Key Ingredients in the Journal Article Life Cycle

Jylisa Doney
Social Sciences Librarian
jylisadoney@uidaho.edu



What we're covering today

- Pre-session video and journal submission guidelines
- Types of peer-review
- Publishing models
- Authors' rights following publication
- Measures of impact



Pre-session video and journal submission guidelines

 What stood out to you about the video and journal submission guidelines?



- Single-blind
- Double-blind
- Open



- Single-blind
 - The reviewers know who the author is but the author doesn't know who the reviewers are



- Double-blind
 - The reviewers don't know who the author is and the author doesn't know who the reviewers are



- Open
 - Many different definitions; common options include:
 - The author's and reviewers' names are shared with each other
 - The reviewers' names are listed on the article page
 - Signed or anonymous peer-review reports and the author's responses are published with the article



Activity 1

- Form groups of 3 or 4
- Discuss the pros and cons of each type of peer-review
 - Which type would you prefer as an author versus as a reviewer?



- Subscription or toll access
- Open access (gold)
- Hybrid (subscription and open access)



- Subscription or toll access
 - Readers and/or their institutions pay a fee to access articles



- Subscription or toll access
 - Example: American Journal of Political Science
 - Annual subscription cost (2020) = \$1,180.00
 - Single PDF cost, no subscription (2020) = \$49.00







- Open access (gold)
 - Authors and/or their institutions pay a fee (article processing charge) to publish an article
 - No fees for readers





- Open access (gold)
 - Example: PLOS ONE
 - Article processing charge (2020) = \$1,695.00





- Hybrid (subscription and open access)
 - Some authors and/or their institutions choose to make an article open access by paying a fee
 - Readers and/or their institutions pay a fee to access all other articles





- Hybrid (subscription and open access)
 - Example: International Political Science Review
 - Article processing charge (2020) = \$3,000.00
 - Annual subscription cost (2020) = \$1,132.00
 - Single PDF cost, no subscription (2020) = \$37.50



Activity 2

- Form groups of 3 or 4
- Discuss the pros and cons of each model, for authors as well as readers



- Copyright
- Copyright transfer agreements
- Self-archiving



- Copyright
 - Is automatic
 - Covers published and unpublished works
 - Applies regardless of format

 Copyright owners have the exclusive rights to reproduce, adapt, distribute, perform, or display a work publicly



- Copyright transfer agreement
 - "...transfers the copyright for a work from the copyright owner to another party."



Activity 3

- Form groups of 3 or 4
- Read through the example copyright transfer agreement and consider:
 - o What rights does the author retain?
 - Can the author republish the article associated with this agreement?
 - What can the publisher do with this article?





- Self-archiving
 - Open access (green)
 - Authors make a version of their article (pre-print, post-print/accepted manuscript, published version) freely available for anyone to access





- Self-archiving
 - Open access (green)
 - Sherpa Romeo: https://v2.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/



Activity 4

- Form groups of 3 or 4
- Compare and contrast the self-archiving policies for three journals



- Journal-level
- Article-level
- Author-level



- Journal-level = Impact factor (JIF)
 - "Used as a proxy for the relative importance of a journal within its field..."

$$2018 \text{ JIF} = \frac{\text{Citations in 2018 to items published in 2016} + 2017}{\text{Number of citable items published in 2016} + 2017}$$



- Journal-level = Impact factor (JIF)
 - Journal Citation Reports (JCR)



- Article-level = Altmetrics
 - Supplement other metrics
 - Record of attention
 - Measure of dissemination
 - Indicator of influence and impact



- Article-level = Altmetrics
 - Altmetric It! Bookmarklet
 - Products Free tools



- Author-level = h-index
 - "...attempts to measure both the productivity and citation impact of the publications of a scientist or scholar."



- Author-level = *h*-index
 - Calculated by listing articles in descending order by "times cited"
 - The value of h is equal to the number of articles (N) in the list that have been cited at least N times



• Author-level = *h*-index

Articles	Times cited
1	25
2	14
3	11
4	9
5	7
6	3

- h-index = 5
- The author has published 5
 articles that have been cited at least 5 times each



- Author-level = *h*-index
 - Google Scholar
 - Scopus
 - Web of Science

