

مصرف الإمارات العربية المتحدة المركزي CENTRAL BANK OF THE U.A.E.

United Arab Emirates

Monetary, Banking & Financial Markets Developments

2020 – 4th Quarter Report February 2021

Introduction

As part of its commitment to promote economic and financial stability and growth in the UAE, the Central Bank of the UAE actively fosters a stable and efficient financial system by providing effective central banking services. The *United Arab Emirates Monetary, Banking and Financial Markets Developments Report* is one of the many avenues through which the Central Bank seeks to keep its stakeholders informed.

This report discusses the monetary and banking activities as well as developments in the UAE financial markets during the fourth quarter of 2020. The report also reviews ratios of annual change over the period from December 2019 to December 2020.

Monetary Developments

Money Supply M₁, which comprises Currency in Circulation outside Banks (Currency Issued - Cash at banks) plus Monetary Deposits, increased by 5.6% (q-o-q) during the fourth quarter of 2020.

On an annual basis, there was a 16.5% (y-o-y) climb in the monetary aggregate M₁, reaching AED 600.0 billion at the end of December 2020.

Money Supply M₂ (M₁ plus Quasi Monetary Deposits (Resident Time and Savings Deposits in Dirham, plus Resident Deposits in Foreign Currencies)), also increased by 0.7% (q-o-q) during the fourth quarter of 2020.

On an annual basis, there was a 4.6% (y-o-y) increase in Money Supply M2, reaching AED 1,478.5 billion at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020.

Money Supply M₃ (M₂ plus government deposits at banks and at the Central Bank) fell by 2.0% (q-o-q) during the fourth quarter of 2020.

On an annual basis, there was a 3.0% (y-o-y) growth in Money Supply M₃, reaching AED 1,769.3 billion at the end of December 2020.

Typically, the money supply M₂, is considered the best indicator for the availability of liquidity in the economy, as it comprises currency in circulation outside banks, in addition to various deposits of all the resident sectors in dirham denomination, except for the deposits of the government sector in the UAE. Statistical data show that at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, there was a q-o-q increase in M₂. The rise in M₂ during the fourth quarter of 2020 was mainly due to a 0.9% quarterly increase in the non-government resident deposits standing at AED 1,383.8 billion at the end of December 2020.

4th Quarter 2020

[UNITED ARAB EMIRATES MONETARY, BANKING & FINANCIAL MARKETS DEVELOPMENTS]

Table 1 - Monetary Developments in the UAE

(In Billions Dirhams - End of Period)

		20	19		2020											
	Third	Quarter	Fourth	Quarter	First (Quarter	Second	Quarter	Third (Quarter	Fourth Quarter*					
		Quarterly	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	Change (%)												
	Amount	Change (%)	Amount	Change (%)	Amount	Change (%)	Amount	Change (%)	Amount	Change (%)	Amount	Quarterly	Annual			
Money Supply (M ₁)	511.9	0.8%	515.0	0.6%	542.7	5.4%	557.4	2.7%	568.0	1.9%	600.0	5.6%	16.5%			
Money Supply (M ₂)	1361.3	0.8%	1413.1	3.8%	1454.9	3.0%	1458.0	0.2%	1468.7	0.7%	1478.5	0.7%	4.6%			
Money Supply (M ₃)	1679.9	2.1%	1717.4	2.2%	1714.1	-0.2%	1752.3	2.2%	1805.7	3.0%	1769.3	-2.0%	3.0%			

Source- Data received from banks operating in the UAE

 M_1 = Currency in Circulation Outside Banks (Currency Issued - Cash at banks) + Monetary Deposits

 $\mathbf{M}_2 = \mathbf{M}_1 + Quasi\text{-Monetary Deposits}$

 $M_3 = M_2 + Government Deposits$

*Estimates, subject to revision

CBUAE February 2021

Banking Sector Development

1- Banks Operating in the UAE

The number of locally incorporated banks remained constant at 21 banks at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. The branches of these locally incorporated banks decreased to 541 branches at the end of December 2020. The number of electronic banking service units of these banks increased to 34 units at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. The number of Cash Offices also decreased to 23 Cash Offices at the end of December 2020.

