## **Jacob's Module Tests**

## **Point Class:**

- Overview
  - A Point is the basic unit of a Map object, it has an X position, a Y position, elevation, and a biome.
- Methods:
  - getX ()
    - **Purpose:** Syntactic sugar to make writing code more clear, returns the X position of the point.
    - **■** Equivalence Classes:
      - X has value
      - X is undefined
    - Test Casses:
      - **Test 1:** X is defined
        - Expected output, value of X
      - **Test 2:** X is undefined
        - Expected output, undefined
  - getY ()
    - **Purpose:** Syntactic sugar to make writing code more clear, returns the Y position of the point.
    - **■** Equivalence Classes:
      - Y has value
      - Y is undefined
    - **■** Test Casses:
      - **Test 1:** Y is defined
        - Expected output, value of Y
      - **Test 2:** Y is undefined
        - Expected output, undefined
  - o getElevation ()
    - **Purpose:** Syntactic sugar to make writing code more clear, returns the Elevation position of the point.
    - **■** Equivalence Classes:
      - Elevation has value
      - Elevation is undefined
    - Test Casses:
      - **Test 1:** Elevation is defined
        - Expected output, value of Elevation
      - Test 2: Elevation is undefined
        - Expected output, undefined
  - o getBiome ()
    - **Purpose:** Syntactic sugar to make writing code more clear, returns the Biome position of the point.
    - **■** Equivalence Classes:

- Biome has value
- Biome is undefined
- **■** Test Casses:
  - **Test 1:** Biome is defined
    - Expected output, value of Biome
  - **Test 2:** Biome is undefined
    - Expected output, undefined
- setElevation(e)
  - **Purpose:** Syntactic sugar to set the value of Elevation. Does not have a return value, expected result, the elevation of this point is altered
  - **■** Equivalence Class:
    - Input e has any value
  - Test Case:
    - Run with input
      - Expected result: point.elevation = input
- setBiome(b)
  - **Purpose:** Syntactic sugar to set the value of Biome. Does not have a return value, expected result, the elevation of this point is altered
  - **■** Equivalence Class:
    - Input b has any value
  - **■** Test Case:
    - Run with input
      - Expected result: point.elevation = input
- dist (p)
  - **Purpose:** Calculate the euclidean distance between this point and the input point.
  - **■** Equivalence Classes:
    - P is a well defined point
    - P is not a point
    - The x point or y point of either point is not defined
  - **■** Test Cases:
    - Test 1: P is a point
      - Expected result: Returns the euclidean distance between this point and p
    - **Test 2:** P is not a point or x or y of either is undefined
      - Expected result: Error
- o dir (p)
  - **Purpose:** Calculate the direction of p in relation to this point
  - **■** Equivalence Classes:
    - P is a well defined point
    - P is not a point
    - The x point or y point of either point is not defined
  - Test Cases:

- **Test 1:** P is a point
  - Expected result: Returns a string indicating the direction 'north', 'northwest', 'west', etc.
- Test 2: P is not a point or x or y of either is undefined
  - Expected result: Error

# Map Class:

- Overview
  - The data structure used to hold the map. It contains a width, height, and an array of points to represent pixels in the final resulting image.
- Methods:
  - Constructor(width, height)
    - **Purpose:** Create the point array
    - **■** Equivalence classes:
      - Width or Height are less than 1
      - Width and Height are greater than or equal to 1
    - Test Cases:
      - **Test 1:** Width or Height are less than 1
        - Expected result: Error
      - Test 2: Width and Height are greater than or equal 1
        - Expected result: Forms an array of points of size Width \*
          Height
  - $\circ$  point (x, y)
    - **Purpose:** Retrieve the point on the map at position x, y
    - **■** Equivalence classes:
      - X and Y are not numbers
      - There exists a point at X, Y
      - There does not exist a point at X, Y
    - **■** Test Cases:
      - **Test 1:** X or Y is not a number
        - Expected result: Error
      - **Test 2:** There exists a point at X, Y
        - Expected result: Return a reference to the point object at X,
          Y
      - Test 3: There does not exist a point at X, Y
        - Expected result: return null
  - getNeighbors (point, onlyOrthogonal = false)
    - **Purpose:** retrieve all points neighboring the point passed in.
    - **■** Equivalence Classes:
      - Point is in the middle of the map
      - Point is on the edge of the map
      - Only orthogonal is true
      - Point does not exist

