



HYPERION RESEARCH

# Hyperion Research Market Update

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[www.HyperionResearch.com](http://www.HyperionResearch.com)  
[www.hpcuserforum.com](http://www.hpcuserforum.com)

# About Hyperion Research



([www.HyperionResearch.com](http://www.HyperionResearch.com) & [www.HPCUserForum.com](http://www.HPCUserForum.com))

## Hyperion Research Mission:

- Hyperion Research helps organizations make effective decisions and seize growth opportunities
  - By providing research and recommendations in high performance computing and emerging technology areas

## HPC User Forum Mission:

- To improve the health of the HPC/AI/QC industry
  - Through open discussions, information sharing and initiatives involving HPC users in industry, government and academia along with HPC vendors and other interested parties

# The Hyperion Research Team

## Analysts

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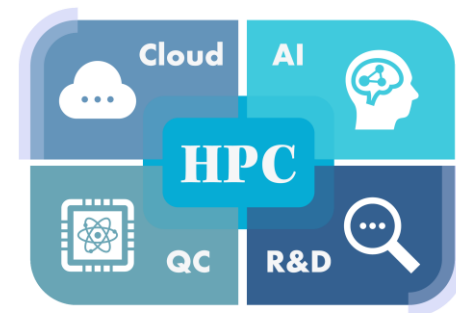
Jie Wu, China and Technology Trends

Mara Jacob, HPC User Forum Support

# Example Research Areas

([www.HyperionResearch.com](http://www.HyperionResearch.com) & [www.HPCUserForum.com](http://www.HPCUserForum.com))

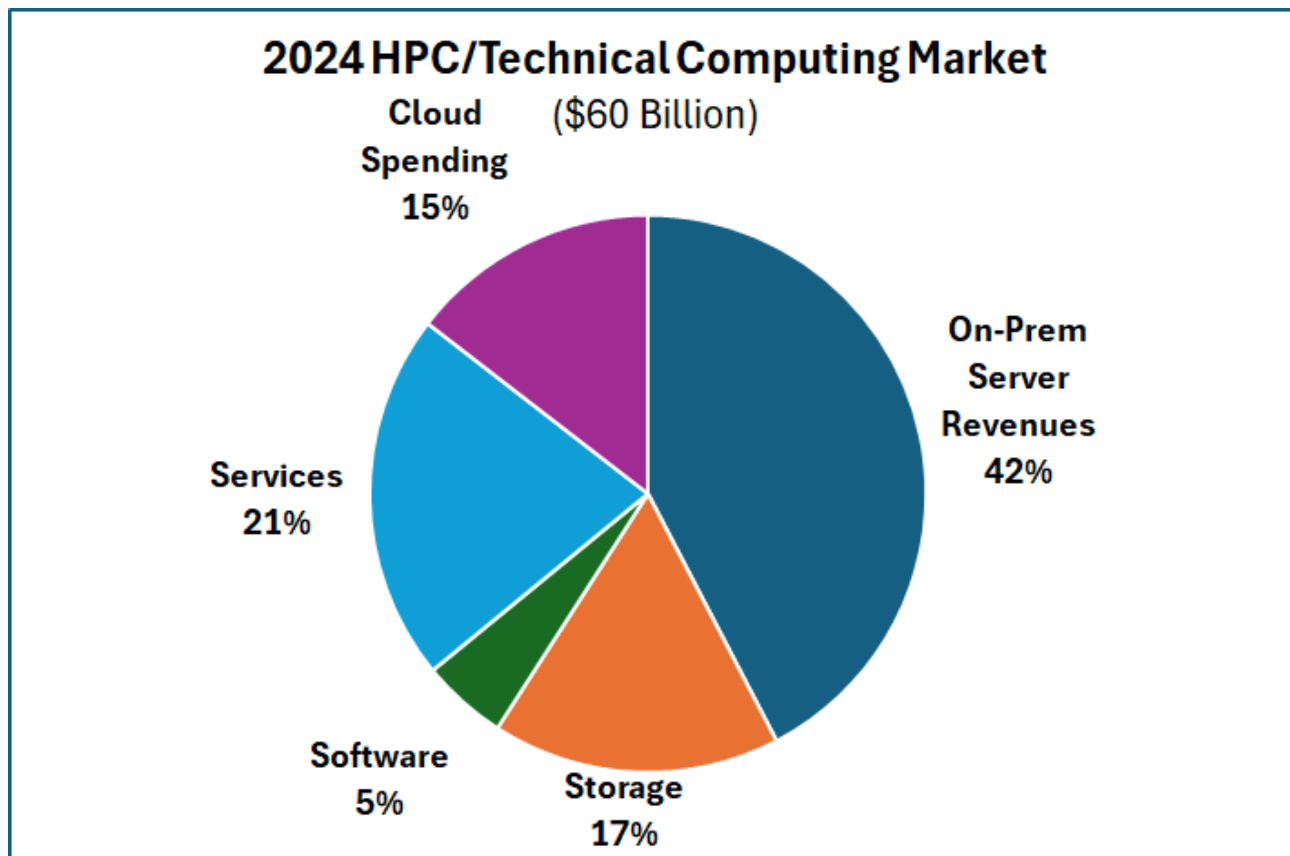
- Traditional HPC
- AI, ML, DL, LLMs, Graph
- Cloud Computing
- Storage & Data
- Interconnects
- Software & Applications
- ROI and Scientific Returns from HPC
- Power & Cooling
- Tracking all Processor Types & Growth rates
- Quantum Computing
- R&D and Engineering -- all types
- Edge Computing
- Supply Chain Issues
- Sustainability



