

Full Stack Notes

Database CRUD with ActiveRecord

“Active Record is the M in MVC - the model - which is the layer of the system responsible for representing business data and logic.”

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ActiveRecord the Pattern

Active Record was first described by Martin Fowler in his book Patterns of Enterprise Application Architecture. In Active Record, **objects** carry both persistent **data and behavior** which operates on that data.

ActiveRecord in Rails is an example of an **ORM or Object Relational Mapper**, a technique that **connects the Model objects of your application to tables in your relational database management system.**

ActiveRecord **Naming Conventions**

ActiveRecord models should be **nouns**. Rails will **automatically associate a model with a table** by **pluralizing the model name**

Some example Model names with their associated table names:

Model Name	Associated Table
Article	articles
Ghost	ghosts
LineItem	line_items
Person	people
Category	categories

Notes that Rails understands how to properly pluralize words like person and category.

Also note that CamelCase model names are converted to plural snake_case table names.

A Basic AR Model

Here's what a basic model would look like for an `articles` table:

```
class Article < ActiveRecord::Base
end
```

Even with no class content we inherit a bunch of functionality from `ApplicationRecord`.

```
Article.count # RUNS: SELECT COUNT(*) FROM articles
```

ActiveRecord is For CRUD

ActiveRecord allows us to perform CRUD actions on our database without writing system. For example:

```
# CREATE:
Article.create(title: 'First Post', content: 'This is a witty article. har har har.')
```

```
# READ:  
  
article = Article.first  
  
# UPDATE  
  
article.update(title: 'My First Post!')  
  
# DELETE  
  
article.destroy
```

ActiveRecord Notes as Code

The remainder of the AR notes are presented as executable Ruby source code in [this Github repo](#).

Each one of these following scripts depends on the provided [ar.rb file](#) to load up the database connection. The following four scripts show how to perform CRUD on data in a customers table using a Customer mode.

- Read: [active_record_read.rb](#)
- Create: [active_record_create.rb](#)
- Update: [active_record_update.rb](#)
- Delete: [active_record_delete.rb](#)

ActiveRecord Associations

One-to-many and many-to-many associations between your database tables can be facilitated by ActiveRecord.

Here's an example of an association where each row in the customers table "belongs to" a row in the provinces table by way of a `province_id` foreign key:

```
class Province < ActiveRecord::Base
  # This AR class is linked with the provinces table.
  # A province has a one to many relationship with customers.
  # In other words, a province:
  has_many :customers
end

class Customer < ActiveRecord::Base
  # This AR class is linked with the customers table.
  # This table has a province_id foreign key so a customer:
  belongs_to :province
end
```

Explore the following file to see how to work with this customer/province association:

- AR Associations: [active_record_assoc.rb](#)

ActiveRecord Resources

Everything else you've wanted to know about ActiveRecord but were afraid to ask is covered in the official guides:

- [Active Record Basics](#)
 - [Active Record Query Interface Guide](#)
 - [Active Record Validations Guide](#)
 - [Active Record Associations Guide](#)
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