# **Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering**

Notations:			
1.Options shown in green co	olor and with 🗸	icon are correct.	
2.Options shown in <mark>red</mark> colo	r and with 🍍 i	con are incorrect.	
Question Paper Name:	CS: COMP	UTER SCIENCE AND	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY 8th Feb Shift1
Number of Questions:	65		
Total Marks:	100.0		
Wrong answer for MCO w	ill result in negati	ive marks. (-1/3) for 1	mark Questions and (-2/3) for 2 marks Questions.
eg amente i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
		General	Aptitude
Number of Questions:		10	
Section Marks:		15.0	
Q.1 to Q.5 carry 1 mark ea	ach & Q.6 to Q.10	0 carry 2 marks each.	1
Question Number: 1 Question T	ype : MCQ		
Extreme focus on syllabus an	nd studying for	tests has become su	ich a dominant concern of Indian
			_ to the requirements of the exam.
	extraneous	(C) outside	
Options:			
1. * A			
2. <b>✓</b> B			
3. <b>*</b> C			
4. <b>%</b> D			
Question Number : 2 Question T	vne : MCO		
Select the pair that best expr		ship similar to that	hark Questions and (-2/3) for 2 marks Questions.  ptitude  ha dominant concern of Indian to the requirements of the exam.  (D) useful  spressed in the pair:
Children: Pediatrician			
(A) Adult : Orthopaedist		(B) Females:	Gynaecologist
(C) Kidney: Nephrologist		(D) Skin : Der	matologist
Options:			
1. * A			
2. <b>✔</b> B			
3. <b>*</b> C			
4. 🏶 D			

**Question Number: 3 Question Type: MCQ** 

The Tamil version of John		
Censor Board with no cuts last week, but exhibitors for a release in Tamil Nadu		no takers among the
(A) Mr., was, found, on (C) the, was, found, on	(B) a, was, found, at (D) a, being, find at	
Options:		
2. <b>*</b> B		
4. ₩ D		
Question Number: 4 Question Type: MCQ		
If ROAD is written as URDG, then SWAN	should be written as:	
(A) VXDQ (B) VZDQ (C) VZDP (D) UXDQ		
Options:		
1. * A		
2. <b>✓</b> B		
3. <b>*</b> C 4. <b>*</b> D		
Question Number: 5 Question Type: MCQ		
A function $f(x)$ is linear and has a value of $2$	29 at $x = -2$ and 39 at $x = 3$ . F	ind its value at $x = 5$ .
(A) 59 (B) 45	(C) 43	D) 35
Options:		
1. 🗱 A		
2. <b>*</b> B		
3. <b>√</b> C		
4. <b>¾</b> D		
Question Number: 6 Question Type: MCQ		
Alexander turned his attention towards Indi	a, since he had conquered Pers	sia.
Which one of the statements below is logical	ally valid and can be inferred f	from the above sentence?
(A) Alexander would not have turned his at		
(B) Alexander was not ready to rest on his 1		

(C) Alexander was completely in control of his army and could command it to move towards India.

(D) Since Alexander's kingdom extended to Indian borders after the conquest of Persia, he was

# **Options:**

keen to move further.

- 1. **✓** A 2. **※** B 3. **※** C
- 4. **%** D

# **Question Number: 7 Question Type: MCQ**

Most experts feel that in spite of possessing all the technical skills required to be a batsman of the highest order, he is unlikely to be so due to lack of requisite temperament. He was guilty of throwing away his wicket several times after working hard to lay a strong foundation. His critics pointed out that until he addressed this problem, success at the highest level will continue to elude him.

Which of the statement(s) below is/are logically valid and can be inferred from the above passage?