# HPC/AI Market Update

# 2024 Was a Strong Growth Year

*The highest growth in over two decades (23.5%)!*



- **23.4% growth in on-premises servers**
- **21.3% growth in the use of clouds**
- **Over \$60 billion in total spending**

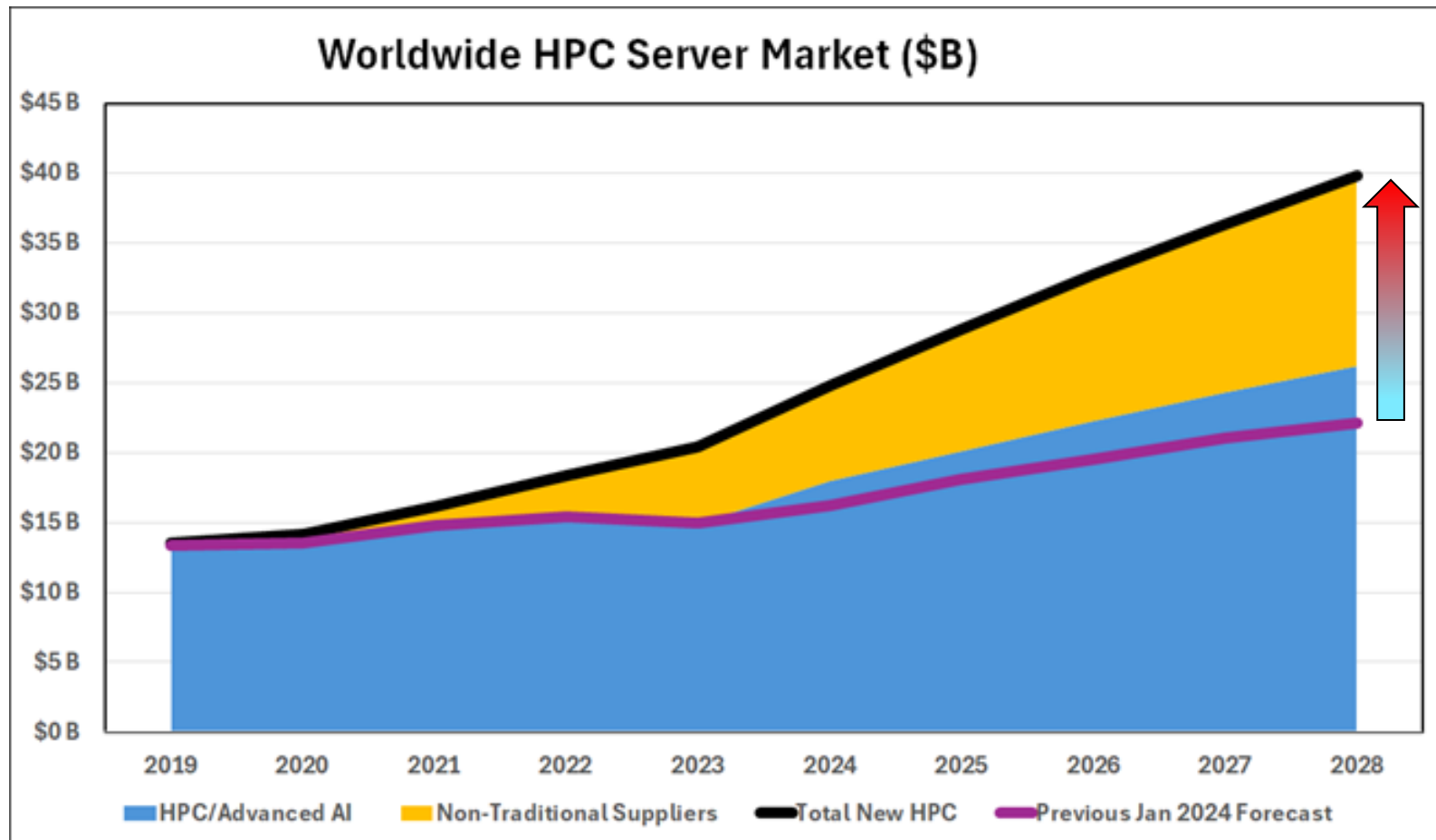
# The HPC/AI Market Should See Growth in 2025

