Machine Learning Engineer Nanodegree Capstone Proposal

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DOMAIN BACKGROUND

This project aims at building a video analysis system for surveillance purposes. It basically finds and indexes the movement events filmed by a fixed camera.

Video surveillance has become a major and widely used tool for multiple issues [1] and is supported by many companies [2] [3]. But the huge ammount of information which is usually dealt with has led to the need to use Machine Learning techniques to extract patterns, predictions and other refined information. This approach is being implemented [4] and there is much work for Machine Learning engineers to do in this field.

An efficient implementation of Machine Learning techniques to video surveillance would prevent users from dealing with a sequential (and manual) search through the (perhaps many hours long) video source, which is rather inefficient, boring and error prone, thus providing a major tool for a wide range of purposes.

- [1] Wikipedia Surveillance / Cameras
- [2] VideoSurveillance.com
- [3] Tyco
- [4] Briefcam

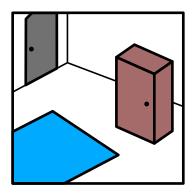
PROBLEM STATEMENT

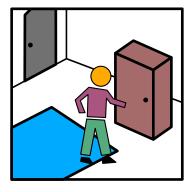
To apply unsupervised Machine Learning clustering algorithms to detect and quantify the movement events filmed by a fixed camera. The algorithms are to be applied to a tridimensional binary array obtained from the original video after some careful video-preprocessing (see below). Further refinements may also be tackled, such as finding time-parametric curves accurately fitting each movement event.

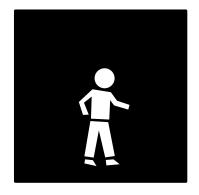
DATASETS AND INPUTS

The datasets and inputs for this project will be obtained after some video preprocessing made on sample videos. The selected videos are located in capstone_project/data/unprocessed_videos and they have been downloaded from VIRAT Video Dataset [1]. The video preprocessing is carried out using the free packages SciKitImage and SciKitVideo and has been generously provided by WardenAutomation.

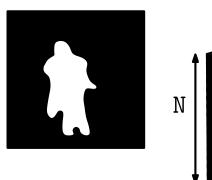
The video preprocessing takes as input a .avi M \times N pixels video and a .png M \times N pixels picture (background). For each frame in the video, the frame and the background are compared pixel-wise, and the difference is recorded in a M \times N binary array, where 1 denotes difference (above some threshold) and 0 denotes no difference.

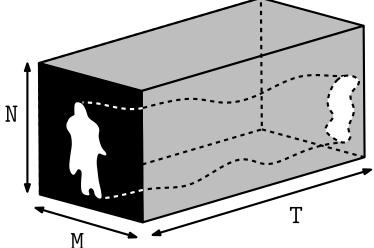






If the video has T frames, then the video preprocessing gives as output a $\mathtt{M} \times \mathtt{N} \times \mathtt{T}$ binary array, which is supposed to capture the movement in our scene and that will be the primary input for the project. These arrays are located in capstone_project/data/tridimensional_binary_arrays.





[1] A Large-scale Benchmark Dataset for Event Recognition in Surveillance Video, Sangmin Oh, Anthony Hoogs, Amitha Perera, Naresh Cuntoor, Chia-Chih Chen, Jong Taek Lee, Saurajit Mukherjee, J.K. Aggarwal, Hyungtae Lee, Larry Davis, Eran Swears, Xiaoyang Wang, Qiang Ji, Kishore Reddy, Mubarak Shah, Carl Vondrick, Hamed Pirsiavash, Deva Ramanan, Jenny Yuen, Antonio Torralba, Bi Song, Anesco Fong, Amit Roy-Chowdhury, and Mita Desai, *Proceedings of IEEE Comptuer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)*, 2011.

SOLUTION STATEMENT

We propose the use of DBSCAN clustering algorithm, which is implemented in SciKitLearn. This clustering algorithm is well-suited for our generic clusters, which are uneven in size and non-convex.

BENCHMARK MODEL

• Actions as Space-Time Shapes

EVALUATION METRICS

The metric(s) used to estimate the quality of our clustering will comprise

- Homogeneity
- Completeness
- V-measure
- Adjusted Rand Index
- Adjusted Mutual Information
- Silhouette Coefficient

The weight given to each measure will be assigned by refined cross-validation process.

Project Design

In this final section, summarize a theoretical workflow for approaching a solution given the problem. Provide thorough discussion for what strategies you may consider employing, what analysis of the data might be required before being used, or which algorithms will be considered for your implementation. The workflow and discussion that you provide should align with the qualities of the previous sections. Additionally, you are encouraged to include small visualizations, pseudocode, or diagrams to aid in describing the project design, but it is not required. The discussion should clearly outline your intended workflow of the capstone project.