

“Green date” in Australian CliMate

The Australian CliMate team have received requests around the concept of a “green date” or “key date”, a probabilistic estimate of when a season breaks or when a certain amount of grass production is likely. Typically, “green date” is phased as the date by when there is a specified chance of receiving >50 mm of rain over 3 days (after 1st September). Could this index be added to CliMate, similar to the RainMan analysis?

This note proposes this is not be necessary.

1. A “green date” analysis is already available in CliMate, but, the user needs to iteratively adjust start and end dates to approach an answer similar to that found in Rainman;
2. In this iterative search, the user will get a feel for the sensitivity of rules in the green date calculation (amount of rain in x days? probability) on the answer.

It is unlikely a single “date” for a 70% chance of 50 mm over 3 days suits all years, soil types and risk profiles of decision makers?

A recent evaluation of CliMate (Starasts 2018) found *“CliMate’s strength is its simplicity of use, its portability ... enables users to interrogate historic and current seasonal weather data in relation to their own location ... undertake their own risk assessments ... contribute to and facilitate discussions and decisions making among farming businesses, between advisor and farmer and within farmer groups”*;

3. The current How Often? analysis allows exploration of rainfall probabilities in a flexible and efficient manner and provides a rich picture of how rain has fallen in the past, and sensitivity to the “green date” rules. By adjusting inputs, the user explores history and is better placed to understand the odds (probabilities) of a specified scenario. This all leads to a more thoughtful and interactive exploration of risk and can also be valuable in facilitating discussions.

How Often?

How often do we receive...

Rainfall 35mm

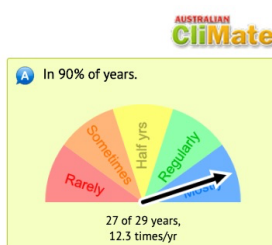
over a day period

at GATTON VALE (130m)

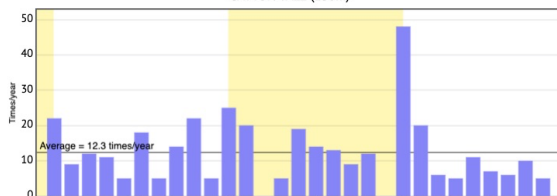
between September

and January

for years 1990 to present



Times > 35mm Rainfall occurs over 5 Consecutive Days, 1 Sep-30 Jan (152 days)
GATTON VALE (130m)



How Often?

How often do we receive...

Rainfall 50mm

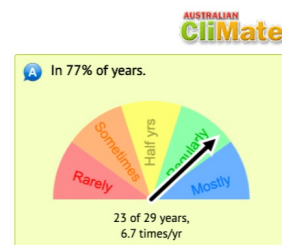
over a day period

at GATTON VALE (130m)