*... but there are some major concerns*

- **The global economic situation and changing trade rules could have a major impact to IT build outs in 2025**
- **Supply chain issues are still impacting installations (e.g., GPUs)**
- **Exascale system acceptances are seeing delays**
- **The lower end of the on-premises market continues to struggle**
- **Growth drivers include:**
  - New use cases especially in AI/LLMs/Generative AI/Smarter AI are providing new areas for users to advance their research
  - Countries and companies around the world continue to recognize the value of being innovative and investing in R&D to advance society, grow revenues, reduce costs, and become more competitive

# Updated View of the On-Prem Server Market

- *Hyperion Research just announced a 36.7% increase in the HPC/AI server market size (now growing at 15% CAGR)*
- *Added tracking of non-traditional AI/HPC suppliers*





# Updated View of the HPC/AI Market

*On-prem HPC/AI servers are projected to exceed \$48 billion in 2029*

Worldwide Overall Technical Computer Market Revenue (\$M)										
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Traditional HPC/AI	\$13,519	\$14,781	\$15,369	\$14,954	\$17,912	\$20,088	\$22,279	\$24,302	\$27,810	\$31,425
Non-Traditional Suppliers	\$615	\$1,335	\$3,437	\$5,782	\$7,458	\$9,472	\$11,420	\$13,495	\$14,967	\$17,213
Total New HPC	\$14,134	\$16,116	\$18,805	\$20,735	\$25,370	\$29,499	\$33,699	\$37,797	\$42,777	\$48,638

Source: Hyperion Research, April 2025

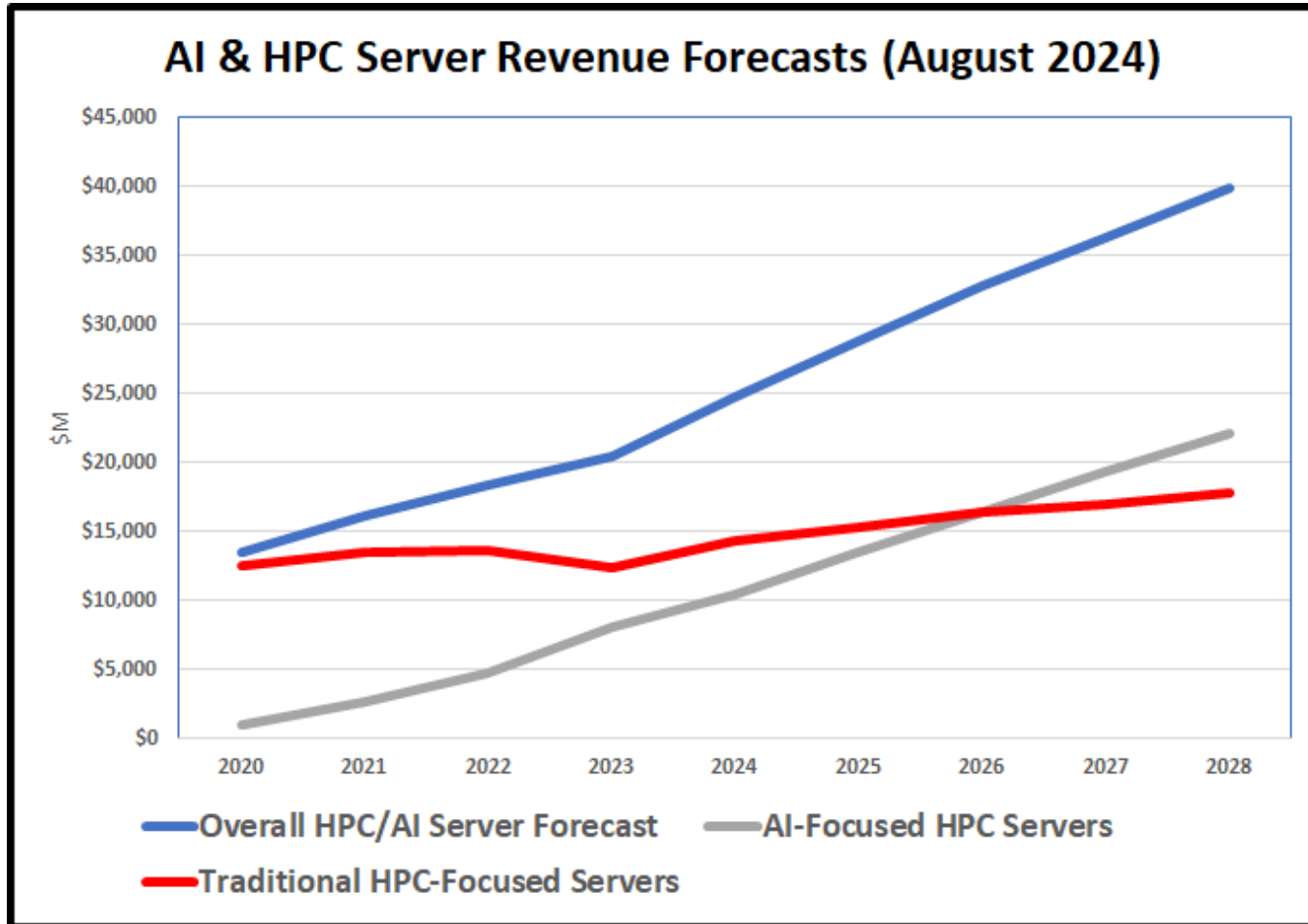
**Market Segment Definition: Non-Traditional Suppliers** (*new revenues added to the previous HPC market sizing*)

