# Experiment\_1\_best\_1

November 21, 2024

# 1 Experiment 1

A BiTCN Implementation that supports synthesized signals of arbitrary length and external datasets.

```
[1]: __author__ = "JUN WEI WANG"
   __email__ = "wjw_03@outlook.com"

[2]: import torch
import numpy as np
import os
from os import path

# Check for CUDA!
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
print(f"Currently training on: {device}")

MODE = "TRAINING"
# MODE = "INFERENCE"
print(os.getcwd())
```

Currently training on: cuda
C:\Users\wjw\_0\dsp-project

#### 2 Data Generator

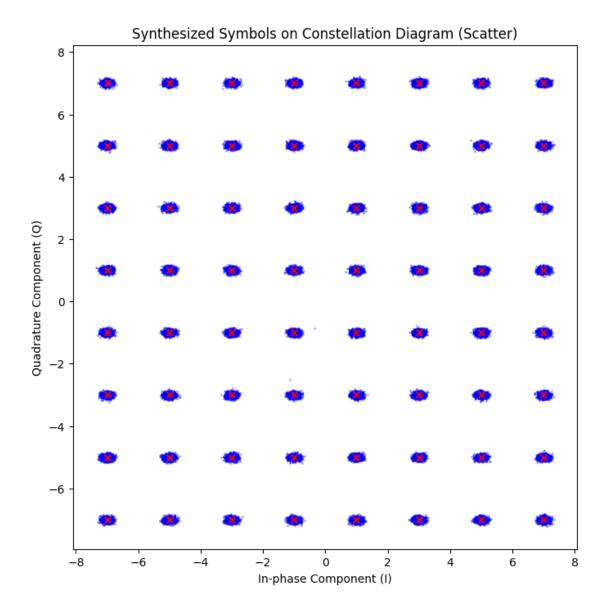
```
[3]: import src.generator.QAM as QAM

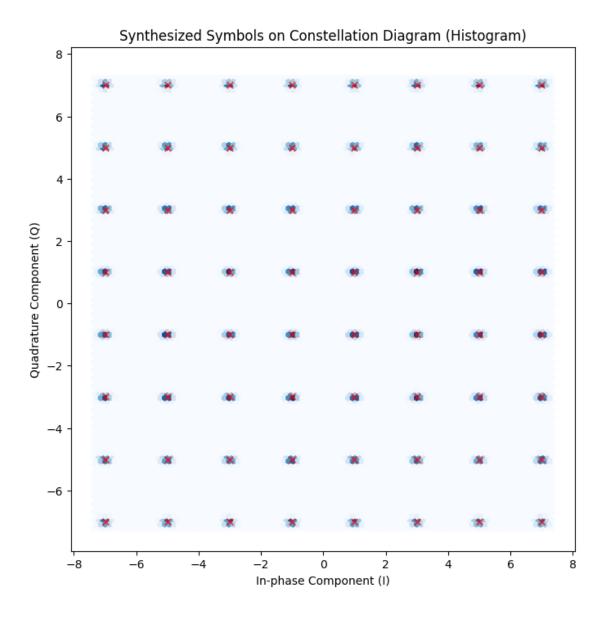
SEED = 1
CONSTELLATION = "QAM"
QAM_ORDER = 64
NUMBEROFSYMBOLS = 51200

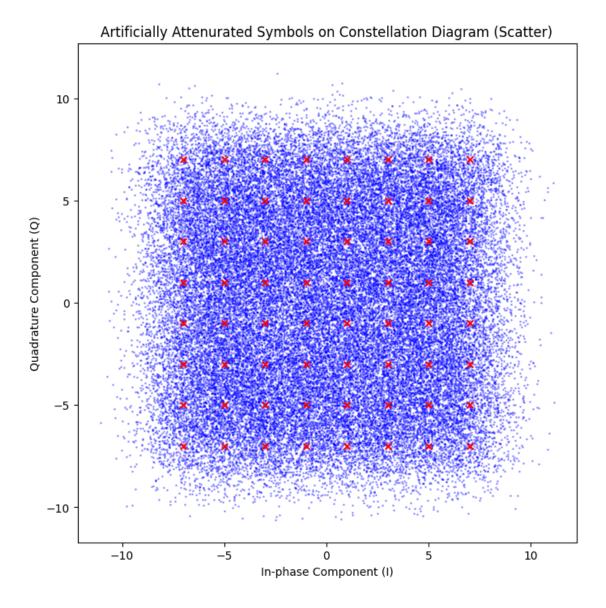
cons = QAM.read_constellation_file(QAM_ORDER, CONSTELLATION)

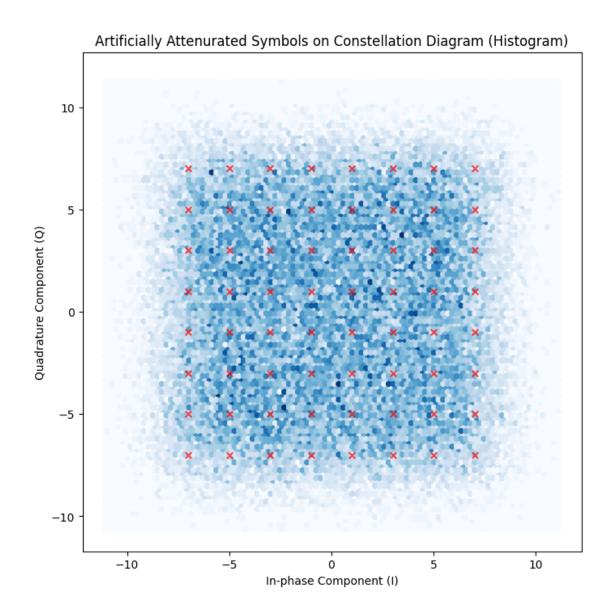
attenurated_data, original_data, raw_data, QAM_bits, preamble_data, usinsertion_index = QAM.generate_seq(
```

```
order=QAM_ORDER,
    cons=cons,
    num_symbols=NUMBEROFSYMBOLS,
    seed=SEED
)
og_demodulated_symbols, og_recoverdata = QAM.demodulation(
    original_data,
    NUMBEROFSYMBOLS,
    cons,
)
attenurated_data_demodulated_symbols, attenurated_data_recoverdata = QAM.
 →demodulation(
    attenurated_data,
    NUMBEROFSYMBOLS,
    cons,
)
QAM.graph_IQ_constellation(
    "Synthesized Symbols",
    og_recoverdata,
    cons
)
QAM.graph_IQ_constellation(
    "Artificially Attenurated Symbols",
    attenurated_data_recoverdata,
    cons
)
```









