# Algorithm Library

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# Contents

数学	2
Set Xor-Min	 2
数据结构	3
半群 deque	 3
区间众数	 4
李超树	 5
Splay	 6
计算几何	10
EPS	 10
Point	 10
Line	 11
距离	 11
点绕中心旋转	 11
关于线的对称点	 11
位置关系判断	 11
线段交点	 12
过定点做圆的切线	 12
两圆交点	 12
多边形面积	 13
自适应辛普森法	 13
静态凸包	 13
旋转卡壳求直径	 14
半平面交	 14
旦小回舞主	15

## 数学

#### **Set Xor-Min**

```
维护一个集合 S, 可以求 \min_{y \in S} (x \oplus y)。
    struct SetXorMin
2
    {
        static constexpr int L=30;
3
        int tot=0;
        vector<array<int,2>> c;
        vector<int> s;
        set<i64> in;
8
        SetXorMin() {}
        SetXorMin(int n)
10
11
             c.resize((n+1)*(L+1));
12
             s.resize((n+1)*(L+1));
13
14
15
        void insert(i64 x)
17
             if (in.count(x))
18
19
                 return;
             in.insert(x);
20
             int p=0;
             for (int i=L;i>=0;i--)
22
23
             {
                 bool o=x>>i&1;
24
                 if (!c[p][o])
25
                      c[p][o]=++tot;
                 s[p=c[p][o]]++;
27
             }
28
        }
29
30
        void erase(i64 x)
31
32
33
             if (!in.count(x))
                 return;
34
             in.erase(x);
35
             int p=0;
36
             for (int i=L;i>=0;i--)
37
38
             {
                 bool o=x>>i&1;
39
40
                 s[p=c[p][o]]--;
             }
41
42
        }
43
        i64 QueryXorMin(i64 x)
44
45
             int p=0;
46
47
             i64 r=0;
             for (int i=L;i>=0;i--)
48
49
                 bool o=x>>i&1;
                 if (s[c[p][o]])
51
52
                      p=c[p][o];
                 else
53
54
                 {
                      p=c[p][o^1];
55
                      r|=1ll<<i;
56
57
             }
58
             return r;
59
    };
61
```

## 数据结构

### 半群 deque

维护一个半群的 deque,支持前后增删及求和。

```
template <class T>
2
    struct SWAG
    {
         vector<T> l,sl,r,sr;
         void push_front(const T &o)
             sl.push_back(sl.empty()?o:o+sl.back());
             l.push_back(o);
         }
10
11
         void push_back(const T &o)
12
13
             sr.push_back(sr.empty()?o:sr.back()+o);
             r.push_back(o);
15
         }
16
17
         void pop_front()
18
19
             if (!l.empty())
20
21
             {
22
                  l.pop_back();
                  sl.pop_back();
23
24
                  return;
25
26
             int n=r.size(),m;
             if (m=n-1>>1)
27
28
             {
                  l.resize(m);
29
                  sl.resize(m);
30
31
                  for (int i=1;i<=m;i++)</pre>
                      l[m-i]=r[i];
32
                  sl[0]=l[0];
33
                  for (int i=1;i<m;i++)</pre>
34
                      sl[i]=l[i]+sl[i-1];
35
36
             for (int i=m+1;i<n;i++)</pre>
37
                 r[i-(m+1)]=r[i];
38
39
             m=n-(m+1);
             r.resize(m);
40
41
             sr.resize(m);
             if (m)
42
43
             {
                  sr[0]=r[0];
44
                  for (int i=1;i<m;i++)</pre>
45
46
                      sr[i]=sr[i-1]+r[i];
47
             }
         }
48
49
50
         void pop_back()
51
             if (!r.empty())
52
53
                  r.pop_back();
54
55
                  sr.pop_back();
             }
56
             else
57
58
             {
                  int n=l.size(),m;
59
                  if (m=n-1>>1)
61