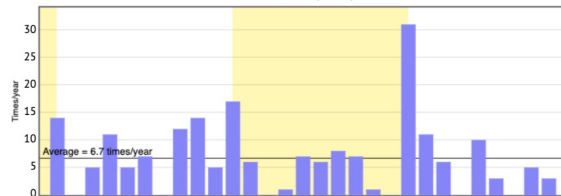
between September

and January

for years 1990 to present

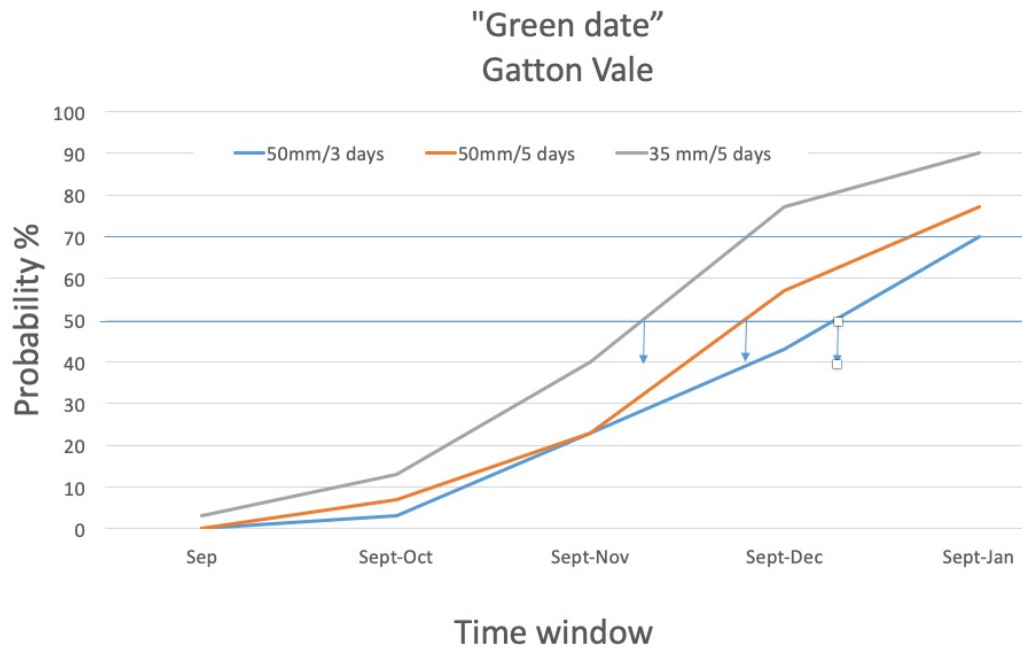


Times > 50mm Rainfall occurs over 5 Consecutive Days, 1 Sep-30 Jan (152 days)
GATTON VALE (130m)



Output from two How Often? analyses (>35 mm in 5 days, 50 mm in 5 days) for Gatton Vale in Central Queensland

These analyses can be generalised for a location by plotting results from a series of How Often? analyses (see below).

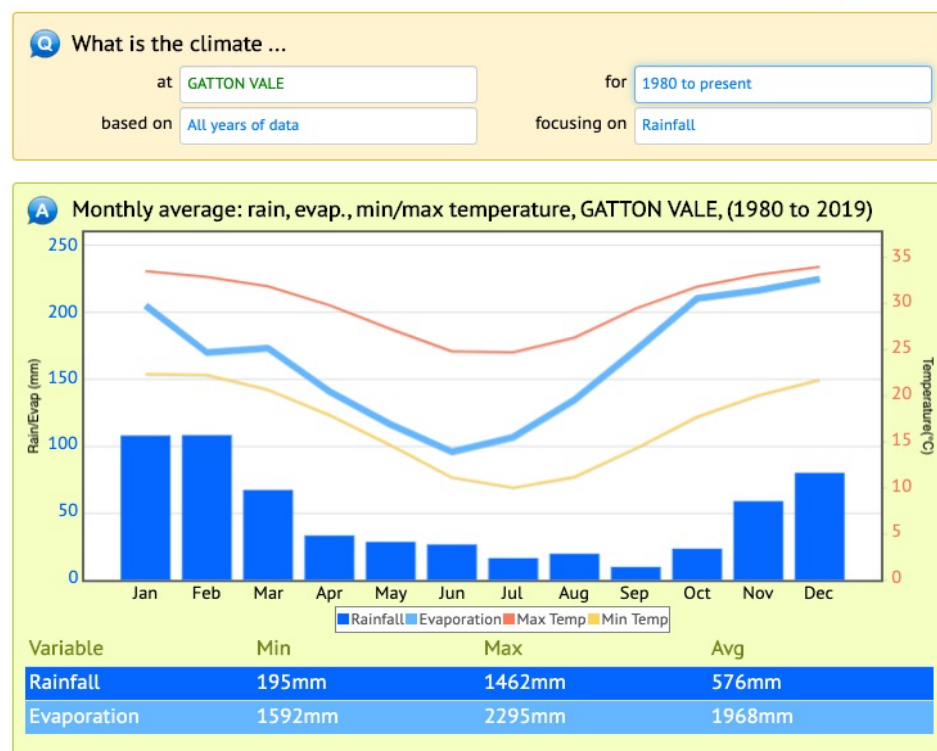


Probability of rainfall for a series of time windows for Gatton Vale in Central Queensland.

A simpler analysis using monthly rainfall summaries is available in the *How's the past?* analysis. A monthly histogram highlights when the average break in season occurs, while the checkboard graphic shows monthly rainfall over a longer period in an eyeful.

How's the Past?

