script.R

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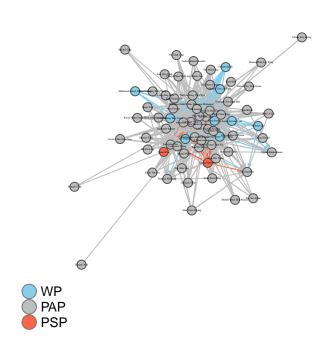
```
#set working directory first
#loading necessary packages
library("readxl")
library("igraph")
##
## Attaching package: 'igraph'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      decompose, spectrum
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      union
library("igraphdata")
library("dplyr")
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:igraph':
##
##
      as_data_frame, groups, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library("tidyverse")
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                  ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
```

```
v purrr 0.3.4
## v ggplot2 3.3.6
## v tibble 3.1.7
                    v stringr 1.4.0
## v tidyr
          1.1.3
                    v forcats 0.5.1
## v readr
            1.4.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x tibble::as_data_frame() masks dplyr::as_data_frame(), igraph::as_data_frame()
## x purrr::compose()
                           masks igraph::compose()
## x tidyr::crossing()
                           masks igraph::crossing()
## x dplyr::filter()
                           masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::groups()
                           masks igraph::groups()
## x dplyr::lag()
                           masks stats::lag()
## x purrr::simplify()
                         masks igraph::simplify()
# [Step 1: Preparing the Nodes and Edges]
#storing nodes data into a variable named "nodes"
nodes <- read_excel("/Users/johnathan/Desktop/y4s1/Networks Data/Nodes.xlsx")</pre>
#viewing the output for the nodes
view(nodes)
#storing edges data into a variable named "edges"
edges <- read excel("/Users/johnathan/Desktop/y4s1/Networks Data/Edges.xlsx")</pre>
#viewing the output for edges
view(edges)
#summary of data from nodes and edges
summary(nodes)
```

```
gender
                                         position
##
                                                           party.type
       name
## Length:72
                     Length:72
                                       Length:72
                                                         Min. :1.000
## Class :character
                     Class :character
                                       Class :character
                                                         1st Qu.:2.000
## Mode :character Mode :character
                                       Mode :character
                                                         Median :2.000
##
                                                         Mean :1.903
##
                                                         3rd Qu.:2.000
##
                                                         Max. :3.000
## party.label
                         race
                                                         sector
                                            age
## Length:72
                     Length:72
                                       Min. :32.00
                                                      Length:72
## Class :character Class :character
                                       1st Qu.:44.00
                                                      Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character
                                       Median :50.00
                                                      Mode :character
##
                                       Mean :49.79
                                       3rd Qu.:56.00
##
                                       Max. :70.00
##
##
    date.joined
## Min. :1984
## 1st Qu.:2011
## Median :2015
## Mean :2013
## 3rd Qu.:2020
## Max.
        :2020
```

```
summary(edges)
##
       From
                            То
                                              Weight
                                                          Type
##
  Length: 1608
                       Length: 1608
                                                      Length: 1608
                                          Min.
                                                :1
  Class : character
                       Class :character
                                          1st Qu.:1
                                                      Class : character
## Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                                      Mode :character
                                          Median :1
##
                                          Mean
                                               :1
##
                                          3rd Qu.:1
##
                                          Max.
