$$V = \max_{\alpha} \left\{ R(S,\alpha) + \gamma \geq P(S,\alpha,s') V^{*}(s') \right\}$$

=
$$\max \left\{ R(S,a) + \gamma \left(aV^{2}(S+1) + CI-a)V^{2}(S) \right) \right\}$$

$$R(S,\alpha) = F\{R_{t+1} \mid S_{t}=S, R_{t}=\alpha\}$$

$$=\alpha-\alpha^2+1-\alpha^2$$

$$=$$
 $-2\alpha^2 + \alpha + |$

According to the symmetry Cs goes from 1 to infinity), we should have that $V^{3}(S+1) = V^{*}(S) = V^{3}$

$$V^{*} = -2\alpha^{2} + \alpha + 1 + \gamma (\alpha V^{*} cs + 1) + (1 - \alpha) V^{*} cs)$$

$$V^{*} = -2\alpha^{2} + \alpha + 1 + \gamma V^{*}$$

$$V^{*} = \frac{-2\alpha^{2} + \alpha + 1}{1 - \gamma}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \alpha} = 0 \qquad \alpha = \frac{1}{4} \qquad \pi^{*} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$V^{*} = \frac{-2 \times 1}{0.5} + \frac{1}{4} + 1 = \frac{9}{4}$$

3.
$$R(s,a) = E\{Rt \mid St=S, At=a\}$$

$$= -E\{e^{as'} \mid St=S, At=a\}$$

$$= -E\{e^{as'}\} = M\{a\}$$

$$= -e^{as} + \frac{1}{2}6^2a^2$$

$$V'' = \max \left\{ -e^{\alpha S} + \frac{1}{2}6^2 a^{\alpha L} \right\}$$

$$a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \left(-e^{\alpha s + \frac{1}{2}6^2 \alpha'} \right) = -cs + 6^2 \alpha e^{\alpha s + \frac{1}{2}6^2 \alpha'}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(-e^{as} + \frac{1}{2}6^{2}a^{2} \right) = -\left(6^{2} e^{as} + \frac{1}{2}6^{2}a^{2} + (s+6a)e^{a} \right)$$

$$= -\left(6^{2} + (s+6a)^{2} \right) e^{as} + \frac{1}{2}6^{2}a^{2} \left(a = -\frac{s}{6^{2}} + e^{a} \right)$$

$$= -e^{2} e^{as} + \frac{1}{2}6^{2}a^{2} + e^{a} + e^{a} = -e^{a} + e^{a}$$

$$= -e^{2} e^{as} + \frac{s^{2}}{26^{2}} + e^{a} + e^{a}$$

$$= -e^{3} e^{a} + e^{a} + e^{a}$$

$$= -e^{3} e^{a} + e^{a}$$

$$= -e^{3} e^{a} + e^{a}$$

$$= -e^{3} e^{3}$$

$$= -e^{3} e^{3}$$