- (i) He was already a successful batsman at the highest level.
- He has to improve his temperament in order to become a great batsman.
- (iii) He failed to make many of his good starts count.
- (iv) Improving his technical skills will guarantee success.
- (A) (iii) and (iv)

(B) (ii) and (iii)

(C) (i), (ii) and (iii)

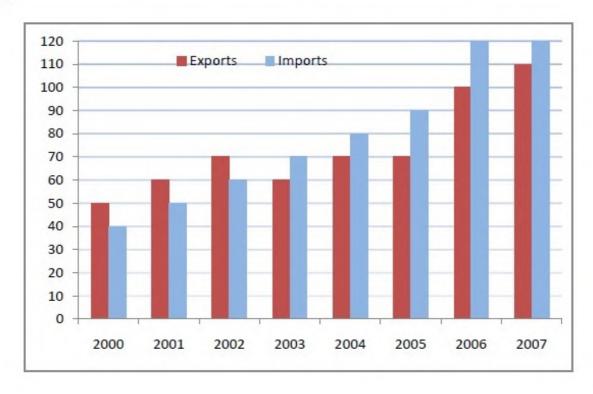
(D) (ii) only

**Options:** 

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. \* C
- 4. \* D

### Question Number: 8 Question Type: NAT

The exports and imports (in crores of Rs.) of a country from the year 2000 to 2007 are given in the following bar chart. In which year is the combined percentage increase in imports and exports the highest?

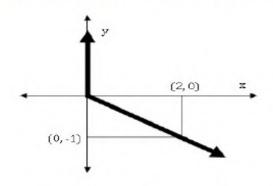


### **Correct Answer:**

2006

# Question Number: 9 Question Type: MCQ

Choose the most appropriate equation for the function drawn as a thick line, in the plot below.



- (A) x = y |y|
- (B) x = -(y |y|)
- (C) x = y + |y|
- (D) x = -(y + |y|)

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- з. **Ж** С
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 10 Question Type: MCQ**

The head of a newly formed government desires to appoint five of the six selected members P, Q, R, S, T, and U to portfolios of Home, Power, Defense, Telecom, and Finance. U does not want any portfolio if S gets one of the five. R wants either Home or Finance or no portfolio. Q says that if S gets either Power or Telecom, then she must get the other one. T insists on a portfolio if P gets one.

Which is the valid distribution of portfolios?

- (A) P-Home, Q-Power, R-Defense, S-Telecom, T-Finance
- (B) R-Home, S-Power, P-Defense, Q-Telecom, T-Finance
- (C) P-Home, Q-Power, T-Defense, S-Telecom, U-Finance
- (D) Q-Home, U-Power, T-Defense, R-Telecom, P-Finance

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. 🎏 C
- 4. × D

Computer Science and Information Technology

Number of Questions:

55

Section Marks:

85.0

# Question Number: 11 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following C program segment.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
     char s1[7] = "1234", *p;
     p = s1 + 2;
     *p = '0';
     printf("%s", s1);
}
```

What will be printed by the program?

(A) 12

- (B) 120400
- (C) 1204
- (D) 1034

**Options:** 

- 1. 🛎 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 12 Question Type: MCQ**

Suppose U is the power set of the set  $S = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ . For any  $T \in U$ , let |T| denote the number of elements in T and T' denote the complement of T. For any  $T, R \in U$ , let  $T \setminus R$  be the set of all elements in T which are not in R. Which one of the following is true?

- (A)  $\forall X \in U(|X| = |X'|)$
- (B)  $\exists X \in U \ \exists Y \in U \ (|X| = 5, |Y| = 5 \text{ and } X \cap Y = \emptyset)$
- (C)  $\forall X \in U \ \forall Y \in U \ (|X| = 2, |Y| = 3 \text{ and } X \setminus Y = \emptyset)$
- (D)  $\forall X \in U \ \forall Y \in U \ (X \setminus Y = Y' \setminus X')$

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 8 B
- 3. \* C
- 4. 🗸 D

# **Question Number: 13 Question Type: MCQ**

Consider the relation X(P, Q, R, S, T, U) with the following set of functional dependencies

$$F = \left\{ \begin{cases} \{P,R\} \rightarrow \{S,T\}, \\ \{P,S,U\} \rightarrow \{Q,R\} \end{cases} \right\}$$

Which of the following is the trivial functional dependency in  $F^+$ , where  $F^+$  is closure of F?

- (A)  $\{P, R\} \to \{S, T\}$  (B)  $\{P, R\} \to \{R, T\}$  (C)  $\{P, S\} \to \{S\}$  (D)  $\{P, S, U\} \to \{Q\}$

**Options:** 

1. 🗱 A

- 2. 🗱 B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 14 Question Type: MCQ**

The maximum number of processes that can be in Ready state for a computer system with n CPUs is

(A) n

(B)  $n^2$ 

(C)  $2^{n}$ 

(D) Independent of n

### **Options:**

- 1. \* A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🖋 D

# **Question Number: 15 Question Type: MCQ**

Among simple LR (SLR), canonical LR, and look-ahead LR (LALR), which of the following pairs identify the method that is very easy to implement and the method that is the most powerful, in that order?

- (A) SLR, LALR
- (B) Canonical LR, LALR
- (C) SLR, canonical LR
- (D) LALR, canonical LR

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. × B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 16 Question Type: MCQ**

Let # be a binary operator defined as

X # Y = X' + Y' where X and Y are Boolean variables.

Consider the following two statements.

- (S1) (P # Q)#R = P#(Q # R)
- (S2) O#R = R#O

Which of the following is/are true for the Boolean variables P, Q and R?

- (A) Only S1 is true
- (B) Only S2 is true
- (C) Both S1 and S2 are true
- (D) Neither S1 nor S2 are true

### **Options:**

1. 38 A

