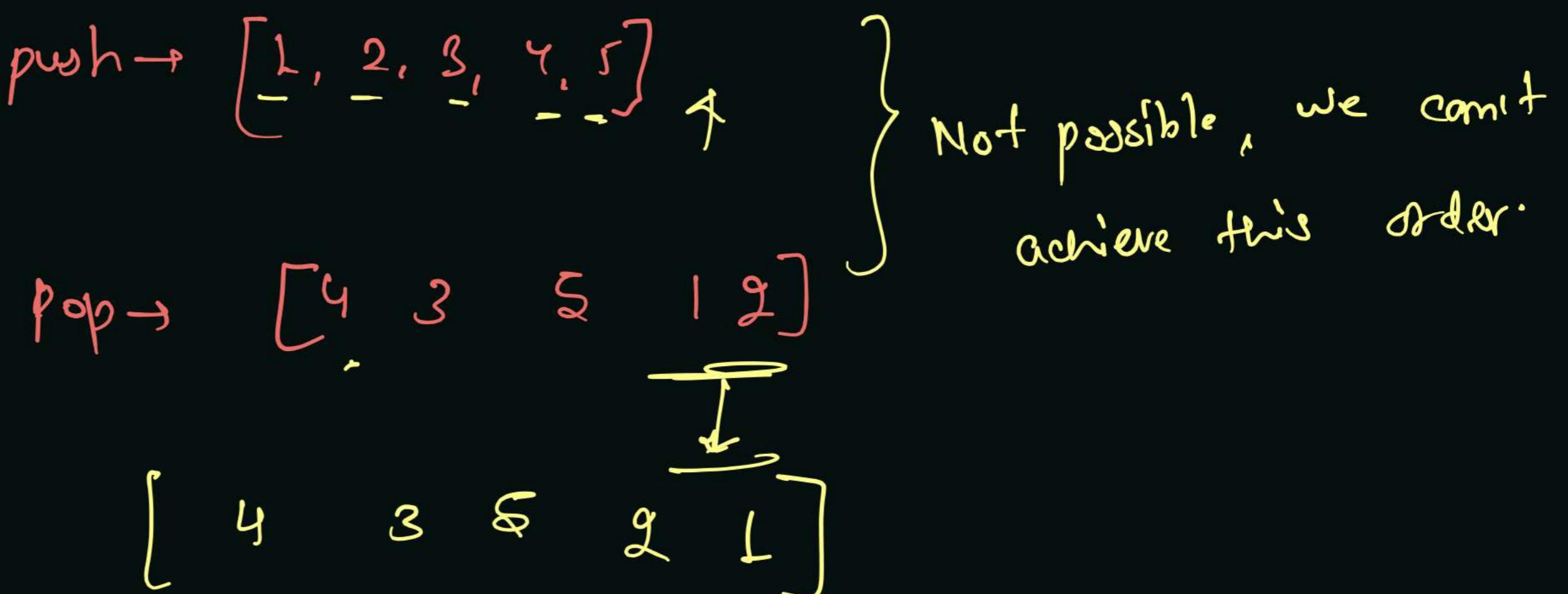
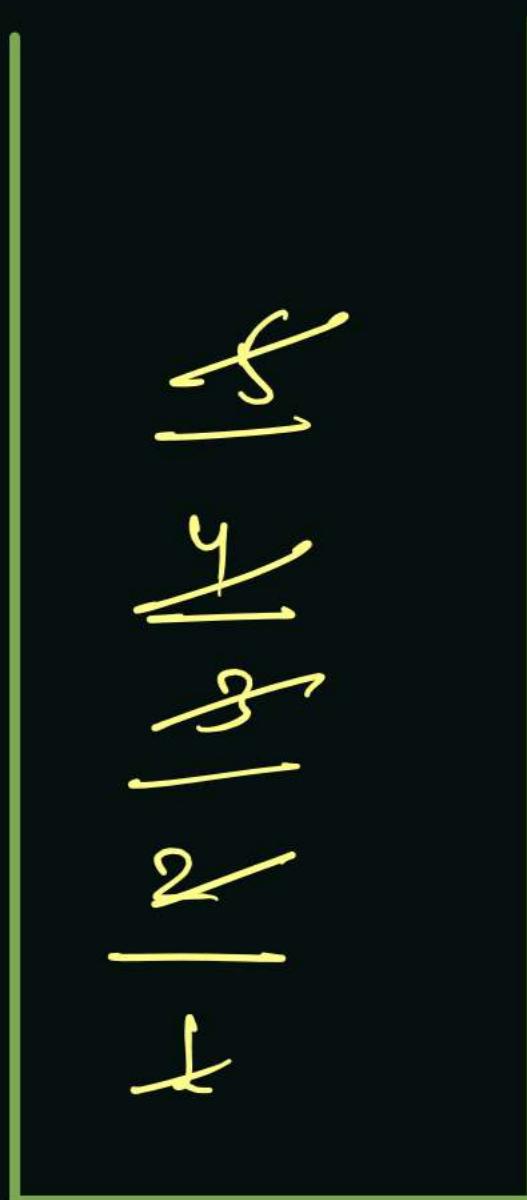


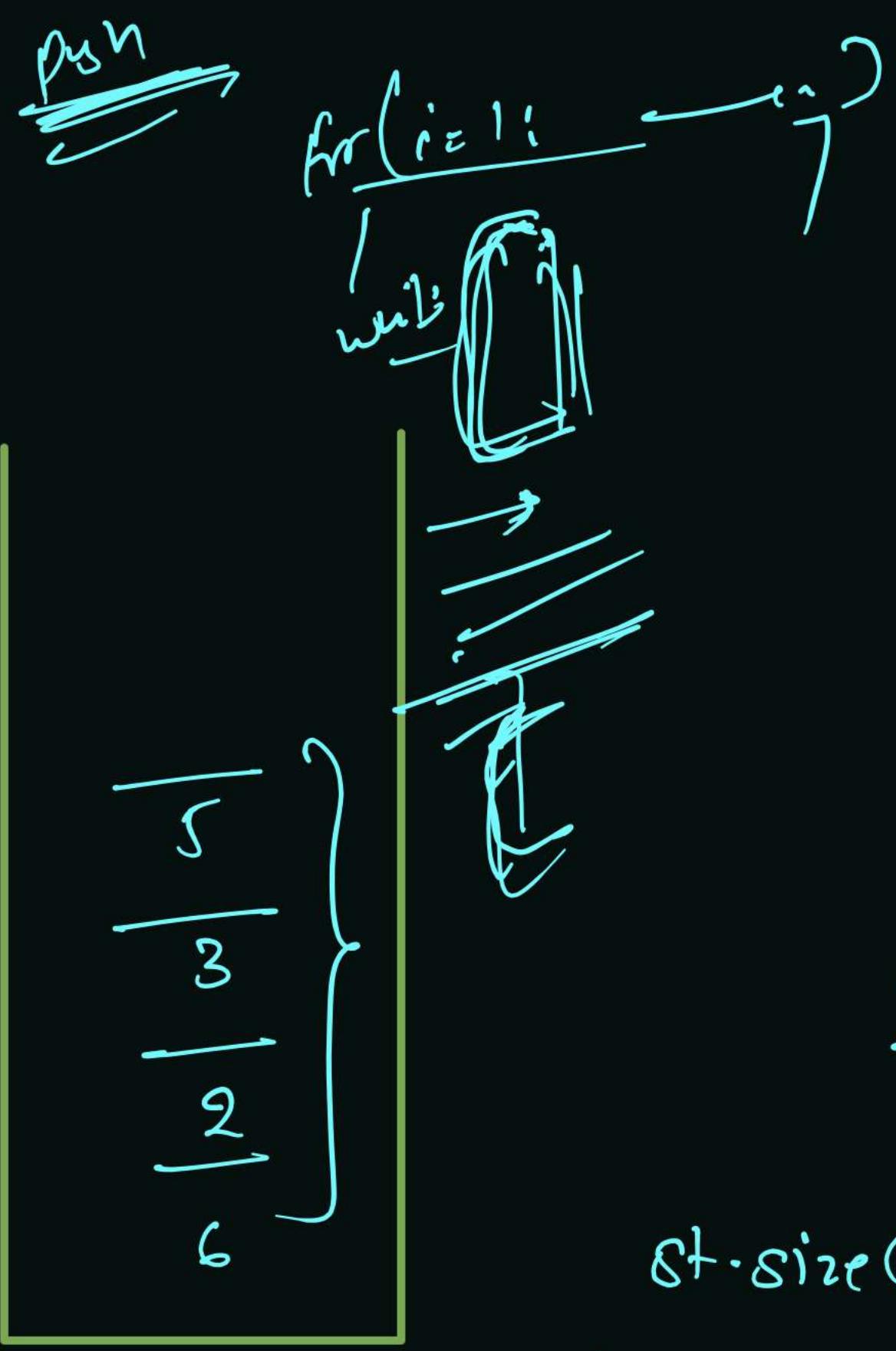
Validate Stack Sequences

Saturday, 4 December 2021

4:34 PM

- ✓ push → {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} is it possible
- ✓ popped → {4, 5, 3, 2, 1} or not





push → { 6 2 3 4 5 } []

j ↑ i ↑

push
st.size() = 20

popped → { 4 6 3 2 1 }

j ↑ j ↑ j ↑ j ↑

pop

Space
 $O(n)$

$O(1)$
Amortized
 $O(1)$
Complexity -

st.size() = 0, ll i = End || j = End

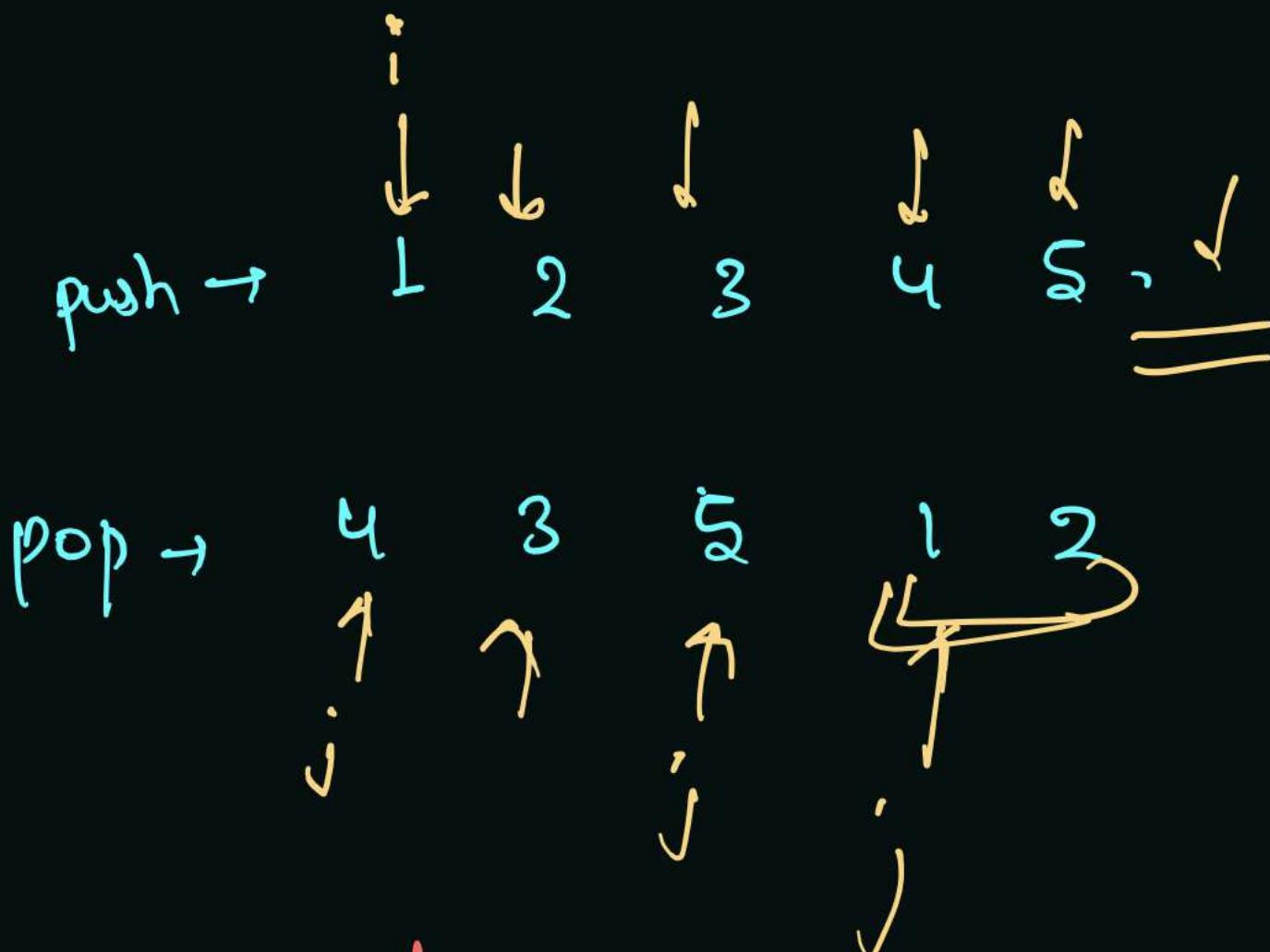
Return true

```

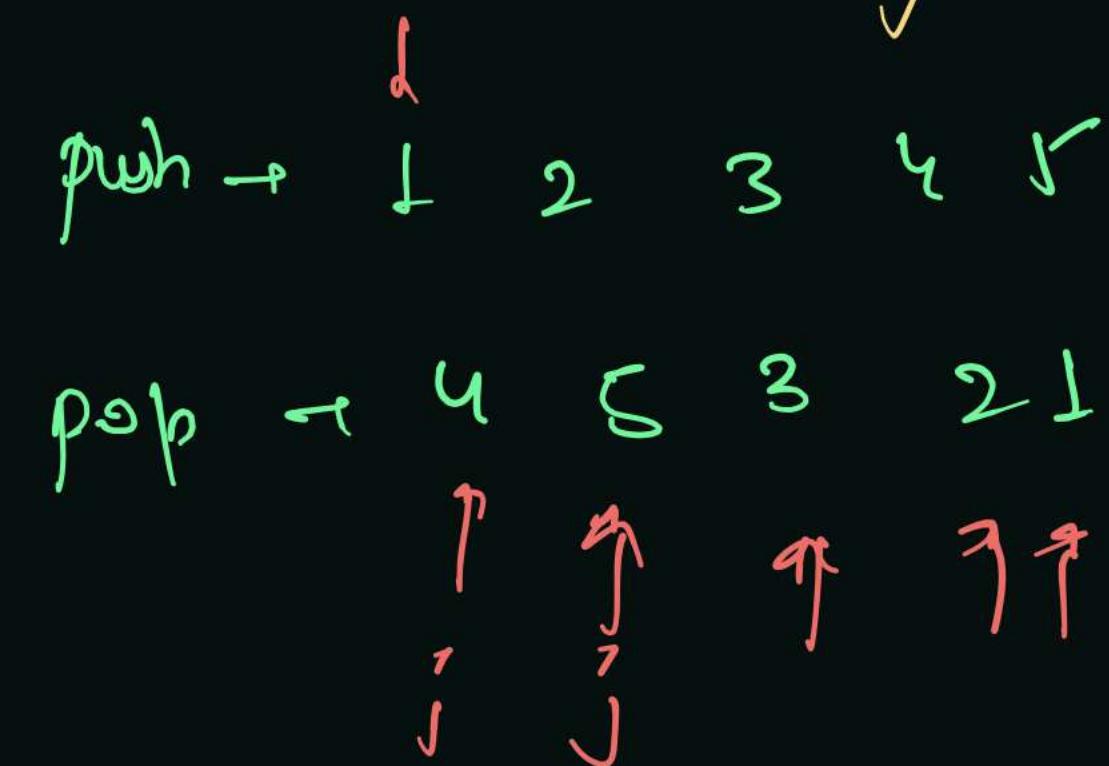
public boolean validateStackSequences(int[] pushed, int[] popped) {
    int j = 0;
    Stack<Integer> st = new Stack<>();

    for(int i = 0; i < pushed.length; i++) { i →
        st.push(pushed[i]);
        while(st.size() > 0 && st.peek() == popped[j]) {
st.pop();
j++;
        }
    }
    return st.size() == 0;
}

