

WARNING: MISBEHAVIOR AT EXAM TIME WILL LEAD TO SERIOUS CONSEQUENCE.

SCUT Final Exam

2021-2022-2 《Calculus II》 Middle Test

Notice:

- 1. Make sure that you have filled the form on the left side of seal line.**
- 2. Write your answers on the exam paper .**
- 3. This is a close-book exam.**
- 4. The exam with full score of 100 points lasts 90 minutes.**

Question No.	1-10	11-15	Sum
Score			

一. Answer the questions. ($7' \times 10 = 70'$)

1. Find maximum and minimum values of $u = x - 2y + 2z$ subject to $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.

2. Let $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} & x^2 + y^2 \neq 0 \\ 0 & x^2 + y^2 = 0 \end{cases}$

Prove: 1) the partial derivatives of $f(x, y)$ exist at $(0,0)$; 2) $f(x, y)$ is not differentiable at $(0, 0)$.

3. Let $z = xf\left(xy, \frac{y}{x}\right)$, and f has the second-order continuous partial derivatives, find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$, $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x}$.

4. Let $z = f(u, x, y)$, $u = xe^y$, and f has second-order continuous partial derivatives, find

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}.$$

5. Let $z = f(2x - y, y \sin x)$, f has second-order continuous partial derivatives, find $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}$.

6. Let $z = f(\phi(x) - y, \psi(y) + x)$, and f has second-order continuous partial derivatives, ϕ, ψ have derivatives, find $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}$.

7. Let $G(u, v)$ is differentiable, and the equation $G\left(\frac{x}{z}, \frac{y}{z}\right) = 0$ implying $z = z(x, y)$, compute

$$x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}.$$

8. Find $\int_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{2}} dx \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\sqrt{x}} e^{\frac{x}{y}} dy + \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 dx \int_x^{\sqrt{x}} e^{\frac{x}{y}} dy$.

9. Find $\iint_D 2xy^2 e^{x^2 y} d\sigma$, D is bounded by $y=1, x=\sqrt{y}, x=0$.

10. Find $\iiint_{\Omega} z \, dv$, and Ω is bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and $z = 0$, $z = 1$.

二. Answer the questions. ($6' \times 5 = 30'$)

11. Find $I = \iiint_{\Omega} \frac{dv}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$, Ω is bounded by $z = 1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$ and $z = 1$.

12. Find $\iiint_{\Omega} (x - y - z)^2 dv$, Ω is bounded by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.

13. Find $\iiint_{\Omega} z dv$, and Ω is determined by $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 2 \\ z \geq x^2 + y^2 \end{cases}$.

14. Find the volume of Ω which is bounded by $x^2 + y^2 \leq a^2$ and planes $z = 0, z = x, (x > 0)$.

15. Find the volume of Ω which is bounded by the closed surface $(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^2 = a^3 z, (a > 0)$.