The number of GCC banks remains steady during the fourth quarter of 2020 at 6 banks, with 5 branches. The number of other foreign banks continued unchanged at 21 banks and their branches decreased to 68 branches. The number of electronic banking service units of these banks remained steady at 23 units at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. The number of cash offices remains invariable at one cash office during the fourth quarter of 2020.

The technological and structural advancements in the UAE financial sector has resulted in increased accessibility of mobile banking applications, online banking and ease in the use of automated teller machines (ATM) for the past several years. These improvements continue to pay off by enhancing smooth operations of the banking system.

At the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the number of financial institutions licensed by the Central Bank, i.e., Wholesale Banks, Representative Offices, Finance Companies, Moneychangers and Offices for Intermediating in Currency Trading & Money Market Operations reached 10, 86, 22, 97 and 11, respectively.

The total number of ATM of banks operating in the UAE reached 4,422 by the end of December 2020.

Table-2 Banks, Other Financial Institutions & ATM													
2018 - 2020													
		20	18			20	19			20	020		
	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec*	
Locally Incorporated Banks													
Main Branches	22	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	
Additional Branches	761	755	751	743	733	713	664	656	640	611	559	541	
Electronic Banking Service Units	32	32	32	33	33	34	33	33	34	33	32	34	
Cash Offices	48	48	36	34	34	33	31	31	31	31	26	23	
GCC Banks													
Main Branches	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Additional Branches	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	
Foreign Banks													
Main Branches	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	
Additional Branches	77	77	77	76	75	75	75	75	74	74	73	68	
Electronic Banking Service Units	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	22	22	22	23	23	
Cash Offices	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Wholesale Banks	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	
Representative Offices	102	99	99	99	97	98	87	87	87	86	86	86	
Finance Companies	27	26	26	26	24	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	
Moneychangers	130	128	128	123	123	123	123	104	102	100	97	97	
Offices for Intermediating in Currency Trading & Money Market Operations	11	11	11	11	9	9	9	11	11	11	11	11	
ATM	5,274	5,261	5,293	5,303	5,279	5,229	5,187	5,076	4,937	4,685	4,542	4,422	

Source: Banking Supervision Department and UAESWITCH

^{*}Estimates, subject to revision

2- Bank Assets and Loans

At the end of the fourth quarter of 2020 total assets of banks operating in the UAE decreased by 2.0% (q-o-q), reaching AED 3,188 billion. During the period between December 2019 and December 2020, the total assets of banks operating in the UAE increased by 3.4% (y-o-y).

Gross credit also decreased by 1.4% (q-o-q), reaching 1,779 billion at the end of December 2020. On an annual basis, gross credit increased by 1.2%.

3- Customer Deposits

At the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, total deposits of resident and non-resident customers with banks operating in the UAE fell by 1.2% (q-o-q), reaching AED 1,884.5 billion. Resident deposits decreased by 2.0% (q-o-q), reaching AED 1,682.1 billion at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. Non-resident deposits rose by 5.8% (q-o-q), reaching AED 202.4 billion by the end of December 2020.

On an annual basis, Resident deposits increased by 2.0% and Non-resident deposits decreased by 8.6%.

4- Capital and Reserves

Aggregate Capital and Reserves of banks operating in the UAE increased by 0.8% (q-o-q), reaching AED 392.8 billion at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. At the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, Total Capital Adequacy Ratio stood at 18.2%, remaining well above the 13.0% Capital Adequacy Ratio, including the 2.5% Capital Conservation Buffer requirement and the 8.5% Tier1 Ratio, prescribed by the Central Bank regulations in compliance with the Basel III guidelines.