```



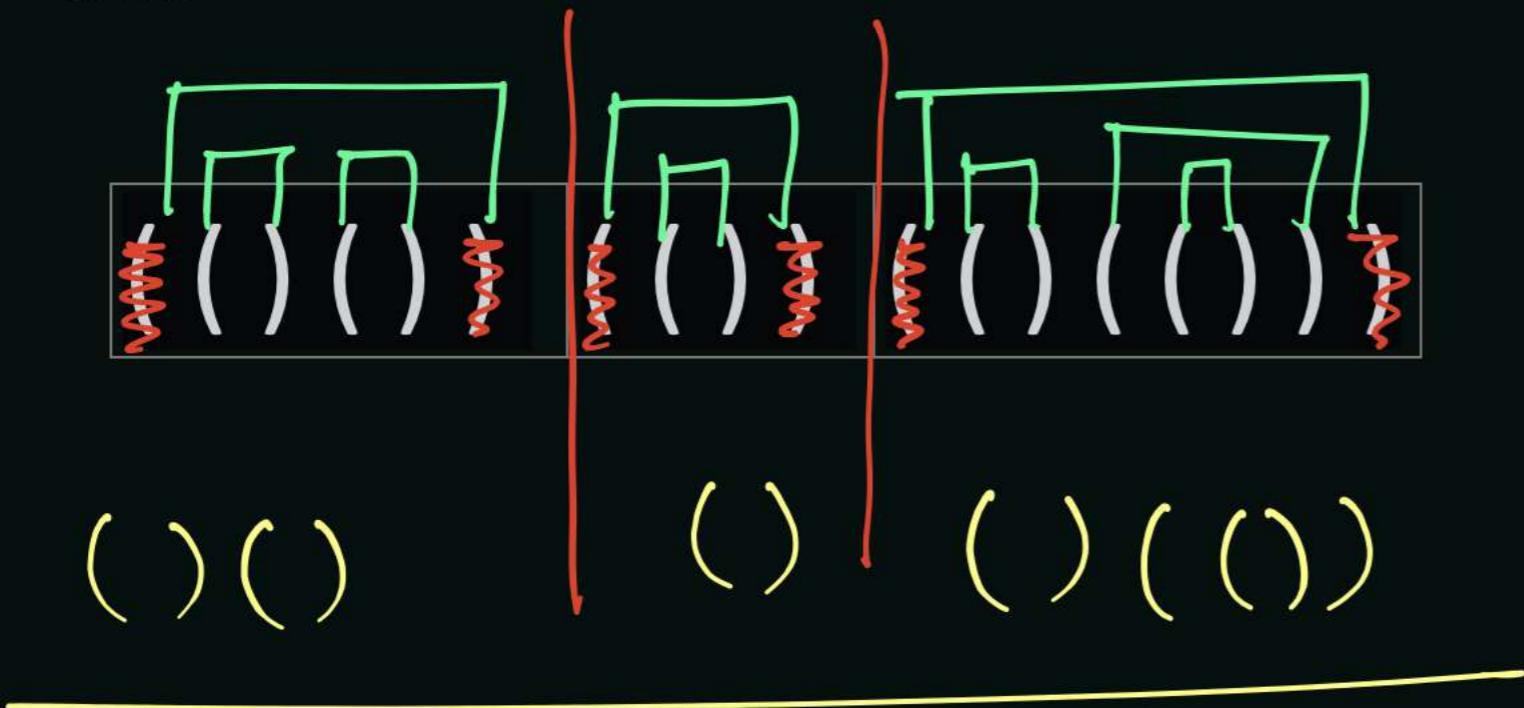
$j = 0$



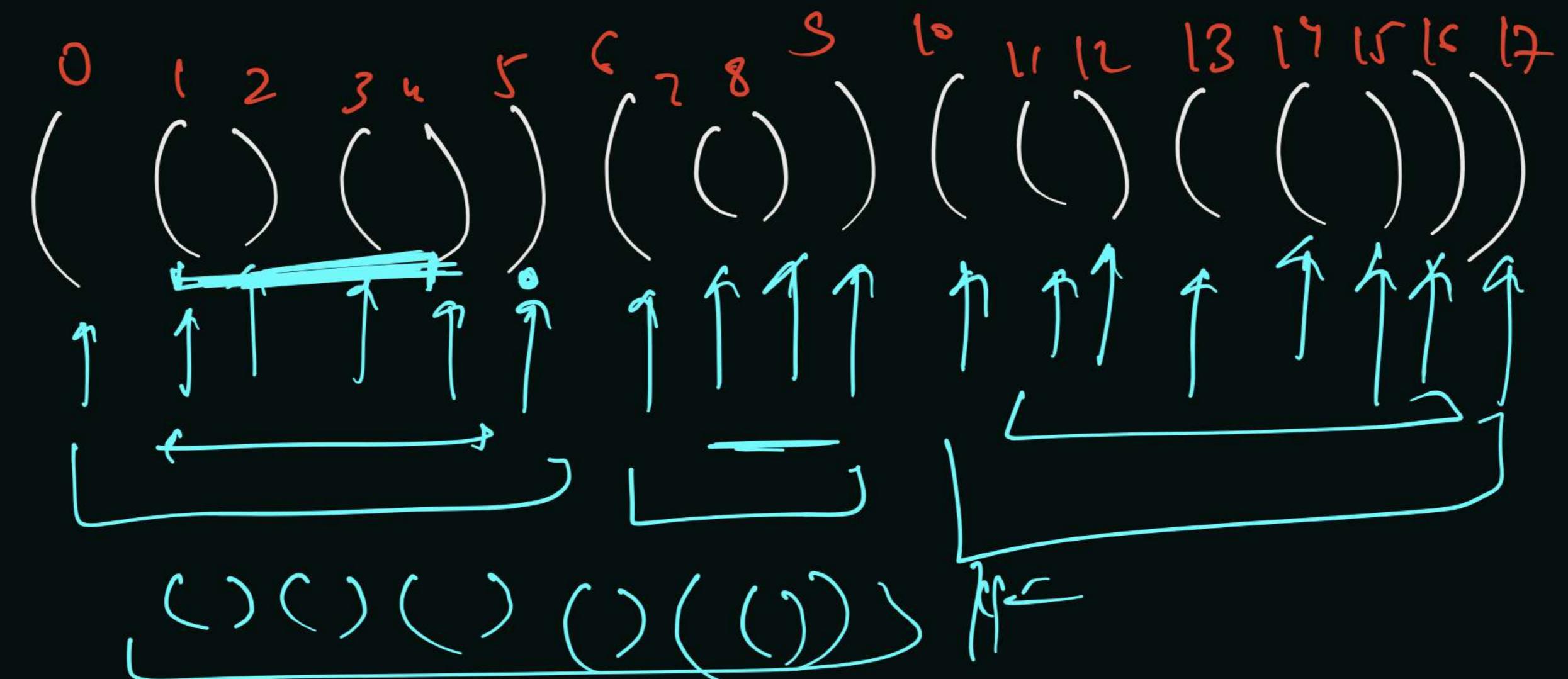
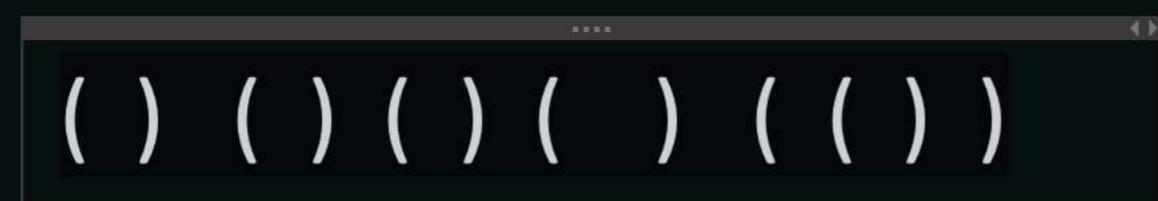
Remove Outermost Parenthesis

Saturday, 4 December 2021

5:17 PM



Op = $\emptyset \neq \{p \wedge \neg q\}$
Cl = $\emptyset \neq \{p \wedge q\}$
st index = \emptyset 

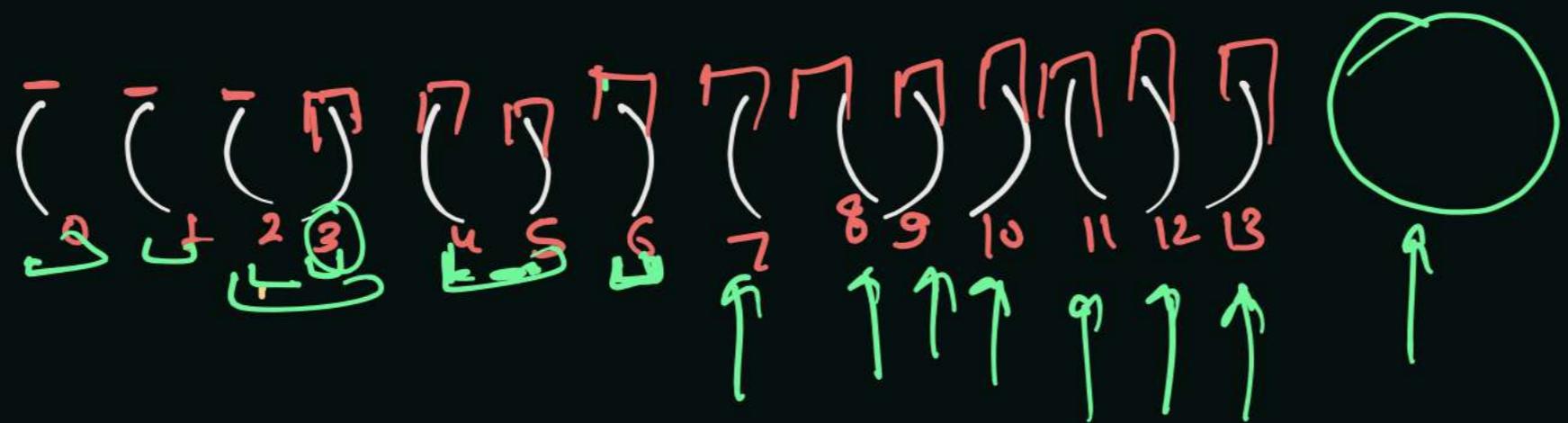


Score of Parenthesis

Saturday, 4 December 2021

6:28 PM

$() ()$



$$() \rightarrow \perp$$

$$\begin{aligned} A + B &\rightarrow \overbrace{A+B} \\ () () &\rightarrow 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(A) \rightarrow 2 * A$$

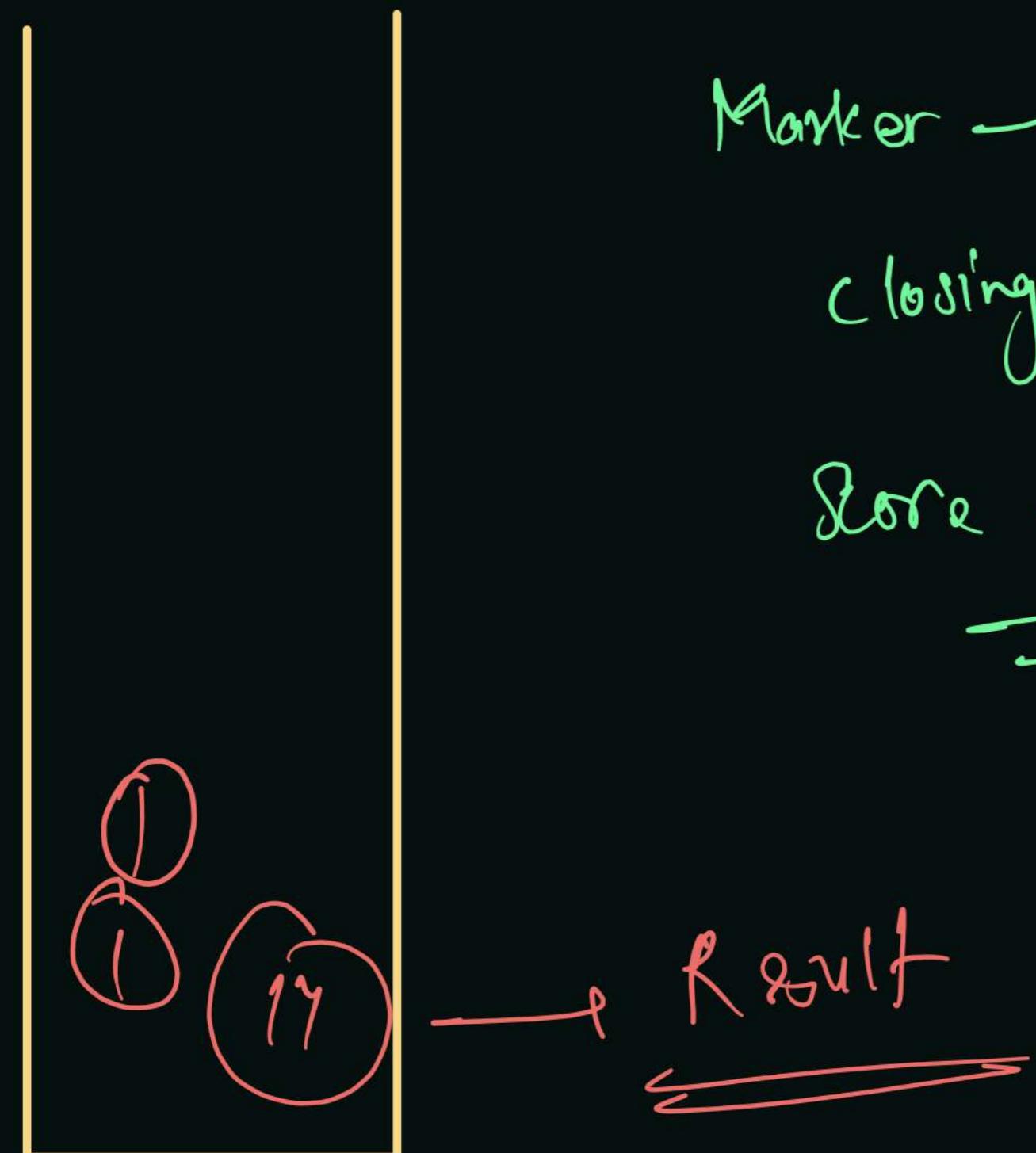
$$(()) \rightarrow (\perp) \rightarrow 2$$

opening bracket

↳ push $\perp 1$ marker for opening br

closing bracket

↳ top = opening - pop & push
make sum until
opening is not encounter
at the end push $2 * \text{sum}$



