R 語言 tidyverse: dplyr & tidyr

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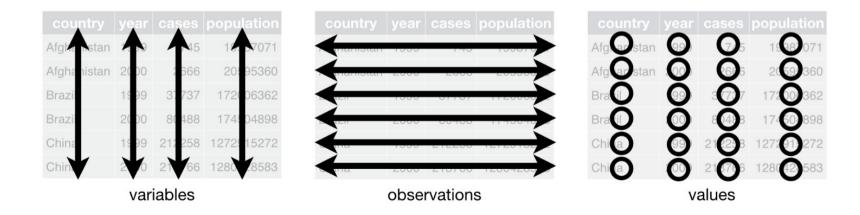
課程主題重點

- dplyr select, filter, group_by, summarize, mutate, arrange
- dplyr join
- tidyr
 gather (pivot_longer),
 spread (pivot_wider)

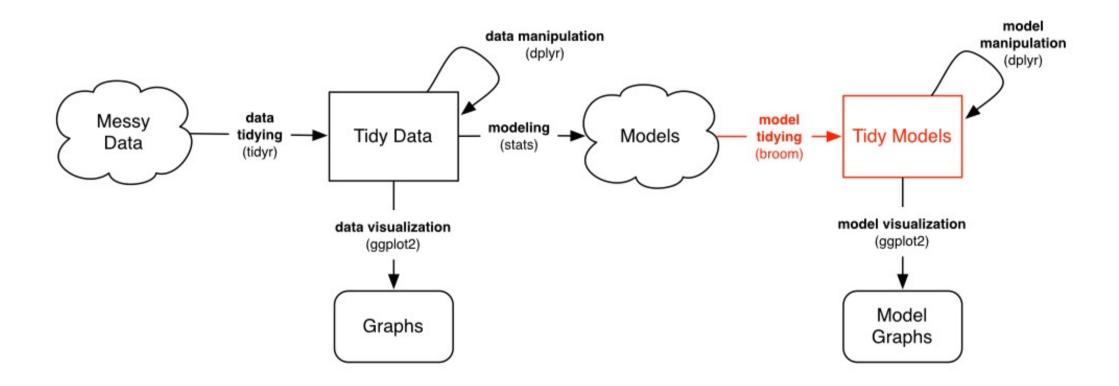


Tidy Data

- 1. Each variable must have its own column.
- 2. Each observation must have its own row.
- Each value must have its own cell.



什麼時候資料會需要tidy?



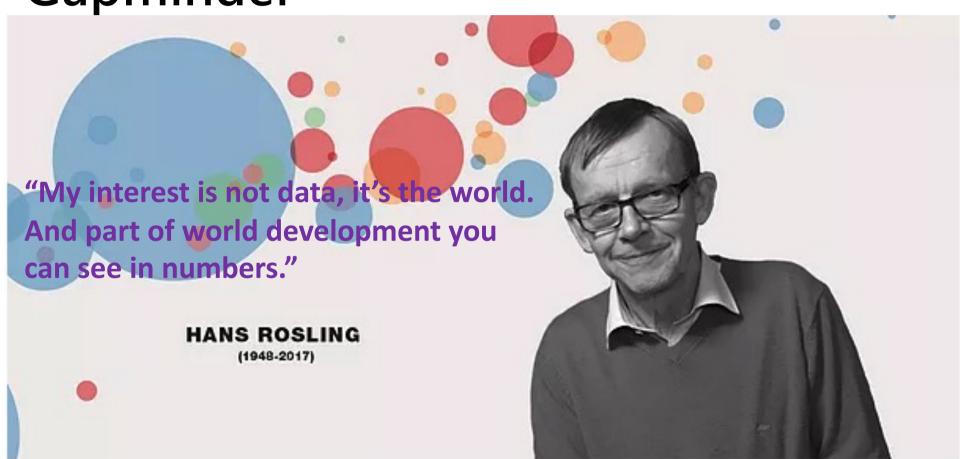
http://varianceexplained.org/r/tidy-genomics-biobroom/

Tidy function 的基本邏輯

- 英文動詞做為 function 名稱。
- 資料 (data) 都放在 function 的第一個 argument 的位置。
- 神奇的 %>% (pipe) 連接器。
- •大量借用 SQL(資料庫語言)。