Although the Capital Conservation Buffer remains at 2.5%, banks are allowed to tap into the capital conservation buffer up to a maximum of 60% without supervisory consequences, effective 15 March 2020 until 31 December 2021. The Domestic Systemically Important Banks' (D-SIBs) buffer remains the same; however, they are allowed to use 100% of their D-SIB buffer without supervisory consequences, effective 15 March 2020 until 31 December 2021.

Capital adequacy ratios measure the amount of a bank's capital expressed as a percentage of its risk weighted exposures. A high capital adequacy ratio provides protection to depositors and promotes the stability and efficiency of the financial system of an economy. Effective December 2017, banks in the UAE follow Basel III principles for calculating the Capital Adequacy Ratios in line with the Guidelines issued by the Central Bank.

Table- 3: Banking Indicators

(End of Month, Figures in billions of Dirhams unless otherwise indicated)

		20	19		2020								
	Sep	Quarterly Change (%)	Dec	Quarterly Change (%)	Mar	Quarterly Change (%)	Jun	Quarterly Change (%)	Sep	Quarterly Change (%)	Dec*	Quarterly Change (%)	% Annual Change
Total Assets	3022.7	2.2%	3082.9	2.0%	3128.0	1.5%	3190.2	2.0%	3252.5	2.0%	3188.0	-2.0%	3.4%
Banks' Investments in Central Bank CDs	153.8	-1.3%	160.2	4.2%	144.6	-9.7%	178.5	23.4%	151.3	-15.2%	129.3	-14.5%	-19.3%
Shariah Compliant Certificates of Deposits	36.1	10.7%	37.5	3.9%	33.1	-11.7%	46.4	40.2%	53.1	14.4%	45.3	-14.7%	20.8%
Gross Credit (1)	1720.8	1.7%	1758.6	2.2%	1768.2	0.5%	1791.0	1.3%	1804.6	0.8%	1779.0	-1.4%	1.2%
Personal Loans to Residents	333.6	0.4%	332.4	-0.4%	330.2	-0.7%	324.7	-1.7%	326.7	0.6%	329.5	0.9%	-0.9%
Total Deposits (2)	1802.0	1.6%	1870.2	3.8%	1851.9	-1.0%	1866.2	0.8%	1907.2	2.2%	1884.5	-1.2%	0.8%
Capital & Reserves (3)	377.3	3.4%	392.9	4.1%	369.9	-5.9%	382.5	3.4%	389.8	1.9%	392.8	0.8%	-0.03%
Capital Adequacy Ratio (4)	17.7%	-1.1%	17.7%	0.0%	16.9%	-4.5%	17.6%	4.1%	18.0%	2.3%	18.2%	1.1%	2.8%
Tier-1 Ratio	16.5%	-1.2%	16.5%	0.0%	15.8%	-4.2%	16.4%	3.8%	16.9%	3.0%	17.1%	1.2%	3.6%
Common Equity Tier 1(CET 1) Capital Ratio	14.7%	-1.3%	14.7%	0.0%	13.9%	-5.4%	14.7%	5.8%	15.1%	2.7%	14.9%	-1.3%	1.4%

⁽¹⁾ Includes credit to residents and non-residents: loans to non-banking financial institutions, Trade Bills Discounted and Loans and Advances to the Government and Public Sector, Private sector (corporates and individuals) in local and foreign currencies.

⁽²⁾ Net of inter-bank deposits and bank drafts, including commercial prepayments.

⁽³⁾ Excluding subordinated borrowings/deposits, but including current year profit.

⁽⁴⁾Total Capital Ratio, Tier 1 Ratio and CET 1 Ratio for the period starting from Dec 2017 are calculated according to the Basel III Guidelines issued by CBUAE vide Circular 52/2017. Whereas CAR for period prior to Dec 2017 are according to Basel II Guidelines.

^{*}Estimates, subject to revision

5- Foreign Assets of the Central Bank

At the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the Central Bank's foreign assets increased by 8.8% (q-o-q), reaching AED 388.1 billion. This increase was mainly ascribed to quarterly increases in Current Account Balances & Deposits with banks abroad by 10.1% (a quarterly increase of AED 31.8 billion) and Other Foreign Assets by 10% (a quarterly increase of AED 3.3 billion), overshadowing a reduction in Foreign Securities by 47.5% (a quarterly reduction of AED 3.6 billion).