Marker $\rightarrow (\rightarrow \perp$

closing - to solver

Score & integer

Result

Reverse String between parenthesis

Saturday, 4 December 2021

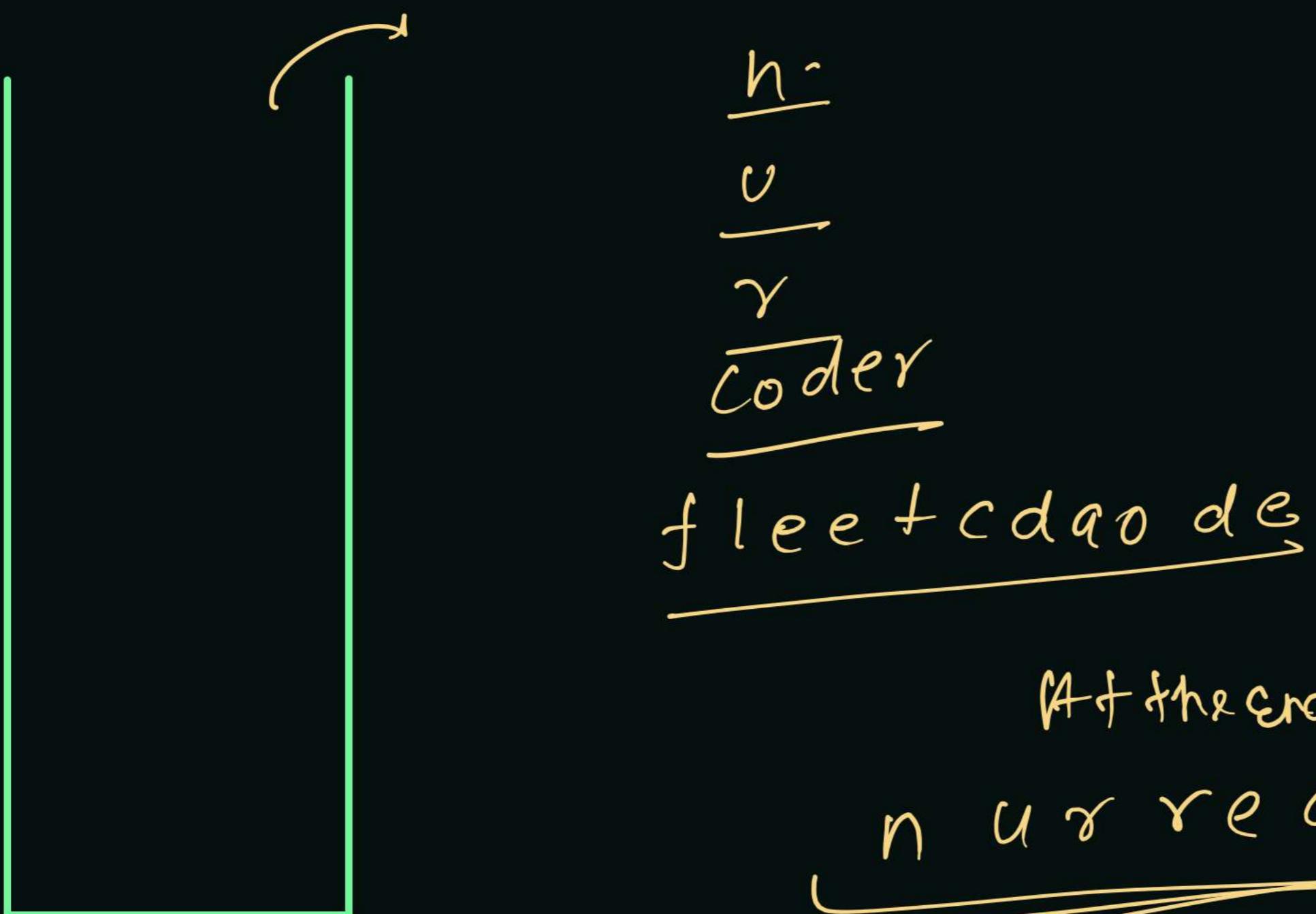
7:06 PM

(e d(e t(o a d c))e l f)(r e d o c) r u n

Opening bracket + //

character = string -
push in stack

Closing bracket



At the end. → concater with reversed proper R
reverse once again

n u r r e d o c e d o a d c t e e l f

f l e e t c d a o d e c o d e r s m)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
(e	d	(e	t	(o	a	d	c))	e	l	f)	(r	e	d	o	c)	r	u	n

oder γ γ un

c
c
d
o
a
d
c
t
e
e
f

nur redoccd adctee lf

A¹
↳
heute.

fleetcda odcc oderrun

$$(A(B)) \rightarrow (AB^1) \rightarrow BA^1$$

$$(ab(cd)) \rightarrow (abdc) \rightarrow cd\,ba$$

$(\underline{\underline{A}} (\underline{\underline{B}}))$

$(A B')$

A & B are strings.

$\xrightarrow{\quad}$ $B A'$

final Result

④ off the end
pop from stack

& concatenate in

String-

⑤ Reverse String.

A
B

$(A B') \Rightarrow B A'$

steps

① if opening { char,
encounter } then
it in stack.

② if closing bracket
encount }, then
add char in string builder
until opening } is not
encount.

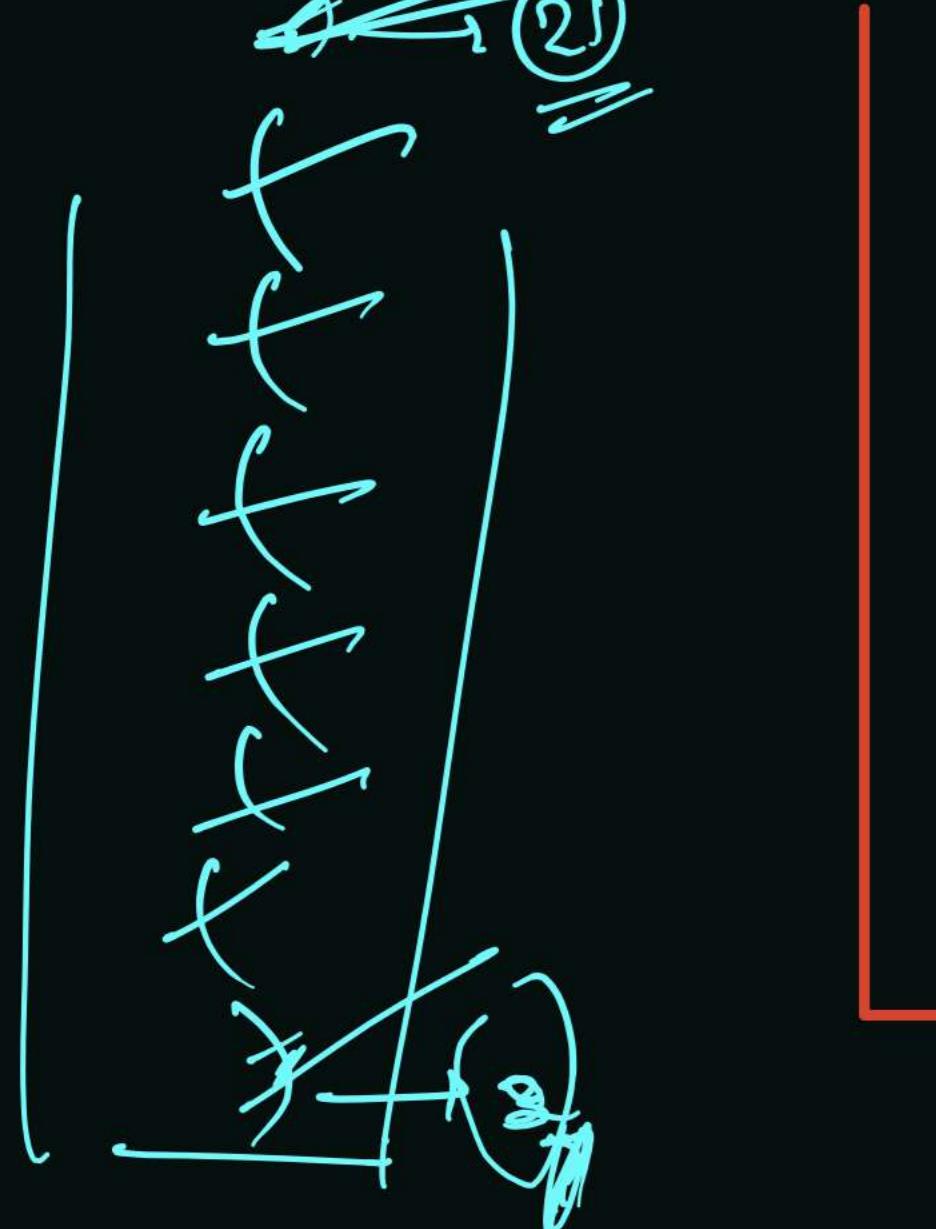
③ Push char in char
from stringbuilder

Min. Remove to make parenthesis Valid

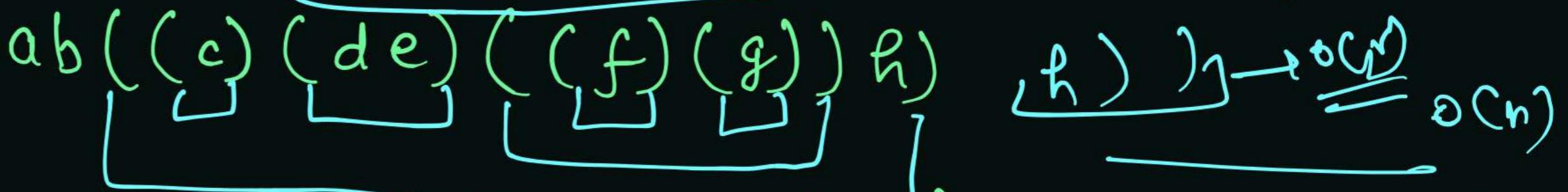
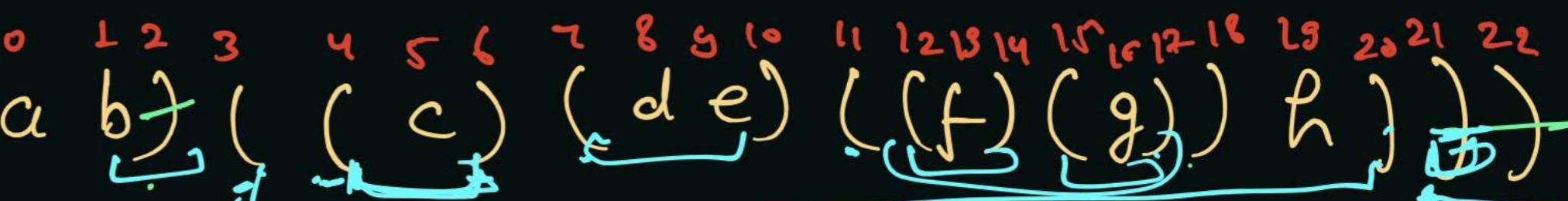
Sunday, 5 December 2021

11:31 AM

a) b(c)d



)₂₂



opening →

st.push();

reverse + O(n)

O(h)

↓

O(n)

lee(t(c)o)de

String build →

O(1)

ArrayList st = str + something

str = something + str
O(n)

closing →

st.size == 0 || st.top == '

st.push();

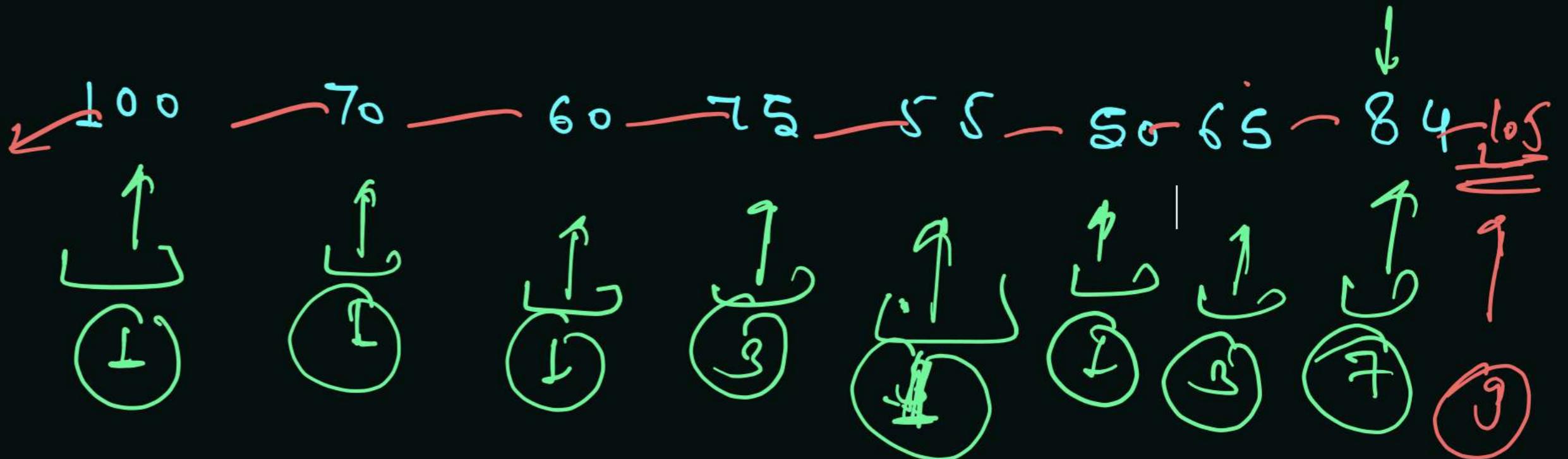
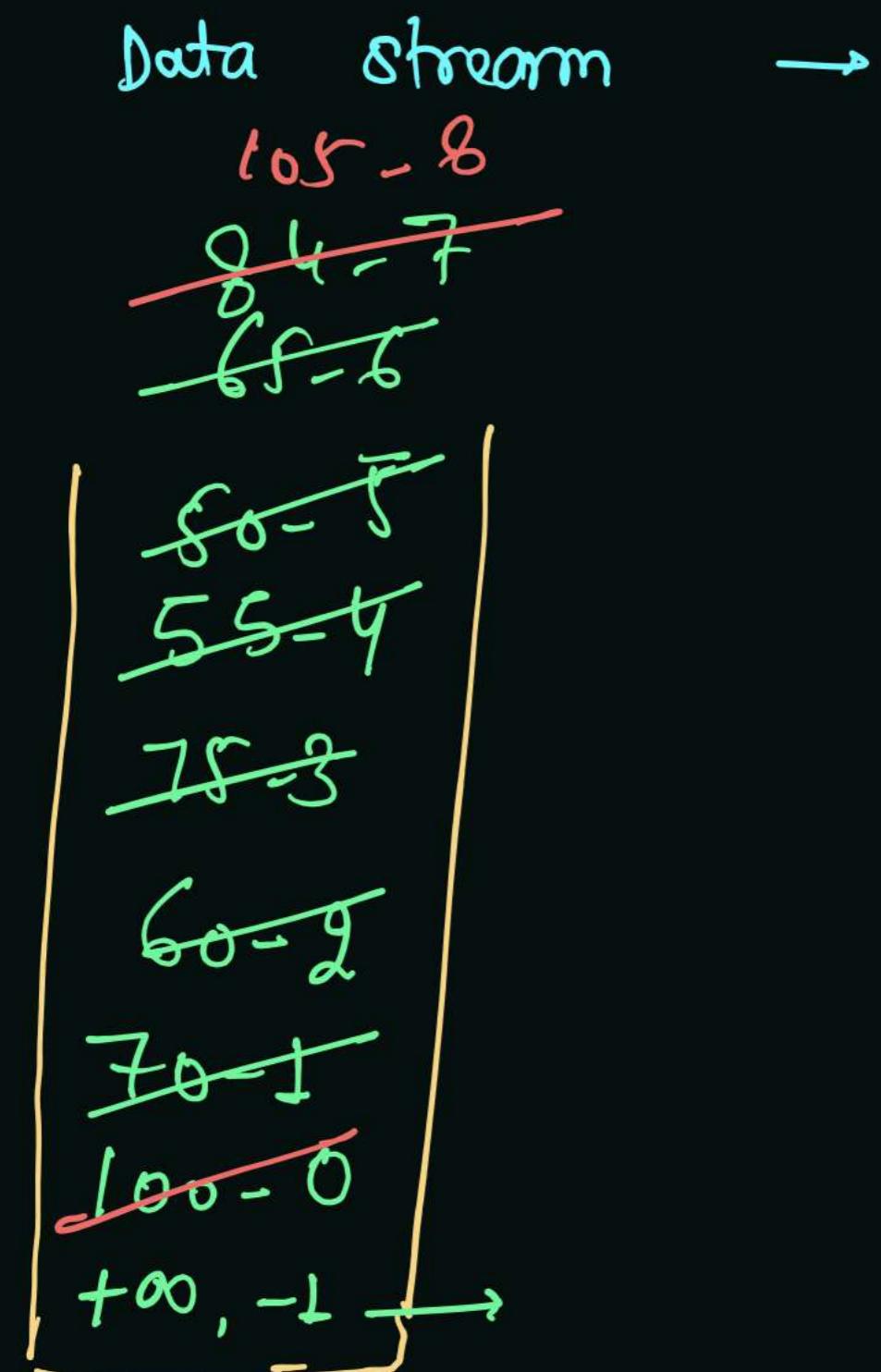
if st.top == '('

pop

J((t)t(t)(t)(t))

Online stock span

Sunday, 5 December 2021 11:31 AM



Stack is maintaining decreasing order from pop to top.