Gapminder

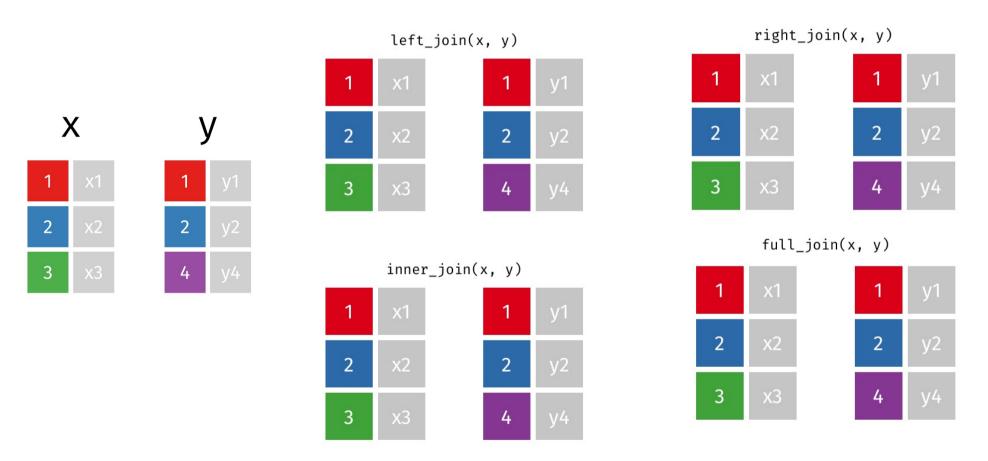


https://www.gapminder.org/tools/#\$chart-type=bubbles

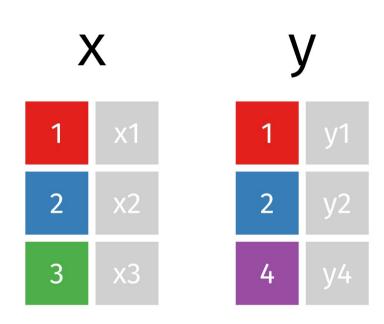
Tidy Animated Verbs

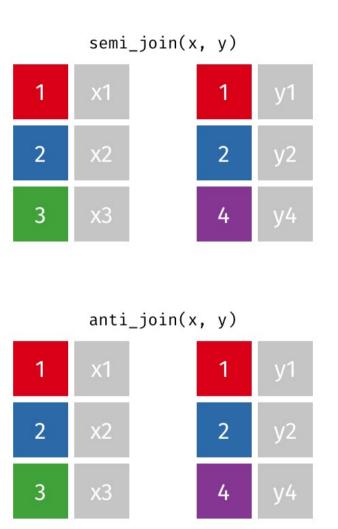
- https://github.com/gadenbuie/tidyexplain
- Mutating Joins
- Filtering Joins
- Set Operations

Mutating Joins



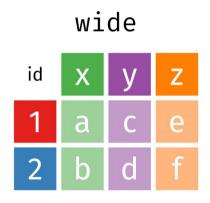
Filtering Joins

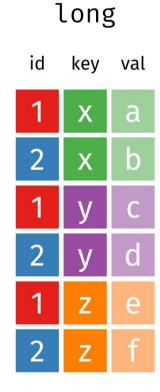


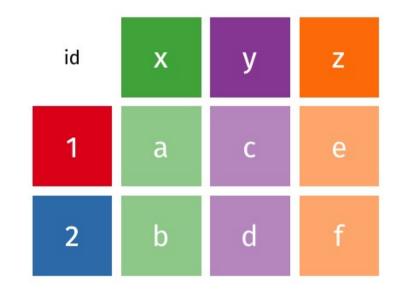


tidyr: gather (longer) & spread (wider)

wide



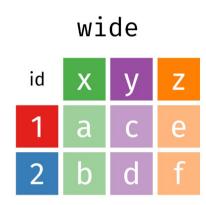


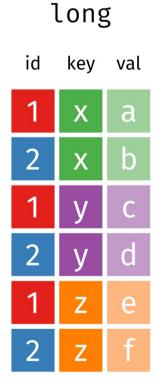


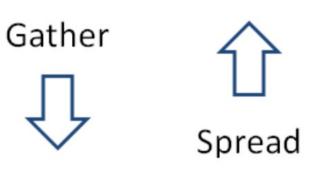
Wide format

tidyr: gather & spread

Sample_ID	Ca	Mg	Na	Cl
P-1	234.3	12.3	4.3	33.5
P-2	432.2	22.3	2.4	12.3







Long format

Sample_ID	Key	Value
P-1	Ca	234.3
P-1	Mg	12.3
P-1	Na	4.3
P-1	CI	33.5
P-2	Ca	432.2
P-2	Mg	22.3
P-2	Na	2.4
P-2	CI	12.3