反向代理

nginx只能处理静态文件例如: html、js、css、图片等,无法处理jsp、php、asp

那么nginx可以通过配置来处理jsp、php、asp这类请求

配置如下:

```
1. server {
2. listen 80;
   3.
        server name www.myhost2.com;
4.
        location ~* \.(jpg|jpeg|css|js) {
   5.
6.
       root myhost2;
   7.
8.
        location ~ \.jsp$ {
   9.
10.
       proxy pass 192.168.72.1:8080;
   11.
12. }
```

nginx处理静态文件,发现是jsp文件就把请求转发给 192.168.72.1:8080 的tomcat,当tomcat响应完成的结果在交给nginx进行返回

正向代理

场景: Java程序爬取网站,但是同一个ip访问太频繁会封,那么用nginx做正向代理。

Java程序请求Nginx机器,nginx机器去请求网络,nginx机器将请求的结果返回 Java程序

Nginx配置

```
1. #HTTP
   3.
             resolver 8.8.8.8;
4.
            access log /usr/local/nginx/logs/access proxy.log;
   5.
             listen 8118;
6.
             location / {
   7.
                     root html;
8.
                     index index.html index.htm;
   9.
                     proxy pass $scheme://$host$request uri;
10.
                     proxy set header HOST $http host;
   11.
                      proxy buffers 256 4k;
12.
                      proxy max temp file size 0k;
   13.
                      proxy connect timeout 30;
```

```
14.
                      proxy send timeout 60;
   15.
                      proxy read timeout 60;
   16.
                      proxy next upstream error timeout
   invalid header http 502;
   17.
              }
18.
              error_page 500 502 503 504 /50x.html;
   19.
               location = /50x.html {
20.
               root html;
   21.
   22.
 23. }
   24.
25.
   26. #HTTPS
 27. server{
   28.
              resolver 8.8.8.8;
   29.
              access log
   /usr/local/nginx/logs/access proxy https.log;
   30.
              listen 8119;
              location / {
31.
   32.
                      root html;
33.
                      index index.html index.htm;
   34.
                      proxy pass https://$host$request uri;
35.
                      proxy buffers 256 4k;
                      proxy_max_temp_file size 0k;
   36.
                      proxy_connect timeout 30;
37.
   38.
                      proxy_send_timeout 60;
39.
                      proxy_read_timeout 60;
   40.
                      proxy next upstream error timeout
   invalid header http 502;
 41. }
   42.
              error_page 500 502 503 504 /50x.html;
43.
              location = /50x.html {
   44.
                      root html;
45.
   46. }
```

Java程序

```
1. import java.io.IOException;
   2. import java.net.InetSocketAddress;
   3. import java.net.Proxy;
4.
   5. import org.jsoup.Connection;
6. import org.jsoup.Connection.Method;
   7. import org.jsoup.Connection.Response;
8. import org.jsoup.Jsoup;
10. public class DownLoader {
   11.
12.
          public static Response download(String href) {
   13.
14.
          String ip = "192.168.204.132";
   15.
              int port = 8118;
16.
             Proxy proxy = new Proxy(Proxy.Type.HTTP, new
InetSocketAddress(ip, port));
```

```
17.
18.
               Connection con = Jsoup.connect(href);
   19.
               con.referrer(href);
               con.timeout(30000);//时间怎么这么长
   20.
   21.
               con.method(Method.GET);
               con.ignoreHttpErrors(true);//忽略加载动态的js,媒体资源
   22.
   23.
               con.ignoreContentType(true);
24.
               con.header("Connection", "keep-alive");
   25.
               con.header("Accept-Language", "zh-CN, zh; q=0.8, en-
   US; q=0.5, en; q=0.3");
               con.userAgent("Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64;
   rv:44.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/44.0");
               con.header("Accept",
   27.
   "text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8"
   );
   28.
               int x = 0;
               Response res = null;
   29.
30.
               while (x < 3) {
   31.
                   try {
 32.
                       res = con.execute();
                                                  //返回的状态码
   33.
                       int sc = res.statusCode();
34.
                       String sm = res.statusMessage();
   35.
                       if (sc == 404 \mid \mid sc >= 500) {
                           System.err.println(href + " >> " + proxy
   36.
   + " >> " + sc + " >> " + sm);
   37.
                           return null;
38.
   39.
                       break;
40.
                    catch (Exception e) {
   41.
                       x++;
                       System.err.println(href + " >> " + proxy + "
   42.
   >> " + x +
                >> " + e.getMessage());
   43.
 44.
   45.
               return res;
 46.
   47.
 48.
   49.
           public static void main(String[] args) {
50.
               Response res = download("http://www.jd.com");
   51.
               try {
52.
                   System.out.println(res.parse().toString());
   53.
               } catch (IOException e) {
54.
                   e.printStackTrace();
   55.
56.
   57.
58.}
```