* FileChanged(string) bool

type FileCacheManager<T> struct:
* New(FileChangedSource)
* CacheManager<T>

```

v2.1.0 Design

- A copy assets shell script will copy ‘static’ and ‘tmpl’ to a passed remote address, user, and directory (1).

v2.0.0 Design

- The favicon will be 1 black wire going into a hub with 3 wires leaving (1).
- The header will be larger bold text that says ‘hub’ (2).
- Styles will be refactored from the template into ‘static/styles.css’ and be as general as possible (3, 5).
- The template will be moved into a file called ‘tmpl/index.html’. It will be cached using a cache like in ‘Cache’. A separate process will clear the cache every day (4, 6).
- `http.FileServer` will be used to serve static files (7).
- A cache like in ‘Cache’ will be checked by the main handler before querying a favicon and updated after querying a favicon. A separate process will clear the cache every day (8).

Cache

```

type Cache struct:
* Get(URL) (FaviconPath, bool)
* Put(URL, FaviconPath)
* Clear()

```

v1.1.0 Design

- A `LoadFavicon` function will accept a `Website`, make a request to the URL, and parse an image URL at a tag with `rel="icon"` if it exists into the `Website`. This will be called for each `Website` in `Handler`. The image will be injected to the right of each website link (1).

- A shell copy config script will use `scp` to copy the config file to a passed remote host, user, and directory (2).
- A shell deploy script will use `ssh` to log into a passed remote host and user and start `hub` with `nohup` in a passed working directory (3).

v1.0.0 Design

- A `go` command with no arguments will serve a single home page with its template embedded in the binary.
 - `go get` will install the command (5).
 - The command will then be able to be immediately run with no arguments (4).
- For each request, the server opens a config file located at a fixed location, reads the directory from it, injects the directory into the embedded template, and serves the HTML page (1, 4).
 - The config file will be a YAML file with the structure in ‘Config’ (3).
 - The directory will be injected into a list which shows each websites name with a link to the website (2).

Config

- URL: <URL>
 name: <NAME>
- ...