                      r.resize(m);
62
                      sr.resize(m);
63
                      for (int i=1;i<=m;i++)</pre>
64
                           r[m-i]=l[i];
```

```
sr[0]=r[0];
66
67
                       for (int i=1;i<m;i++)</pre>
                            sr[i]=sr[i-1]+r[i];
68
                  }
69
                  for (int i=m+1;i<n;i++)</pre>
                       l[i-(m+1)]=l[i];
71
72
                  m=n-(m+1);
                  l.resize(m);
73
                  sl.resize(m);
74
75
                  if (m)
                  {
76
                       sl[0]=l[0];
77
                       for (int i=1;i<m;i++)</pre>
78
                            sl[i]=l[i]+sl[i-1];
79
                  }
80
81
              }
         }
82
83
84
         T ask()
85
         {
              assert(l.size()||r.size());
86
87
              if (l.size()&&r.size())
                  return sl.back()+sr.back();
88
              return l.size()?sl.back():sr.back();
90
91
    };
92
     struct Info
93
94
         Z k,b;
95
96
         Info operator + (const Info &o) const
97
98
99
              return {k*o.k,b*o.k+o.b};
100
101
     };
102
    Z operator + (const Z &x,const Info &o)
103
104
         return o.k*x+o.b;
105
    }
     区间众数
     template <class T>
     struct Mode
 2
     {
         int n,ksz,m;
         vector<T> b;
         vector<vector<int>> pos,f;
         vector<int> a,blk,id,l;
         Mode(const vector<T> &c):n(c.size()),ksz(max<int>(1,sqrt(n))),
              \texttt{m((n+ksz-1)/ksz),b(c),pos(n),f(m,vector<\textcolor{red}{\textbf{int}}>(m)),a(n),blk(n),id(n),l(m+1)}
10
11
12
              sort(b.begin(),b.end());
              b.erase(unique(b.begin(),b.end()),b.end());
13
              for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
14
15
              {
                  a[i]=lower_bound(b.begin(),b.end(),c[i])-b.begin();
16
17
                  id[i]=pos[a[i]].size();
                  pos[a[i]].push_back(i);
18
              for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
20
                  blk[i]=i/ksz;
21
22
              for (int i=0;i<=m;i++)</pre>
                  l[i]=min(i*ksz,n);
23
24
              vector<int> cnt(b.size());
25
              for (int i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
26
27
              {
```

```
cnt.assign(b.size(),0);
28
29
                 pair<int,int> cur={0,0};
                 for (int j=i;j<m;j++)</pre>
30
31
                 {
                      for (int k=l[j];k<l[j+1];k++)</pre>
                          cur=max(cur,{++cnt[a[k]],a[k]});
33
34
                      f[i][j]=cur.second;
                 }
35
            }
36
        }
37
38
39
        pair<T,int> ask(int L,int R)
40
             int val=blk[L]==blk[R-1]?0:f[blk[L]+1][blk[R-1]-1],i;
41
42
             int cnt=lower_bound(pos[val].begin(),pos[val].end(),R)-
                      lower_bound(pos[val].begin(),pos[val].end(),L);
43
44
             for (int i=min(R,l[blk[L]+1])-1;i>=L;i--)
45
             {
                 auto &v=pos[a[i]];
                 while (id[i]+cnt<v.size()&&v[id[i]+cnt]<R)</pre>
47
                     cnt++,val=a[i];
48
49
                 if (a[i]>val&&id[i]+cnt-1<v.size()&&v[id[i]+cnt-1]<R)</pre>
50
                     val=a[i];
             for (int i=max(L,l[blk[R-1]]);i<R;i++)</pre>
52
53
             {
                 auto &v=pos[a[i]];
