The Structure of the extended NP

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February 3, 2022

This article is about the cartography of the extended nominal projection, or in the words of more descriptive and functional approaches, the structure of the extended NP. Under the context of generative syntax, NP is often used to denote a certain projection of a bare noun phase.

1 Demonstratives

Here we list some key facts in [1]. First, in English we have

(1) this cute (*this) girl

so it seems like that demonstratives, as something resembling pronouns, are lower than any adjective, and we need to note the fact that in English demonstratives have roles resembling determiners. However, in Romance languages, we can find a pattern which is illegal in English. For example, in Romanian, we have:

(2) in [1]

- (2) a. băiatul acesta (frumos) boy-the this (nice)
 - b. acest (frumos) băiat (frumos) this (nice) boy (nice)
 - c. frumosul (*acesta) băiat nice-the (*this) boy

(2b) has a similar structure with (1) in English, where the demonstrative takes the role of the determiner. However, in (2a), both the demonstrative and the determiner occur, which is illegal in English. Moreover, in (2a), we find that it seems the demonstrative is *closer* to the core noun than the adjective.

References

[1] Laura Brugè. The positions of demonstratives in the extended nominal projection. Functional structure in DP and IP: The cartography of syntactic structures, 1:15–53, 2002.