stack < fair >

index = 0 \leftarrow 1st element

Daily Temperature

Sunday, 5 December 2021

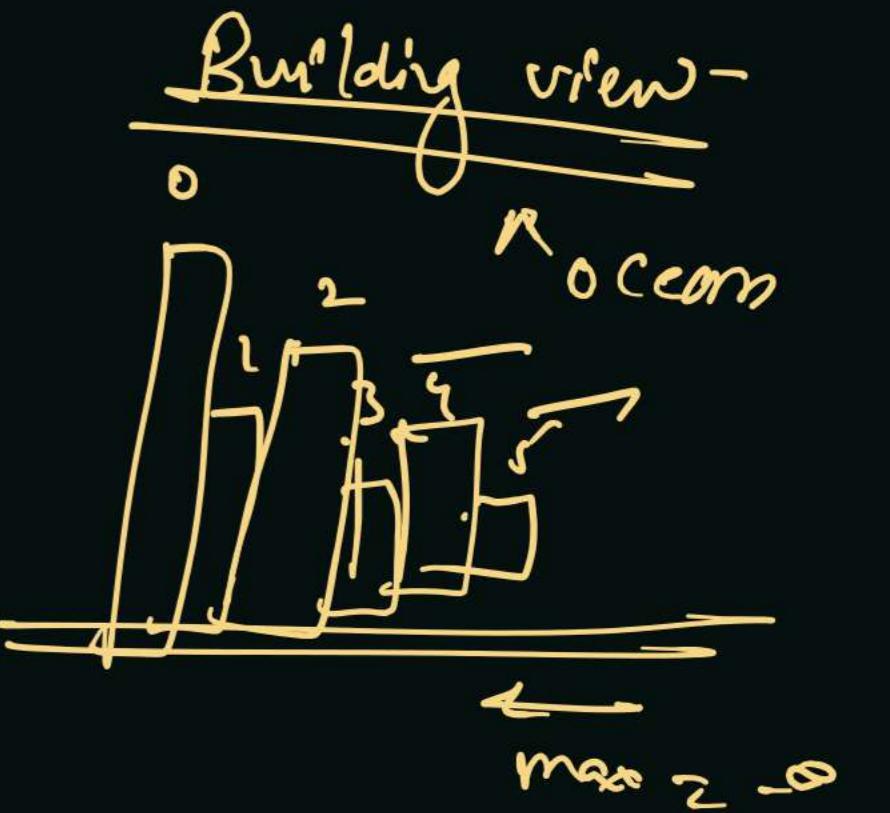
11:31 AM

temperatures = [73, 74, 75, 71, 69, 72, 76, 73]

[1, 1, 4, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0]

next greater
→ 1 2 6 5 5 6 8 8

[1 1 4 2 1 1 0 0]



[0, 2, 4, 5]

{5, 4, 2, 0}

Backspace String Compare

Sunday, 5 December 2021

11:32 AM

String 1 = a b # c d e # f

(f)
e
(d)
(c)
b
a

String 2 = r s # t # C d f # # d f

(f)
(d)
s
d
(c)
s
x

other

<https://leetcode.com/problems/simplify-path/>

<https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-insertions-to-balance-a-parentheses-string/>

LeetCode 30 - Recursion

Evaluation

Tuesday, 7 December 2021

9:11 PM

1. Infix Evaluation
2. Prefix Evaluation
3. Postfix Evaluation

Basic calc-I

Basic calc-II

Basic calc-III

operator operand
 ↓ ↓
 operation

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \underline{2+3} + \underline{7*4} = 5 + 28 = \textcircled{33}$$

$$\checkmark \textcircled{2} \quad \underline{2+3} + 7 * 4$$

$$\underline{2+7} * 4
12 * 4 = \textcircled{48}$$

arithmetic operation

$$[A + B] = C$$

A & B are operand
&
+ is operator

Expression have same set of rules

Infix Expression



infix Exp.
 in order $\rightarrow [2+3+7*4]$
 pre order $\rightarrow + + 2 3 * 7 4 \rightarrow$ fix Exp.
 post order $\rightarrow 2 3 + 7 4 * + \rightarrow$ post fix Exp.

Multiplication
 Addition
 Brackets
 Divide Subtraction

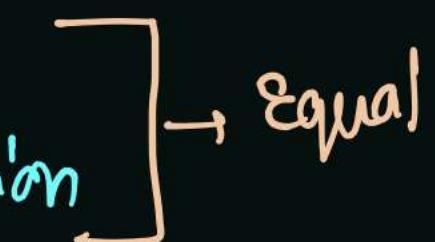
B → Brackets

D → Divide

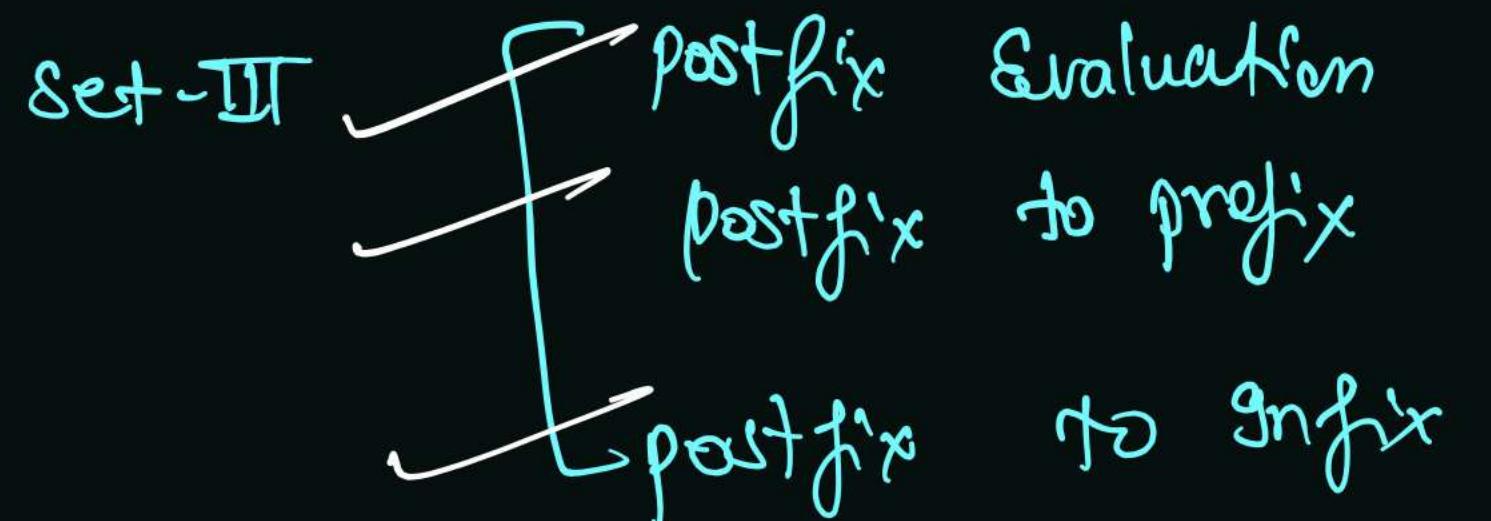
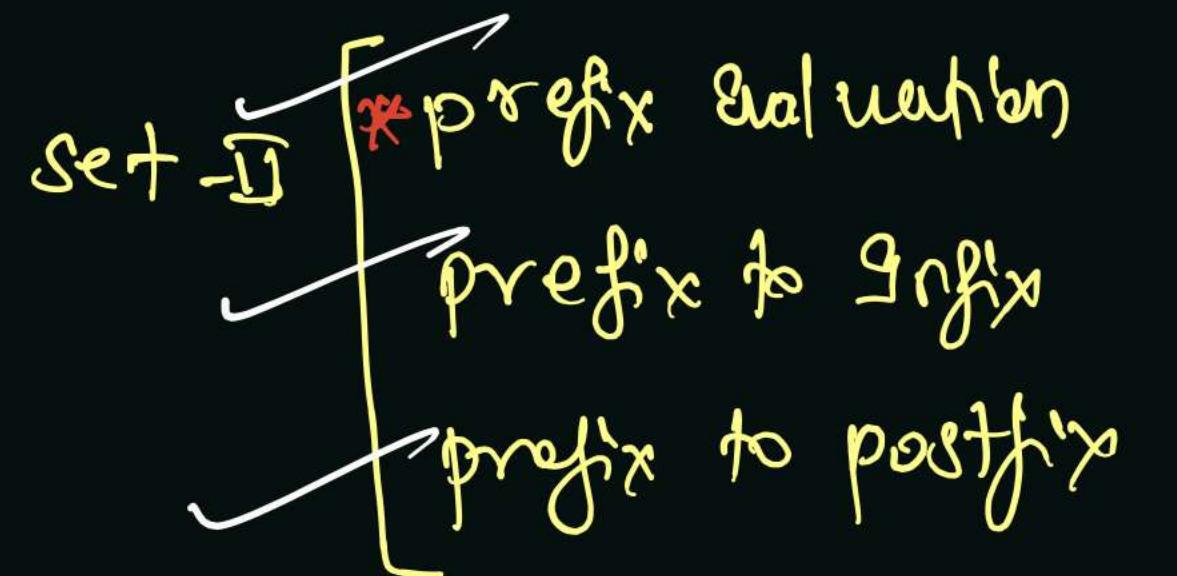
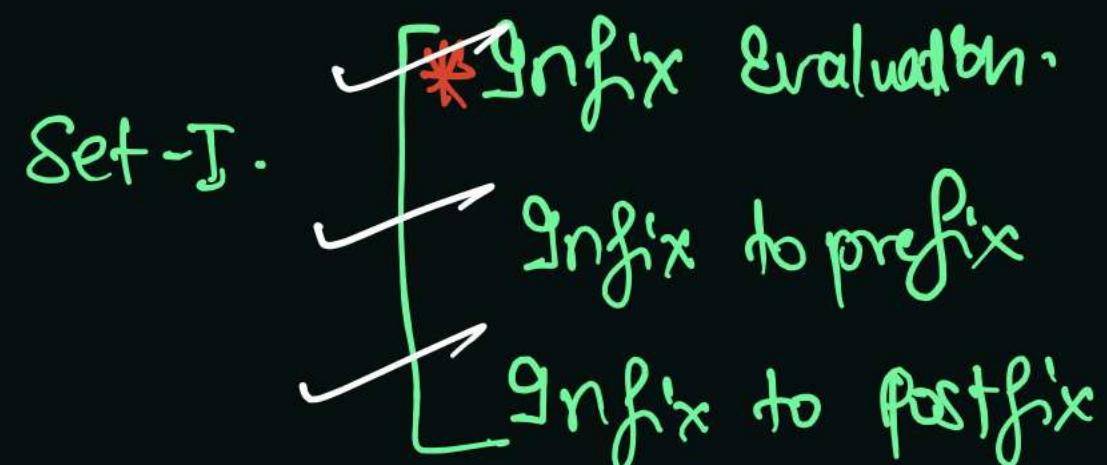
M → Multiplication

A → Addition

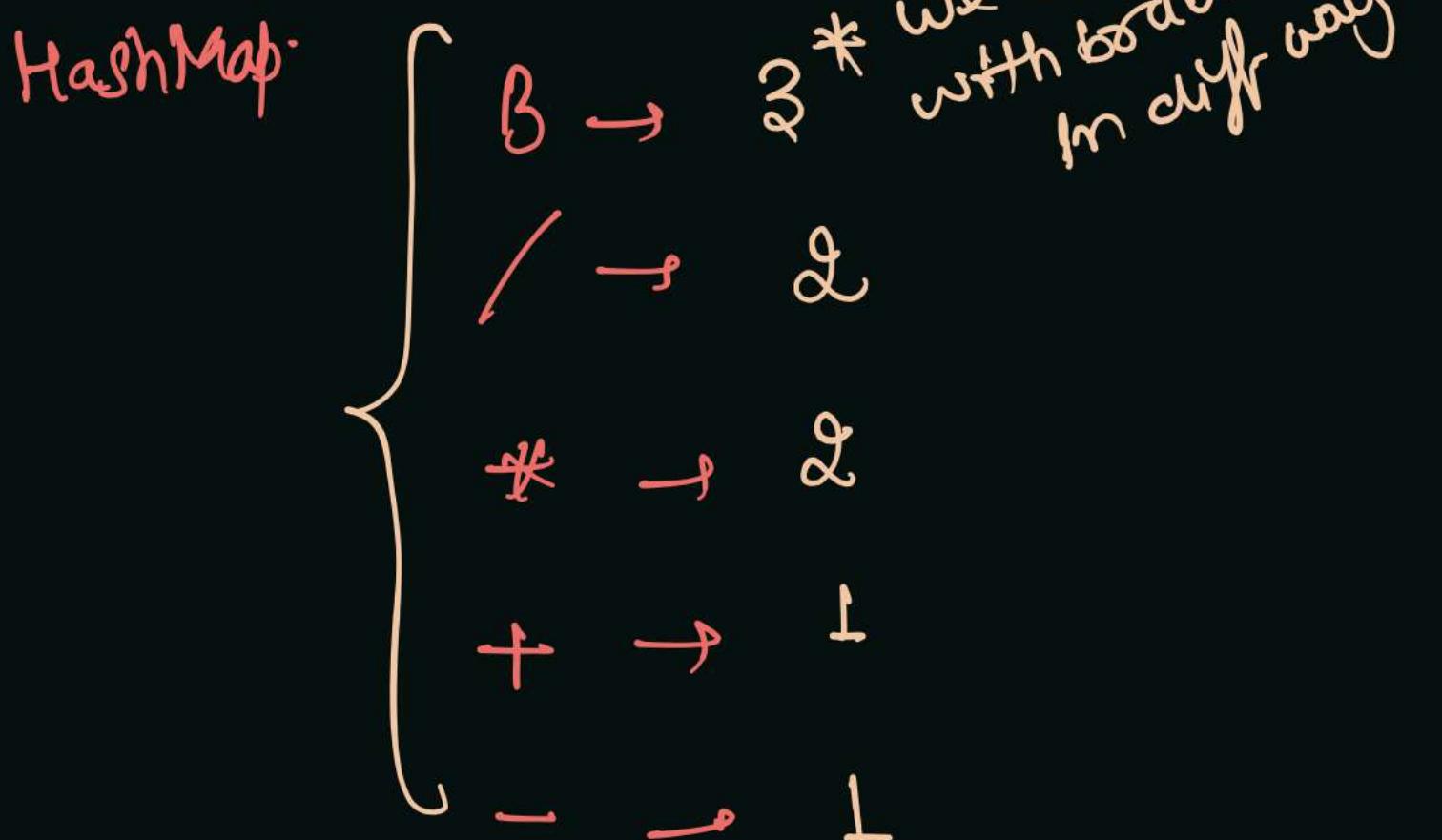
S → Subtraction



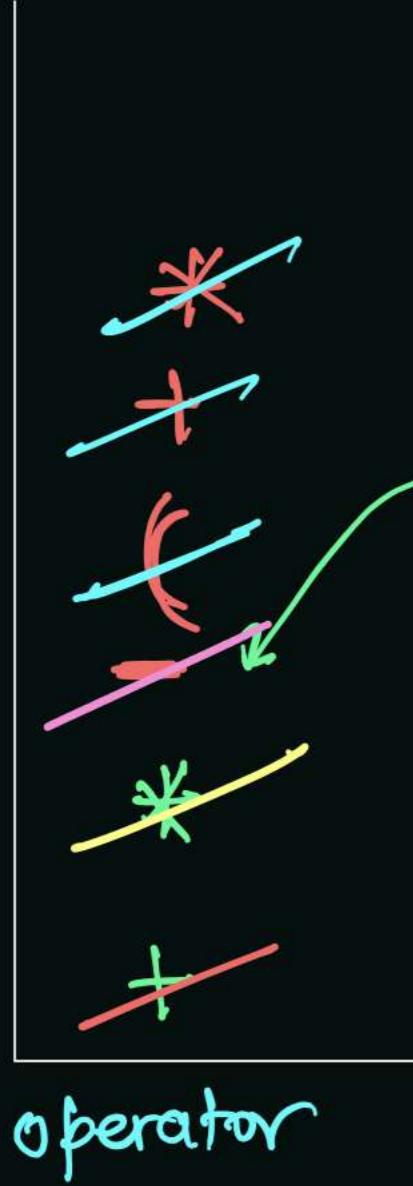
Agenda



How to Manage
Priority of operation →



Infix Evaluation



If current operator's priority is
greater than
push
 \Rightarrow
smaller than
else
already filled
break