54
                 while (id[i]>=cnt&&v[id[i]-cnt]>=L)
55
                      cnt++,val=a[i];
57
                 if (a[i]>val&&id[i]>=cnt-1&&v[id[i]-cnt+1]>=L)
58
                      val=a[i];
59
             return {b[val],cnt};
60
61
    };
62
    李超树
    constexpr i64 inf=9e18;
2
3
    template <class Info>
    struct SGT
4
5
        int cnt=0;
        vector<Info> a;
        vector<int> ls,rs;
8
        i64 z,y,L,R;
10
        SGT(int n,i64 l,i64 r)
11
12
             int N=(n+7)*64;
13
14
             a.resize(N);
            ls.resize(N);
15
16
            rs.resize(N);
            L=l,R=r,cnt=1;
17
18
             a[1]={0,inf};
        }
19
20
    private:
21
22
        void insert(int &p,i64 l,i64 r,Info v)
23
             if (!p)
24
             {
                 p=++cnt;
26
27
                 a[p]={0,inf};
28
             i64 m=(l+r)>>1;
29
             if (z<=l&&r<=y)
30
31
             {
                 if (a[p].y(m)>v.y(m)) swap(a[p],v);
32
                 if (a[p].y(l)>v.y(l)) insert(ls[p],l,m,v);
33
```

```
else if (a[p].y(r)>v.y(r)) insert(rs[p],m+1,r,v);
34
35
36
             if (z<=m) insert(ls[p],l,m,v);</pre>
37
38
             if (y>m) insert(rs[p],m+1,r,v);
39
40
    public:
         void insert(i64 l,i64 r,const Info &v)
41
42
         {
43
             z=1,y=r;
             int p=1;
44
45
             insert(p,L,R,v);
         }
46
47
         i64 QueryMin(i64 p)
48
49
50
             i64 res=a[1].y(p),l=L,r=R,x=1;
             while (l < r)
51
52
             {
                  i64 m=(l+r)>>1;
53
                  if (p<=m)
54
55
                      x=ls[x],r=m;
56
                  else
                      x=rs[x],l=m+1;
                  if (!x) return res;
58
59
                  res=min(res,a[x].y(p));
60
             return res;
61
62
    };
63
64
    struct Info
65
66
67
         i64 k,b;
68
69
         i64 y(const i64 &x) const { return k*x+b; }
    };
70
    Splay
1
    template <class Info,class Tag>
    struct Splay
2
3
    #define _rev
        struct Node
5
             Node *c[2],*f;
             int siz;
             Info s,v;
             Tag t;
10
11
             Node():c{}, f(0), siz(1), s(), v(), t() {}
12
             Node(Info x):c\{\}, f(0), siz(1), s(x), v(x), t() \{\}
13
14
             void operator += (const Tag &o)
15
16
             {
                  s+=o,v+=o,t+=o;
17
    #ifdef _rev
18
                  if (o.rev) swap(c[0],c[1]);
19
    #endif
20
21
22
             void pushup()
24
             {
25
                  if (c[0])
26
                      s=c[0]->s+v, siz=c[0]->siz+1;
                  else s=v,siz=1;
27
                  if (c[1])
28
                      s=s+c[1]->s,siz+=c[1]->siz;
29
             }
30
31
```

```
void pushdown()
32
33
              {
                  for (auto x:c)
34
                       if (x)
35
                            *x+=t;
                  t=Tag();
37
38
              }
39
             void zigzag()
40
41
              {
                  Node *y=f, *z=y->f;
42
                  bool isl=y->c[0]==this;
43
                  if (z) z \rightarrow c[z \rightarrow c[1] == y] = this;
44
                  f=z,y->f=this;
45
                  y->c[isl^1]=c[isl];
46
                  if (c[isl]) c[isl]->f=y;
47
48
                  c[isl]=y;
                  y->pushup();
49
51
             //only used for makeroot
52
53