                                                 :1
# [Step 2: Converting Raw Data into an igraph object]
net <- graph_from_data_frame(d=edges, vertices=nodes, directed=T)</pre>
class(net)
## [1] "igraph"
E(net) # The edges of the "net" object; 1608 edges identified
## + 1608/1608 edges from f48b0fb (vertex names):
                       ->Grace Fu Hai Yien
## [1] He Ting Ru
## [2] He Ting Ru
                            ->Grace Fu Hai Yien
## [3] Tan Wu Meng
                           ->Grace Fu Hai Yien
## [4] Tan Wu Meng
                           ->Desmond Lee
                         ->Gan Kim Yong
## [5] Yip Hon Weng
## [6] Kwek Hian Chuan Henry->Tan See Leng
## [7] Chua Kheng Wee Louis ->Tan See Leng
## [8] Edward Chia Bing Hui ->Gan Kim Yong
## [9] Louis Ng Kok Kwang ->Ong Ye Kung
## [10] Louis Ng Kok Kwang
                           ->Ong Ye Kung
## + ... omitted several edges
V(net) # The vertices of the "net" object; 72 vertices identified
## + 72/72 vertices, named, from f48b0fb:
## [1] Gerald Giam Yean Song
                                             Sylvia Lim
## [3] Muhamad Faisal Abdul Manap
                                             Leon Perera
## [5] Pritam Singh
                                             Darryl David
## [7] Gan Thiam Poh
                                             Lee Hsien Loong
## [9] Nadia Ahmad Samdin
                                             Ng Ling Ling
## [11] Chong Kee Hiong
                                             Ng Eng Hen
## [13] Saktiandi Supaat
                                             Murali Pillai
## [15] Liang Eng Hwa
                                             Gan Kim Yong
## [17] Don Wee
                                             Zhulkarnain Abdul Rahim
## [19] Cheryl Chan Wei Ling
                                             Jessica Tan Soon Neo
## + ... omitted several vertices
# [Step 3: Aesthetics]
# Generate colors based on party type
colrs <- c("skyblue", "grey", "tomato")</pre>
```

```
V(net)$color <- colrs[V(net)$party.type]</pre>
# Color the edges of the graph based on their source node color
edge.start <- ends(net, es=E(net), names=F)[,1]</pre>
edge.col <- V(net)$color[edge.start]</pre>
# Plotting the graph (DIRECTED)
plot(net,
     edge.arrow.size=.2,
     edge.curved=0,
     edge.color=edge.col,
     edge.curved=.1,
     vertex.size=8,
     vertex.frame.color="#555555",
     vertex.label=V(net)$name,
     vertex.label.color="black",
     vertex.label.cex=.15)
# Setting the legend for what the colors mean
legend(x=-1.5, y=-1.1, c("WP", "PAP", "PSP"), pch=21,
       col="#777777", pt.bg=colrs, pt.cex=2, cex=.8, bty="n", ncol=1)
```



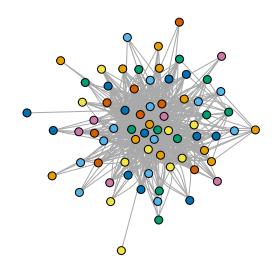
```
# [Step 4: Network Data Analysis]
# Firstly, let's look at degree analysis
```

```
max(degree(net, mode = "IN"))
## [1] 266
which.max(degree(net, mode = "IN"))
## Ong Ye Kung
            52
##
# Ong Ye Kung has received the most number of questions @ 266
# Let's try to visualize this data
degree_out1 <- as.data.frame(degree(net, mode = "IN"))</pre>
view(degree out1)
# Among the various ministries, Ng Eng Hen (Defence) received the least @ 19
max(degree(net, mode = "OUT"))
## [1] 102
which.max(degree(net, mode = "OUT"))
## Louis Ng Kok Kwang
##
# Louis Ng has raised the most number of questions @ 42
# Let's try to visualize this data
degree_out2 <- as.data.frame(degree(net, mode = "OUT"))</pre>
view(degree_out2)
# Vikram Nair raised the least number of questions @ 1
# Removing zero values for both in-degree and out-degree tables
view(degree_out1)
degree_new1 <- degree_out1[degree_out1$`degree(net, mode = "IN")`!=0,]</pre>
summary(degree_new1)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
##
     19.00
           59.25
                    95.00 100.50 127.25 266.00
#questions RECEIVED: mean = 100.50, median = 21.00
degree_new2 <- degree_out2[degree_out2$`degree(net, mode = "OUT")`!=0,]</pre>
summary(degree_new2)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
      1.00 14.50 21.00
##
                             28.71 36.50 102.00
```

```
#questions ASKED = mean = 28.71, median = 21.00
#Do WP MPs raise more questions than the mean?
wp_qns <- 370 #used excel filtering to tabulate the total questions asked
wp_qns_avg <- 370/9 #divided by 9 total MPs, mean = 41.1
wp_qns_avg > mean(degree_new2)
## [1] TRUE
# TRUE, WP MPs ask more questions than the mean
#Do PAP MPs raise more questions than the mean?
pap_qns <- 1205 #used excel filtering to tabulate the total questions asked
pap_qns_avg <- 1205/61 #divided by 61 total MPs, mean = 19.75
pap_qns_avg > mean(degree_new2)
## [1] FALSE
# FALSE, PAP MPs do not ask more questions than the mean
#Do PSP MPs raise more questions than the mean?
