ENSF 694 - Summer 2024

Principles of Software Development II University of Calgary

Lab Assignment 3

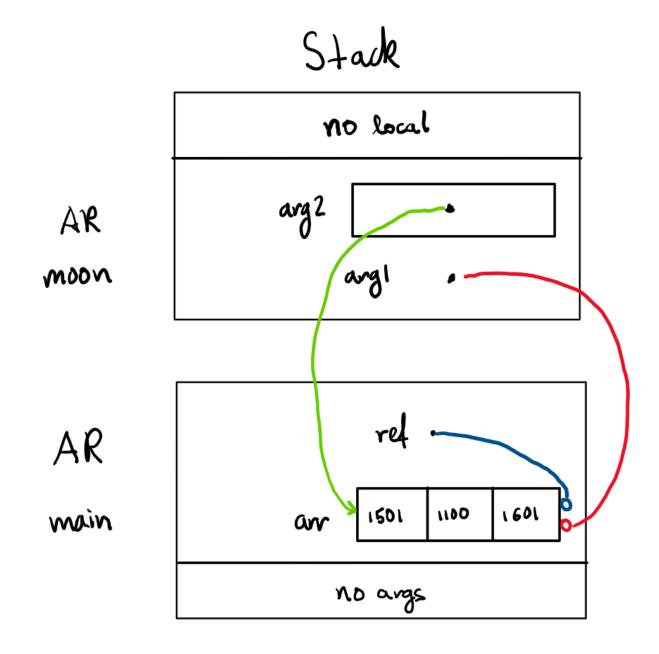
Student Name: Yael Gonzalez

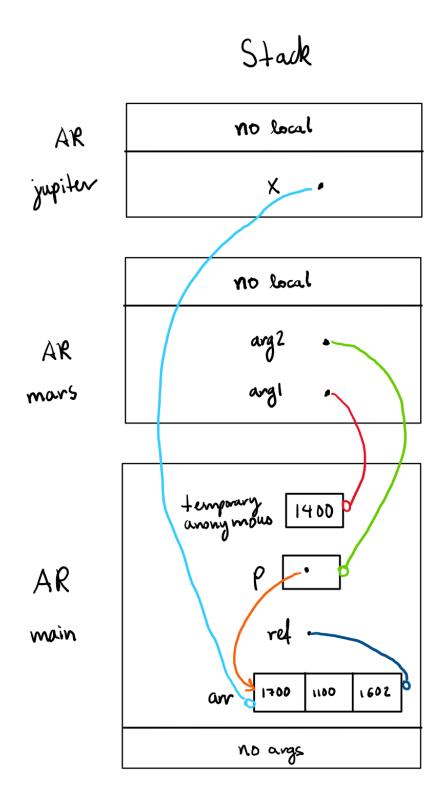
Instructor: M. Moussavi, PhD, Peng

Submission Date: July 17, 2024

Exercise A

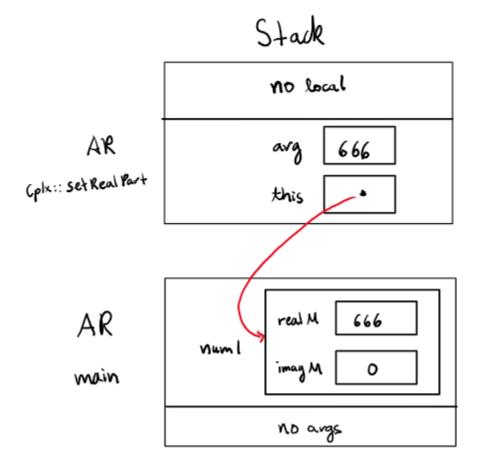
Point one

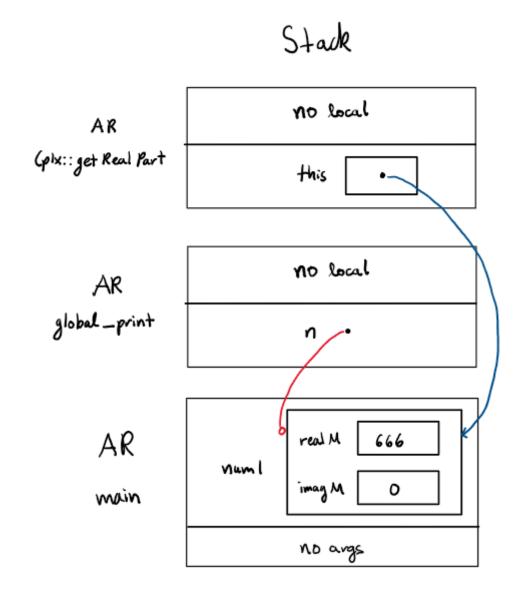


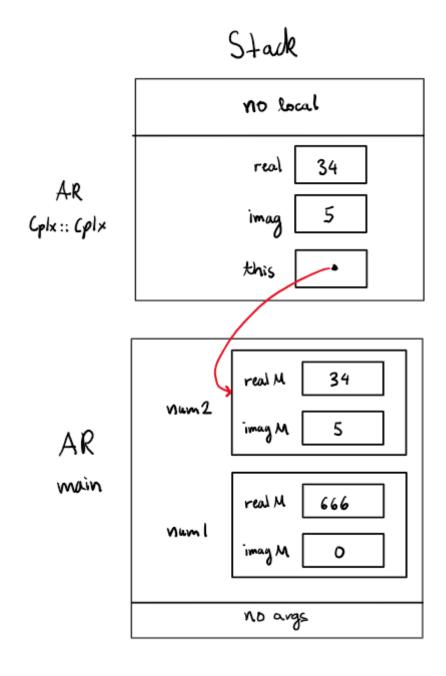


Exercise B

Point one







Exercise C

Source code

lab3Clock.h

```
File Name: lab3Clock.h
 * Assignment: ENSF 694 Summer 2024 - Lab 3 Exercise C
#ifndef lab3_exe_C_Clock
#define lab3_exe_C_Clock
#include <assert.h>
#include <iostream>
* in the format hours:minutes:seconds.
class Clock
public:
   Clock();
    * PROMISES:
    Clock(int seconds);
     * PROMISES:
    * For example, if the argument value is 4205, the values of data members
```

```
* If the given argument value is negative the data members will all be
initialized to zeros.
   Clock(int h, int min, int sec);
    * PROMISES:
    * arguments.
following illegal
   int get_hour() const;
    * PROMISES:
    int get_minute() const;
    * PROMISES:
    int get_second() const;
    * PROMISES:
   void set_hour(int h);
     * PROMISES:
   void set minute(int min);
```

```
* PROMISES:
    void set_second(int sec);
    * PROMISES:
   void increment();
    * PROMISES:
    * Increments the value of the clock's time by one.
   void decrement();
    * PROMISES:
    * Decrements the value of the clock's time by one.
   void add seconds(int seconds);
    * REQUIRES:
    * seconds > 0, i.e., argument is a positive integer of seconds.
    * PROMISES:
    * Adds the value of supplied argument seconds to the value of the current
    * For example, if the clock's time is 23:00:00, and the given argument is
private:
    int hour; // Cannot be less than 0 or more than 23
    int minute; // Cannot be less than 0 or more than 59
    int second; // Cannot be less than 0 or more than 59
```

```
int hms_to_sec();
    /**
    * PROMISE:
    * Returns the total value of the data members in a Clock object, in
seconds.
    *
    * For example, if the time value of a Clock object is 01:10:10, returns
4210
    * seconds.
    */
    void sec_to_hms(int seconds);
    /**
    * PROMISE:
    * Sets the total values for the Clock object data members with the supplied value of
    * seconds.
    *
    * For example, if the supplied argument is 4210 seconds, the data members values will be:
    * 1, 10 and 10, respectively for hour, minute, and second.
    */
};
#endif
```