             void splay(Node *tg)
54
              {
                  for (Node *y=f;y!=tg;zigzag(),y=f)
56
                       if (Node *z=y->f;z!=tg)
57
                            (z->c[1]==y^y->c[1]==this?this:y)->zigzag();
58
                  pushup();
             }
59
60
             void clear()
61
62
              {
                  for (Node *x:c)
63
64
                       if (x)
65
                            x->clear();
                  delete this;
66
67
         };
68
69
         Node *rt;
70
         int shift;
71
72
         Splay()
73
74
75
              rt=new Node;
              rt->c[1]=new Node;
76
77
              rt->c[1]->f=rt;
             rt->siz=2;
78
79
         }
80
81
         Splay(vector<Info> &a,int l,int r)
82
              shift=l-1;
83
             rt=new Node;
             rt->c[1]=new Node;
85
86
              rt->c[1]->f=rt;
87
              if (l<r)
88
              {
                  rt->c[1]->c[0]=build(a,l,r);
89
                  rt->c[1]->c[0]->f=rt->c[1];
90
91
92
              rt->c[1]->pushup();
             rt->pushup();
93
94
95
96
         Node *build(vector<Info> &a, int l, int r)
97
98
              if (l==r) return Θ;
              int m=(l+r)>>1;
99
              Node *x=new Node(a[m]);
100
101
              x->c[0]=build(a,l,m);
              x->c[1]=build(a,m+1,r);
102
```

```
for (Node *y:x->c)
103
104
                   if (y) y \rightarrow f = x;
              x->pushup();
105
              return x;
106
107
108
          void makeroot(Node *u,Node *tg)
109
110
              if (!tg) rt=u;
111
112
              u->splay();
         }
113
114
         void findKth(int k,Node *tg)
115
116
              Node *x=rt;
117
              while (1)
118
119
              {
                   x->pushdown();
120
                   int res=x->c[0]?x->c[0]->siz:0;
121
                   if (res+1==k)
122
                   {
123
124
                       x->splay(tg);
                       if (!tg) rt=x;
125
                       return;
126
127
                   if (res>=k) x=x->c[0];
128
129
                   else x=x->c[1],k-=res+1;
              }
130
131
         }
132
         void split(int l,int r)
133
134
               findKth(l,0);
135
136
              findKth(r+2,rt);
         }
137
138
     #ifdef _rev
139
         void reverse(int l,int r)
140
141
              l-=shift;
142
143
              r-=shift+1;
              if (l>r) return;
144
              split(l,r);
145
146
              *(rt->c[1]->c[0])+=Tag(1);
147
148
     #endif
149
150
         //insert before pos
         void insert(int pos,Info x)
151
         {
152
153
              pos-=shift;
              split(pos,pos-1);
154
155
              rt->c[1]->c[0]=new Node(x);
              rt->c[1]->c[0]->f=rt->c[1];
156
              rt->c[1]->pushup();
157
158
              rt->pushup();
         }
159
160
161
         void insert(int pos,vector<Info> &a,int l,int r)
162
163
              pos-=shift;
              split(pos,pos-1);
164
165
              rt->c[1]->c[0]=build(a,l,r);
              rt->c[1]->c[0]->f=rt->c[1];
166
167
              rt->c[1]->pushup();
168
              rt->pushup();
169
170
         void erase(int pos)
171
172
              pos-=shift;
173
```

```
split(pos,pos);
174
175
              delete rt->c[1]->c[0];
              rt->c[1]->c[0]=0;
176
              rt->c[1]->pushup();
177