#### **■** Test Cases:

- **Test 1:** Point is in the middle of the map
  - Expected result: return list of eight neighboring points
- **Test 2:** Point is on the edge of the map
  - Expected result: return a list of the points that exist on the map
- **Test 3:** onlyOthogonal is true
  - Expected result: Only return points to the north south east and west that exist
- **Test 4:** Point does not exist
  - Expected result: Error
- getNeighbor (point, dir)
  - **Purpose:** retrieve neighboring point in a specified direction
  - **■** Equivalence Classes:
    - Point exists and dir is a valid string
    - Point does not exist
    - Dir is not a valid string
  - Test Cases:
    - **Test 1:** Point exists and dir is valid
      - Expected result: return value of neighbor or null if that neighbor does not exist
    - Test 2: Point does not exist
      - Expected result: Error
    - **Test 3:** Dir is not a valid string
      - Expected result: return null
- getRandomNeighbor(point, onlyOrthogonal = false)
  - **Purpose:** Pick a random neighbor of point
  - Equivalence Classes:
    - Point Exists
    - Point does not exist
    - onlyOrthogonal = true
  - Test cases
    - **Test 1:** Point exists
      - Expected result: Returns a random member of the list produced by getNeighbors()
    - Test 2: Point does not exist
      - Expected result: Error
    - **Test 3:** onlyOrhtogonal = true
      - Expected result: Returns a random member of the list produced by getNeighbors() where only orthogonal was set to true
- getRandomNeighborOfType(point, biome, onlyOrthogonal = false)

- **Purpose:** return a random neighbor with the same biome as the string passed in
- **■** Equivalence Classes:
  - Point exists
  - There are neighbors of type biome
  - There are not neighbors of type biome
  - Point does not exist
  - onlyOrthogonal = true
- **■** Test Cases
  - **Test 1:** point exists and there are neighbors of type biome
    - Expected result: return random appropriate neighbor
  - Test 2: point exists and there are no neighbors of type biome
    - Expected result: return null
  - Test 3: point does not exist
    - Expected result: error
  - Test 4: onlyOrthogonal is true
    - Same as above but will exclude diagonal neighbors
- hasNeighbors (point, onlyOrthogonal = false)
  - **Purpose:** returns true if neighbors exist
  - **■** Equivalence classes
    - Point exists
    - Point does not exist
    - Only orthogonal is true
  - Test Cases
    - **Test 1:** Point exists
      - Expected result: returns true if neighbors exist
    - Test 2: Point does not exist
      - Expected result: Error
    - **Test 3:** Only orthogonal is true
      - Expected result: return true if orthogonal neighbors exist
- hasNeighborsOfType (point, biome, onlyOrthogonal = false)
  - **Purpose:** returns true if neighbors of type biome exist
  - **■** Equivalence classes
    - Point exists
    - Point does not exist
    - Only orthogonal is true
  - Test Cases
    - **Test 1:** Point exists
      - Expected result: returns true if neighbors of type biome exist
    - **Test 2:** Point does not exist
      - Expected result: Error
    - Test 3: Only orthogonal is true

 Expected result: return true if orthogonal neighbors of type biome exist

# getNeighborsOfType (point, biome, onlyOrthogonal = false)

- **Purpose:** retrieve all points of type biome neighboring the point passed in.
- **■** Equivalence Classes:
  - Point exists
  - Only orthogonal is true
  - Point does not exist
- Test Cases:
  - **Test 1:** Point is in the middle of the map
    - Expected result: return list of neighbors of type biome
  - **Test 2:** onlyOthogonal is true
    - Expected result: Only return points to the north south east and west that exist of type biome
  - Test 3: Point does not exist
    - Expected result: Error
- getPointsOfType (biome)
  - **Purpose:** get all points on the map of type biome
  - **■** Equivalence classes
    - There exist points of type biome
    - There do not exist points of type biome
  - Test Cases:
    - **Test 1:** There exist points of type biome
      - o Expected result: return list of all points of the type biome
    - **Test 2:** There exist no points of type biome
      - Expected result: return the empty list
- getRandomPointOfTypeBiome(biome)
  - Purpose: get a random point of the appointed type
  - **■** Equivalence classes
    - There are points of type biome
    - There are no points of type biome
  - Test cases
    - **Test 1:** There are points of type biome
      - Expected result: return a point of the specified time
    - **Test 2:** There are no points of type biome
      - Expected result: return null
- randomDirection ()
  - **Purpose:** return a random valid direction
  - **■** Equivalence class
    - Function is called
  - Test cases
    - **Test 1:** call function

Expected result: Return proper direction string

## **River Agent Class:**

#### Overview

 A RiverAgent takes in a number of rivers to create. It then operates on a map drawing a river from a shore point, to a mountain point. It takes maxRivers as a constructor parameter

### Methods

- o generate (map)
  - **Purpose:** called when the map is made to attempt to create maxRivers rivers
  - Equivalence Classes:
    - Map exists
    - Map does not exist
  - Test Cases
    - **Test 1:** Map exists
      - Expected result: rivers created on map. List of altered points returned
    - **Test 2:** Map does not exist
      - o Expected result: Error
- generateRiver (map)
  - **Purpose:** Attempt to generate a single river.
  - **■** Equivalence Classes:
    - Map exists
    - Map does not exist
    - Mountain Points exist
    - Shore points exist
  - **■** Test Cases:
    - **Test 1:** Map, mountain, and shore points exist
      - Expected result: A river will be created on the map, the points altered will be returned
    - Test 2: Map does not exist
      - Expected result: Error
    - **Test 3:** Mountain or shore points do not exist
      - Expected result: River will not be drawn, the function will return an empty list without error