In [1]:

```
import numpy as np

def impute_mean(data, column):
    mean = np.mean(data[column])
    data[column].fillna(value=mean, inplace=True)
    return data

def impute_median(data, column):
    median = np.median(data[column])
    data[column].fillna(value=median, inplace=True)
    return data

def impute_mode(data, column):
    mode = data[column].mode().values[0]
    data[column].fillna(value=mode, inplace=True)
    return data
```

In [2]:

In [3]:

```
import numpy as np
from sklearn.impute import KNNImputer

def impute_knn(data, column):
    knn_imputer = KNNImputer(n_neighbors=2)
    data[column] = knn_imputer.fit_transform(data[column].values.reshape(-1, 1))
    return data
```

In [4]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
def regression imputation(df, target column):
    # Split the data set into features (X) and target (v)
   X = df.drop(target column, axis=1)
   y = df[target_column]
    # Impute missing values in the feature data using mean imputation
   mean imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy="mean")
   X imputed = mean imputer.fit transform(X)
   # Train a linear regression model on the imputed feature data
   regression model = LinearRegression().fit(X imputed, y)
   # Use the regression model to impute missing values in the target data
   y imputed = regression model.predict(X imputed)
   y imputed = np.where(np.isnan(y), y imputed, y)
    # Replace the original target data with the imputed target data
    df[target column] = y imputed
    return df
```

In [5]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from statsmodels.imputation.mice import MICEData

def multiple_imputation(df):
    # Impute missing values in the data using multiple imputation
    mice = MICEData(df)
    df_imputed = mice.data.copy()
    return df_imputed
```