178
              rt->pushup();
         }
179
180
         void erase(int l,int r)
181
182
              l-=shift,r-=shift+1;
183
              if (l>r) return;
184
185
              split(l,r);
              rt->c[1]->c[0]->clear();
186
              rt->c[1]->c[0]=0;
187
              rt->c[1]->pushup();
188
              rt->pushup();
189
190
191
         void modify(int pos,Info x)
192
193
              pos-=shift;
194
195
              findKth(pos+1,0);
              rt->v=x;
196
197
              rt->pushup();
198
199
         void rangeApply(int l,int r,Tag w)
200
201
202
              l-=shift,r-=shift+1;
              if (l>r) return;
203
              split(l,r);
204
              Node *x=rt->c[1]->c[0];
205
              *x+=w;
206
207
              rt->c[1]->pushup();
              rt->pushup();
208
209
210
         Info rangeQuery(int l,int r)
211
212
              l-=shift,r-=shift+1;
213
214
              split(l,r);
              return rt->c[1]->c[0]->s;
215
216
217
          ~Splay() { rt->clear(); }
218
219
     #undef _rev
     };
220
221
     struct Tag
222
     {
223
224
         bool rev=0;
225
226
         Tag() {}
         Tag(bool c):rev(c) {}
227
228
         void operator += (const Tag &o)
229
230
         {
              rev^=o.rev;
231
232
         }
     };
233
234
     struct Info
235
236
         i64 x=0;
237
238
         void operator += (const Tag &o) const
239
240
241
         }
242
243
         Info operator + (const Info &o) const
244
```

```
245
         {
246
             return {x+o.x};
247
    };
248
     计算几何
    EPS
    const double eps=1e-8;
    int sgn(double x)
 2
 3
    {
         if (fabs(x)<eps) return 0;</pre>
 4
         if (x>0) return 1;
         return −1;
    }
 7
     Point
    template <class T>
    struct Point
 2
 3
 4
         Point(T x_{=0},T y_{=0}):x(x_{-}),y(y_{-}) {}
 5
         Point & operator += (Point p) &
 7
             x+=p.x;
10
             y+=p.y;
11
             return *this;
         }
12
13
         Point &operator -= (Point p) &
14
15
16
             x-=p.x;
17
             y-=p.y;
18
             return *this;
19
20
         Point &operator *= (T v) &
21
22
23
             x *= v;
             y*=v;
24
25
             return *this;
26
27
         Point operator - () const { return Point(-x,-y); }
28
29
30
         friend Point operator + (Point a,Point b) { return a+=b; }
         friend Point operator - (Point a,Point b) { return a-=b; }
31
         friend Point operator * (Point a,T b) { return a*=b; }
32
         friend Point operator * (T a,Point b) { return b*=a; }
33
34
35
         friend bool operator == (Point a,Point b) { return a.x==b.x&&a.y==b.y; }
36
37
         friend istream &operator >> (istream &is,Point &p) { return is>>p.x>>p.y; }
38
         friend ostream &operator << (ostream &os,Point p) { return os<<'('<<p.x<<','<<p.y<<')'; }</pre>
39
40
    };
41
42
     template <class T>
    int sgn(const Point<T> &a) { return a.y>0||(a.y==0&&a.x>0)?1:-1; }
43
44
    template <class T>
45
    T dot(Point<T> a,Point<T> b) { return a.x*b.x+a.y*b.y; }
46
47
    template <class T>
48
```

T cross(Point<T> a,Point<T> b) { return a.x\*b.y-a.y\*b.x; }

50

```
template <class T>
51
52
   T square(Point<T> p) { return dot(p,p); }
53
   template <class T>
54
55
   double length(Point<T> p) { return sqrt(double(square(p))); }
56
