



CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 1

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu

Tutorial series navigation

 Click the bookmark icon within the video navigation bar to navigate to each part of the tutorial

What we're covering in Part 1

- Identifying keywords associated with a topic
- Creating a search string

Keywords related to your topics

- These keywords can be:
 - Direct synonyms
 - Intimate partner violence and domestic violence
 - Related keywords
 - Oklahoma City bombing and domestic terrorism

Boolean

 Specific words and symbols that tell the Library or related resource more about what we want to see in our results list

 Search strings are created when we combine our keywords using these Boolean words and symbols

Boolean review (1)

- "Quotation marks"
- AND in all capital letters
- OR and parentheses
- Asterisk (*)

Boolean review (2)

- "Quotation marks"
 - When using quotation marks, each result will contain the exact phrase included in the quotes
 - For example, a search for "social disorganization theory"
 would ensure that every result mentions that exact phrase.

Boolean review (3)

- AND in all capital letters
 - When using AND in all capital letters, each result will contain all keywords connected by AND
 - For example, a search for McVeigh AND "white supremacy" would ensure that every result mentions the word McVeigh and the phrase white supremacy

Boolean review (4)

- OR and parentheses
 - When using OR and parentheses (), each result will contain at least one of the keywords connected by OR and included in the parentheses
 - For example, a search ("classical school" OR Beccaria) would ensure that every result mentioned the phrase classical school or the word Beccaria
 - Results could also include both, but that is not required

Boolean review (5)

- Asterisk (*)
 - When using an asterisk (*), each result will include variations of the root of the keyword
 - For example, a search for crim* would include results that mention crime, criminal, criminology, etc.

Test your knowledge (Part 1)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - o Part 1 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/9NMtj2UFMZ

Boolean review (6)

 We will refer back to these Boolean terms and symbols when searching in Library and related resources in videos 3 through 7





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 2

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu

What we're covering in Part 2

- Evaluating sources
 - CRAAP test
 - Peer-review and editorial review

Evaluating sources (1)

- CRAAP Test
 - An evaluation strategy that can be used in combination with your assignment guidelines

Evaluating sources (2)

- CRAAP Test
 - C = Currency
 - R = Relevance
 - \circ A = Authority
 - A = Accuracy
 - P = Purpose

Evaluating sources (3)

- CRAAP Test Questions to consider
 - C = Currency
 - When was the source published or created?
 - Does your paper topic require the use of both older and more recent sources?

Evaluating sources (4)

- CRAAP Test
 - R = Relevance
 - How does the information shared in the source relate to your topic?
 - How does the context of the source relate to your topic?
 - Does the source type (journal article, government document, non-profit organization report, newspaper article, etc.) match assignment guidelines as well as reflect the type of sources used by those in criminal justice/criminology?

Evaluating sources (5)

- CRAAP Test
 - \circ A = Authority
 - Who is the author?
 - Does the author's background or qualifications relate to the source's subject matter?

Evaluating sources (6)

- CRAAP Test
 - \circ A = Accuracy
 - Is the information supported by evidence?
 - Can you verify the information shared in the source within another source?
 - How does this source incorporate or cite other sources?
 - How do other sources incorporate, cite, or build upon this source in their own work?

Evaluating sources (7)

- CRAAP Test
 - P = Purpose
 - What is the author's aim or goal for sharing this information? Do they want to inform, persuade, etc.?
 - Who published or sponsored the source?
 - What is their aim or goal for publishing or sponsoring this information?
 - Is the author, publisher, or sponsor upfront about the people involved in the publication or organization; any funding or contracts received by the author, publisher, or sponsor; etc.?

Evaluating sources (8)

- Authority
 - Learn more about an author's background and qualifications

Evaluating sources (9)

- Authority
 - Learn more about an author's background and qualifications
 - Author of an academic publication
 - Search in a search engine for the author's name and institutional affiliation to find the author's website and potentially their CV/resume

Evaluating sources (10)

- Authority
 - Learn more about an author's background and qualifications
 - Author of a non-academic publication
 - See if the publication includes an author bio
 - Search in search engine to see if they have a personal website with other publications listed

Evaluating sources (11)

- Authority
 - Learn more about an author's background and qualifications
 - Organizational author
 - Investigate the organization's aims and scope
 - Investigate whether the organization is well-regarded within the discipline

Evaluating sources (12)

- Peer-review
 - Experts in a discipline assess the validity and quality of articles, books, book chapters, etc. that have been submitted for publication
- Editorial review
 - Editors review a source to verify and fact-check information

Evaluating sources (13)

