

## Mini project 3 - Fixed-Point Iteration for Intersection of Curves

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**OBJECTIVE:** The objective of this project is to find the intersection point of the functions  $y = xe^{x^2}$  and  $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$  in the first quadrant using fixed-point iteration. Fixed-point iteration is a numerical method that finds solutions to equations of the form  $x = g(x)$  by repeatedly applying the function  $g(x)$  [1]. The iteration continues until the difference between successive approximations is smaller than a given tolerance.

**SUMMARY OF PROCEDURE:** To find the intersection of  $y = xe^{x^2}$  and  $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$  in the first quadrant, I first plotted the curves over the interval  $[0, 1]$ . Visual inspection of the plot suggested an initial guess, which was then refined using the fixed-point iteration method.

I reformulated the problem for fixed-point iteration as:

$$x = g(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2x^2} + 1}}, \quad x_{n+1} = g(x_n) \quad (1)$$

where  $x_{n+1}$  is the next approximation obtained from  $g(x_n)$ , as defined in Equation 1.

The iteration continued until the absolute difference between successive approximations was below  $10^{-15}$ , as shown in Equation 2:

$$|x_{n+1} - x_n| < 10^{-15}. \quad (2)$$

After the final approximation was obtained, I calculated the absolute errors by comparing each approximation to the final approximation. These errors were then plotted on a log-log scale to analyse the convergence behavior.

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:** Figure 1 shows the two functions,  $y = xe^{x^2}$  (shown by blue curve) and  $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$  (shown by orange curve), plotted over the interval  $[0, 1]$ . The intersection of these curves visually suggests the location of the fixed point, with an initial guess of  $x_0 = 0.6$  being chosen based on this plot. This initial guess was further refined using the fixed-point iteration process.

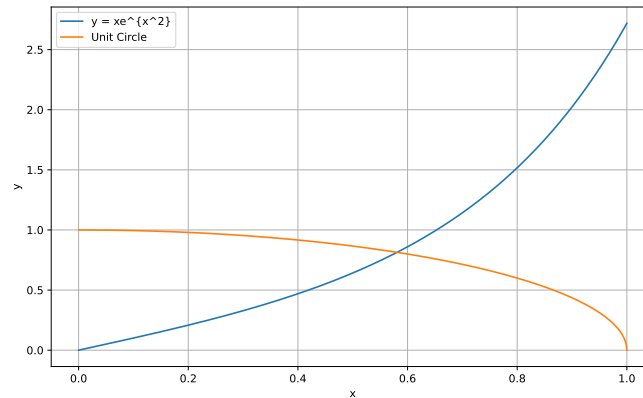


Figure 1: Intersection of  $y = xe^{x^2}$  and  $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$  in the first quadrant.

The final approximation of  $x^* = 0.5808750357617376$  was obtained after 39 iterations. The errors between successive iterations decreased linearly, indicating first-order convergence typical of fixed-point iteration when  $|g'(x^*)|$  is near 1. This explains the slow convergence and the need for many iterations to meet the tolerance  $10^{-15}$ .

To further analyze the convergence behavior, Figure 2 presents a log-log plot of the error at iteration  $n$  versus the error at iteration  $n - 1$ . The plot shows a straight line with slope close to 1, confirming the linear convergence of the method. This behavior

is expected due to the nature of the function  $g(x)$ , where  $|g'(x^*)|$  is close to 1, slowing the convergence rate. In general, when  $|g'(x^*)|$  approaches 1, fixed-point iteration converges more slowly, as observed in this case [2].

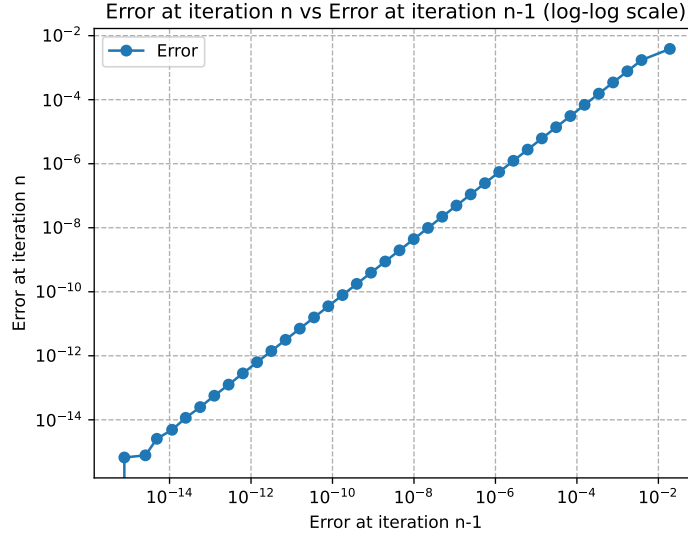


Figure 2: Log-log plot of error at iteration  $n$  versus error at iteration  $n - 1$ , demonstrating linear convergence.

While the fixed-point iteration method successfully found the intersection, the slow linear convergence due to the derivative  $g'(x^*)$  being close to 1 implies that further improvements could be made. One potential improvement is to use the Newton-Raphson method, which has quadratic convergence. This method would apply the iteration [3]:

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}, \quad (3)$$

where  $f(x) = xe^{x^2} - \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ , as shown in Equation 3. This method typically converges much faster than fixed-point iteration when the initial guess is sufficiently close to the root, as the error decreases quadratically.

Conclusively, although the fixed-point iteration converged to the correct intersection point, it required 39 iterations due to the slow convergence. Using the Newton-Raphson method or using acceleration techniques such as Aitken's  $\Delta^2$  method could reduce the computational cost and achieve faster convergence.

## REFERENCES

- [1] Wikipedia. *Fixed-point iteration*. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fixed-point\\_iteration](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fixed-point_iteration). Accessed: 16th October 2024.
  
- [2] Maths Stack Exchange. *Convergence of Fixed-point Iteration when  $g'(p) = 1$* . <https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1463134/convergence-of-fixed-point-iteration-when-gp-1>. Accessed: 17th October 2024.
  
- [3] Wikipedia. *Newton's method*. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Newton's\\_method](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Newton's_method). Accessed: 17th October 2024.