Prediction for presentation

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Preparation

Relationship between external variables

```
social_economic <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/social_economic_factors_monthly.csv")
beef_production <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/beef_production.csv")</pre>
```

Drawing for beef production

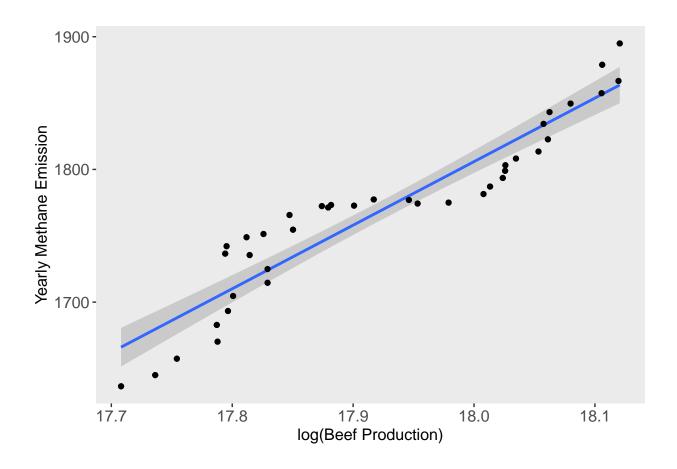
```
methane_yearly <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/social_economic_factors_yearly.csv")

methane_yearly <- methane_all %>%
    filter(year <= 2021) %>%
    group_by(year) %>%
    summarize(yearly_average = mean(average))

methane_yearly <- cbind(methane_yearly, beef_production %>% filter(Year <= 2021))

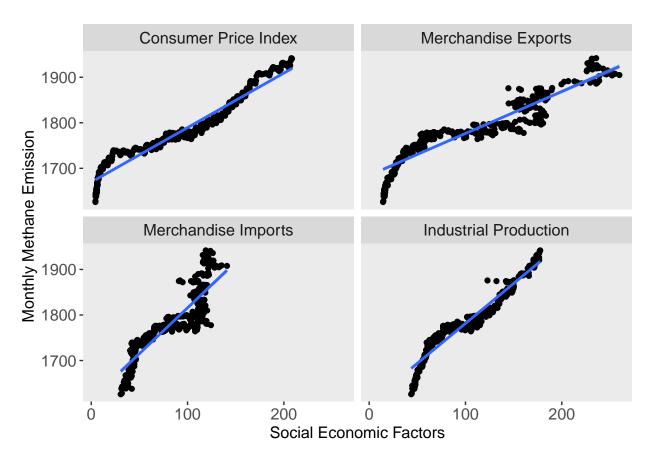
p <- ggplot(methane_yearly, mapping = aes(x = log(Beef_Production.Tons.), y = yearly_average)) + geom_p

p + geom_point()+
    theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12)
        )+
    ylab("Yearly Methane Emission")+
    xlab("log(Beef_Production)")</pre>
```

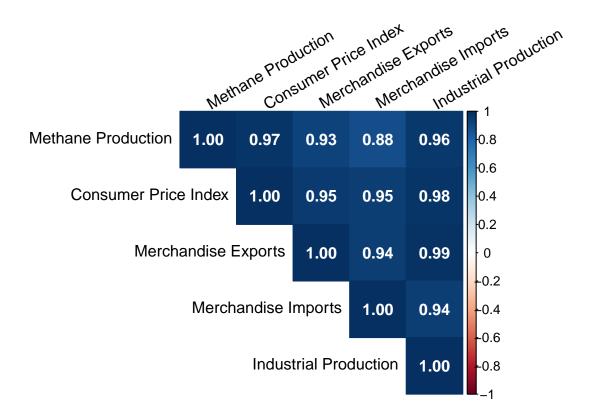


Drawing for social economic factors

```
social_economic_panel <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/social_economic_factors_monthly_paneldata.csv")</pre>
social_economic_panel$social.factors <- factor(</pre>
  social_economic_panel$social.factors,
  levels = c("cpi", "export", "import", "ip"),
  labels = c("Consumer Price Index", "Merchandise Exports", "Merchandise Imports", "Industrial Producti
p2 <- ggplot(social_economic_panel, mapping = aes(x = value, y = methane))</pre>
p2 + geom_point() + facet_wrap(~ social.factors, nrow = 2) + geom_smooth(method="lm") +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        strip.text = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12)
        )+
  ylab("Monthly Methane Emission")+
  xlab("Social Economic Factors")
```