```
2. ҂ B
3. ※ C
4. ※ D
```

# **Question Number: 17 Question Type: NAT**

Consider a software project with the following information domain characteristics for calculation of function point metric.

Number of external inputs (I) = 30 Number of external outputs (O) = 60 Number of external inquiries (E) = 23 Number of files (F) = 08 Number of external interfaces (N) = 02

It is given that the complexity weighting factors for I, O, E, F and N are 4, 5, 4, 10 and 7, respectively. It is also given that, out of fourteen value adjustment factors that influence the development effort, four factors are not applicable, each of the other four factors have value 3, and each of the remaining factors have value 4. The computed value of function point metric is

#### **Correct Answer:**

612 to 613

**Question Number: 18 Question Type: MCQ** 

In a web server, ten WebPages are stored with the URLs of the form http://www.yourname.com/var.html; where, var is a different number from 1 to 10 for each Webpage. Suppose, the client stores the Webpage with var = 1 (say W1) in local machine, edits and then tests. Rest of the WebPages remains on the web server. W1 contains several relative URLs of the form "var.html" referring to the other WebPages. Which one of the following statements needs to be added in W1, so that all the relative URLs in W1 refer to the appropriate WebPages on the web server?

- (A) <a href: "http://www.yourname.com/", href: "...var.html">
- (B) <base href: "http://www.yourname.com/">
- (C) <a href: "http://www.yourname.com/">
- (D) <base href: "http://www.yourname.com/", range:"...var.html">

### **Options:**

1. 🏁 A

2. 🗸 B

3. \* C

4. **%** D

Question Number: 19 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following statements.

- I. TCP connections are full duplex
- TCP has no option for selective acknowledgement П
- III. TCP connections are message streams
- (A) Only I is correct
- (B) Only I and III are correct
- (C) Only II and III are correct
- (D) All of I, II and III are correct

# **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. × D

#### Question Number: 20 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the equality  $\sum_{i=0}^{n} i^3 = X$  and the following choices for X

- $\Theta(n^4)$
- II.  $\Theta(n^5)$ III.  $O(n^5)$
- IV.  $\Omega(n^3)$

The equality above remains correct if X is replaced by

- (A) Only I
- (B) Only II
- (C) I or III or IV but not II
- (D) II or III or IV but not I

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 21 Question Type: NAT**

Consider a binary tree T that has 200 leaf nodes. Then, the number of nodes in T that have exactly two children are . .

#### **Correct Answer:**

199

**Question Number: 22 Question Type: NAT** 

Given a hash table T with 25 slots that stores 2000 elements, the load factor  $\alpha$  for T is

**Correct Answer:** 

80

Question Number: 23 Question Type: MCQ

In the given matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , one of the eigenvalues is 1. The eigenvectors corresponding to

the eigenvalue 1 are

- (A)  $\{\alpha(4,2,1) | \alpha \neq 0, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}\}$
- (B)  $\{\alpha(-4,2,1) | \alpha \neq 0, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}\}$
- (C)  $\{\alpha(\sqrt{2},0,1)|\alpha\neq 0,\alpha\in\mathbb{R}\}$
- (D)  $\{\alpha(-\sqrt{2},0,1)|\alpha\neq 0,\alpha\in\mathbb{R}\}$

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. \* D

Question Number: 24 Question Type: MCQ

The value of  $\lim_{x\to\infty} (1+x^2)^{e^{-x}}$  is

(A) 0

(B)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

(C) 1

(D) ∞

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 25 Question Type: NAT** 

The number of 4 digit numbers having their digits in non-decreasing order (from left to right) constructed by using the digits belonging to the set {1, 2, 3} is\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Correct Answer:** 

15

**Question Number: 26 Question Type: MCQ** 

In a room there are only two types of people, namely Type 1 and Type 2. Type 1 people always tell the truth and Type 2 people always lie. You give a fair coin to a person in that room, without knowing which type he is from and tell him to toss it and hide the result from you till you ask for it. Upon asking, the person replies the following

"The result of the toss is head if and only if I am telling the truth."

4			C 44			-	
W/hanh	Ot 1	tha	†AII	CATTRICA	ONTHONE	4.0	COPPOST'
WHICH	OL	ше	TOH	DWIII9	ODUOUS	15	correct?

- (A) The result is head
- (B) The result is tail
- (C) If the person is of Type 2, then the result is tail
- (D) If the person is of Type 1, then the result is tail

# **Options:**

- 1. 🖋 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗱 D

# **Question Number : 27 Question Type : MCQ**

While inserting the elements 71, 65, 84, 69, 67, 83 in an empty binary search tree (BST) in the sequence shown, the element in the lowest level is

(A) 65

(B) 67

(C) 69

(D) 83

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. × D

# **Question Number: 28 Question Type: MCQ**

The result evaluating the postfix expression 10.5 + 60.6 / \* 8 - is

(A) 284

(B) 213

(C) 142

(D) 71

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. × D

**Question Number: 29 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the following relation

Cinema(theater, address, capacity)

Which of the following options will be needed at the end of the SQL query

SELECT P1.address FROM Cinema P1

such that it always finds the addresses of theaters with maximum capacity?

- (A) WHERE P1.capacity >= All (select P2.capacity from Cinema P2)
- (B) WHERE P1.capacity >= Any (select P2.capacity from Cinema P2)
- (C) WHERE P1.capacity > All (select max(P2.capacity) from Cinema P2)
- (D) WHERE P1.capacity > Any (select max(P2.capacity) from Cinema P2)

### **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. × D

Question Number: 30 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following array of elements.

The minimum number of interchanges needed to convert it into a max-heap is

(A) 4

(B)5

(C) 2

(D) 3

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗸 D

**Question Number: 31 Question Type: MCQ** 

Two processes X and Y need to access a critical section. Consider the following synchronization construct used by both the processes