### 3 Nerual Network

## 3.1 Initialize Constants, Dataset, and the NN Model

```
[4]: import torch.nn as nn
from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import StepLR
from tqdm import tqdm

# Neural Network
from src.nn.TCNN import BiTCN

# Dataset Tools
```

```
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from src.data.dataset import CustomDataset
```

```
[5]: # CONSTANTS
   NN MODEL = "BiTCN"
   TARGET_DATASET = "384" #
                         SYNTH
   # TARGET DATASET = "SYNTH"
   MODEL_EXT = "pth"
   MODEL_FILENAME = f"{NN_MODEL}_best_{TARGET_DATASET}.{MODEL_EXT}"
   TRAIN RATIO = 0.6
   ##########
                                                  ###################
                            PARAMETERS
   BATCH_SIZE = 512 # used to be 512
   WINDOW_SIZE = 256
   # Trainning parameters
   DROPOUT = 0.01
   N EPOCHS = 20
   LEARNING_RATE = 3e-4
   # Network parameters
   INPUT SIZE = 1
   OUTPUT SIZE = 1
   CHANNEL_SIZES = [32] * 5
   KERNEL_SIZE = 16
```

#### 3.2 Load Dataset

```
original_data
        except:
            raise "Please run data generation"
         # print(attenurated_data.reshape(-1, 1))
        dataset = CustomDataset(None, win_len=WINDOW_SIZE)
        datas, labels = dataset.split_sequence(
            attenurated_data.reshape(-1, 1),
            original_data.reshape(-1, 1),
            WINDOW SIZE
        size = len(attenurated data)
        dataset.dataset, dataset.labels, dataset.size = \
             torch.tensor(datas, dtype=torch.float32), \
            torch.tensor(labels, dtype=torch.float32), \
            size
        pass
    elif type(int(TARGET_DATASET)) == int:
         # Read data from dataset
        dataset = CustomDataset(
            DATASET_FOLDER,
            REAL_DATA(int(TARGET_DATASET)),
            REAL_DATA_H(-1),
            WINDOW_SIZE
        )
except ValueError:
    raise("Invalid target dataset")
print(f"{TARGET DATASET} dataset loaded")
print(f"Dataset length: {len(dataset)} | Size: {dataset.size}")
# Split into train and validation sets
train_size = int(TRAIN_RATIO * len(dataset))
print(f"Traning ratio (train:valid): {TRAIN_RATIO}:{1 - TRAIN_RATIO}")
print(f"Training size: {train_size} | Validation size: {len(dataset) -∪
 ⇔train_size}")
val_size = len(dataset) - train_size
train_dataset, val_dataset = torch.utils.data.random_split(
    dataset, [train_size, val_size]
# Setup the training and validation data loaders
train_loader = DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=True)
val_loader = DataLoader(val_dataset, batch_size=BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=False)
384 dataset loaded
```

Dataset length: 204545 | Size: 204800 Traning ratio (train:valid): 0.6:0.4

#### 3.3 Load Model

```
[7]: model: torch.nn.Module = None

if NN_MODEL == "BiTCN":
    model = BiTCN(
        INPUT_SIZE,
        OUTPUT_SIZE,
        CHANNEL_SIZES,
        KERNEL_SIZE,
        seq_len=WINDOW_SIZE,
        dropout=DROPOUT
    )
else:
    raise("Model is not defined!")

print(f"{NN_MODEL} Model successfully Loaded")
model.to(device)
```