operator =	*	+	-
val1 =	*	y	7
val2 =	y	3	8
res =	7	7	1

operator = ~~*~~ +

val2 = ~~2~~ 6

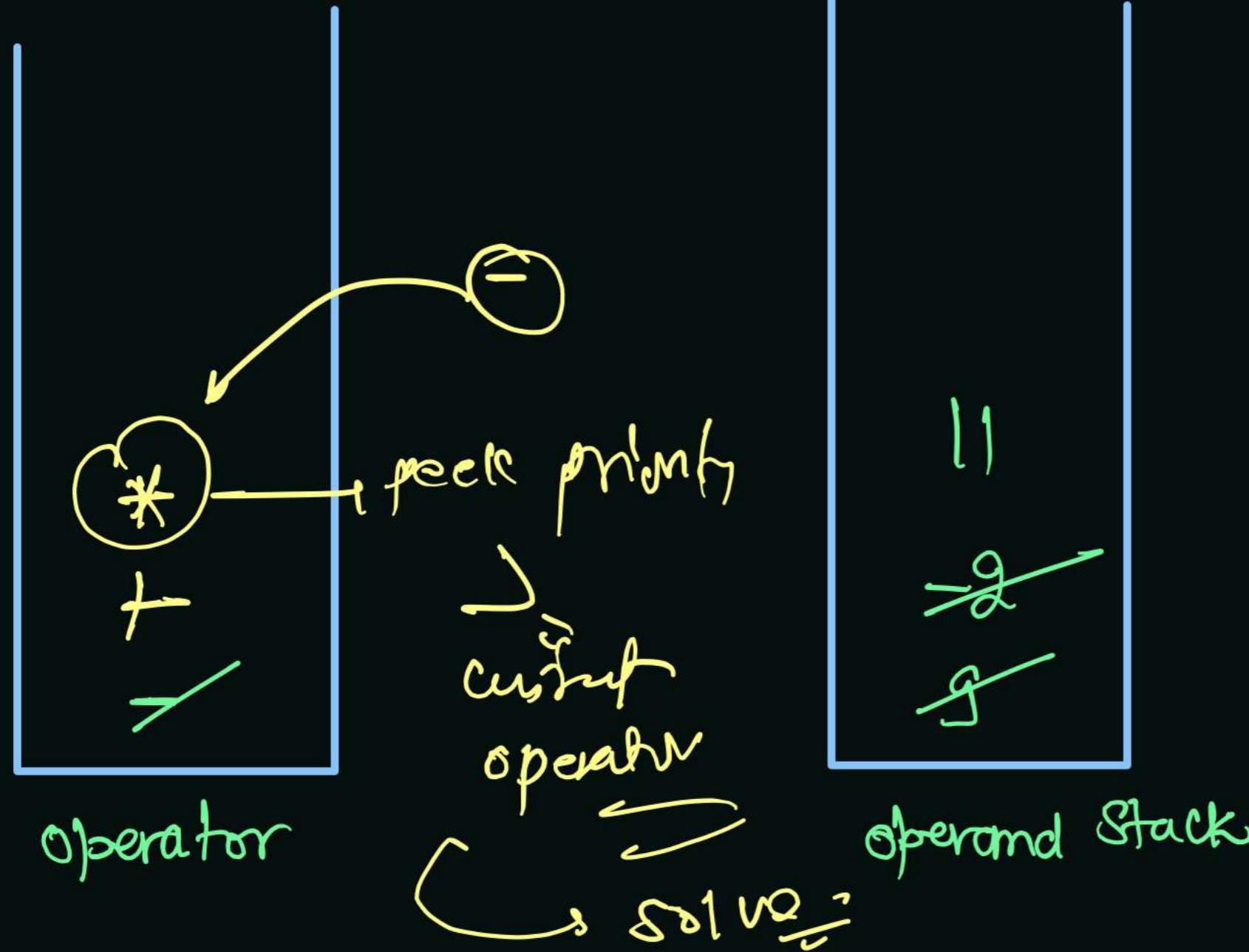
val1 = ~~3~~ 2

result = ~~6~~ 8

Final Result

Infix Expression →

$$7 = \underline{3} * \underline{2} + \underline{8} - (\underline{4} + \underline{2}) + \underline{1} * \underline{5} - (\underline{7} * \underline{2})$$

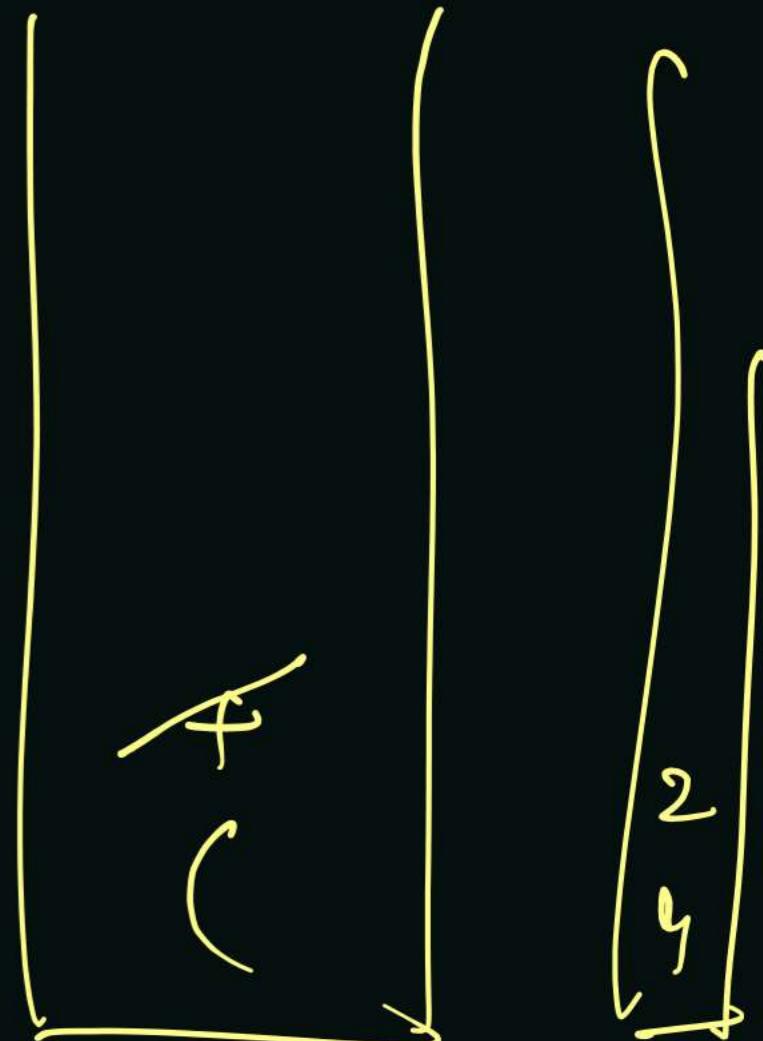


$$\begin{array}{lll} op = \cancel{*} & \cancel{+} & - \\ v2 = 2 & 19 & -2 \\ v1 = 7 & 12 & 9 \\ res = 14 & \cancel{-9} & 11 \end{array}$$

$res = 11$

$opStack = 11$

`operand.peek()`



$j=0 \text{ to } n$

$\Rightarrow \text{operand} \rightarrow$

`operandStack.push(val);`

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{operator} \rightarrow \\ \text{op} == '(' \rightarrow \text{push} \\ \text{stack.size()} == 0 \rightarrow \text{push}, \\ \text{priority(stack.peek())} < \text{priority(op)} \rightarrow \text{push} \\ \text{op.} \\ \text{vice versa pop \& solve until} \\ \text{priority(stack.peek())} \geq \text{priority(op)} \end{array} \right.$

vice versa
pop & solve until

$\text{priority(stack.peek())} \geq \text{priority(op)}$

$\hookrightarrow \text{operand} \rightarrow$

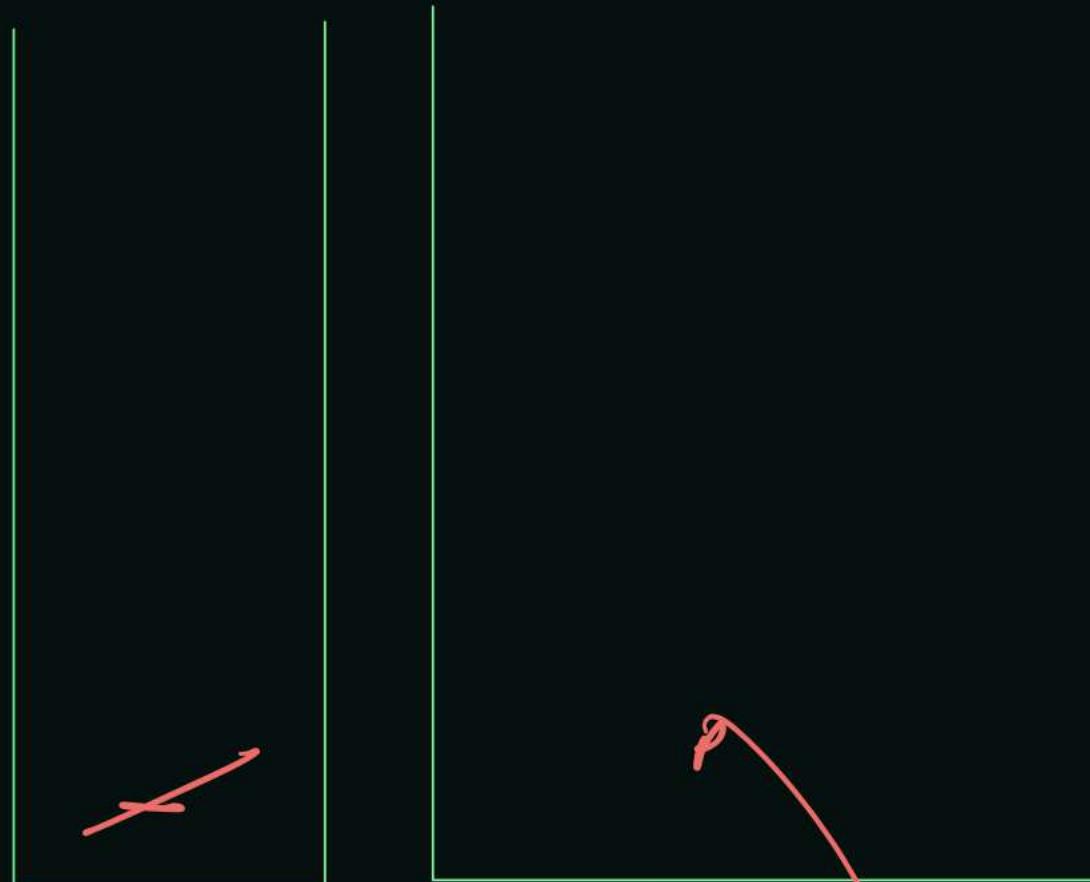
$\begin{cases} \text{val2} \\ \text{val1} \end{cases}$

$\text{operator} \leftarrow \text{op.}$

$\hookrightarrow \text{closing bracket}$ $\hookrightarrow \text{opening until opening '}$ $\text{Res} = \text{val1 operator val2}] \rightarrow \text{push in operand.}$

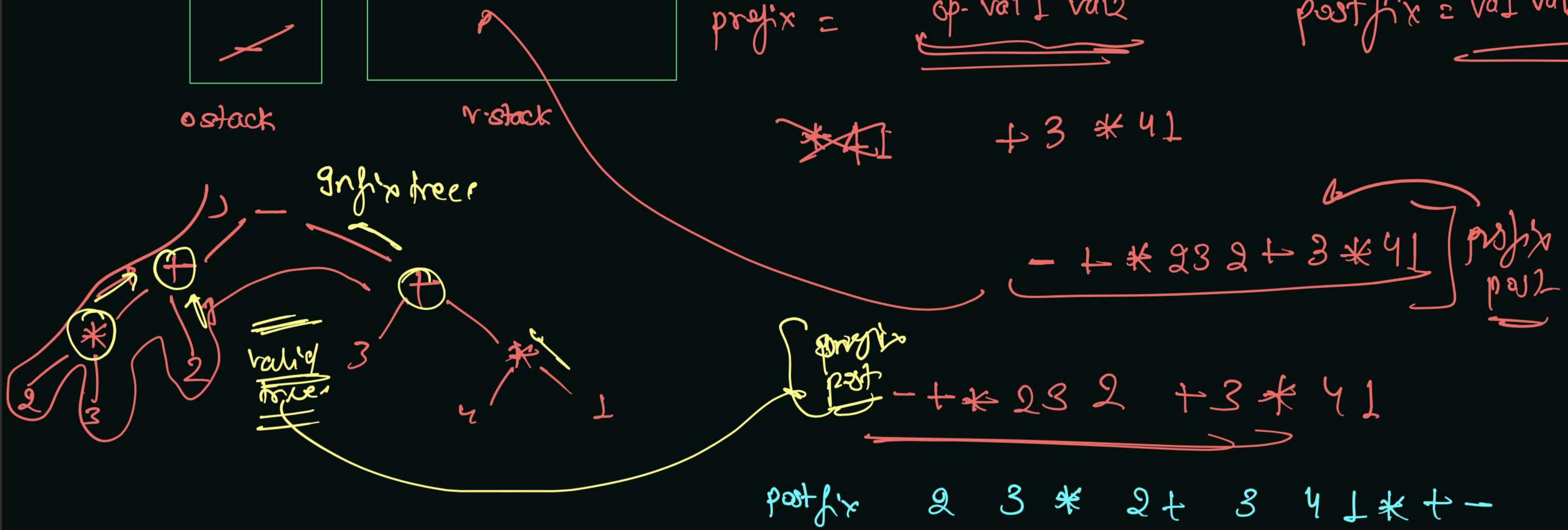
Infix to prefix →

$$2 + 3 * 2 \oplus (3 + 4 * 1)$$



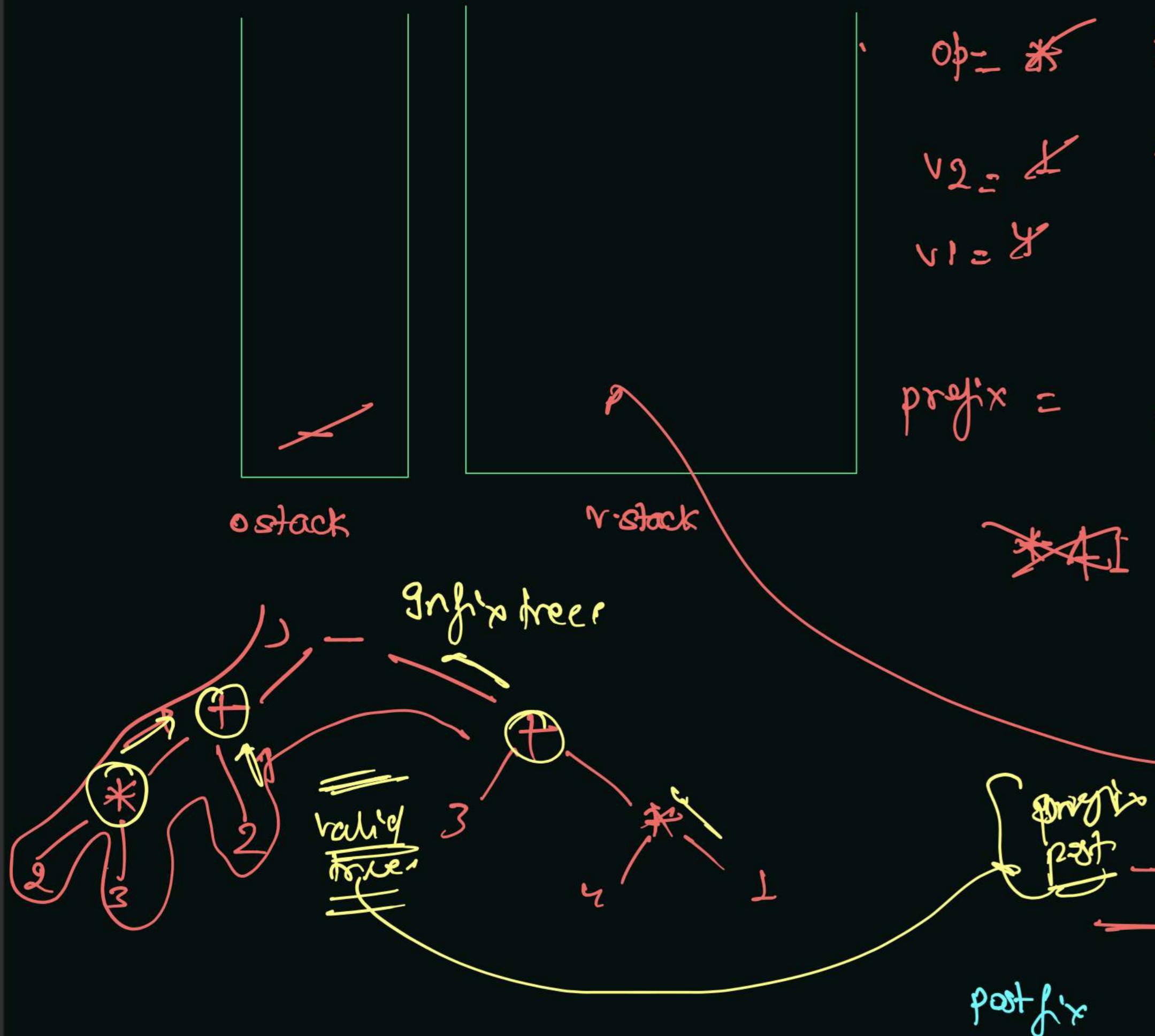
op = * +
v₂ = 2 * 41
v₁ = 3 2 -
prefix = op - val₁ & val₂