lab3Clock.cpp

```
/**
 * File Name: lab3Clock.cpp
 * Assignment: ENSF 694 Summer 2024 - Lab 3 Exercise C
 * Created by: Mahmood Moussavi
 * Completed by: Yael Gonzalez
 * Submission Date: July 17, 2024
 */

#include "lab3Clock.h"

Clock::Clock() : hour(0), minute(0), second(0) {}

Clock::Clock(int seconds) : hour(0), minute(0), second(0)
{
   if (seconds >= 0)
   {
```

```
sec_to_hms(seconds);
    }
Clock::Clock(int h, int min, int sec) : hour(h), minute(min), second(sec)
    if (h < 0 || h > 23 || min < 0 || min > 59 || sec < 0 || sec > 59)
        hour = 0;
        minute = 0;
        second = 0;
int Clock::get_hour() const
    return hour;
int Clock::get_minute() const
    return minute;
int Clock::get_second() const
    return second;
void Clock::set_hour(int h)
    if (0 <= h \&\& h <= 23)
        hour = h;
void Clock::set_minute(int min)
    if (0 <= min && min <= 59)
        minute = min;
```

```
void Clock::set_second(int sec)
    if (0 <= sec && sec <= 59)
        second = sec;
void Clock::increment()
    int curr_secs = hms_to_sec(); // Current clock in seconds
    sec to hms(curr secs + 1); // Increment clock by 1 second
void Clock::decrement()
    int curr_secs = hms_to_sec(); // Current clock in seconds
    if (curr_secs == 0)
        sec_to_hms(86399); // Decrement to 23:59:59
   else
        sec to hms(curr secs - 1); // Decrement clock by 1 second
int Clock::hms_to_sec()
    return hour * 3600 + minute * 60 + second;
void Clock::sec_to_hms(int seconds)
    hour = (seconds / 3600) % 24;
    seconds %= 3600;
    minute = seconds / 60;
    second = seconds % 60;
void Clock::add seconds(int seconds)
    assert(seconds > 0);
    int curr_secs = hms_to_sec();    // Current clock in seconds
    sec to hms(curr secs + seconds); // Increment clock by specified seconds
```

```
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_C> g++ -Wall .\lab3Clock.cpp .\lab3exe_C.cpp -o MyProgram
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_C> .\MyProgram.exe
Object t1 is created. Expected time is: 00:00:00
00:00:00
Object t1 incremented by 86400 seconds. Expected time is: 00:00:00
00:00:00
Object t2 is created. Expected time is: 00:00:05
00:00:05
Object t2 decremented by 6 seconds. Expected time is: 23:59:59
23:59:59
After setting t1's hour to 21. Expected time is: 21:00:00
21:00:00
Setting t1's hour to 60 (invalid value). Expected time is: 21:00:00
21:00:00
Setting t2's minute to 20. Expected time is: 23:20:59
23:20:59
Setting t2's second to 50. Expected time is 23:20:50
23:20:50
Adding 2350 seconds to t2. Expected time is: 00:00:00
00:00:00
Adding 72000 seconds to t2. Expected time is: 20:00:00
20:00:00
Adding 216000 seconds to t2. Expected time is: 08:00:00
08:00:00
Object t3 is created. Expected time is: 00:00:00
00:00:00
Adding 1 second to clock t3. Expected time is: 00:00:01
00:00:01
After calling decrement for t3. Expected time is: 00:00:00
00:00:00
After incrementing t3 by 86400 seconds. Expected time is: 00:00:00
00:00:00
After decrementing t3 by 86401 seconds. Expected time is: 23:59:59
23:59:59
After decrementing t3 by 864010 seconds. Expected time is: 23:59:49
23:59:49
t4 is created with invalid value (25 for hour). Expected to show: 00:00:00
00:00:00
t5 is created with invalid value (-8 for minute). Expected to show: 00:00:00
00:00:00
t6 is created with invalid value (61 for second). Expected to show: 00:00:00
00:00:00
t7 is created with invalid value (negative value). Expected to show: 00:00:00
00:00:00
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_C>
```

Exercise D

Source code

CircularQueue.h

```
/**
 * File Name: CircularQueue.h
 * Assignment: ENSF 694 Summer 2024 - Lab 3 Exercise D
 * Created by: Mahmood Moussavi on 2024-04-09.
 * Completed by: Yael Gonzalez
```

```
#ifndef CircularOueue h
#define CircularQueue_h
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#define SIZE 10 // Set to 4 to test data1.txt. Set to 10 to test data2.txt.
typedef int TYPE;
class CircularQueue
private:
    TYPE head;
    TYPE tail;
    TYPE arr[SIZE]; // a queue array with maximum SIZE elements
    TYPE count;
                 // keeps track of number of valid data in the queue
public:
    CircularQueue();
    /* PROMISES: set initial values for head, tail and count. Also, initializes
    bool isFull() const;
    /* PROMISES: return value is true if queue is full */
    bool isEmpty() const;
    /* PROMISES: return value is true if queue is empty */
    TYPE enqueue(int v);
    TYPE dequeue();
    /* PROMISES: returns the position of the element representing, eliminates its
   void displayQueue() const;
    /* PROMISES: dispalys the existing values in the queue */
    TYPE counter() const;
   /* PROMISES: returns the number of values in the queue */
    const TYPE *get_arr() const;
#endif /* CircularQueue_h */
```

CircularQueue.cpp

```
#include "CircularQueue.h"
CircularQueue::CircularQueue() : head(1), tail(1), count(0) {}
bool CircularQueue::isFull() const
    return head == tail + 1;
bool CircularQueue::isEmpty() const
    return head == tail;
int CircularQueue::enqueue(int element)
    if (isFull())
        cout << "Error: Queue is full" << endl;</pre>
    else
        tail = (tail + 1) % SIZE;
        arr[tail] = element;
        count++;
    return tail;
int CircularQueue::dequeue()
    if (isEmpty())
        cout << "Error: Queue is empty" << endl;</pre>
    else
```

```
head = (head + 1) % SIZE;
        count--;
    return head;
int CircularQueue::counter() const
    return count;
const int *CircularQueue::get_arr() const
    return arr;
void CircularQueue::displayQueue() const
    int idx = (head + 1) % SIZE;
    if (isEmpty())
        cout << "Queue is empty";</pre>
    else
        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
            cout << arr[idx] << " ";
            idx++;
    cout << endl;</pre>
```

