## Homework 3

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6.3

Let  $Y_t$  be a vector of excess returns of N assets. Consider the multivariate linear regression model:

$$\mathbf{Y}_t = \alpha + \beta \mathbf{Y}_t^m + \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_t$$

where  $\epsilon_t \sim N(0, \Sigma)$  and  $cov(Y_t^m, \epsilon) = 0$ .

- 1. Derive the MLE for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . You do not need to derive the MLE for  $\Sigma$  since this part is hard. You just take for granted that  $\hat{\Sigma}$  is the MLE.
- 2. Show that the MLRT for the null hypothesis  $H_0$ :  $\alpha = 0$  is:

$$T_2 = T[\log(|\hat{\Sigma}_0|) - \log(\hat{\Sigma})]$$

where  $\hat{\Sigma}_0$  is the MLE under  $H_0$ . Give the expression for  $\hat{\Sigma}_0$ .

6.4

Consider the multifactor model:

$$Y_t = \alpha + BX_t + \epsilon_t$$

with observable factor  $X_t$  where  $\mathbb{E}\epsilon_t = 0$  and  $cov(X_t, \epsilon_t) = 0$ .

- 1. Based on the 20 stock portfolios over a period of 60 months on the 3 factors, it was computed that  $|\hat{\Sigma}_0| = 2.375$  and  $|\hat{\Sigma}| = 1.624$ . Test if the multifactor model is consistent with the empirical data,  $H_0: \alpha = 0$ .
- 2. Suppose that the beta's of the GE stock over the S&P500 index ( $X_1$ ), the size effect  $X_2$ , and the book-to-market effect  $X_3$  are respectively 1.3, 0.3, -0.4. Assume further that over the last 10 years the average risk-free interest is 4%, the average return of the S&P500 is 11%, the average difference of returns between the small large capitalization is 3%, and the average difference of returns between the high and low book-to-market is 2%, what is the expected return of the GE stock using the Fama-French model?

6.5

Consider the multi-factor model:

$$Y_t = \alpha + BX_t + \epsilon_t$$

with observable factor  $X_t$ . 1. Suppose that the CAPM holds and over the last five years, the average of the risk-free interest rate is 3.5% and the average return of the CRSP value-weighted index is 12.5%. If the market  $\beta$  of a stock (with respect to the index) is 1.3, what is the expected return of the stock? 2. Based on 15 stock portfolios over a period of 60 months regressed on five factors without knowing the risk-free interest rate, it is computed that  $|\hat{Sigma}_0| = 2.425$  and  $|\hat{\Sigma}| = 1.742$ . Test if the multifactor model is consistent with the empirical data,  $H_0: \alpha = 0$ .

3. Suppose that the strict multi-factor model is correct so that  $var(\epsilon) = \Sigma_0$  is a diagonal matrix and  $X_t$  and  $\epsilon_t$  are uncorrelated. Show how to estimate the covariance matrix of Y based on the past T days' data:

$$\{(\boldsymbol{X}_t,\boldsymbol{Y}_t):t=1,\ldots,T\}$$

## 6.8

Use the Fama-French 100 portfolios in the last five years to construct 3 common factors via the PCA based on the correlation matrix. Report the variance explained by each principle components. Now, regress each of the Fama-French 100 portfolios on these 3 principal components and report the distribution (histogram) of the residual variances. Report also the distribution of the variance of these 100 portfolios over the same time period.