postfix = val₁ val₂ op



Infix to prefix →

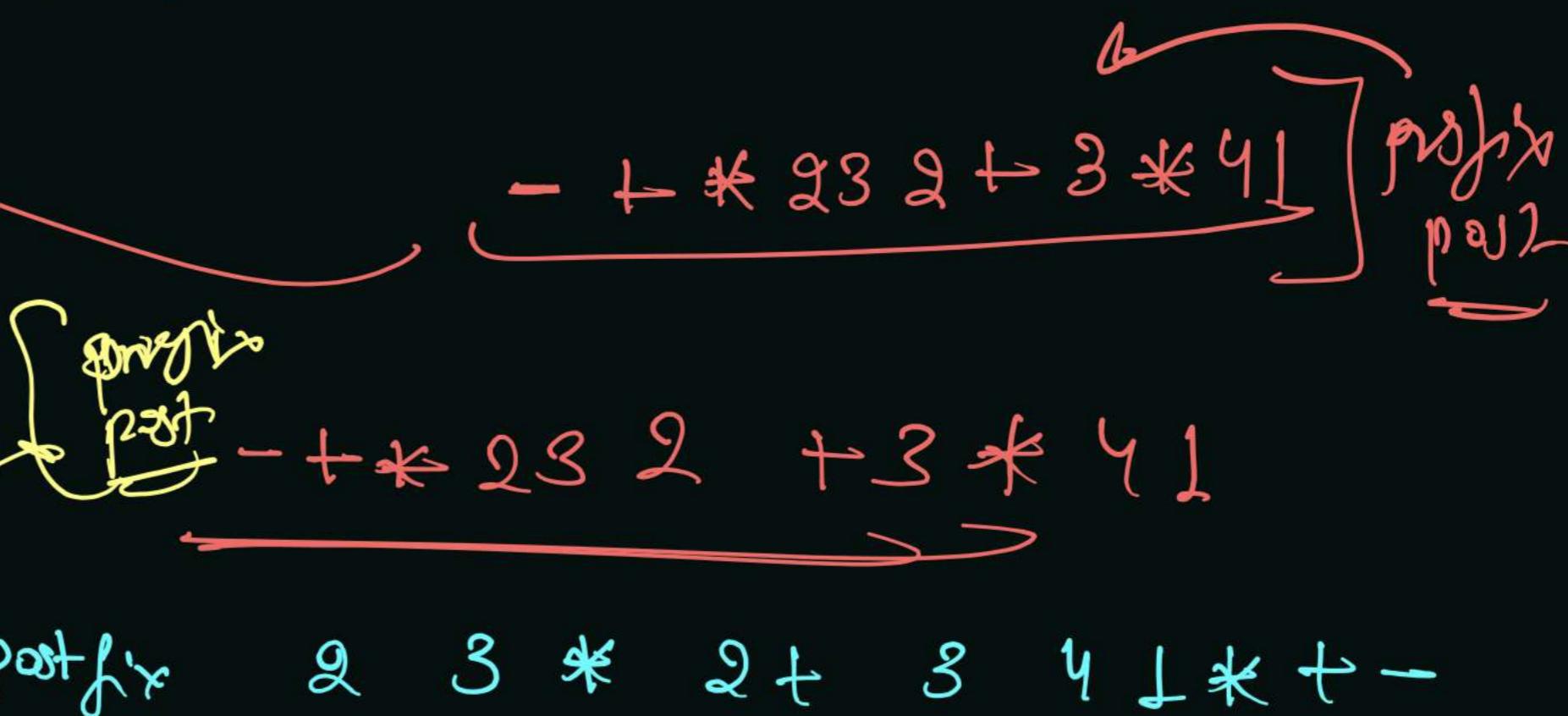
$$2 + 3 \cancel{\times} 2 = \underline{(3 + 4 \cancel{\times} 1)}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Op} = * \\ \text{V}_2 = \cancel{\downarrow} \\ \text{V}_1 = 4 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \cancel{\downarrow} \\ * 4) \\ 2 - \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} - \\ + 3 * 4) \\ + * 239 \end{array}$$

prefix = op-val & val

postfix = val val op



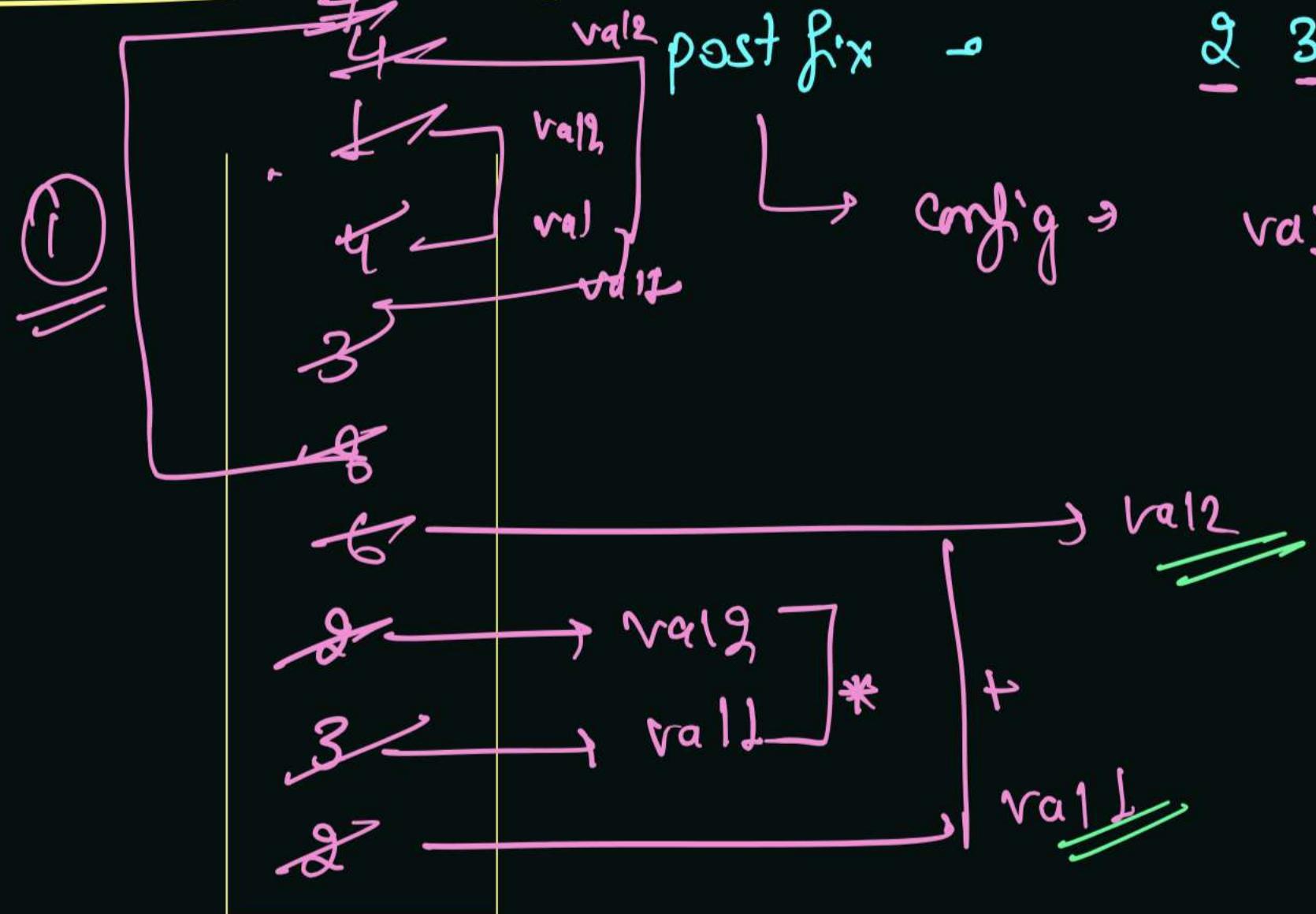
Diff. b/w infix prefix and postfix

operator
are arranged
random

operators
are arranged
in priority order

operators are
arranged according
to priority

Post fix Evaluation →

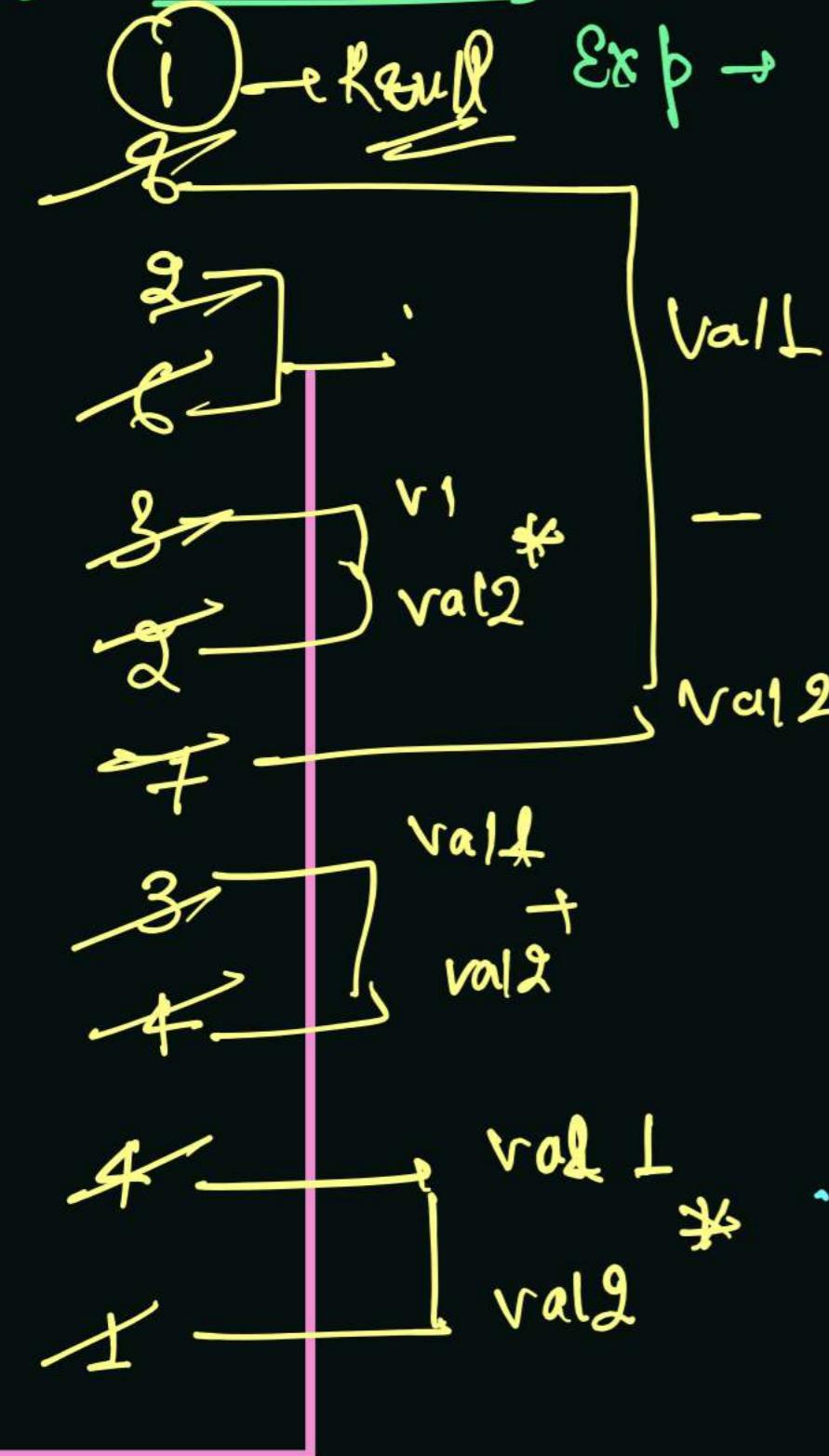


config → `val1 val2 operation`

Evaluation →

for infix → $(\text{val1} \text{op} \text{val2})$
for prefix → $(\text{op} \text{val1} \text{val2})$

Prefix Evaluation →



Exp → $- + 2 * 3 2 + - 3 * 4 1$

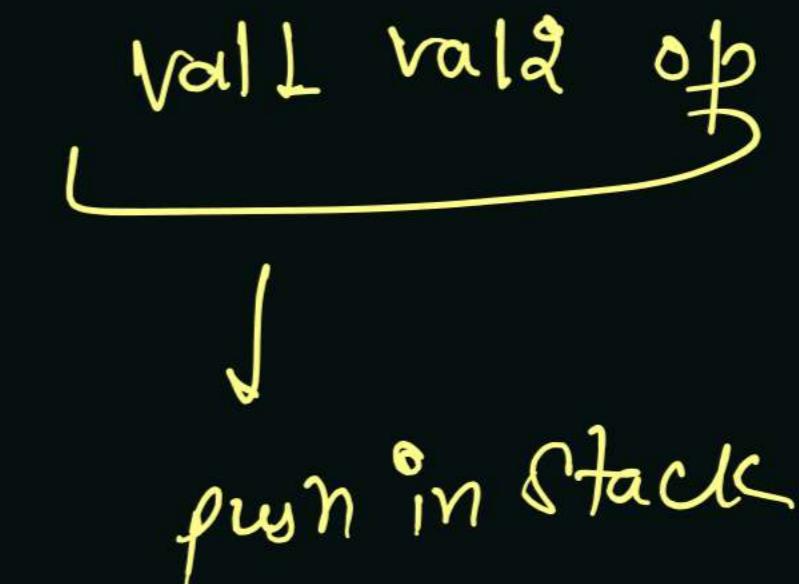
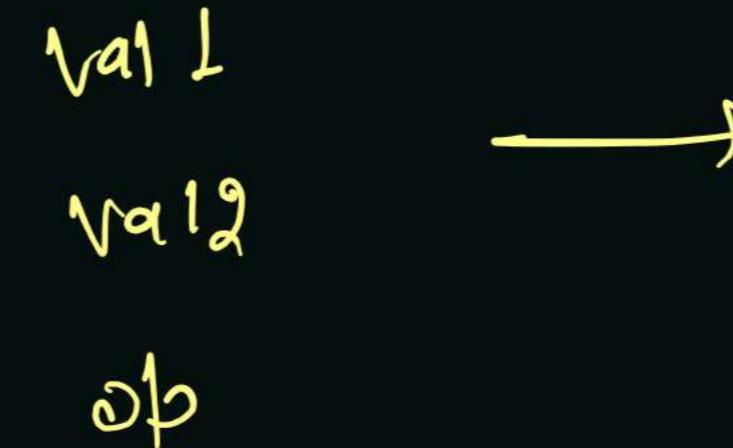


Prefix Generic →

operator val1 val2

Travel from n to 0

prefix to postfix



prefix to infix →

$(val1 \ op \ val2)$

~~232 * + 341 * + -~~ grapix

$$\text{val}_L = 232 * +$$

$$\text{val}_R = 341 * +$$

$$\text{op} = -$$

$$\text{res} = \underbrace{232 * +}_{\text{val}_L} \underbrace{341 * +}_{\text{val}_R} \underbrace{-}_{\text{op}}$$

~~232 * +~~
~~341 * +~~

$$= +2 \cancel{*} \cancel{3} - 2 + 3 \cancel{*} \cancel{4} - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(2 + (3 * 2)\right) - \left(3 + (4 * L)\right) \\ & \quad \text{---} \\ & \quad (2 + (3 * 2)) \\ & \quad (3 + (4 * L)) \end{aligned}$$

Based on Evaluation

} Basic calculator - I

} Basic calculator - II

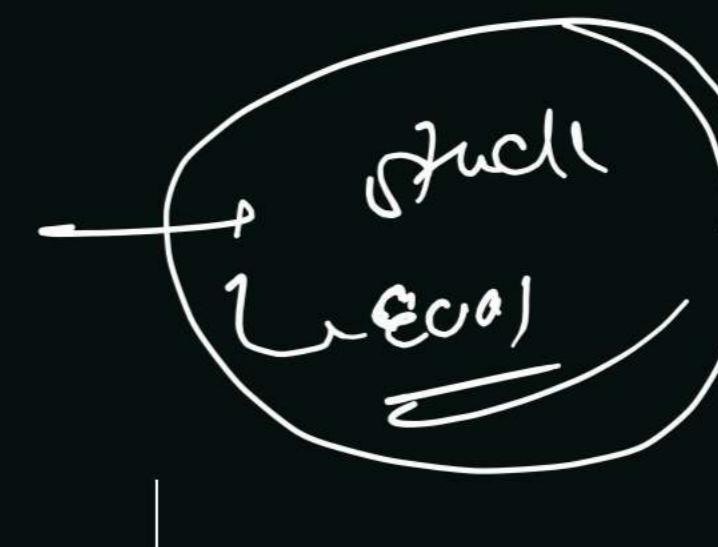
} Basic calculator - III

$$(-3 - 4) = 7$$

fourth.
Important
Question

formulae

↳ Excel Clone



Exclusive Time of Function

Thursday, 9 December 2021 9:15 PM



Logs

ID : status : timestamp

Execution time.