```
Process X
                                                Process Y
                                   /* other code for process Y */
/* other code for process X */
while (true)
                                   while (true)
   varP = true;
                                      varQ = true;
   while (varQ == true)
                                     while (varP == true)
       /* Critical Section
                                          /* Critical Section
              varP = false;
                                                 varQ = false;
/* other code for process X */
                                   /* other code for process Y */
```

Here, varP and varQ are shared variables and both are initialized to false. Which one of the following statements is true?

- (A) The proposed solution prevents deadlock but fails to guarantee mutual exclusion
- (B) The proposed solution guarantees mutual exclusion but fails to prevent deadlock
- (C) The proposed solution guarantees mutual exclusion and prevents deadlock
- (D) The proposed solution fails to prevent deadlock and fails to guarantee mutual exclusion

### **Options:**

1. 🗸 A

2. X B

3. X C

4. \* D

# **Question Number: 32 Question Type: MCQ**

Let L be the language represented by the regular expression  $\Sigma^*0011\Sigma^*$  where  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . What is the minimum number of states in a DFA that recognizes  $\overline{L}$  (complement of L)?

(A) 4

(B) 5

(C) 6

(D) 8

#### **Options:**

1. \* A

2. 🗸 B

3. \* C

4. \* D

# **Question Number: 33 Question Type: NAT**

Consider a software program that is artificially seeded with 100 faults. While testing this program, 159 faults are detected, out of which 75 faults are from those artificially seeded faults. Assuming that both real and seeded faults are of same nature and have same distribution, the estimated number of undetected real faults is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **Correct Answer:**

28

### **Question Number: 34 Question Type: MCQ**

Consider a machine with a byte addressable main memory of  $2^{20}$  bytes, block size of 16 bytes and a direct mapped cache having  $2^{12}$  cache lines. Let the addresses of two consecutive bytes in main memory be  $(E201F)_{16}$  and  $(E2020)_{16}$ . What are the tag and cache line address (in hex) for main memory address  $(E201F)_{16}$ ?

- (A) E, 201
- (B) F, 201
- (C) E, E20
- (D) 2, 01F

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. X C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 35 Question Type: MCQ**

Consider a CSMA/CD network that transmits data at a rate of 100 Mbps (10<sup>8</sup> bits per second) over a 1 km (kilometer) cable with no repeaters. If the minimum frame size required for this network is 1250 bytes, what is the signal speed (km/sec) in the cable?

- (A) 8000
- (B) 10000
- (C) 16000
- (D) 20000

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 38 B
- 3. \* C
- 4. 🗸 D