These are on-premises AI-centric HPC servers that are provided by non-traditional HPC suppliers like NVIDIA, Cerebras, SambaNova, SuperMicro, etc. These servers are designed primarily to run AI and AI-related workloads

- These servers are a subsegment of the overall HPC market but haven't historically been accounted for within prior HPC market numbers

# HPC Compared to AI-centric Servers

*Many servers are running both traditional HPC and AI Workloads*



Note: AI systems may still run some traditional HPC jobs (<50% of workload).  
Likewise, traditional HPC systems often run some AI jobs (<50% of workload).

# The Exascale Market (System Acceptances)

Over 45 systems and over \$12 billion in value

Year Accepted	China	Europe	Japan	US	Other Countries*	Total Systems	Total Value
2020			1 near-exascale system ~\$1.1B			1	\$1.1B
2021	2 exascale ~\$350M each	1 pre-exascale system ~\$180M	--	1 pre-exascale system ~\$200M	--	4	\$1.1B
2022	1 exascale ~\$350M	2 pre-exascale systems ~\$390M total	--	1 exascale system ~\$600M (2/3 accepted 2022)	--	4	\$1.1B
2023	--	2 pre-exascale systems ~\$150M each	1 near-exascale system ~\$150M	Remaining 1/3 of Frontier system	--	3	~\$0.5B
2024	1 exascale system ~\$350M	1 pre-exascale ~\$150M	--	2 exascale system ~\$600M each	--	4	~\$1.7B
2025	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$300M each	2 or 3 exascale systems ~\$350M each	1 exascale system ~\$200M	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$350M each	1 near-exascale system ~\$125M	6-9	\$1.7B - \$2.7B
2026	2 exascale systems ~\$300M each	2 or 3 exascale systems ~\$325M each	?	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$325M each	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$150M each	6-9	\$1.7B - \$2.5B
2027	2 exascale systems ~\$275M each	2 or 3 exascale systems ~\$300M	1 exascale system ~\$150M	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$275M each	2 or 3 exascale systems ~\$130M each	8-11	\$1.8B - \$2.5B
2028	2 exascale systems ~\$250M each	2 or 3 exascale systems ~\$275M	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$150M each	1 or 2 exascale systems ~\$275M each	2 or 3 exascale systems ~\$125M each	8-12	\$1.7B - \$2.6B
<b>Total</b>	<b>11-12</b>	<b>14-18</b>	<b>5-6</b>	<b>8-12</b>	<b>6-9</b>	<b>44-57</b>	<b>\$12.4B - \$16.8B</b>
* Includes S. Korea, Singapore, Australia, Russia, Canada, India, Israel, Saudi Arabia, etc.							
Note: After 2023, many exascale systems will be 2-10 exascale.							
Source: Hyperion Research, March 2025							