0 → 3 sec.

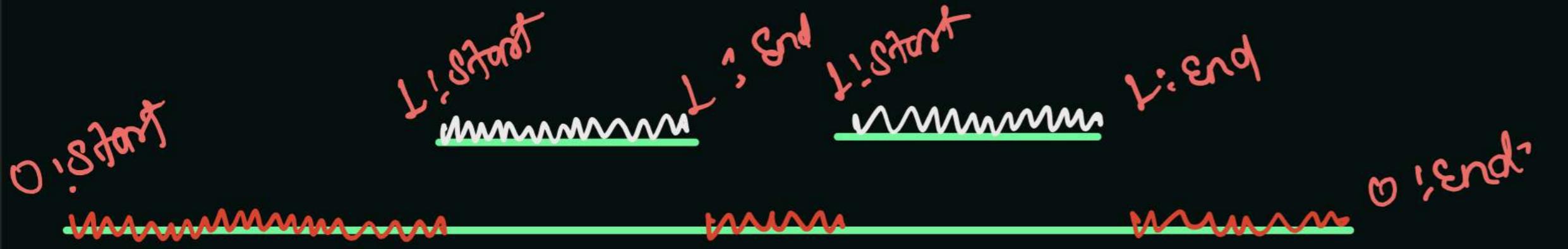
1 → 4 sec.

n → no. of function \oplus

0 → 6 - ID

Logs →
ID: start/end : timestamp

[0 : start : 0
1 : start : 2
1 : end : 5
0 : end : 6]



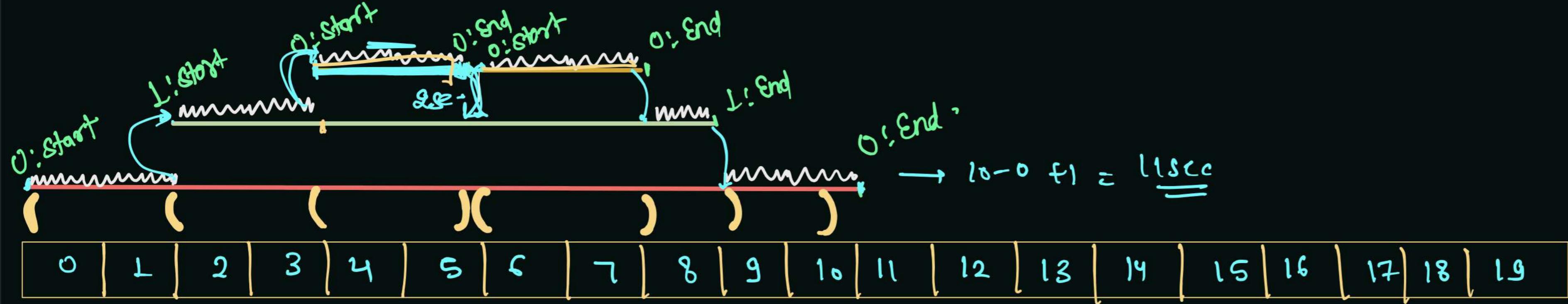
0		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17		18		19
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----	--	----

$\overbrace{[0, 1]}$

$0 \rightarrow 6$

$\downarrow \rightarrow 4$

0 : Start : 0
 [L : Start : 3
 L : End : 4
 [L : Start : 6
 L : End : 7
]] 0 : End : 9



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{fn. diff. time} \\
 & f - 2+1 = 2 \\
 & \text{fn. Exec.} \\
 & = 2 - 0 = 2 \\
 & 10 - 0 + 1 = 11 \text{ sec} \\
 & 14 - 7 = 7 \text{ sec}
 \end{aligned}$$

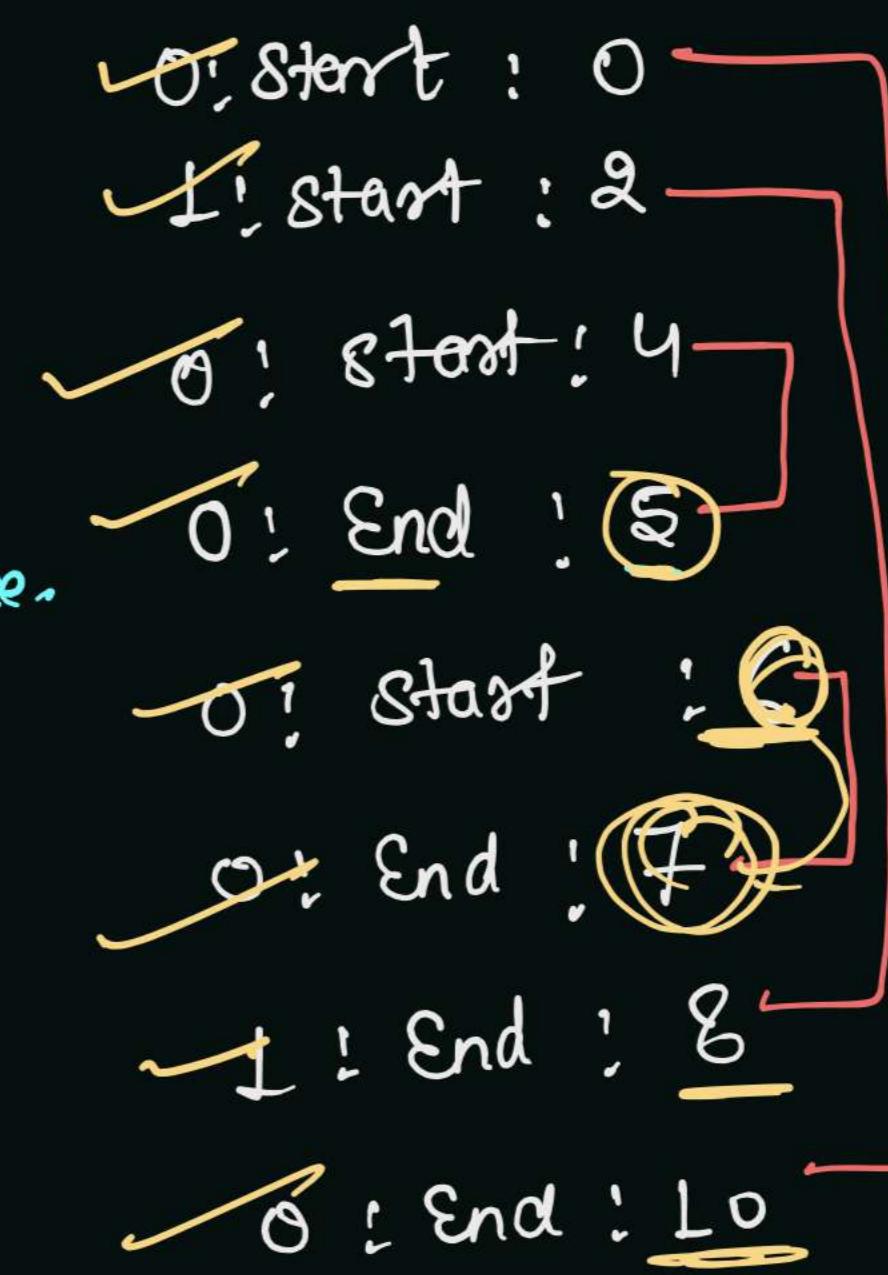
0 : 1 : 2

ID: Start : child execution time

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{function time diff.} &= \text{End time} - \text{Start time} + 1 \\
 &= 5 - 4 + 1 = 2 \text{ sec}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{fn. Execution time} &= \frac{\text{fn. time diff.}}{\text{time}} - \text{child Exec. time} \\
 &= 2 - 0 = 2 \text{ sec}
 \end{aligned}$$

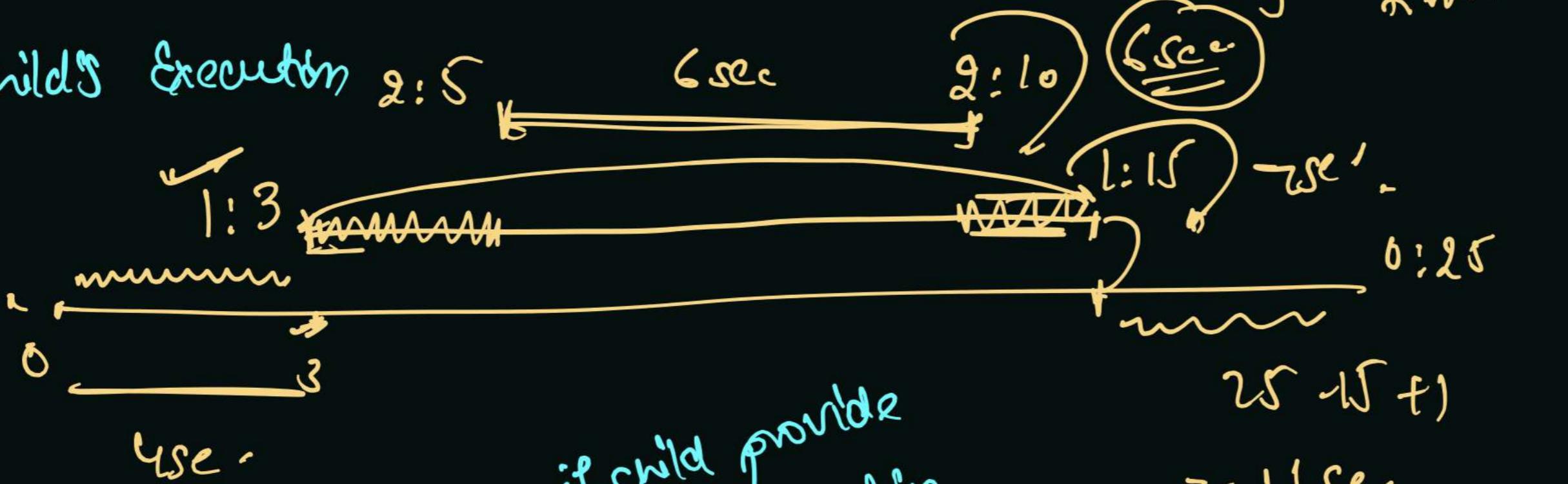
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{fn. Exec.} &= 2 - 0 = 2 \text{ sec} \\
 \text{Hmap.} & \quad [0 \rightarrow 2 + 2 + 4 = 8] = 3 \\
 \text{fn. time diff.} &= 8 - 2 + 1 = 7 \text{ sec}
 \end{aligned}$$



why parent need child's fm difference time

rather than child's Execution 2:5

time →
↔



if child provide
Execution

time →
↔

$$0 \rightarrow \underbrace{25 - 0 + 1}_{\text{fn. diff}} - 7 \text{ sec} = 19 \text{ sec}$$

$$1 \rightarrow \underbrace{15 - 3 + 1}_{\text{fn. diff}} - 6 \text{ sec} = 7 \text{ sec}$$

$$2 \rightarrow \underbrace{15 - 5 + 1}_{\text{fn. diff}} - 0 = 6$$

child
Ex.
time →

$$25 - 15 + 1 \\ = 11 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{Total} = 15 + 4 = 19 \text{ sec}$$

if child provide
fm. diff.
time →
↔

we have three Elements,

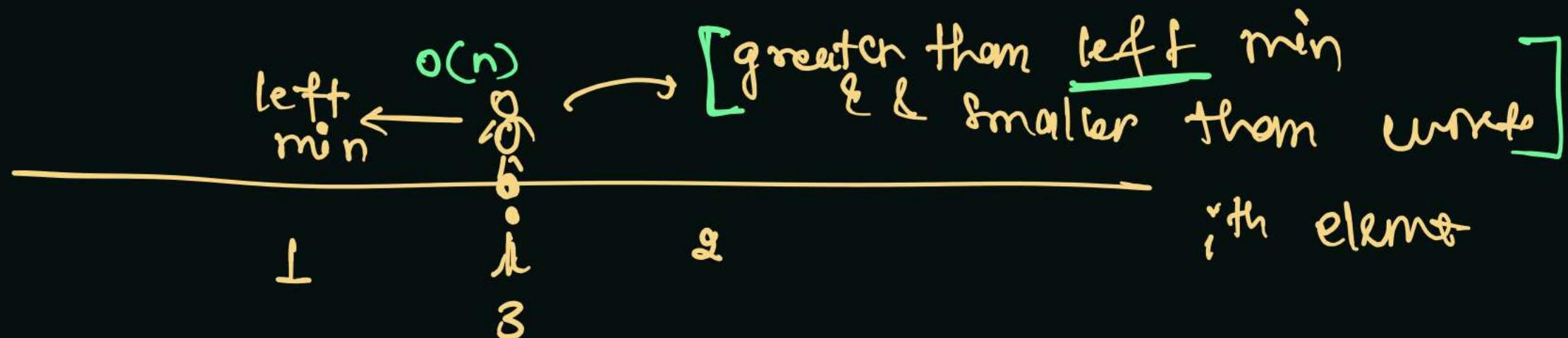
$\underline{\text{arr}[i]}$, $\text{arr}[j]$, and $\underline{\underline{\text{arr}[k]}}$,

$i < j < k$

and $\text{arr}[i] < \text{arr}[k] < \text{arr}[j]$

1 2 3

Brute force



~~$O(n^2)$~~ → Time

$O(1)$ - Space

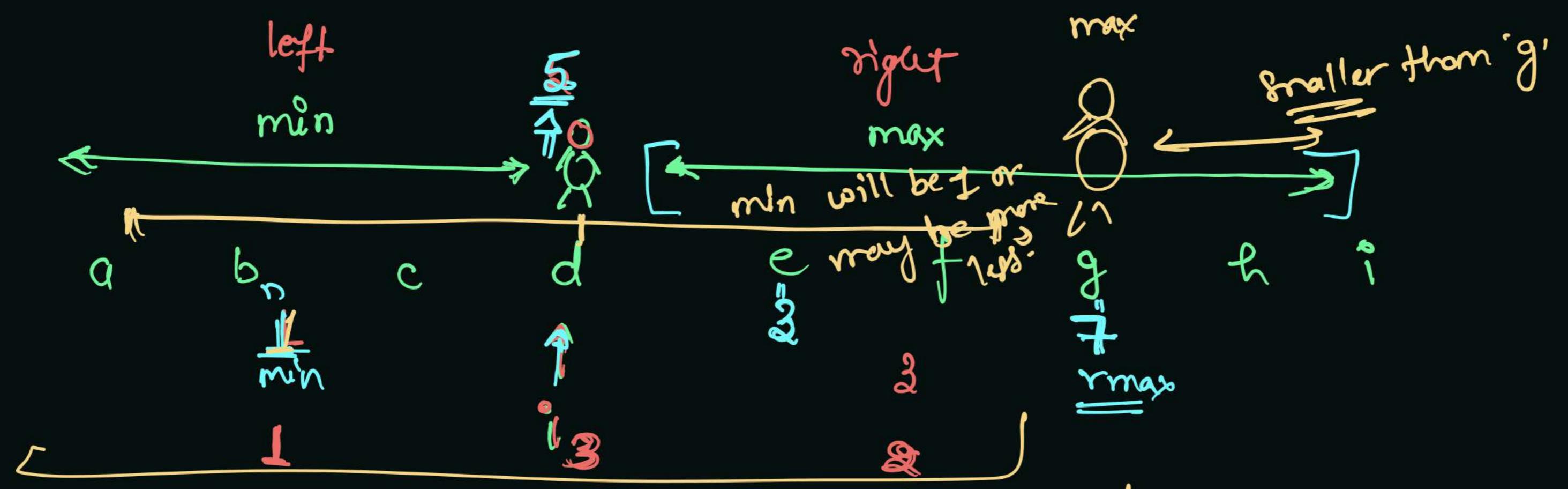
exist → true

otherwise → false.