#### **Question Number: 36 Question Type: NAT**

The velocity v (in kilometer/minute) of a motorbike which starts from rest, is given at fixed intervals of time t (in minutes) as follows:

t	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
v	10	18	25	29	32	20	11	5	2	0

The approximate distance (in kilometers) rounded to two places of decimals covered in 20 minutes using Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> rule is

#### **Correct Answer:**

308 to 310

**Question Number: 37 Question Type: MCQ** 

Which of the be solved in 6		proximates the maxim	um input size of a problem tha	at can
(A) 256	(B) 512	(C) 1024	(D) 2048	
Options :				
l. 🏁 A				
2. 🖋 B				
3. <b>%</b> C				
4. 🏶 D				
Question Number	: 38 Question Type : MCQ			
Consider the	following recursive C funct	ion.		
void {	l get(int n)			
	<pre>if (n&lt;1) return; get(n-1); get(n-3);</pre>			
	printf("%d", n);			
}				
	unction is being called in me returning to the main ()		y times will the get () functi	on be
(A) 15	(B) 25	(C) 35	(D) 45	
Options :				
l. 🏁 A				
2. 🗸 B				
3. <b>*</b> C				
4. 🍀 D				
Question Number	: 39 Question Type : NAT			
Consider a Bi	tree in which the search ke	bytes long. The max	ck size is 1024 bytes, record primum number of keys that c	
Correct Answer:				

**Question Number : 40 Question Type : MCQ** 

Assume that a mergesort algorithm in the worst case takes 30 seconds for an input of size 64.

Given the function F = P' + QR, where F is a function in three Boolean variables P, Q and R and P' = P, consider the following statements.

(S1) 
$$F = \sum (4, 5, 6)$$

(S2) 
$$F = \sum (0, 1, 2, 3, 7)$$

(S3) 
$$F = \prod (4, 5, 6)$$

(S4) 
$$F = \prod (0, 1, 2, 3, 7)$$

Which of the following is true?

- (A) (S1)- False, (S2)- True, (S3)- True, (S4)- False
- (B) (S1)- True, (S2)- False, (S3)- False, (S4)- True
- (C) (S1)- False, (S2)- False, (S3)- True, (S4)- True
- (D) (S1)- True, (S2)- True, (S3)- False, (S4)- False

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. × D

# Question Number: 41 Question Type: MCQ

Language  $L_1$  is polynomial time reducible to language  $L_2$ . Language  $L_3$  is polynomial time reducible to  $L_2$ , which in turn is polynomial time reducible to language  $L_4$ . Which of the following is/are true?

- I. if  $L_4 \in P$ , then  $L_2 \in P$
- $II. \quad \text{if } L_1 \in P \text{ or } L_3 \in P \text{ , then } L_2 \in P$
- III.  $L_1 \in P$ , if and only if  $L_3 \in P$
- $\text{IV.} \quad \text{if } L_4 \in P \text{ , then } L_1 \in P \text{ and } L_3 \in P$
- (A) II only

(B) III only

(C) I and IV only

(D) I only

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. × D

**Question Number: 42 Question Type: NAT** 

# Consider the following C program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int f1(void);
int f2(void);
int f3(void);
int x = 10;

int main()
{
   int x = 1;
    x += f1() + f2() + f3() + f2();
   printf("%d", x);
   return 0;
}

int f1() { int x = 25; x++; return x;}
int f2() { static int x = 50; x++; return x;}
int f3() { x *= 10; return x};
```