BiTCN Model successfully Loaded

```
[7]: BiTCN(
       (tcn): TemporalConvNet(
         (network): Sequential(
           (0): TemporalBlock(
             (conv1): ParametrizedConv1d(
               1, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(15,)
               (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
                 (weight): ParametrizationList(
                   (0): _WeightNorm()
               )
             )
             (chomp1): Chomp1D()
             (relu1): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
             (dropout1): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
             (conv2): ParametrizedConv1d(
               32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(15,)
               (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
                 (weight): ParametrizationList(
                   (0): _WeightNorm()
               )
             (chomp2): Chomp1D()
```

```
(relu2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
  (dropout2): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (net): Sequential(
    (0): ParametrizedConv1d(
      1, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(15,)
      (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
        (weight): ParametrizationList(
          (0): _WeightNorm()
        )
     )
    )
    (1): Chomp1D()
    (2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
    (3): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
    (4): ParametrizedConv1d(
      32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(15,)
      (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
        (weight): ParametrizationList(
          (0): _WeightNorm()
     )
    )
    (5): Chomp1D()
    (6): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
    (7): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (downsample): Conv1d(1, 32, kernel_size=(1,), stride=(1,))
  (relu): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
(1): TemporalBlock(
  (conv1): ParametrizedConv1d(
    32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(30,), dilation=(2,)
    (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
      (weight): ParametrizationList(
        (0): _WeightNorm()
   )
 )
  (chomp1): Chomp1D()
  (relu1): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
  (dropout1): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (conv2): ParametrizedConv1d(
    32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(30,), dilation=(2,)
    (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
      (weight): ParametrizationList(
        (0): _WeightNorm()
```

```
)
  )
  (chomp2): Chomp1D()
  (relu2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
  (dropout2): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (net): Sequential(
    (0): ParametrizedConv1d(
      32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(30,), dilation=(2,)
      (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
        (weight): ParametrizationList(
          (0): _WeightNorm()
     )
    )
    (1): Chomp1D()
    (2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
    (3): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
    (4): ParametrizedConv1d(
      32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(30,), dilation=(2,)
      (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
        (weight): ParametrizationList(
          (0): _WeightNorm()
        )
     )
    )
    (5): Chomp1D()
    (6): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
    (7): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (relu): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
)
(2): TemporalBlock(
  (conv1): ParametrizedConv1d(
    32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(60,), dilation=(4,)
    (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
      (weight): ParametrizationList(
        (0): _WeightNorm()
     )
    )
  )
  (chomp1): Chomp1D()
  (relu1): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
  (dropout1): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (conv2): ParametrizedConv1d(
    32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(60,), dilation=(4,)
    (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
      (weight): ParametrizationList(
```

```
(0): _WeightNorm()
   )
 )
  (chomp2): Chomp1D()
  (relu2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
  (dropout2): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (net): Sequential(
    (0): ParametrizedConv1d(
      32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(60,), dilation=(4,)
      (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
        (weight): ParametrizationList(
          (0): _WeightNorm()
        )
     )
   )
    (1): Chomp1D()
    (2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
    (3): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
    (4): ParametrizedConv1d(
      32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(60,), dilation=(4,)
      (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
        (weight): ParametrizationList(
          (0): _WeightNorm()
        )
     )
    )
    (5): Chomp1D()
    (6): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
    (7): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
 )
  (relu): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
(3): TemporalBlock(
  (conv1): ParametrizedConv1d(
    32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(120,), dilation=(8,)
    (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
      (weight): ParametrizationList(
        (0): _WeightNorm()
     )
   )
 )
  (chomp1): Chomp1D()
  (relu1): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
  (dropout1): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
