How to extract email from a text using re module in Python

You will learn

How to use the findall function of re module to extract email from a text

Slide this image to see a step by step practical explanation

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Before jumping into the main syntax let's learn some basic concepts

What is the findall function in re module? findall function is generally used to find something from a text whether it is a number, string, or anything

1. \w

This syntax returns the character from a text which contains the value 0-9 and a-Z and _

2. \.

This syntax returns . (dot) from a text

3. []

This is used for different sets of chachaters for example, we use [\w\.] + for finding the \w syntax as well as \. syntax

1. []+

This syntax returns multiple characters for example, if we use [\w] it means that it makes a list of one character but if use [\w]+ it makes a list of words

Importing re module and using our data

```
In [1]: import re

In [67]: data = '''Hii my name is ashbab khan and my
    you can find me on linkedin using @ashbab and my
    mail is demo@gmail.com and my second mail ww
    is abc-demo@gmail.com ab@g.g'''
    data

Out[67]: 'Hii my name is ashbab khan and my \n you can find me on linkedin using @ashbab
    and my\n mail is demo@gmail.com and my second mail ww\n is abc-demo@gmail.com a
    b@g.g'
```

Using the findall function to extract email

```
extracted_email = re.findall('[\w\.-]+@[\w]+\.[\w]+',data)
extracted_email

['demo@gmail.com', 'abc-demo@gmail.com', 'ab@g.g']
```

Using this list of emails with pandas data frame