The output of the program is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Correct Answer:** 

230

**Question Number: 43 Question Type: NAT** 

Consider the following C program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    static int a[] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
    static int *p[] = {a, a+3, a+4, a+1, a+2};
    int **ptr = p;
    ptr++;
    printf("%d%d", ptr-p, **ptr);
}
```

The output of the program is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Correct Answer:** 

140

**Question Number: 44 Question Type: MCQ** 

Which of the following languages are context-free?

$$L_1 = \{a^m b^n a^n b^m \mid m, n \ge 1\}$$

$$L_2 = \{a^m b^n a^m b^n \mid m, n \ge 1\}$$

$$L_3 = \{a^m b^n \mid m = 2n + 1\}$$

- (A) L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> only
  (B) L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>3</sub> only
  (C) L<sub>2</sub> and L<sub>3</sub> only
  (D) L<sub>3</sub> only

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. × C
- 4. \* D

Question Number: 45 Question Type: MCQ

Consider the following policies for preventing deadlock in a system with mutually exclusive resources.

- I. Processes should acquire all their resources at the beginning of execution. If any resource is not available, all resources acquired so far are released
- П. The resources are numbered uniquely, and processes are allowed to request for resources only in increasing resource numbers
- The resources are numbered uniquely, and processes are allowed to request for resources III only in decreasing resource numbers
- IV. The resources are numbered uniquely. A process is allowed to request only for a resource with resource number larger than its currently held resources

Which of the above policies can be used for preventing deadlock?

- (A) Any one of I and III but not II or IV
- (B) Any one of I, III, and IV but not II
- (C) Any one of II and III but not I or IV
- (D) Any one of I, II, III, and IV

**Options:** 

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗸 D

**Question Number: 46 Question Type: NAT** 

In the network 200.10.11.144/27, the fourth octet (in decimal) of the last IP address of the network which can be assigned to a host is

**Correct Answer:** 

158

**Question Number: 47 Question Type: NAT** 

Consider a network connecting two systems located 8000 kilometers apart. The bandwidth of the network is  $500\times10^6$  bits per second. The propagation speed of the media is  $4\times10^6$  meters per second. It is needed to design a Go-Back-N sliding window protocol for this network. The average packet size is  $10^7$  bits. The network is to be used to its full capacity. Assume that processing delays at nodes are negligible. Then, the minimum size in bits of the sequence number field has to be

\_\_\_\_\_

**Correct Answer:** 

8

**Question Number: 48 Question Type: NAT** 

Consider the following reservation table for a pipeline having three stages  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$  and  $S_3$ .

		Tim	$ie \rightarrow$		
	1	2	3	4	5
1	X				X
,		X		X	
3			X		

The minimum average latency (MAL) is \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Correct Answer:** 

3

**Question Number: 49 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the following code sequence having five instructions  $I_1$  to  $I_5$ . Each of these instructions has the following format.

where operation OP is performed on contents of registers Rj and Rk and the result is stored in register Ri.

I1: ADD R1, R2, R3

I2: MUL R7, R1, R3

I3: SUB R4, R1, R5

I4: ADD R3, R2, R4

I5: MUL R7, R8, R9

Consider the following three statements.

- S1: There is an anti-dependence between instructions I<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>5</sub>
- S2: There is an anti-dependence between instructions I2 and I4
- S3: Within an instruction pipeline an anti-dependence always creates one or more stalls

Which one of above statements is/are correct?

- (A) Only S1 is true
- (B) Only S2 is true
- (C) Only S1 and S3 are true
- (D) Only S2 and S3 are true

### **Options:**

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 50 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the following two C code segments. Y and X are one and two dimensional arrays of size n and  $n \times n$  respectively, where  $2 \le n \le 10$ . Assume that in both code segments, elements of Y are initialized to 0 and each element X[i][j] of array X is initialized to i+j. Further assume that when stored in main memory all elements of X are in same main memory page frame.