- How do we determine if a journal is peer-reviewed?
 - Search within <u>Ulrichsweb™ Global Serials Directory</u>
- How do we determine if a book is peer-reviewed?
 - Use a search engine to find information about the publisher's policies
- How do we determine if a newspaper utilizes editorial review?
 - Use a search engine to find information about the newspaper's policies

Test your knowledge (Part 2)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - o Part 2 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/SEvW0ej4BA

Evaluating sources (14)

- Don't rely on just one factor when evaluating sources
- It is important to pull together all the information you've discovered when determining whether a source is credible and reputable





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 3

Jylisa Doney Social Sciences Librarian <u>jylisadoney@uidaho.edu</u>

What we're covering in Part 3

- The Library catalog
 - Searching for topics, editing a search, and accessing sources
 - Summit library program

Off-campus access

 Distance students can still access the Library's print books by 'requesting' them within the catalog

- A copy of the book is then mailed to your home address
 - Email <u>libcirc@uidaho.edu</u> to confirm your home address

Visit https://libguides.uidaho.edu/Distance_Education to learn more about using the University of Idaho Library when you're off-campus

Summit library program

- <u>Summit</u> allows you to check-out physical items owned by libraries at other Northwest colleges and universities and pick them at the University of Idaho Library
 - If you are a distance student, you can also have them delivered to your home address

- You can usually check-out Summit items for an initial 6 weeks and then you can request a renewal if you need the item longer
 - Renewals are not automatic, and you will receive an email if it is approved

Test your knowledge (Part 3)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - Part 3 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/g3ZAseYfz1

Source evaluation (1)

 Remember, prior to selecting any sources, be sure to evaluate them using the strategies we discussed in Part 2





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 4

Jylisa Doney Social Sciences Librarian <u>jylisadoney@uidaho.edu</u>

- Library databases
 - Searching for topics, editing a search, and accessing sources
 - Interlibrary Loan service

Subject terms

- Subject terms are standard words that databases use to tell us what an article is about
 - For example, every article that focuses on social conflict will include the 'social conflict' subject term

 Making note of subject terms is useful because you can often add these unique words or phrases to your search to get even more specific results

Interlibrary Loan service

 Interlibrary Loan (ILL) is a service that allows you to request electronic and physical copies of items held by libraries around the world

 Interlibrary Loan (ILL) can help you get PDF copies of articles, physical copies of books that neither we nor our Summit partners have in our collections, PDFs of book chapters, and many other types of items.

Test your knowledge (Part 4)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - o Part 4 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/AAeHXtNCzJ

Source evaluation (2)

 Remember, prior to selecting any sources, be sure to evaluate them using the strategies we discussed in Part 2





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 5

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu

- Google Scholar
 - Searching for topics, editing a search, and accessing sources

Test your knowledge (Part 5)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - o Part 5 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/0P8yZm9E7E

Source evaluation (3)

 Remember, prior to selecting any sources, be sure to evaluate them using the strategies we discussed in Part 2





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 6

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu

- Nexis Uni
 - Searching for topics, editing a search, and accessing sources

Test your knowledge (Part 6)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - Part 6 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/qQy1i3gFKt

Source evaluation (4)

 Remember, prior to selecting any sources, be sure to evaluate them using the strategies we discussed in Part 2





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 7

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu

- Government information and data and statistics
 - Use Google to limit search results to specific website domains and specific websites

Test your knowledge (Part 7)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - o Part 7 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/DjkYDEfTa5

Source evaluation (5)

 Remember, prior to selecting any sources, be sure to evaluate them using the strategies we discussed in Part 2





CRIMINOLOGY LIBRARY RESEARCH SERIES: PART 8

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu

- Citation resources
 - Citing Sources research guide
 - APA Style website
 - ZoteroBib

Citing sources research guide

Visit https://libguides.uidaho.edu/citing to access the Citing Sources research guide

APA Style resources

- Visit https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/handouts-guides to access intext citation and reference list resources from the APA Style website
 - Avoiding Plagiarism Guide: https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/avoiding-plagiarism.pdf
 - In-Text Citation Checklist: https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/in-text-citation-checklist.pdf
 - Common Reference Examples Guide: https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/reference-examples.pdf
 - Journal Article Reference Checklist: https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/journal-article-reference-checklist.pdf

ZoteroBib

Visit https://zbib.org/ to access ZoteroBib

Test your knowledge (Part 8)

- Take a moment to review what you've just learned
 - Part 8 Quiz: https://forms.office.com/r/NnUqssmw6r



THANK YOU!

Please email me (<u>jylisadoney@uidaho.edu</u>) if you have questions or need help with library research in this class or others