   long double length(Point<long double> p) { return sqrt(square(p)); }
   Line
   template <class T>
   struct Line
2
3
       Point<T> a,b;
       };
   距离
   template <class T>
   double dis_PP(Point<T> a,Point<T> b) { return length(a-b); }
   template <class T>
   double dis_PL(Point<T> a,Line<T> l) { return fabs(cross(a-l.a,a-l.b))/dis_PP(l.a,l.b); }
   template <class T>
   double dis_PS(Point<T> a,Line<T> l)
8
       if (dot(a-l.a,l.b-l.a)<0) return dis_PP(a,l.a);</pre>
10
       if (dot(a-l.b,l.a-l.b)<0) return dis_PP(a,l.b);</pre>
12
       return dis_PL(a,l);
13
   点绕中心旋转
   template <class T>
   Point<T> rotate(Point<T> a,double alpha)
   { return Point<T>(a.x*cos(alpha)-a.y*sin(alpha),a.x*sin(alpha)+a.y*cos(alpha)); }
    关于线的对称点
   template <class T>
   Point<T> lineRoot(Point<T> a,Line<T> l)
2
3
       Point<T> v=l.b-l.a;
       return l.a+v*(dot(a-l.a,v)/dot(v,v));
   }
   template <class T>
   Point<T> symmetry_PL(Point<T> a,Line<T> l) { return a+(lineRoot(a,l)-a)*2; }
   位置关系判断
   template <class T>
   bool pointOnSegment(Point<T> a,Line<T> l)
   { return (sgn(cross(a-l.a,a-l.b))==0)&&(sgn(dot(a-l.a,a-l.b))<=0); }
   template <class T>
   bool lineCrossLine(Line<T> a,Line<T> b)
       double f1=cross(b.a-a.a,a.b-a.a),f2=cross(b.b-a.a,a.b-a.a);
       double g1=cross(a.a-b.a,b.b-b.a),g2=cross(a.b-b.a,b.b-b.a);
       return ((f1<0)^(f2<0))&&((g1<0)^(g2<0));
10
11
   }
12
   template <class T>
   bool pointOnLineLeft(Point<T> a,Line<T> l) { return cross(l.b-l.a,a-l.a)>0; }
14
```

```
//适用任意多边形,O(n)
17
    template <class T>
    bool pointInPolygon(Point<T> a,const vector<Point<T>> &p)
18
19
20
         int n=p.size();
         for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
21
              if (pointOnSegment(a,Line<T>(p[i],p[(i+1)%n])))
22
                  return 1;
23
         bool t=0;
24
         for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
25
26
27
             Point<T> u=p[i],v=p[(i+1)%n];
             if (u.x<a.x&&v.x>=a.x&&pointOnLineLeft(a,Line<T>(v,u))) t^=1;
28
             if (u.x>=a.x&&v.x<a.x&&pointOnLineLeft(a,Line<T>(u,v))) t^=1;
29
30
         }
         return t;
31
32
    }
33
34
    //适用凸多边形, O(log n)
    \textbf{template} \hspace{0.1cm} <\hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{class} \hspace{0.1cm} \textcolor{red}{\textbf{T}}\hspace{-0.1cm} > \hspace{-0.1cm}
35
    bool pointInPolygon_(Point<T> a,const vector<Point<T>> &p)
36
37
         int n=p.size():
38
         if (cross(a-p[0],p[1]-p[0])<0||cross(a-p[0],p[n-1]-p[0])>0) return 0;
39
          \textbf{if} \ (pointOnSegment(a,Line<T>(p[0],p[1])) | | pointOnSegment(a,Line<T>(p[n-1],p[0]))) \ \textbf{return 1}; \\ 
40
41
         int l=1,r=n-1;
         while (l+1<r)
42
43
44
             int mid=(l+r)>>1;
             if (cross(a-p[1],p[mid]-p[1])<0) l=mid;</pre>
45
             else r=mid;
46
47
         if (cross(a-p[l],p[r]-p[l])>0) return 0;
48
49
         if (pointOnSegment(a,Line<T>(p[l],p[r]))) return 1;
         return 1;
50
51
    }
    线段交点
    //小 心 平 行
    template <class T>
    Point<T> lineIntersection(Line<T> a,Line<T> b)
    {
         Point<T> u=a.a-b.a,v=a.b-a.a,w=b.b-b.a;
         double t=cross(u,w)/cross(w,v);
         return a.a+t*v;
    }
    过定点做圆的切线
    template <class T>
    vector<Line<T>> tan_PC(Point<T> a,Point<T> c,T r)
2
         Point<T> v=c-a;
4
         vector<Line<T>> res;
         int dis=dis_PP(a,c);