optimise -

$O(n)$ → Time

$O(n)$ → Space



if (min < arr[i] > right max)

return true;

→ kahaf]

→ bchay

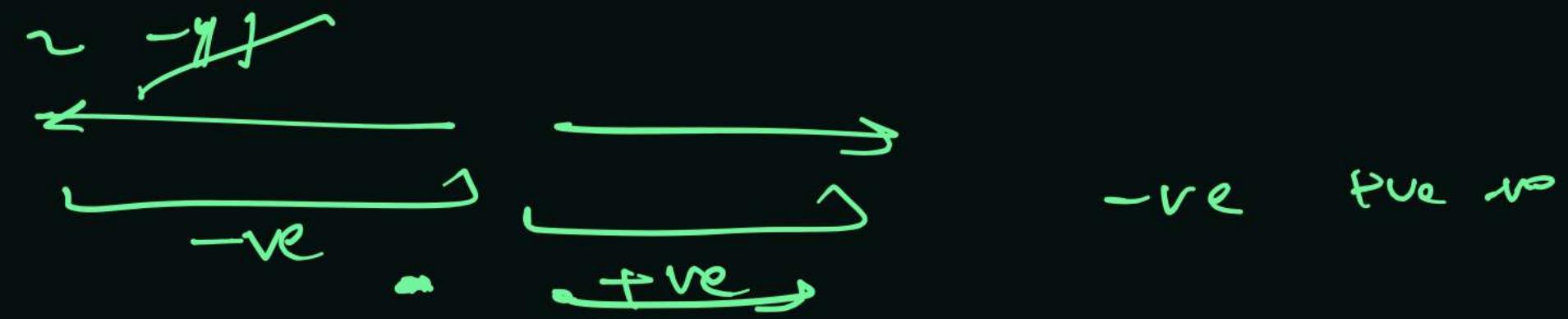
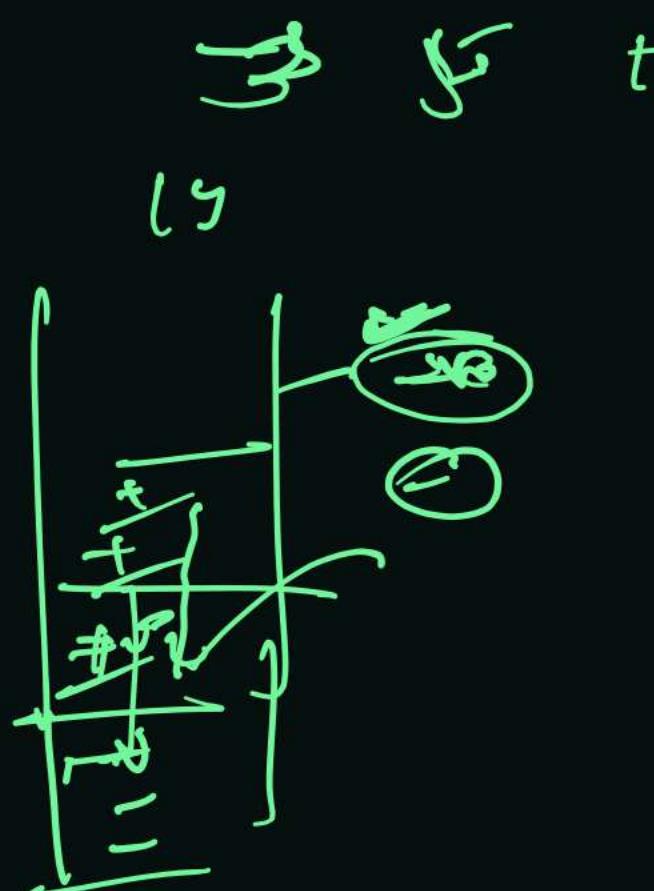
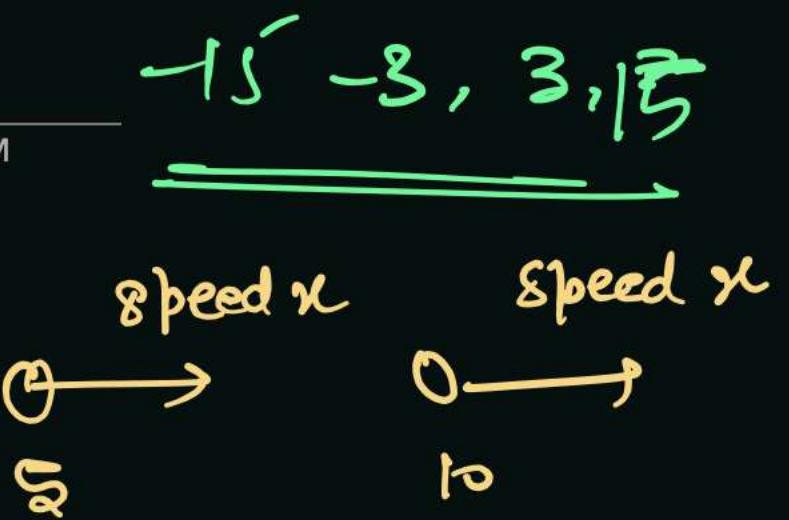
→ How

left min → array & left min

right max → travel and memory,

Asteroid Collision

Thursday, 9 December 2021 11:31 PM



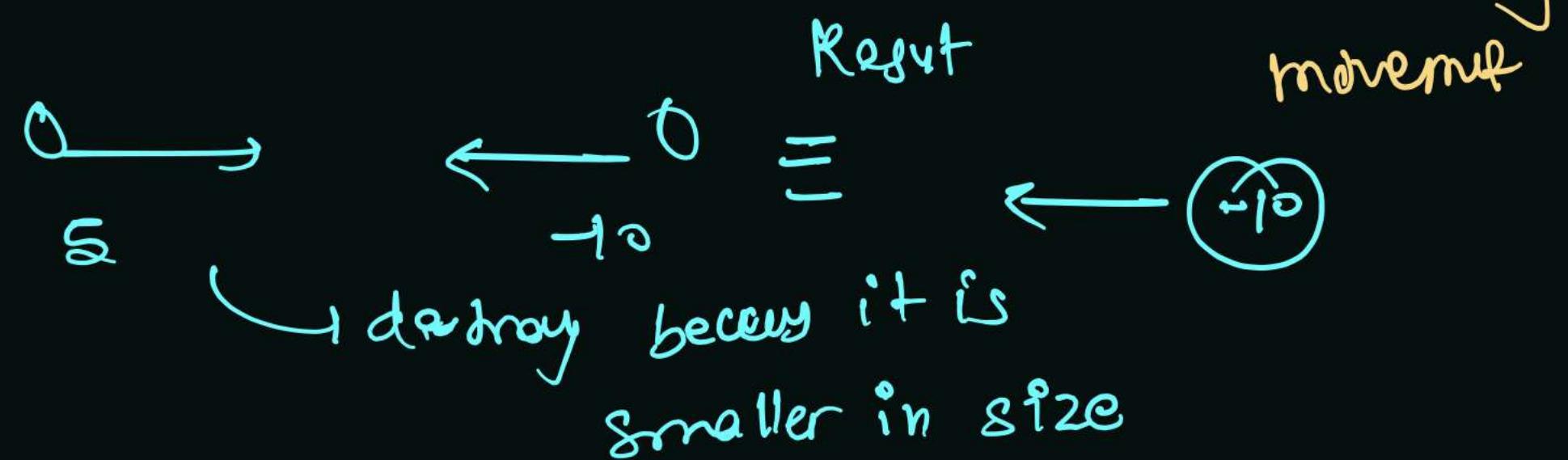
If two asteroids meet

* smaller will destroy -

if both have same size
both will destroy -

if move in some direction
they never meet -

Both
will
destroy ,



if +ve encounter \rightarrow push in stack " $\rightarrow \cancel{2} \cancel{3} \cancel{5}$

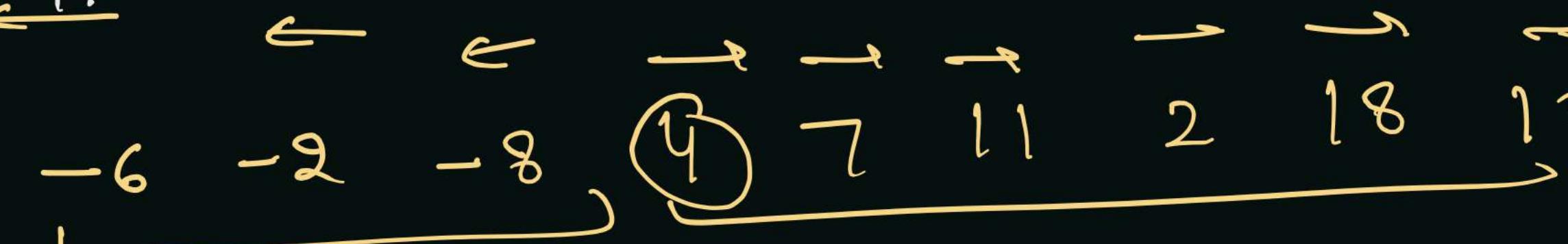
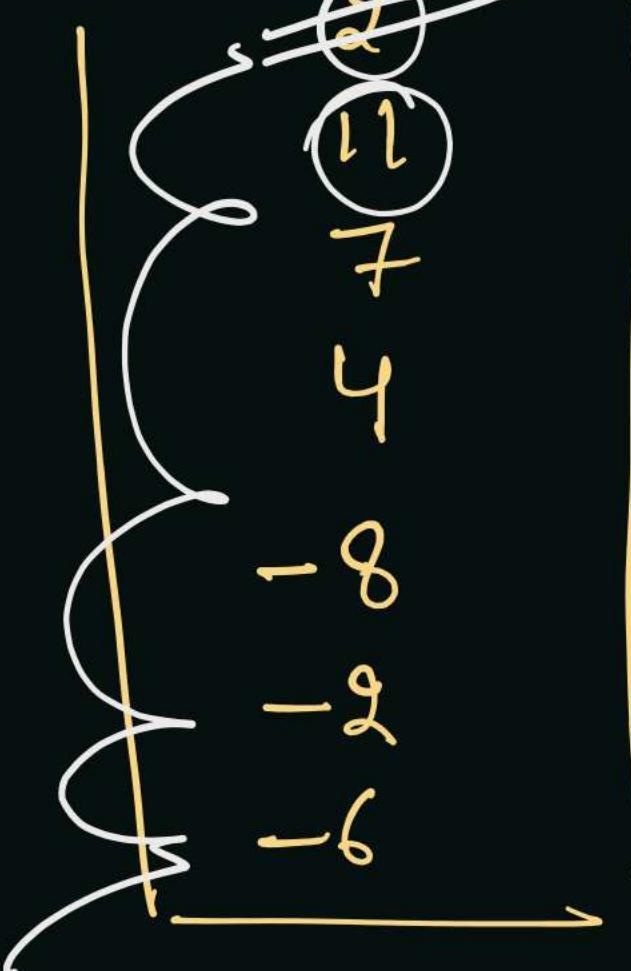
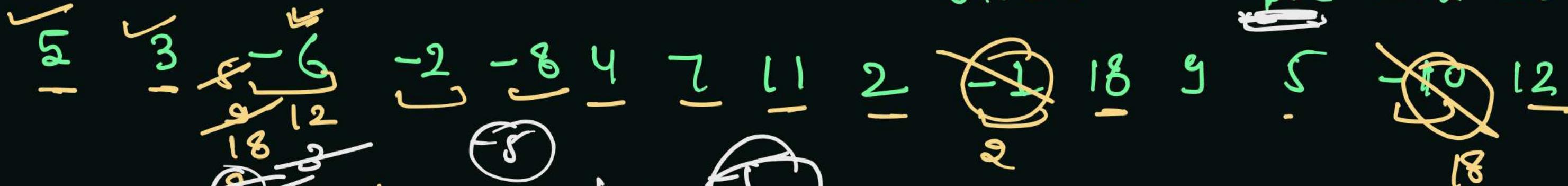
\hookrightarrow -ve encounter \rightarrow pop +ve until it com

if +ve is completely out

otherwise +ve will destroy

put -ve

impact of -ve



speed constant

they are stable
they never meet

} size

Remove K Digits

Thursday, 9 December 2021 11:41 PM

String num =

1
6
5
2
8
4
1

$\begin{array}{r} \xrightarrow{\downarrow} \\ 142 \quad 29 \quad 561 \end{array}$

$\boxed{125(1)}$

$\cancel{k=3}$
gnom.

$\boxed{561,24}$

4 digit

$k=3$ $\cancel{2} \cancel{1} 0$

$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \hline 19 \end{array}$

single
digit

String num = $\begin{array}{r} \cancel{1} \cancel{4} \cancel{5} \cancel{2} \cancel{1} 9 \end{array}$

$\cancel{k=2} \cancel{2} \cancel{1} 0$

String
9
1
2
3
4
1

$\boxed{1219}$ smaller

smallest possible
number

↓
↓
↓
↓
~~0946~~

Largest poss'b

2
1

$\cancel{6421}$

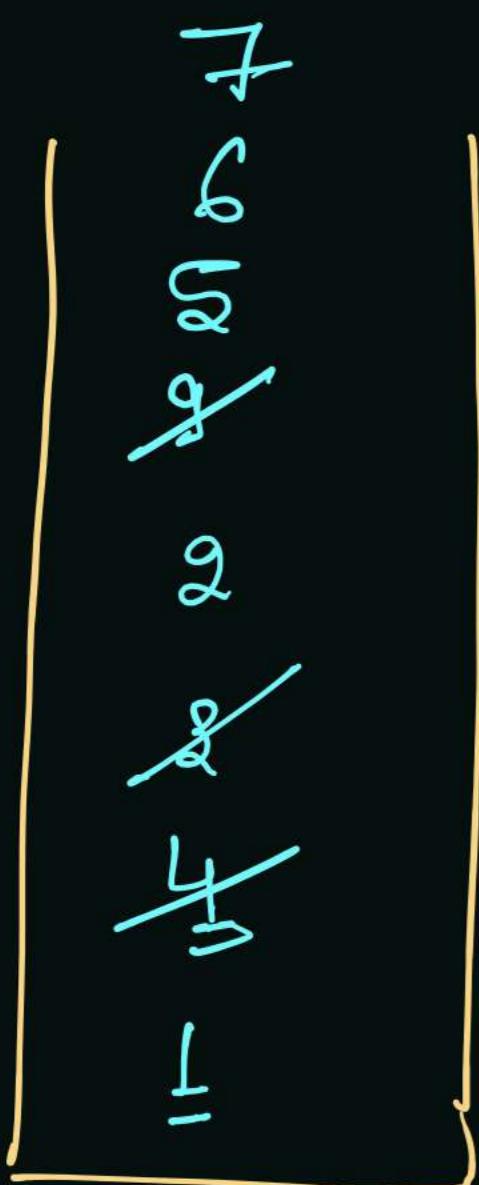
NOTE:

String =

1 4 3 2 9 5 6 7

~~k = 8~~ ~~2~~ 2

If index is ended and k is remain,



→ If k is remain then stack is certainly

Increasing in order from Bottom to top.

Remove Remaining 'k' from last
i.e. top of stack.

String

num =

"1 0 0 25 06"

k = 8 8 + 0



Res =

0 0 0 6'

Remove

leading zero

z) "6" zero

Deque'



<4

→

Recursion & Backtracking → stringbuilder

Stack

Copying by

Adapters



✓ Stack & Queue

level - 2

linked list

Array & String

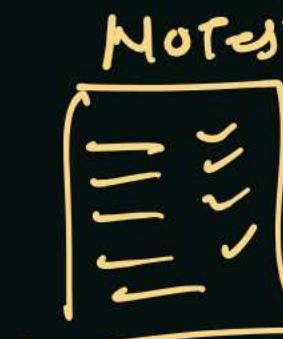
trees

Implementation of Heap

↳ " " Hash Map

— concept

graph



Notes
List
Revise

Parallelly

often

L2

[Question Banks]

Mon → []
Tuesday → []
Wed → []
Thursday → []
Frid → []
Sat → [] []

Job.

Challenge
+
Benefit

L2 → graph → move ahead
L2 - array & String → move after
↳ move ahead