```
Code segment 1:
    //initialize elements of Y to 0
    //initialize elements X[i][j] of X to i+j

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        Y[i] += X[0][i];

Code Segment 2:
    //initialize elements of Y to 0
    //initialize elements X[i][j] of X to i+j

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        Y[i] += X[i][0];</pre>
```

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- S1: Final contents of array Y will be same in both code segments
- S2: Elements of array X accessed inside the for loop shown in code segment 1 are contiguous in main memory
- S3: Elements of array X accessed inside the for loop shown in code segment 2 are contiguous in main memory
- (A) Only S2 is correct
- (B) Only S3 is correct
- (C) Only S1 and S2 are correct
- (D) Only S1 and S3 are correct

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. × B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. \* D

**Question Number: 51 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the following partial Schedule S involving two transactions T1 and T2. Only the *read* and the *write* operations have been shown. The *read* operation on data item P is denoted by read(P) and the *write* operation on data item P is denoted by write(P).

Time	Tra	nsaction-id
instance	Tl	T2
1	read(A)	
2	write(A)	
3		read(C)
4		write(C)
5		read(B)
6		write(B)
7		read(A)
8		commit
9	read(B)	

Schedule S

Suppose that the transaction T1 fails immediately after time instance 9. Which one of the following statements is correct?

- (A) T2 must be aborted and then both T1 and T2 must be re-started to ensure transaction atomicity
- (B) Schedule S is non-recoverable and cannot ensure transaction atomicity
- (C) Only T2 must be aborted and then re-started to ensure transaction atomicity
- (D) Schedule S is recoverable and can ensure atomicity and nothing else needs to be done

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. X C
- 4. × D

# **Question Number: 52 Question Type: MCQ**

If the following system has non-trivial solution,

$$px + qy + rz = 0$$

$$qx + ry + pz = 0$$

$$rx + py + qz = 0,$$

then which one of the following options is TRUE?

(A) 
$$p - q + r = 0$$
 or  $p = q = -r$ 

(B) 
$$p + q - r = 0$$
 or  $p = -q = r$ 

(C) 
$$p+q+r=0$$
 or  $p=q=r$ 

(D) 
$$p - q + r = 0$$
 or  $p = -q = -r$ 

### **Options:**

- 1. 🎇 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 53 Question Type: NAT**

Consider the following C program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, j, k = 0;
    j = 2 * 3 / 4 + 2.0 / 5 + 8 / 5;
    k -= --j;
    for(i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    {
        switch(i + k)
        {
            case 1:
            case 2: printf("\n%d", i+k);
            case 3: printf("\n%d", i+k);
            default: printf("\n%d", i+k);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

The number of times printf statement is executed is

#### **Correct Answer:**

10

#### Question Number: 54 Question Type: MCQ

If for non-zero x,  $af(x) + bf\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{x} - 25$  where  $a \neq b$  then  $\int_{1}^{2} f(x)dx$  is

(A) 
$$\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(\ln 2 - 25) + \frac{47b}{2} \right]$$

(B) 
$$\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(2 \ln 2 - 25) - \frac{47b}{2} \right]$$

(C) 
$$\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(2 \ln 2 - 25) + \frac{47b}{2} \right]$$

(D) 
$$\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(\ln 2 - 25) - \frac{47b}{2} \right]$$

# **Options**:

**Question Number: 55 Question Type: NAT** 

Let G be a connected undirected graph of 100 vertices and 300 edges. The weight of a minimum spanning tree of G is 500. When the weight of each edge of G is increased by five, the weight of a minimum spanning tree becomes

#### **Correct Answer:**

995