psp_qns <- 60
psp_qns_avg <- 60/2
psp_qns_avg > mean(degree_new2)
## [1] TRUE
# TRUE, PSP MPs ask more questions than the mean
# Next, let's look at betweenness centrality analysis
# I decided to make the graph undirected for this portion as debates
# in parliament are not solely questions & answer, tend to be more of a
# two-way debate
max(betweenness(net, directed=F))
## [1] 453.0377
which.max(betweenness(net, directed=F))
## Ong Ye Kung
##
            52
# Ong Ye Kung has the highest betweenness centrality @ 453.04
max.btw1 <- as.data.frame(betweenness(net, directed=T))</pre>
view(max.btw1) #view the output in a table format
# Pulling data from a specific person (i.e., Lee Hsien Loong)
betweenness(net, directed=F)[nodes$name[8]]
```

```
## Lee Hsien Loong
          61.08984
##
# PM Lee Hsien Loong has a betweeness centrality of 61.09
# Now let's compare the influence of the 3 political parties
#Influence of WP MPs
wp_influence_avg <- 16.07 #pulled from excel data
#Influence of PAP MPs
pap_influence_avg <- 40.42 #pulled from excel data</pre>
#Influence of PSP MPs
psp_influence_avg <- 8.60 #pulled from excel data</pre>
# [Step 5: Community Analysis]
#Collapsing multiple edges for simplification
#creating a new edges2 variable
edges2 <- read_excel("/Users/johnathan/Desktop/y4s1/Networks Data/Edges.xlsx")</pre>
nrow(edges2); nrow(unique(edges2[,c("From", "To")]))
## [1] 1608
## [1] 468
#there are more links than unique from-to combinations
edges2 <- aggregate(edges2[,3], edges2[,-3], sum)</pre>
edges2 <- edges2[order(edges2$From, edges2$To),]</pre>
# collapse duplicate edges using the aggregate function to sum up weights
net2 <- graph_from_data_frame(d=edges2, vertices=nodes, directed=F)</pre>
#plotting a new network using the new edge list
is_connected(net2) #graph is connected
## [1] TRUE
mean_distance(net2) #average path length is around 2.04
## [1] 2.037559
diameter(net2) #longest path is 4
## [1] 4
```

```
transitivity(net2) #no triangles exist
## [1] 0
vertex_connectivity(net2)
## [1] 1
edge_connectivity(net2)
## [1] 1
#both vertex and edge connectivity is equal to 1
# find communities on pq network
# Using the Louvain Method and Setting Weights
net2_louvain = cluster_louvain(net2, weights=E(net2)$Weight)
net2_louvain_membership <- data.frame(node=1:gorder(net2),</pre>
                                      community=net2_louvain$membership)
table(net2_louvain_membership$community) #5 groups identified
##
## 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
## 12 13 11 10 12 8 6
#modularity of the network
modularity(net2_louvain)
## [1] 0.2062345
#community visualization
V(net2)$community <- net2_louvain$membership
plot(net2, vertex.color=V(net2)$community,
    vertex.label=NA,
    vertex.size=7,
    layout=layout_with_lgl)
```



```
# Monte Carlo Simulation (reference graphs)
nv <- vcount(net2) #number of vertices</pre>
ne <- ecount(net2) #number of edges</pre>
degs <- degree(net2) #degrees</pre>
ntrials <- 1000 #setting trials to 1000
num.comm.rg <- numeric(ntrials)</pre>
for(i in (1:ntrials)){
  g.rg <- sample_gnm(nv, ne)</pre>
  c.rg <- cluster_fast_greedy(g.rg)</pre>
  num.comm.rg[i] <- length(c.rg)</pre>
num.comm.grg <- numeric(ntrials)</pre>
for(i in (1:ntrials)){
  g.grg <- sample_degseq(degs, method="vl")</pre>
  c.grg <- cluster_fast_greedy(g.grg)</pre>
 num.comm.grg[i] <- length(c.grg)</pre>
}
#plotting the histogram
rslts <- c(num.comm.rg,num.comm.grg)</pre>
indx <- c(rep(0, ntrials), rep(1, ntrials))</pre>
counts <- table(indx, rslts)/ntrials</pre>
barplot(counts, beside=TRUE, col=c("blue", "red"),
```

```
xlab="Number of Communities",
ylab="Relative Frequency",
legend=c("Fixed Size", "Fixed Degree Sequence"))
```