  (conv2): ParametrizedConv1d(
    32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(120,), dilation=(8,)
```

```
(parametrizations): ModuleDict(
            (weight): ParametrizationList(
              (0): _WeightNorm()
          )
        )
        (chomp2): Chomp1D()
        (relu2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
        (dropout2): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
        (net): Sequential(
          (0): ParametrizedConv1d(
            32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(120,),
dilation=(8,)
            (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
              (weight): ParametrizationList(
                (0): _WeightNorm()
              )
            )
          )
          (1): Chomp1D()
          (2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
          (3): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
          (4): ParametrizedConv1d(
            32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(120,),
dilation=(8,)
            (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
              (weight): ParametrizationList(
                (0): _WeightNorm()
              )
            )
          )
          (5): Chomp1D()
          (6): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
          (7): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
        (relu): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
      )
      (4): TemporalBlock(
        (conv1): ParametrizedConv1d(
          32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(240,), dilation=(16,)
          (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
            (weight): ParametrizationList(
              (0): _WeightNorm()
          )
        (chomp1): Chomp1D()
```

```
(relu1): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
        (dropout1): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
        (conv2): ParametrizedConv1d(
          32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(240,), dilation=(16,)
          (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
            (weight): ParametrizationList(
              (0): _WeightNorm()
          )
        )
        (chomp2): Chomp1D()
        (relu2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
        (dropout2): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
        (net): Sequential(
          (0): ParametrizedConv1d(
            32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(240,),
dilation=(16,)
            (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
              (weight): ParametrizationList(
                (0): _WeightNorm()
              )
            )
          )
          (1): Chomp1D()
          (2): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
          (3): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
          (4): ParametrizedConv1d(
            32, 32, kernel_size=(16,), stride=(1,), padding=(240,),
dilation=(16,)
            (parametrizations): ModuleDict(
              (weight): ParametrizationList(
                (0): _WeightNorm()
              )
            )
          )
          (5): Chomp1D()
          (6): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
          (7): Dropout(p=0.01, inplace=False)
        )
        (relu): PReLU(num_parameters=1)
      )
    )
  (linear): Linear(in_features=16384, out_features=1, bias=True)
)
```

#### 3.4 Training

```
[8]: def train(model, device, train_loader, optimizer, criterion):
         model.train()
         total loss = 0
         for X_batch, y_batch in tqdm(train_loader, desc="Training", leave=False):
             optimizer.zero_grad()
             output = model(X_batch.to(device))
             loss = criterion(output, y_batch.to(device))
             loss.backward()
             optimizer.step()
             total_loss += loss.item()
             average_loss = total_loss / len(train_loader)
         return average_loss
     def validate(model, device, val_loader, criterion):
         model.eval()
         total loss = 0
         with torch.no_grad():
             for X_batch, y_batch in tqdm(val_loader, desc="Validation",_
      →leave=False):
                 output = model(X_batch.to(device))
                 loss = criterion(output, y_batch.to(device))
                 total_loss += loss.item()
             average_loss = total_loss / len(val_loader)
         return average_loss
     if MODE == "TRAINING":
         criterion = nn.MSELoss()
         # optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(
               model.parameters(),
         #
               lr = LEARNING_RATE
         # )
         optimizer = torch.optim.RMSprop(model.parameters(), 1r=LEARNING_RATE, __
      →alpha=0.99, eps=1e-8, weight_decay=0, momentum=0.8)
         scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=8, gamma=0.1)
         # Train the model
         train losses = []
         val_losses = []
         best_val_loss = float('inf')
         for epoch in range(N_EPOCHS):
             print(f"Starting epoch {epoch + 1}/{N_EPOCHS}")
             train loss = train(model, device, train loader, optimizer, criterion)
```

```
val_loss = validate(model, device, val_loader, criterion)
    train_losses.append(train_loss)
    val_losses.append(val_loss)
    scheduler.step()

print(f"Epoch [{epoch + 1}/{N_EPOCHS}], Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f},_u

Validation Loss: {val_loss:.4f}")
    if val_loss < best_val_loss:
        best_val_loss = val_loss
        torch.save(model.state_dict(), MODEL_FILENAME)
        print(f"Saved model with validation loss: {best_val_loss:.4f}")

Starting epoch 1/20

Epoch [1/20], Train Loss: 5.2500, Validation Loss: 0.0472</pre>
```