         if (sgn(dis-r)==0) res.push_back(rotate(v,acos(-1)/2));
         else if (dis>r)
              double alpha=asin(r/dis);
10
             res.push_back(rotate(v,alpha));
11
             res.push_back(rotate(v,-alpha));
12
13
         }
         return res:
14
    }
    两圆交点
    template <class T>
    vector<Point<T>> circleIntersection(Point<T> c1,T r1,Point<T> c2,T r2)
```

16

```
{
3
4
        auto get=[&](Point<T> c,T r,double alpha)->Point<T>
        { return Point<T>(c.x+cos(alpha)*r,c.y+sin(alpha)*r); };
        auto angle=[&](Point<T> a)->double { return atan2(a.x,a.y); };
        vector<Point<T>> res;
        double d=dis_PP(c1,c2);
10
        if (sgn(d)==0) return res;
11
12
        if (sgn(r1+r2-d)<0) return res;</pre>
        if (sgn(fabs(r1-r2)-d)>0) return res;
13
14
        double alpha=angle(c2-c1);
        double beta=acos((r1*r1-r2*r2+d*d)/(r1*d*2));
15
        Point<T> p1=get(c1,r1,alpha-beta),p2=get(c1,r1,alpha+beta);
16
        res.push_back(p1);
17
        if (p1!=p2) res.push_back(p2);
18
        return res;
   }
20
    多边形面积
    template <class T>
1
    double polygonArea(const vector<Point<T>> &p)
2
    {
3
        int n=p.size();
        double res=0;
5
        for (int i=1;i<n-1;i++) res+=cross(p[i]-p[0],p[i+1]-p[0]);</pre>
        return fabs(res/2);
    自适应辛普森法
    //注意边界函数值不能小于 eps
   double f(double x) { return pow(x,0.5); }
    double calc(double l,double r)
    {
4
        double mid=(l+r)/2.0;
        return (r-l)*(f(l)+f(r)+f(mid)*4.0)/6.0;
    double simpson(double l,double r,double lst)
    {
        double mid=(l+r)/2.0;
        double fl=calc(l,mid),fr=calc(mid,r);
11
        if (sgn(fl+fr-lst)==0) return fl+fr;
12
13
        else return simpson(l,mid,fl)+simpson(mid,r,fr);
   }
14
    静态凸包
    template <class T>
    vector<Point<T>> getHull(vector<Point<T>> p)
2
3
    {
        vector<Point<T>> h,l;
4
        sort(p.begin(),p.end(),[&](auto a,auto b)
5
            if (a.x!=b.x) return a.x<b.x;</pre>
            else return a.y<b.y;</pre>
        });
        p.erase(unique(p.begin(),p.end()),p.end());
10
11
        if (p.size()<=1) return p;</pre>
        for (auto a:p)
12
13
            while (h.size()>1&&sgn(cross(a-h.back(),a-h[h.size()-2]))<=0) h.pop_back();</pre>
14
            while (l.size()>1&&sgn(cross(a-l.back(),a-l[l.size()-2]))>=0) l.pop_back();
15
16
            l.push_back(a);
            h.push_back(a);
17
18
        l.pop_back();
19
        reverse(h.begin(),h.end());
```

```
h.pop_back();
21
22
        l.insert(l.end(),h.begin(),h.end());
        return l;
23
    }
24
    旋转卡壳求直径
    template <class T>
    double getDiameter(vector<Point<T>> p)
2
3
        double res=0;
        if (p.size()==2) return dis_PP(p[0],p[1]);
        int n=p.size();
        p.push_back(p.front());
        int j=2;
        for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
10
11
            \textbf{while} \ (sgn(cross(p[i+1]-p[i],p[j]-p[i])-cross(p[i+1]-p[i],p[j+1]-p[i])) < \emptyset)
                j=(j+1)%n;
12
13
             res=max({res,dis_PP(p[i],p[j]),dis_PP(p[i+1],p[j])});
        }
14
15
        return res;
    }
16
    半平面交
    template <class T>
1
2
    vector<Point<T>> hp(vector<Line<T>> lines)
    {
3
        sort(lines.begin(),lines.end(),[&](auto l1,auto l2)
5
        {
            auto d1=l1.b-l1.a;
            auto d2=l2.b-l2.a;
            if (sgn(d1)!=sgn(d2)) return sgn(d1)==1;
