

Plán na letný semester:

naprogramovať rozhranie medzi datalogom a relačnou algebrou na výpočet rekurzívnych dotazov implementovanou v java

Parser gramatika:

```
<program> : <fact> {','<fact>} | <fact> {','<fact>} <rule> {','<rule>} ;
<fact> : <predicate> '(' [<literal> {','<literal>}] ')' '.' ;
<rule> : <hlava> ':-' <telo> '.' ;
<telo> : <atom> {','<atom>}
<hlava> : <predicate> '(' [<argument> {','<argument>}] ')'
<atom> : <predicate> '(' [<argument> {','<argument>}] ')' | '/' '+' <atom>
<argument> : <literal> | <variable> ;
tokens = {'(' , ')', 'variable', 'literal', 'predicate', '/+', ':-', ',', '.', 'eof', 'unknown'}
// pre nularne predikaty : <predicate> '(' ')'
```

Hotová je syntaktická analýza ktorá kontroluje či datalogovský program patrí do predchádzajúcej gramatiky, ak nepatrí vráti chybovú hlášku s pozíciou, kde je chyba.

Ďalej je spravené parsovanie a ukladanie faktov ktoré sú ukladané ako Relation implementované v dataStructure.

V relačnej algebre sú implementované operátory Join, AntiJoin a Union, selekcia a projekcia sa robí pomocou TupleTransformation ktoré sa posiela operátorom v konštruktoe.

Preklad pravidiel by mal fungovať nasledovne:

- uložia sa zvlášť pozitívne a negatívne podciele
- spravia sa Joiny pozitívnych podcieľov so selekciami a projekciami v TupleTransform
- spravia sa AntiJoiny negatívnych podcieľov so selekciami a projekciami v TupleTransform

Ďalej uvádzam nejaké ručne prekladané Datalogovské programy ktoré boli zároveň použité na testovanie top-down algoritmu na výpočet rekurzívnych dotazov:

```
1)
/*move(1,2)
move(2,1)
move(2,3)
move(3,4)
move(4,5)
move(5,6)
win(X) :- move(X,Y), \+win(Y)*/
```

```
win(X) = {5, 3}
/*=====*/
String[][] m = {{"1","2"}, {"2","1"}, {"2","3"}, {"3","4"}, {"4","5"}, {"5","6"}} ;
Relation move = new Relation(m);
RelationOperator r = move.operator();
RecursiveOperator win = new AntiJoin(r, this, (t1, t2) -> {
    if (t1.get(1) == t2.get(0)) {
        return null;
    }
    Tuple t3 = new Tuple();
    t3.add(t1.get(0));
    return t3;
})
```

);

2)

/*R = {(0)}

P(x) :- R(x), \+Q(x)

Q(x) :- R(x), \+ P(x)

P={ (0)}, Q = Φ

P = Φ , Q = {(0)}

*/

String[][] R1 = {{"0"}};

Relation R = new Relation(r1);

Operator r = R.operator();

RecursiveOperator P = new AntiJoin(r, Q, (t1,t2)-> {
 if(t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;
 return t1;

});

RecursiveOperator Q = new AntiJoin(r, P, (t1,t2)->{
 if(t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;
 return t1;

});

3)

/*

S = {(1)}

R(x) :- S(x), \+ R(x)

*/

/*=====*/

Relation s = new Relation({{"1"}});

RelationOperator sOperator = s.operator();

RecursiveOperator r = new AntiJoin(sOperator, this, (t1,t2)->{
 if(t1.get(0)==t2.get(0)) return null;
 return t1;

});

4)

/*meal(m1, white).

meal(m2, red).

meal(m3, white).

meal(m3, red).

vegetarian(m3).

vegetarian(X) :- meal(X, Y), \+nonvegetarian(X), \+pork(X), \+beef(X).

nonvegetarian(X) :- meal(X, Y), beef(X), \+vegetarian(X).

pork(X) :- meal(X, Y), nonvegetarian(X), \+ beef(X).

pork(X) :- meal(X, white), nonvegetarian(X), \+ fish(X).

beef(X) :- meal(X, red), \+ vegetarian(X), \+ pork(X).

fish(X) :- meal(X, white), \+ pork(X), \+ beef(X).

*/

/*=====*/

//meal(m1, white).

//meal(m2, red).

//meal(m3, white).

//meal(m3, red).

String[][] meal = {{ "m1", "white"}, {"m2", "red"}, {"m3", "white"}, {"m3", "red"}};

//vegetarian(m3).

//vegetarian(X) :- meal(X, Y), \+nonvegetarian(X), \+pork(X), \+beef(X).

String[][] v1 = {{ "m3"}};

RecursiveOperator vegetarian = new Union(

 v1, new AntiJoin(

 meal, new Union(

 nonvegetarian, new Union(

 pork, beef)),

 (t1,t2) -> {

 if (t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;

 Tuple t3 = new Tuple();

 t3.add(t1.get(0));

 return t3

 }

)

);

//nonvegetarian :- meal(X, Y), beef(X), \+vegetarian(X).

RecursiveOperator nonvegetarian = new AntiJoin(new Join(meal, beef, (t1,t2) -> {

 if (t1.get(0) != t2.get(0)) return null;

 return t2;

 }

),

vegetarian, (t1,t2)->{

 if (t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;

 return t1;

 }

);

//pork(X) :- meal(X, Y), nonvegetarian(X), \+ beef(X).

//pork(X) :- meal(X, white), nonvegetarian(X), \+ fish(X).

RecursiveOperator pork = Union(new AntiJoin(new Join(meal, nonvegetarian, (t1,t2)->{

 if (t1.get(0) != t2.get(0)) return null;

 return t2;

 }),

beef, (t1,t2) -> {

 if (t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;

```

        return t1;
    }},
    new AntiJoin(new Join(meal, nonvegetarian, (t1,t2) -> {
        if (t1.get(0) != t2.get(0)) return null;
        if (t1.get(1) != "white") return null;
        return t2;
    })),
    fish, (t1,t2) -> {
        if (t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;
        return t1;
    }
}
);

```

//beef(X) :- meal(X, red), \+ vegetarian(X), \+ pork(X).

```

RecursiveOperator beef = new AntiJoin(meal, new Union(vegetarian, pork), (t1,t2) -> {
    if (t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;
    if (t1.get(1) != "red") return null;
    Tuple t3 = new Tuple();
    t3.add(t1.get(0));
    return t3;
}
);

```

//fish(X) :- meal(X, white), \+ pork(X), \+ beef(X).

```

RecursiveOperator fish = new AntiJoin(meal, new Union(pork, beef), (t1,t2) -> {
    if (t1.get(0) == t2.get(0)) return null;
    if (t1.get(1) != "white") return null;
    Tuple t3 = new Tuple();
    t3.add(t1.get(0));
    return t3;
}
);

```