From December 2019 to December 2020, Central Bank Foreign Assets decreased by 1.7% (y-o-y).

6- Abu Dhabi and Dubai Financial Markets Values

Abu Dhabi's quarterly average Financial Market Index rose by 10% during the fourth quarter of 2020. The quarterly average Market Capitalization of companies listed at the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX) increased by AED 53.0 billion reaching AED 725.7 billion at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. The Quarterly Traded Value also increased by 69.4% during the fourth quarter of 2020 reaching AED 28.8 billion.

On an annual basis, the Abu Dhabi Financial Market Index fell by 11.1%.

Dubai's quarterly average Financial Market Index showed an increase by 8.1% during the fourth quarter of 2020. The quarterly average Market Capitalization of companies listed on the Dubai Financial Market (DFM) increased by AED 21.1 billion reaching AED 328.7 billion at the end of the fourth quarter of 2020. Quarterly Traded Value fell by 23.8% during the fourth quarter of 2020 reaching AED 14.7 billion.

On an annual basis, the Dubai Financial Market Index decreased by 17.8%.

4th Quarter 2020

[UNITED ARAB EMIRATES MONETARY, BANKING & FINANCIAL MARKETS DEVELOPMENTS]

Table 4: Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX) Indicators													
		20	18			20	19		2020				
	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	
Number of listed Companies	69	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	69	69	69	73	
General Share Price Index**	4595.1	4611.5	4927.2	4862.3	5085.8	5080.5	5180.3	5071.4	4597.4	4219.3	4447.4	4890.1	
Quarterly Variation (%)	6.4%	0.4%	6.8%	-1.3%	4.6%	-0.1%	2.0%	-2.1%	-9.3%	-8.2%	5.4%	10.0%	
Annual Variation Y-o-Y (%)	0.1%	0.8%	3.5%	6.9%	9.2%	10.9%	9.5%	7.5%	2.3%	-4.4%	-9.3%	-11.1%	
Market Capitalization (Billion AED)**	503.1	492.4	515.0	512.3	520.0	527.9	538.6	528.6	497.5	483.9	672.7	725.7	
Quarterly Traded Values (Billion AED)	9.0	8.6	8.2	13.7	10.9	12.7	11.2	9.9	10.1	9.5	17.0	28.8	

Source: Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX)

Table 5: Dubai Financial Markets (DFM) Indicators													
		20	18			20	19		2020				
	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	
Number of listed Companies*	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	66	66	67	65	65	
General Share Price Index**	3249.0	2950.4	2877.0	2661.0	2612.7	2682.0	2819.4	2730.2	2383.9	1975.6	2189.9	2366.5	
Quarterly Variation (%)	-6.5%	-9.2%	-2.5%	-7.5%	-1.8%	2.7%	5.1%	-3.2%	-12.7%	-17.1%	10.8%	8.1%	
Annual Variation Y-o-Y (%)	-1.0%	-4.2%	-10.3%	-16.5%	-19.1%	-18.5%	-14.2%	-7.6%	-4.4%	-8.5%	-13.9%	-17.8%	
Market Capitalization (Billion AED)**	393.7	379.4	375.0	354.6	347.4	355.2	368.2	371.3	338.9	289.2	307.6	328.7	
Quarterly Traded Values (Billion AED)	20.4	15.8	11.0	11.8	11.3	12.8	13.9	13.5	14.2	16.9	19.3	14.7	

^{*}includes foreign companies

Source: Dubai Financial Markets (DFM)

CBUAE February 2021

^{**}The Quarterly Share Price Index and the Quarterly Market Capitalization are measured as the quarterly average of monthly observations.

^{***}The annual variation of the Share Price Indices are measured as the yearly averages of monthly observations.