# **Question Number: 56 Question Type: NAT**

Two hosts are connected via a packet switch with 10<sup>7</sup> bits per second links. Each link has a propagation delay of 20 microseconds. The switch begins forwarding a packet 35 microseconds after it receives the same. If 10000 bits of data are to be transmitted between the two hosts using a packet size of 5000 bits, the time elapsed between the transmission of the first bit of data and the reception of the last bit of the data in microseconds is

#### **Correct Answer:**

1575

Question Number: 57 Question Type: MCQ

For the processes listed in the following table, which of the following scheduling schemes will give the lowest average turnaround time?

Process	Arrival Time	Processing Time
A	0	3
В	1	6
С	4	4
D	6	2

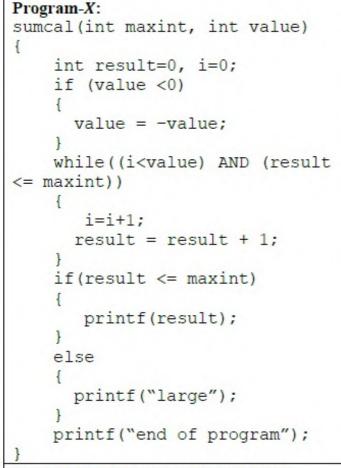
- (A) First Come First Serve
- (B) Non-preemptive Shortest Job First
- (C) Shortest Remaining Time
- (D) Round Robin with Quantum value two

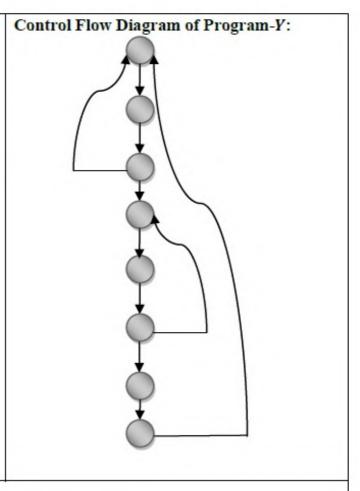
### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 5. ¥ C
- 4. \* D

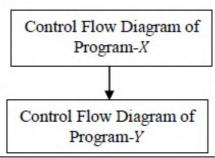
Question Number: 58 Question Type: MCQ

Consider three software items: Program-X, Control Flow Diagram of Program-Y and Control Flow Diagram of Program-Z as shown below





# Control Flow Diagram of Program-Z:



The values of McCabe's Cyclomatic complexity of Program-X, Program-Y, and Program-Z respectively are

- (A) 4, 4, 7
- (B) 3, 4, 7 (C) 4, 4, 8
- (D) 4, 3, 8

### **Options:**

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🏁 B
- 3. \* C
- 4. \* D

# **Question Number: 59 Question Type: NAT**

Consider the equation  $(43)_x = (y3)_8$  where x and y are unknown. The number of possible solutions is

#### **Correct Answer:**

5

**Question Number: 60 Question Type: MCQ** 

Let R be a relation on the set of ordered pairs of positive integers such that  $((p,q),(r,s)) \in R$  if and only if p-s=q-r. Which one of the following is true about R?

- (A) Both reflexive and symmetric
- (B) Reflexive but not symmetric

(C) Not reflexive but symmetric

(D) Neither reflexive nor symmetric

### **Options:**

- 1. 🍀 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. 🗱 D

# **Question Number: 61 Question Type: NAT**

Suppose  $X_i$  for i=1,2,3 are independent and identically distributed random variables whose probability mass functions are  $\Pr[X_i=0]=\Pr[X_i=1]=1/2$  for i=1,2,3. Define another random variable  $Y=X_1X_2 \oplus X_3$ , where  $\oplus$  denotes XOR. Then

$$\Pr[Y = 0 | X_3 = 0] =$$
\_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **Correct Answer:**

0.75

Question Number: 62 Question Type: NAT

The total number of prime implicants of the function  $f(w, x, y, z) = \sum (0, 2, 4, 5, 6, 10)$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Correct Answer:** 

**Question Number: 63 Question Type: NAT** 

Suppose  $c = \langle c[0], ..., c[k-1] \rangle$  is an array of length k, where all the entries are from the set  $\{0, 1\}$ . For any positive integers a and n, consider the following pseudocode.

```
DOSOMETHING (c, a, n)

z \leftarrow 1

for i \leftarrow 0 to k - 1

do z \leftarrow z^2 \mod n

if c[i] = 1

then z \leftarrow (z \times a) \mod n

return z
```

If k = 4,  $c = \langle 1, 0, 1, 1 \rangle$ , a = 2 and n = 8, then the output of DOSOMETHING(c, a, n) is

#### **Correct Answer:**

o O

# **Question Number: 64 Question Type: MCQ**

Let f(n) = n and  $g(n) = n^{(1+\sin n)}$ , where n is a positive integer. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

I. 
$$f(n) = O(g(n))$$
  
II.  $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$ 

- (A) Only I
- (B) Only II
- (C) Both I and II
- (D) Neither I nor II

#### **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🖋 D

**Question Number: 65 Question Type: MCQ** 

Consider the following grammar G

where S, F, and H are non-terminal symbols, p, d, and c are terminal symbols. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

- S1. LL(1) can parse all strings that are generated using grammar G
- S2. LR(1) can parse all strings that are generated using grammar G
- (A) Only S1
- (B) Only S2
- (C) Both S1 and S2 (D) Neither S1 nor S2

# **Options:**

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗸 D