Testing data1.txt

Testing data2.txt

```
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_D> g++ -Wall .\CircularQueue.cpp .\CircularQueue_tester.cpp -o myCircularQueue PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_D> .\myCircularQueue.exe
 Starting Test Run. Using input file.
Line 1 >> Passed
Line 2 >> Passed
Line 3 >> Passed
Line 4 >> Passed
Line 4 >> Passed
Line 5 >> Passed
Line 6 >> Passed
Line 7 >> Passed
Line 8 >> Passed
Line 9 >> Passed
Line 10 >> Passed
Line 11 >> Passed
Line 12 >> Passed
Line 13 >> Passed
Line 14 >> Passed
Line 15 >> Passed
Line 16 >> Passed
Line 17 >> Passed
Line 18 >> Passed
Line 19 >> Passed
Line 20 >> Passed
Line 21 >> Passed
Line 22 >> Passed
Line 23 >> Passed
Line 24 >> Passed
Line 25 >> Passed
Line 26 >> Passed
Line 27 >> Passed
Line 28 >> Passed
Line 29 >> Passed
Line 30 >> Passed
Line 31 >> Passed
Line 32 >> Passed
Line 33 >> Passed
Exiting...
 Here is the content of the circular queue at the end of program:
1000 2000 3000
Finishing Test Run
Program Ended ....
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_D> []
```

Exercise E

Source code

DynamicStack.h

```
* Assignment: ENSF 694 Summer 2024 - Lab 3 Exercise E
#ifndef DynamicStack_H
#define DynamicStack_H
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class DynamicStack
private:
   int entry;
    int initial_capacity;
    int current_capacity;
    int *array;
public:
    DynamicStack(int n = 5);
    /* copy ctor*/
   DynamicStack(DynamicStack const &);
    ~DynamicStack();
    int top() const;
    int size() const;
```

```
/* PROMISES: Returns the number of values stored in the stack */
    bool empty() const;
    /* PROMISES: Returns true if stack is empty */
    int capacity() const;
    /* PROMISES: Returns current capacity of the array in the stack */
    DynamicStack & operator=(const DynamicStack &);
    /* PROMISES: Handles assignment operation for a DynamicStack object */
    void push(const int &v);
    int pop();
    /* PROMISES: Removes the element at the top of the stack. If, only one fourth
    void clear();
resizes
   void display();
    /* PROMISES: Displays all the existing values in the stack */
};
#endif
```

DynamicStack.cpp

```
/**
 * File Name: DynamicStack.cpp
 * Assignment: ENSF 694 Summer 2024 - Lab 3 Exercise E
 * Created by: Mahmood Moussavi on 2024-04-09.
```

```
#include "DynamicStack.h"
DynamicStack::DynamicStack(int n) : entry(0),
                                     initial_capacity(n),
                                     current_capacity(n),
                                     array(new int[n]) {}
DynamicStack::DynamicStack(DynamicStack const &stack) : entry(stack.entry),
                                                         initial_capacity(stack.in
itial_capacity),
                                                         current_capacity(stack.cu
rrent_capacity),
                                                         array(new
int[stack.current_capacity])
    if (stack.entry > 0) // If no values in the array, don't copy
    {
        std::copy(stack.array, stack.array + stack.entry, this->array); // Copy
DynamicStack::~DynamicStack()
    delete[] array;
int DynamicStack::top() const
    if (empty())
        std::cout << "Cannot peek: Stack is empty." << endl;</pre>
        return -1;
    return array[entry - 1];
int DynamicStack::size() const
    return entry;
```

```
bool DynamicStack::empty() const
    return entry == 0;
int DynamicStack::capacity() const
    return current_capacity;
DynamicStack &DynamicStack::operator=(DynamicStack const &rhs)
    if (this != &rhs) // avoid self copy
        delete[] array;
        this->entry = rhs.entry;
        this->initial_capacity = rhs.initial_capacity;
        this->current_capacity = rhs.current_capacity;
        this->array = new int[rhs.current_capacity];
        if (rhs.entry > 0) // If no values in the array, don't copy
            std::copy(rhs.array, rhs.array + rhs.entry, this->array); // Copy of
    return *this;
void DynamicStack::push(const int &obj)
    if (entry == current_capacity)
        current_capacity *= 2;
        DynamicStack temp(*this); // temp value using copy ctor
        *this = temp;
    }
    entry++;
    array[entry - 1] = obj;
int DynamicStack::pop()
```

```
if (empty())
        std::cout << "Cannot pop: Stack is empty." << endl;</pre>
        return -1;
    }
    int popped_value = array[entry - 1];
    entry--;
    if (entry == current_capacity / 4 && current_capacity > initial_capacity)
    {
        current_capacity /= 2;
        DynamicStack temp(*this); // temp value using copy ctor
        *this = temp;
    }
    return popped_value;
void DynamicStack::clear()
    DynamicStack temp(initial_capacity); // temp value using default ctor
    *this = temp;
void DynamicStack::display()
    for (int i = 0; i < entry; i++)
        std::cout << array[i] << " ";</pre>
    std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
```