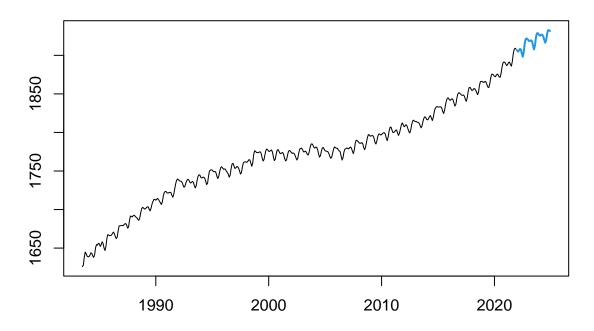
tl.srt = 30)



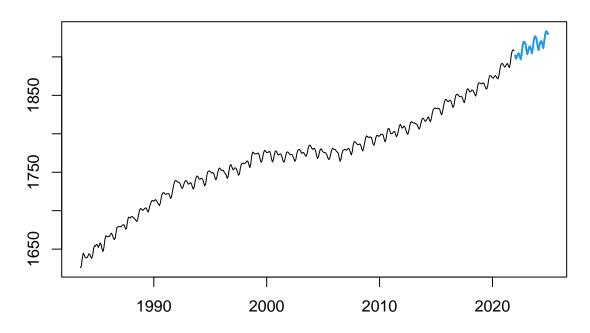
Predictions

Neuron Network

Forecasts from NNAR(1,7,4)[12]



Forecasts from NNAR(0,7,10)[12]



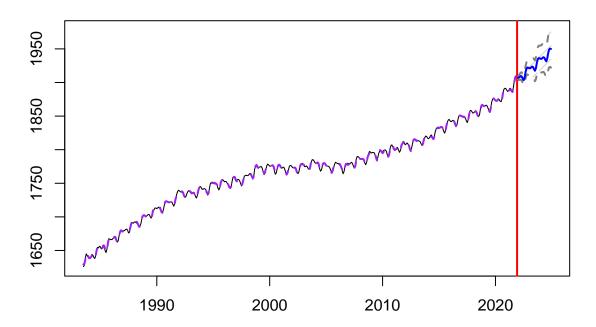
State Space - Smooth

```
SSES <- es(methane_train_ts,model="ZZZ",h=36,holdout=FALSE)

SSES_for <-forecast(SSES,h=36, interval="prediction")

plot(SSES_for)</pre>
```

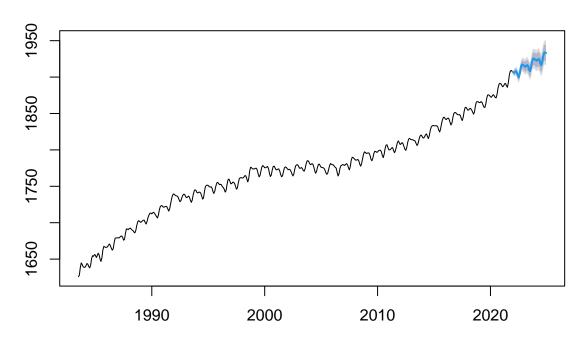
Forecast from ETS(MAA) with Normal distribution



Test set -5.370893 9.168926 5.462944 -0.2794874 0.2843147 0.322089 1.357204

State Space - BSM

Forecasts from Basic structural model



```
forecast_SSBSM_accuracy <- accuracy(SSBSM_for$mean,methane_test_ts)
print(forecast_SSBSM_accuracy)</pre>
```

```
## ME RMSE MAE MPE MAPE ACF1 Theil's U
## Test set 3.319761 6.380075 4.822869 0.1721673 0.2510164 0.02674152 0.9460437
```

Performance Comparison

```
kable(forecast_performance,
    #format = "latex", # Works for PDF output
    caption = "Forecast Accuracy",
    digits = 3,
    booktabs = TRUE)
```

Table 1: Forecast Accuracy

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil.s.U
Neural Network	1.834	5.532	3.331	0.095	0.173	-0.002	0.819
Neural Network w/fourier	7.041	8.063	7.047	0.366	0.367	0.678	2.221

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	ACF1	Theil.s.U
State Space w/Exponential	-5.371	9.169	5.463	-0.279	0.284	0.322	1.357
smoothing State Space w/BSM	3.320	6.380	4.823	0.172	0.251	0.027	0.946

A tool to find the optimal parameter

Find the optimal parameter for NN

```
# i and j in the loop are the parameter for p and P. Basically it could output the model performance it
for (i in 0:3){
    for (j in 0:8){
        if (i == 0 & j == 0){
            next
        }

        NN_fit <- nnetar(methane_train_ts, p = i, P = j)

        NN_for <- forecast(NN_fit, h=36)
        forecast_NN_accuracy <- accuracy(NN_for$mean, methane_test_ts)

        cat("p=",i,"p=",j,"\n")
        print(forecast_NN_accuracy)
}</pre>
```

Find the optimal parameter for NN w/fourier

```
cat("p=",i,"P=",j,"\n")
print(forecast_NN_fourier_accuracy)
}
```