# Hyperion Research Predictions

# Humanity Strikes Back!

1. *There will be a resurgence of the human element within adopting and integrating AI*
- **New emphasis on the importance of human oversight, collaboration, and ethical decision-making**
- **Humans will play a crucial role in interpreting AI predictions, validating AI results, and providing subject matter expertise**
- **Key players in the AI industry are increasingly favoring "human-in-the-loop" designs**
  - Investment in training programs to upskill their workforce
  - More user-friendly AI tools - complements human skills, creativity, and ethics rather than replacing human input
  - Enhanced reliability and accountability of AI systems
  - Using AI to make humans more productive (vs. replacing them)

# AI Maturity Brings New Questions

2. *As efforts to adopt and integrate AI gain traction among industry leaders, new use cases, optimization, regulatory developments, and ROI will become a new focus for users*
- **HPC/AI integrators have come to expect:**
  - Robust return on investment
  - New levels of efficiency
  - Effective regulatory guidelines
- **As AI integrated systems become the norm, the effectiveness and limitations of the technology will become better understood**
- **Aspirant goals will be realized for many users, but some may face costly challenges of unexpected severity such as:**
  - High cost of upkeep
  - Continual education of in-house expertise
  - Management of regulatory demands

# LLM Training Needs a Reboot

3. *The rapid rise of compute requirements for large language model training runs will begin to slow with a shift in emphasis on smaller and more efficient models using more focused training data sets*
- **Current LLM training requirements  $10^{26}$  total training operations**
  - Projections call for an increase of two to three order of magnitude in the next few years ( $10^{28}$  to  $10^{29}$ )
  - This is out of reach for all but the most aggressive, well-funded organizations: e.g., Anthropic, OpenAI, Telsa, Meta, Google
- **The mainstream HPC world will instead focus on less demanding LLMs or small language model training**
  - Requires less total compute, perhaps three to four orders of magnitude less
  - Based on training data sets that are smaller, more disciplined or subject focused, appropriately curated, and perhaps even proprietary to a targeted end use or end users

# Debate on Precision vs. Performance

4. *HPC end users, particularly those with major investments in legacy codes built on 64-bit floating-point data formats, will begin to explore the increasing performance capabilities of mixed and low precision hardware*
- **Many AI applications do not need 64-bit floating-point formats**
    - They often require only 32-bit, 16-bit, 8-bit or even lower floating point or integer schemes
  - **GPU designers are increasingly optimizing their chip and core designs to take advantage of this trend**
    - Configuring hardware to offer increased computational performance with lower memory overhead for these mixed and lower precision AI jobs
  - **Creating opportunities/concerns for traditional HPC end users**
    - Performance on lower precision is growing when compared with counterpart gains for 64-bit floating point
    - Potentially leaving future processors underpowered for some traditional science and engineering applications or forcing major, if not complex, HPC end user rewrites of existing legacy codes



# Mastering the Cloud-On-Prem Continuum

5. *Users will more fully embrace the idea of “continuum computing”, incorporating the cloud as a viable tool in conjunction with (or instead of) their on-premises infrastructure*
- **Optimized Resource Allocation**
    - Align infrastructure with workload-specific demands
    - Enable cost-effective and outcome-driven computing strategies
  - **Enhanced Efficiency and Agility**
    - Dynamically shift resources between cloud and on-premises
    - User ability to respond rapidly to changing business needs and priorities
  - **The ability to add or access new technologies more quickly**
  - **Advancing Orchestration Tools**
    - New tools to simplify transitions across hybrid environments
    - Ensure interoperability and minimizes disruption

# The Neo-Cloud Rises

6. *Multiple factors will accelerate users to use CSP resources, including AlaaS and GPUaaS providers, to meet their compute needs*
- **Acceleration of Cloud Adoption for AI Workloads**
    - AlaaS and GPUaaS providers ("neo-clouds") offer instant access to state-of-the-art hardware
    - Supply chain delays and frequent hardware refresh cycles drive demand for cloud-based solutions
  - **Faster Access to Cutting-Edge Technology**
    - Expensive GPUs with yearly iterations encourage low-commitment cloud adoption
    - Rapid compute access accelerates AI/ML/DL integration/time-to-market
    - Supply chain uncertainty hinders smaller on-premises build-outs
  - **Diversification of Application-Specific Hardware**
    - CSPs appeal to organizations in pilot, testing, and pre-production phases
    - Specialized AI data centers focus on refined service models over traditional CSPs (e.g., AWS, Google, Microsoft)
  - **Sustainability as a Catalyst for Change**
    - Organizations avoid costly upgrades (e.g., liquid cooling) while reducing their carbon footprint
    - CSPs innovate energy management practices, promoting renewable energy and green architectures