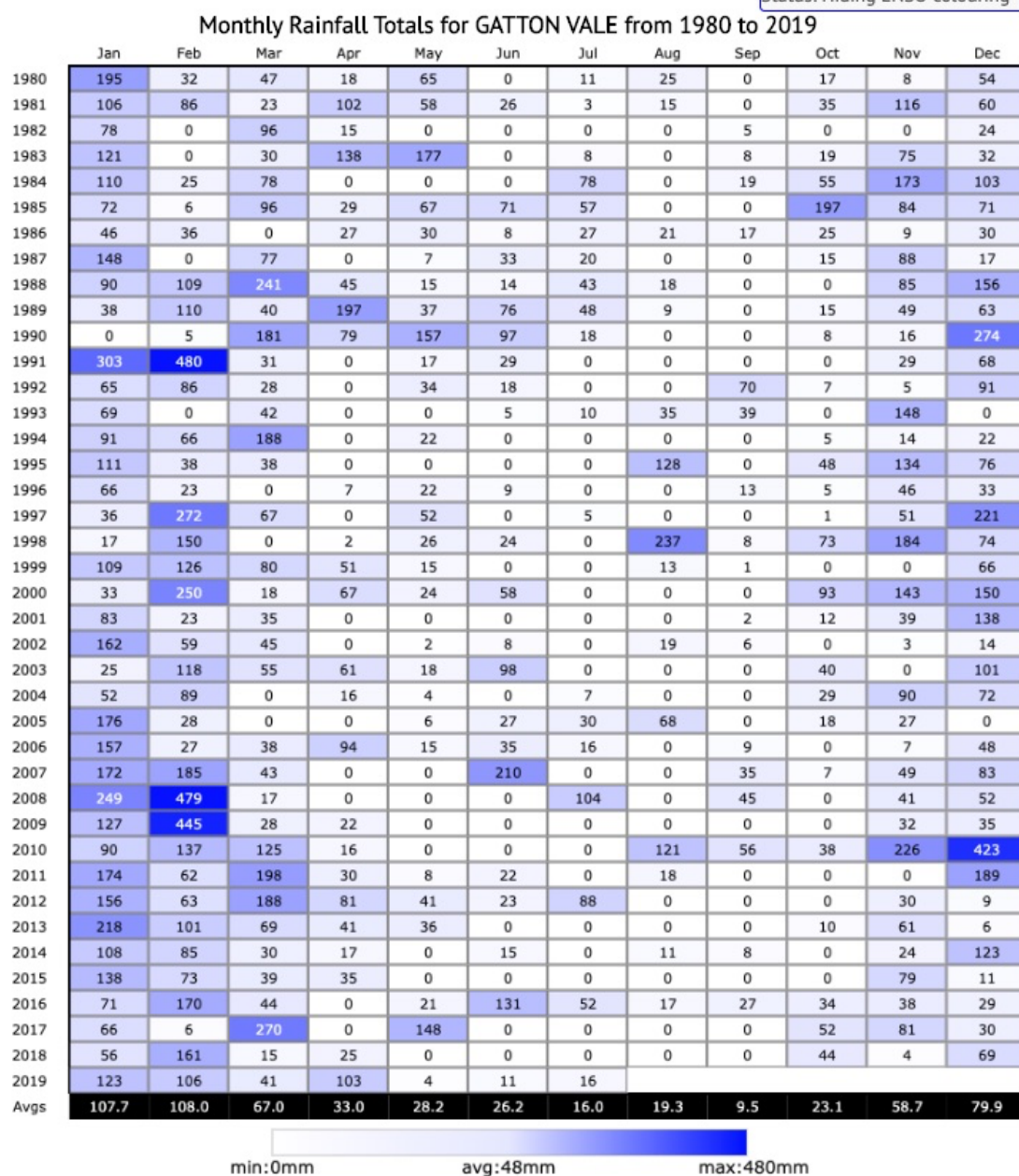
AUSTRALIAN
ClimiMate



Histogram of monthly rainfall for Gatton Vale in Central Queensland, showing seasonality of rainfall in relation to evaporation potential and minimum and maximum temperatures.

This checkerboard graphic allows for a quick scan over years and seasons to broadly assess hits and misses based on simple rules such as how often is there good rain in October? About 9 years out of 38 (24%) get >50mm by the end of October – not good odds!

Status: Hiding ENSO colouring



Checkerboard graphic of monthly rainfall for Gatton Vale in Central Queensland. Note that months can be screened using their SOI status (top right).

References

Australian CliMate - climate analysis for decision makers (<https://climateapp.net.au/>)

Starasts, 2018 "Evaluation of CliMate App 2018 - A report for the Managing Climate Variability Program

<https://climateapp.net.au/Uploads/Documents/EvaluationClimate2018.pdf>

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