Epoch [1/20], Train Loss: 5.2500, Validation Loss: 0.0472 Saved model with validation loss: 0.0472 Starting epoch 2/20

Epoch [2/20], Train Loss: 0.0408, Validation Loss: 0.0296 Saved model with validation loss: 0.0296 Starting epoch 3/20

Epoch [3/20], Train Loss: 0.0310, Validation Loss: 0.0201 Saved model with validation loss: 0.0201 Starting epoch 4/20

Epoch [4/20], Train Loss: 0.0263, Validation Loss: 0.0208 Starting epoch 5/20

Epoch [5/20], Train Loss: 0.0218, Validation Loss: 0.0152 Saved model with validation loss: 0.0152 Starting epoch 6/20

Epoch [6/20], Train Loss: 0.0183, Validation Loss: 0.0173 Starting epoch 7/20

Epoch [7/20], Train Loss: 0.0170, Validation Loss: 0.0111 Saved model with validation loss: 0.0111 Starting epoch 8/20 Epoch [8/20], Train Loss: 0.0142, Validation Loss: 0.0095 Saved model with validation loss: 0.0095

Starting epoch 9/20

Epoch [9/20], Train Loss: 0.0100, Validation Loss: 0.0080

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0080

Starting epoch 10/20

Epoch [10/20], Train Loss: 0.0093, Validation Loss: 0.0074

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0074

Starting epoch 11/20

Epoch [11/20], Train Loss: 0.0087, Validation Loss: 0.0068

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0068

Starting epoch 12/20

Epoch [12/20], Train Loss: 0.0082, Validation Loss: 0.0066

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0066

Starting epoch 13/20

Epoch [13/20], Train Loss: 0.0078, Validation Loss: 0.0063

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0063

Starting epoch 14/20

Epoch [14/20], Train Loss: 0.0075, Validation Loss: 0.0061

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0061

Starting epoch 15/20

Epoch [15/20], Train Loss: 0.0072, Validation Loss: 0.0059

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0059

Starting epoch 16/20

Epoch [16/20], Train Loss: 0.0069, Validation Loss: 0.0060

Starting epoch 17/20

Epoch [17/20], Train Loss: 0.0065, Validation Loss: 0.0055

Saved model with validation loss: 0.0055

Starting epoch 18/20

```
Epoch [18/20], Train Loss: 0.0065, Validation Loss: 0.0055
Saved model with validation loss: 0.0055
Starting epoch 19/20

Epoch [19/20], Train Loss: 0.0064, Validation Loss: 0.0056
Starting epoch 20/20

Epoch [20/20], Train Loss: 0.0064, Validation Loss: 0.0055
Saved model with validation loss: 0.0055
```