# Quantum Computing Gaining On-Prem Traction

- 7. Interest in on-premises quantum computing will increase, with several leading HPC sites announcing on-premises QC acquisitions*
- **A growing number of QC vendors currently offer on-premises options**
    - Including QuEra, IBM, D-Wave, Quantinuum, and IQM, augmenting their cloud-based portal access offerings
    - Some installations already on the books
      - IBM, QuEra, IQM, D-Wave
    - Most recently, Microsoft/Atom Computing announcement
  - **QC end users, particularly those in the HPC space, increasingly will be looking to on-premises QC installations**
    - Help their efforts in HPC/QC integration
    - Support bare metal access for QC software developers
    - Mitigate time of flight delays with cloud-based models
    - Ensure that critical data and applications remain safely protected through internal cybersecurity controls

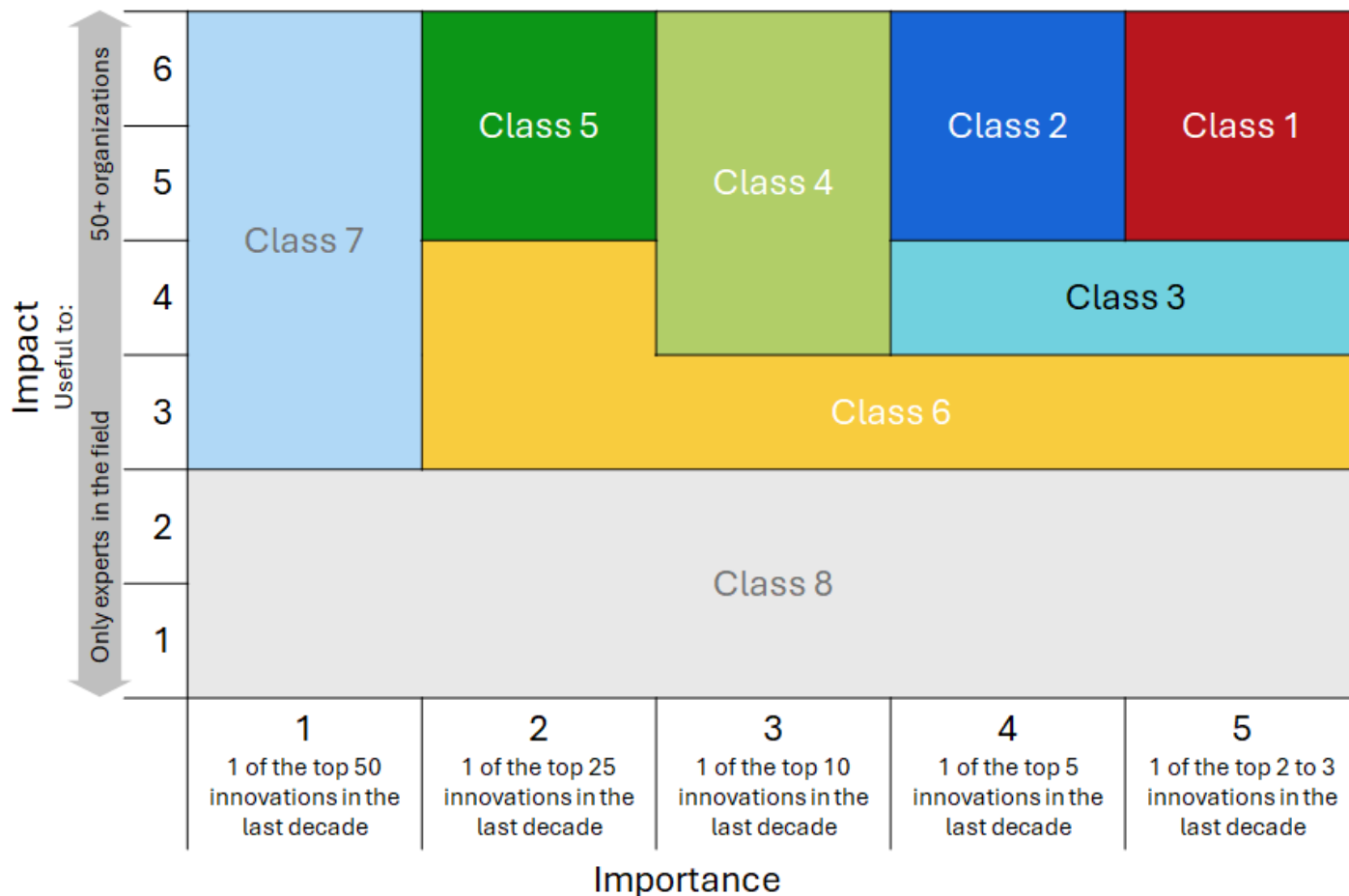
# In Summary

# Conclusions

- **2024 was a strong growth year**
  - GPUs, cloud, AI/ML/DL/LLM are high growth areas
  - QC systems are being installed around the world
- **New technologies are showing up large numbers:**
  - Generative AI, smarter AI, LLMs and SLLs are fueling a new level of growth
  - Processors, AI hardware & software, memories, new storage approaches, etc.
  - The cloud has become a viable option for many HPC workloads
- **Storage will likely see major growth driven by AI, big data and the need for much larger data sets**
- **There are still growing concerns around power & talent**

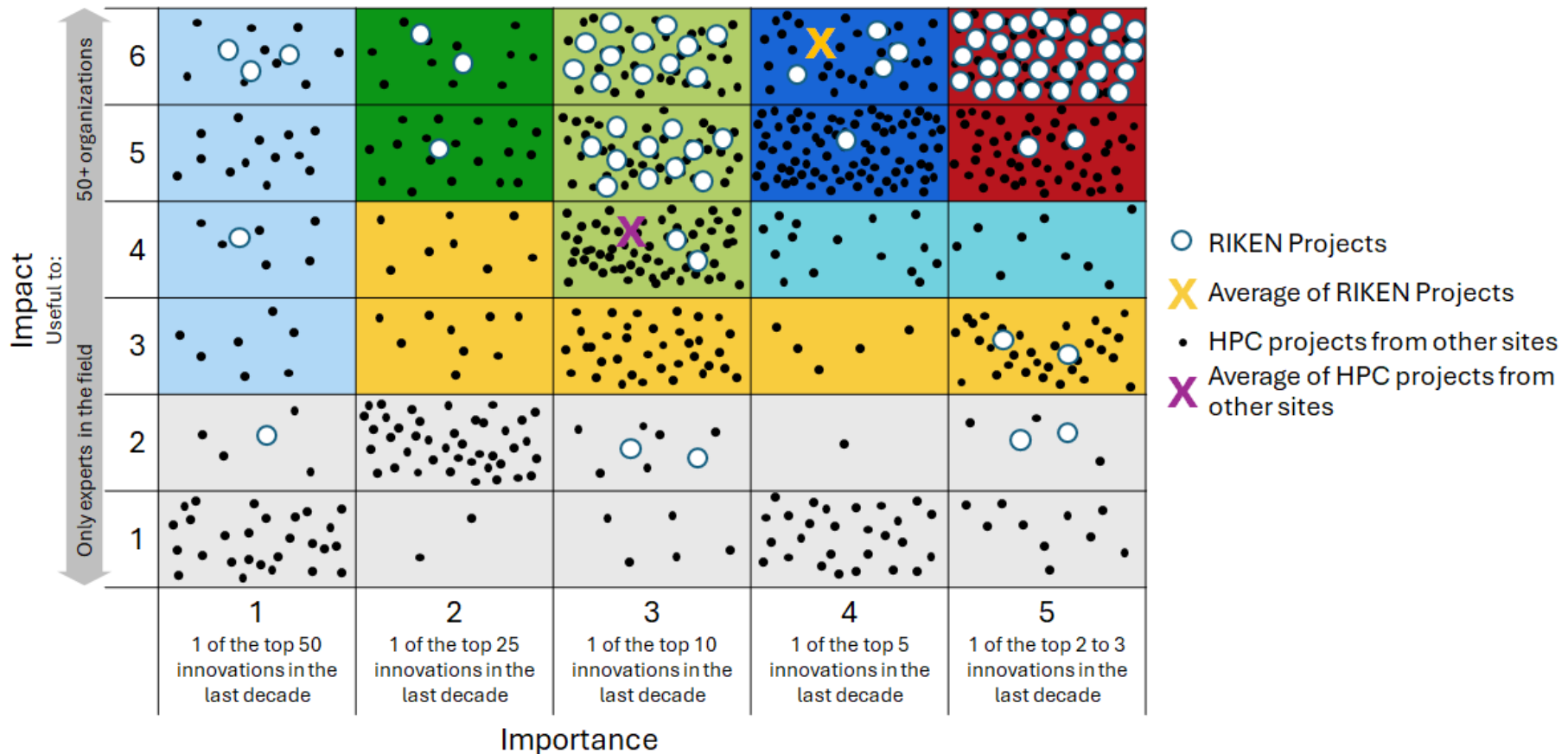
# A New Way to Show the Value of Leadership Computing