            return cross(d1,d2)>0;
10
        });
11
12
        deque<Line<T>> ls;
13
14
        deque<Point<T>> ps;
        for (auto l:lines)
15
16
             if (ls.empty())
17
18
            {
19
                 ls.push_back(l);
                 continue;
20
21
            while (!ps.empty()&&!pointOnLineLeft(ps.back(),l))
22
23
            {
                 ps.pop_back();
24
                 ls.pop_back();
25
26
            }
            while (!ps.empty()&&!pointOnLineLeft(ps[0],l))
27
28
            {
                 ps.pop_front();
29
                 ls.pop_front();
30
31
            if (cross(l.b-l.a,ls.back().b-ls.back().a) == 0)
32
33
                 if (dot(l.b-l.a,ls.back().b-ls.back().a)>0)
34
35
                     if (!pointOnLineLeft(ls.back().a,l))
36
37
                     {
                          assert(ls.size()==1);
38
                          ls[0]=l;
39
40
                     continue;
41
42
43
                 return {};
            }
44
```

```
ps.push_back(lineIntersection(ls.back(),l));
45
46
             ls.push_back(l);
        }
47
        while (!ps.empty()&&!pointOnLineLeft(ps.back(),ls[0]))
48
49
             ps.pop_back();
50
51
             ls.pop_back();
52
        if (ls.size()<=2) return {};</pre>
53
54
        ps.push_back(lineIntersection(ls[0],ls.back()));
        return vector(ps.begin(),ps.end());
55
56
    }
    最小圆覆盖
    期望时间复杂度为O(n)。
    using Real=long double;
    //only for 3*3
3
    Real det(vector<vector<Real>> a)
    {
        Real res=0;
        for (int i=0;i<3;i++)</pre>
             Real tmp=1;
             for (int j=0;j<3;j++)</pre>
10
                 tmp*=a[j][(i+j)%3];
11
12
             res+=tmp;
13
14
        for (int i=0;i<3;i++)</pre>
15
        {
             Real tmp=1;
16
17
            for (int j=0;j<3;j++)</pre>
                tmp*=a[j][(i+j*2)%3];
18
19
             res-=tmp;
        }
20
        return res;
21
    }
22
23
24
    mt19937_64 rnd(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
25
    tuple<Point<Real>,Real> Coverage(vector<Point<Real>> p)
26
27
    {
28
        int n=p.size();
29
        shuffle(p.begin(),p.end(),rnd);
        Point<Real> C=p[0];
30
        Real r=0;
31
        for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
32
             if (dis_PP(C,p[i])>r)
33
34
             {
                 C=p[i],r=0;
35
                 for (int j=0;j<i;j++)</pre>
                     if (dis_PP(C,p[j])>r)
37
38
                          C=(p[i]+p[j])*0.5;
39
                          r=dis_PP(p[i],p[j])*0.5;
40
41
                          for (int k=0;k<j;k++)</pre>
                              if (dis_PP(C,p[k])>r)
42
43
                                   array<Real,3> x,y;
44
                                   x[0]=p[i].x,y[0]=p[i].y;
45
46
                                   x[1]=p[j].x,y[1]=p[j].y;
                                   x[2]=p[k].x,y[2]=p[k].y;
47
48
                                   vector<vector<Real>> a(3,vector<Real>(3)),b(a),c(a);
                                   for (int t=0;t<3;t++)</pre>
49
                                   {
51
                                       a[t][0]=b[t][0]=x[t]*x[t]+y[t]*y[t];
                                       c[t][0]=b[t][1]=x[t];
52
53
                                       a[t][1]=c[t][1]=y[t];
                                       a[t][2]=b[t][2]=c[t][2]=1;
54
```