#### 3.5 Inference

```
[9]: from tqdm import tqdm
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
     import math
     from src.data.dataset import CustomDataset
     from src.nn.TCNN import BiTCN
     # Load the model
     model = BiTCN(
         INPUT_SIZE,
         OUTPUT_SIZE,
         CHANNEL_SIZES,
         KERNEL_SIZE,
         seq_len=WINDOW_SIZE,
         dropout=DROPOUT
     model = model.to(device)
     model.load_state_dict(
         torch.load(MODEL_FILENAME, map_location=torch.device(device))
     predictions = []
     def inference(model, device, data_loader):
         model.eval()
         output=[]
         with torch.no_grad():
             import time
             i = 0
```

```
→leave=False):
            out = model(X_batch.to(device))
            output.append(out.detach().cpu())
            outputs = torch.cat(output, dim=0)
            outputs np = outputs.numpy()
    return outputs_np.flatten()
data_loader = DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=False)
predictions = inference(model, device, data_loader)
half_window = math.floor((WINDOW_SIZE - 1) // 2)
og_data: np.ndarray = None
if TARGET_DATASET == "SYNTH":
    og_data = original_data
else:
    with open(path.join(os.getcwd(), "dataset", REAL_DATA_H(-1)), 'r') as file:
        og_data = np.array([float(line.strip()) for line in file.readlines()])
diff = dataset.size - (len(predictions) + half window*2)
prefix = og_data[:half_window + diff]
suffix = og_data[-half_window:]
final_predictions = np.concatenate([prefix, predictions, suffix])
final_predictions = final_predictions.reshape(-1,1)
# final_predictions = final_predictions.astype(np.float16)
np.savetxt("pred.txt", final_predictions, delimiter="\n")
C:\Users\wjw 0\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 29384\3700146736.py:20:
FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with `weights_only=False` (the current
default value), which uses the default pickle module implicitly. It is possible
to construct malicious pickle data which will execute arbitrary code during
unpickling (See
https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/main/SECURITY.md#untrusted-models for
more details). In a future release, the default value for `weights only` will be
flipped to `True`. This limits the functions that could be executed during
unpickling. Arbitrary objects will no longer be allowed to be loaded via this
mode unless they are explicitly allowlisted by the user via
`torch.serialization.add_safe_globals`. We recommend you start setting
`weights_only=True` for any use case where you don't have full control of the
loaded file. Please open an issue on GitHub for any issues related to this
experimental feature.
 torch.load(MODEL_FILENAME, map_location=torch.device(device))
```

for X\_batch, y\_batch in tqdm(data\_loader, desc="Validation", \_\_

Validation:

| 0/400 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

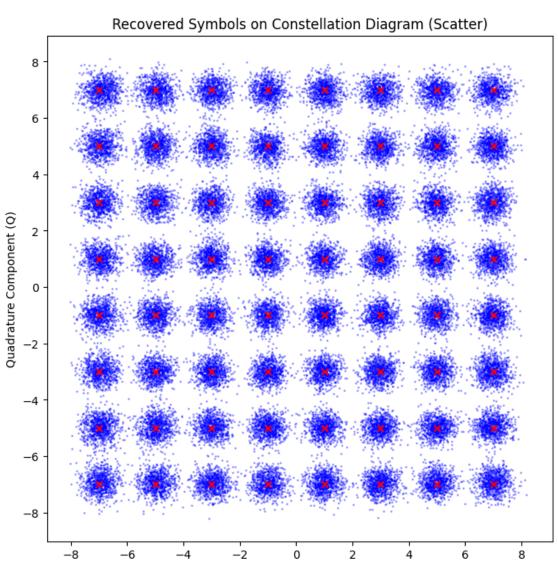
### 4 Post Processing

Demodulation & Visualization

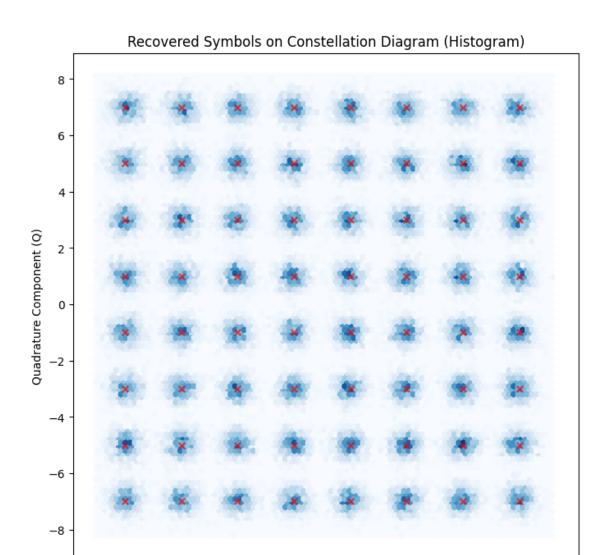
```
[10]: cons = QAM.read_constellation_file(QAM_ORDER, CONSTELLATION)
      demodulated_symbols, recoverdata = QAM.demodulation(
          final_predictions,
          NUMBEROFSYMBOLS,
          cons
      QAM.graph_IQ_constellation(
          "Recovered Symbols",
          recoverdata,
          cons
      )
      if TARGET DATASET == "SYNTH":
          target = np.zeros(len(QAM_bits), dtype=int)
          for i, sample in enumerate(recoverdata):
              distances = np.abs(sample - cons)
              target[i] = np.argmin(distances) # Find the nearest constellation point
          print(len(demodulated_symbols), len(target))
          print(demodulated_symbols[:10], target[:10])
          res = QAM.calculate_ber(demodulated_symbols, target, 35)
          print(f"BER: {res[1]}")
      else:
          from src.data.file_handler import read_file
          from src.data.processing import parse_str
          data = parse_str(read_file(path.join(DATASET_FOLDER, REAL_DATA_H(-1))))
          data = torch.tensor(data, dtype=torch.float32)
          data = data.reshape(1, -1).flatten()
          # data = QAM.downsample(data, 4)
          temp1, temp2 = QAM.demodulation(
              data,
              NUMBEROFSYMBOLS,
              cons
          )
          QAM.graph_IQ_constellation(
              "Recovered Symbols",
              temp2,
```

```
cons
)

print(demodulated_symbols[:10], temp1[:10])
res = QAM.calculate_ber(demodulated_symbols, temp1, 35)
print(f"BER: {res[1]}")
```



In-phase Component (I)



-2 0 2 In-phase Component (I)

4

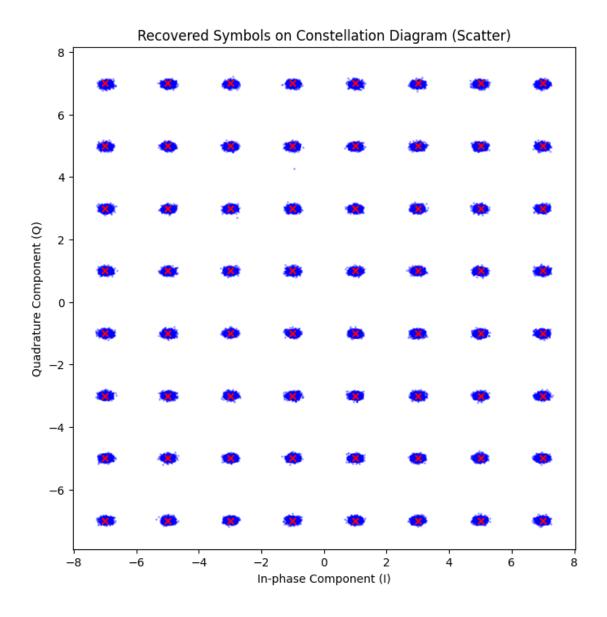
6

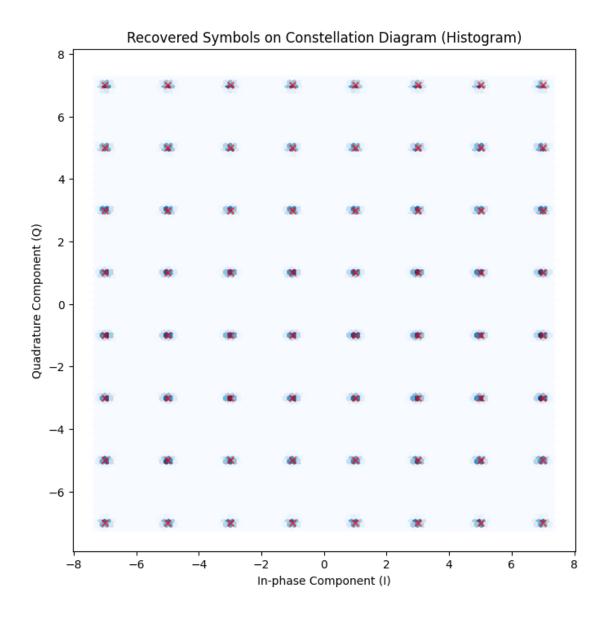
8

-6

-4

-8





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