There is a small mistake in the DynamicStack_tester.cpp, it is pushing 8 values 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, 10000, 13000, and 14000 into the stack, but the legend of expected values to be displayed says "Expected vlues are: 122 452 1000 2000 3000 40000 4000 10000 13000 14000". For that reason, the corresponding line in the DynamicStack_tester.cpp was modified in my local copy to display the correct value of 40000, as follows:

```
std::cout << "\nPushing 8 more values into the stack ..." << endl;
stack->push(1000);
stack->push(2000);
stack->push(3000);
stack->push(40000);

// stack->push(5000);
stack->push(10000);
stack->push(10000);
stack->push(14000);
stack->push(13000);
stack->push(14000);
stack->push(14000);
```

Output is:

```
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_E> g++ -Wall .\DynamicStack.cpp .\DynamicStack_tester.cpp -o myDynamicStack
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_E> .\myDynamicStack.exe
Stack of 5 elements is created.
Pushing 4 into the stack ..
Expected vlues are: 122 452 322 100
Actual values are: 122 452 322 100
Poping 2 values from top of the stack ...
Expected vlues are : 122 452
Actual values are: 122 452
Pushing 8 more values into the stack ...
Expected vlues are: 122 452 1000 2000 3000 40000 4000 10000 13000 14000
Actual values are: 122 452 1000 2000 3000 40000 4000 10000 13000 14000
 Checking current size, capacity and the top value in the stack:
10
14000
Poping 9 values from top of the stack ...
Expected vlues are : 122
Actual values are: 122
Checking current size, capacity and the top value in the stack:
Checking whether stack is emoty or not:
Stack is not empty.
Stack still holds:
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_E> \[
```

Exercise F

Source code

```
/**
 * File Name: lab3exe_F.cpp
 * Assignment: ENSF 694 Summer 2024 - Lab 3 Exercise F
 * Created by: Mahmood Moussavi on 2024-04-09.
 * Completed by: Yael Gonzalez
 * Submission Date: July 17, 2024
 */
```

```
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using std::cerr;
using std::cout;
using std::endl;
using std::string;
using std::vector;
typedef vector<string> String_Vector;
String Vector transpose(const String_Vector &sv);
// PROMISES:
int main()
    const int ROWS = 5;
    const int COLS = 4;
    char c = 'A';
    String_Vector sv;
    sv.resize(ROWS);
    for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < COLS; j++)
            sv.at(i).push_back(c);
            C++;
            if (c == 'Z' + 1)
                c = 'a';
            else if (c == 'z' + 1)
                c = 'A';
        }
    cout << "Original Matrix:" << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
        cout << sv.at(i);</pre>
```

```
cout << endl;</pre>
    }
    cout << "\nTranspose Matrix:" << endl;</pre>
    String_Vector vs = transpose(sv);
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)vs.size(); i++)</pre>
        cout << vs.at(i) << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
String_Vector transpose(const String_Vector &sv)
    String_Vector vs;
                                          // transposed matrix
    const int rows = (int)sv[0].size(); // vs(#rows) = sv(#cols)
    const int cols = (int)sv.size();
    vs.resize(rows);
    for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++)
            vs.at(i).push_back(sv[j].at(i)); // similar to vs[i][j] = sv[j][i]
    return vs;
```

```
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_F> g++ -Wall .\lab3exe_F.cpp -o .\lab3exe_F
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_F> .\lab3exe_F.exe
Original Matrix:
ABCD
EFGH
IJKL
MNOP
QRST

Transpose Matrix:
AEIMQ
BFJNR
CGKOS
DHLPT
PS C:\Users\Owner\Desktop\Calgary\ENSF694\assignments\a3-ensf694\ex_F> [
```