# Lab #4. Challenges

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#### **General Information**

- Check "Lab #4" in Assignment tab of Cyber Campus
  - Skeleton code (Lab4.tgz) is attached in the post
  - Deadline: 12/04 Monday 23:59
  - Submission will be accepted in that post, too
  - No late submission for this lab
- Please read the instructions in this slide carefully
  - New constraints are added for this lab
  - It also contains important submission guidelines
    - If you do not follow the guidelines, you will get penalty

#### **Remind: Course Policy**

- Cheating (code copy) is strictly forbidden in this course
  - Read the orientation slide once more
- Don't ask for solutions in the online community
  - TA will regularly monitor the communities
- Sharing your code with others is as bad as copying
  - Your cooperation is needed to manage this course successfully
- Even after the end of the course, please do not upload your code at GitHub or share it with your friends
  - This makes it hard to manage the course in the following years

Again, any discussion about the problem is forbidden

## **Remind: Grading Components**

- As I announced after the midterm exam, there has been updates to the weight of grading components
  - Note that the total score is 90% this year (not 100%)
- Until the midterm: 45%
  - Lab #1: Warm-up (5%)
  - Lab #2: BOF (10%)
  - Midterm exam (30%)
- After the midterm: 45%
  - Lab #3. ROP (12%)
  - Lab #4. Challenges (13%)
  - Final quiz in 12/12 Tuesday (20%)

#### **Skeleton Code Structure**

- **■** Copy Lab4.tgz into CSPRO server and decompress it
  - Now you can use cspro<u>5</u>.sogang.ac.kr or cspro.sogang.ac.kr
- Overall structure is same as before:
  - **4-1/ ... 4-3/**: Problems you have to solve
  - check.py: Self-grading script
  - config: Used internally by the self-grading script

```
jason@ubuntu:~$ tar -xzf Lab4.tgz
jason@ubuntu:~$ ls Lab4/
4-1 4-2 4-3 check.py config
```

## **Difficulty**

- The problems in this lab will be hard
  - You will have to make use of all the things you've learned so far
  - Don't be frustrated even if you cannot solve any of the problem
- Also, no question will be accepted for this lab
  - Except for the questions about the specification or constraints
  - So it will be a real challenge that you have to solve on your own
- Solution will be discussed in the make-up class
  - 12/05 Tuesday 19:00 (K202)
  - No attendance check

#### **Grading Environment: SUID**

- During the grading, the target program will have SUID
  - Review the Side Note of Chapter 2
- Assume that the target program and secret.txt file are owned by the root user
- Meanwhile, your exploit is executed as a normal user
  - Therefore, your exploit script cannot read secret.txt directly

```
hacking@c4059c3cd087:~/4-1$ ls -l
total 24
-rwxrwxr-x 1 hacking hacking 3413 Nov 27 06:18 exploit-mall.py
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 14064 Nov 26 17:35 mall.bin
-r----- 1 root root 9 Nov 26 17:35 secret.txt
hacking@c4059c3cd087:~/4-1$ cat secret.txt
cat: secret.txt: Permission denied
```

## **Grading Environment: Shell**

- Okay, but why should I care about the existence of SUID?
- It affects the behavior of several functions and programs
  - system() drops the SUID privilege before executing command
  - /bin/sh program also drops the SUID privilege when launched
  - In other words, the shell will not be able to read secret.txt
- Therefore, you must spawn a shell in the following way
  - Use exec\* functions, not system()
  - Pass "-p" option to /bin/sh: this prevents the shell from dropping the SUID privilege

```
char *argv[3];
argv[0] = "/bin/sh"; argv[1] = "-p"; argv[2] = NULL;
execv(argv[0], argv); // This is what you have to do
```

## **Grading Environment: Permission**

- In problem 4-3, the target program will read and write files in a directory name files/
  - Again, you must assume that this directory is not directly readable or writable by your exploit script
  - root permission is required to read and write files here
  - Your exploit can read and write files only by interacting with the target program (since the target program has root SUID)

```
hacking@b0847fe4b8bb:~/4-3$ ls -l
total 28
-rwxr-xr-x 1 hacking hacking 0 Nov 27 06:51 exploit-post.py
drwx----- 1 root root 4096 Nov 26 17:35 files
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 18280 Nov 26 17:02 post.bin
-r----- 1 root root 9 Nov 26 17:35 secret.txt
```

## **Tips**

- Carefully read the Linux manual page for the dynamic memory allocation (type "man malloc" in terminal)
- Test various malloc()/free() sequences and examine which addresses are used
  - Since it is hard to analyze and understand the internal algorithm of malloc() and free(), this would be a better approach
- Be careful: printf() internally allocates heap memory, so it will have side effects on the result of malloc()

```
void *p1 = malloc(32);
free(p1);
void *p2 = malloc(32);
printf("%p, %p\n", p1, p2); // Call printf() at the end
```

#### **Problem Information**

- **■** Four problems, 100pt in total
  - 4-1 (30pt): mall.bin
  - 4-2 (35pt): login.bin
  - 4-3 (35pt): post.bin
- You'll get the point for each problem if the exploit works
  - If your exploit works in the CSPRO server, but does not work in the environment with SUID, I will consider partial point
- For each problem, your report must clearly explain the vulnerability you found and your approach for exploit
  - You may lose points if the report does not clearly describe it
  - No template for the report this time

#### **Submission Guideline**

- You should submit four exploit scripts and report
  - Problem 4-1: exploit-mall.py
  - Problem 4-2: exploit-login.py
  - Problem 4-3: exploit-post.py
  - Don't forget the report: report.pdf

#### Submission format

- Upload these files directly to Cyber Campus (do not zip them)
- Do not change the file name (e.g., adding any prefix or suffix)
- If your submission format is wrong, you will get -20% penalty