*Using two scales: innovation importance level, and how broadly impactful are the results*



# A New Way to Show the Value of Leadership Computing - RIKEN

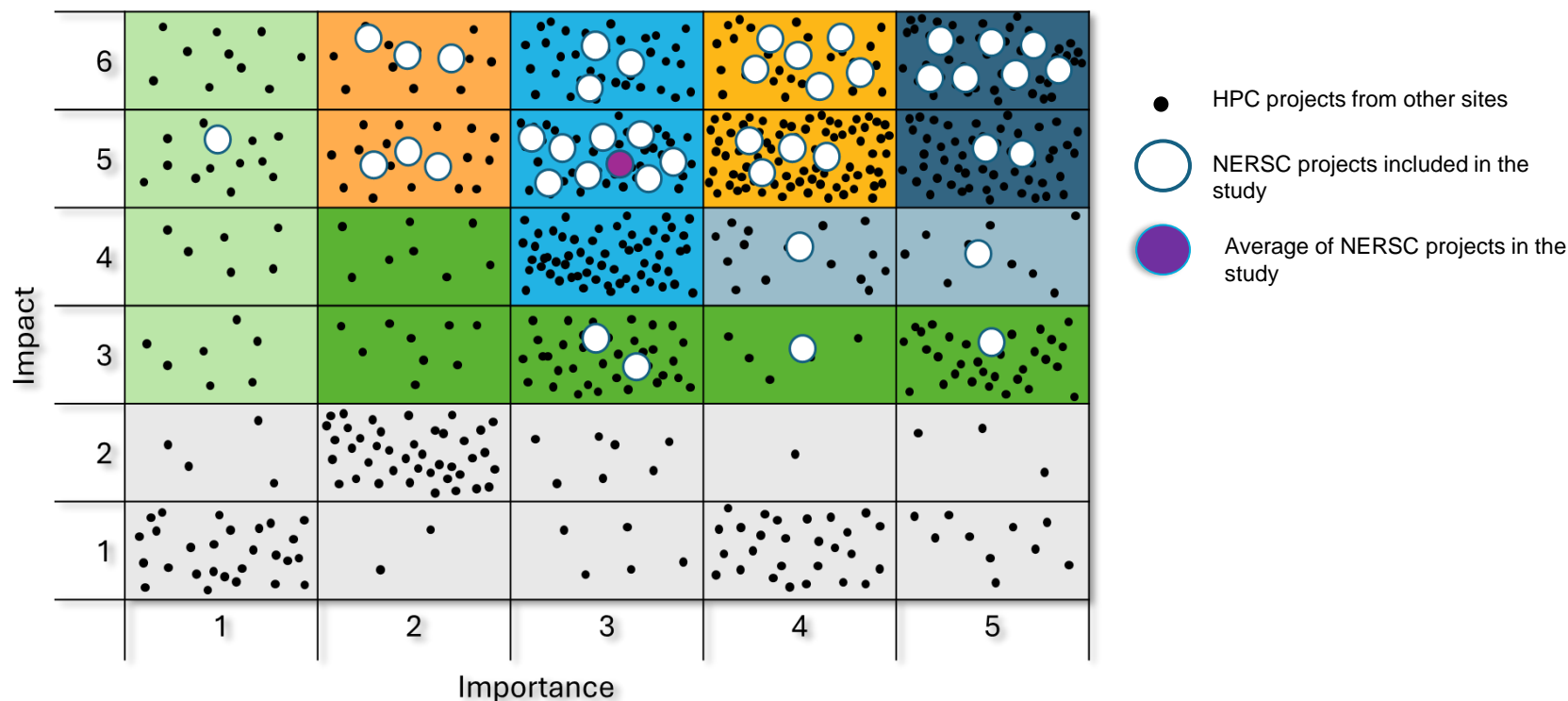
*An example from a 2024 study compared to 650 other projects*



# A New Way to Show the Value of Leadership Computing - NERSC

*An example from a 2024 study compared to 650 other projects*

Innovation Class Mapping: Showing Participating NERSC projects





# We Welcome Questions, Comments and Suggestions



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