



# Project Aristo: Towards Machines that Capture and Reason with Science Knowledge

Peter Clark

November 2019

# The History of KCap

- KCap 2001-19

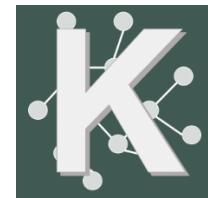


# The History of KCap

- KCap 2001-19



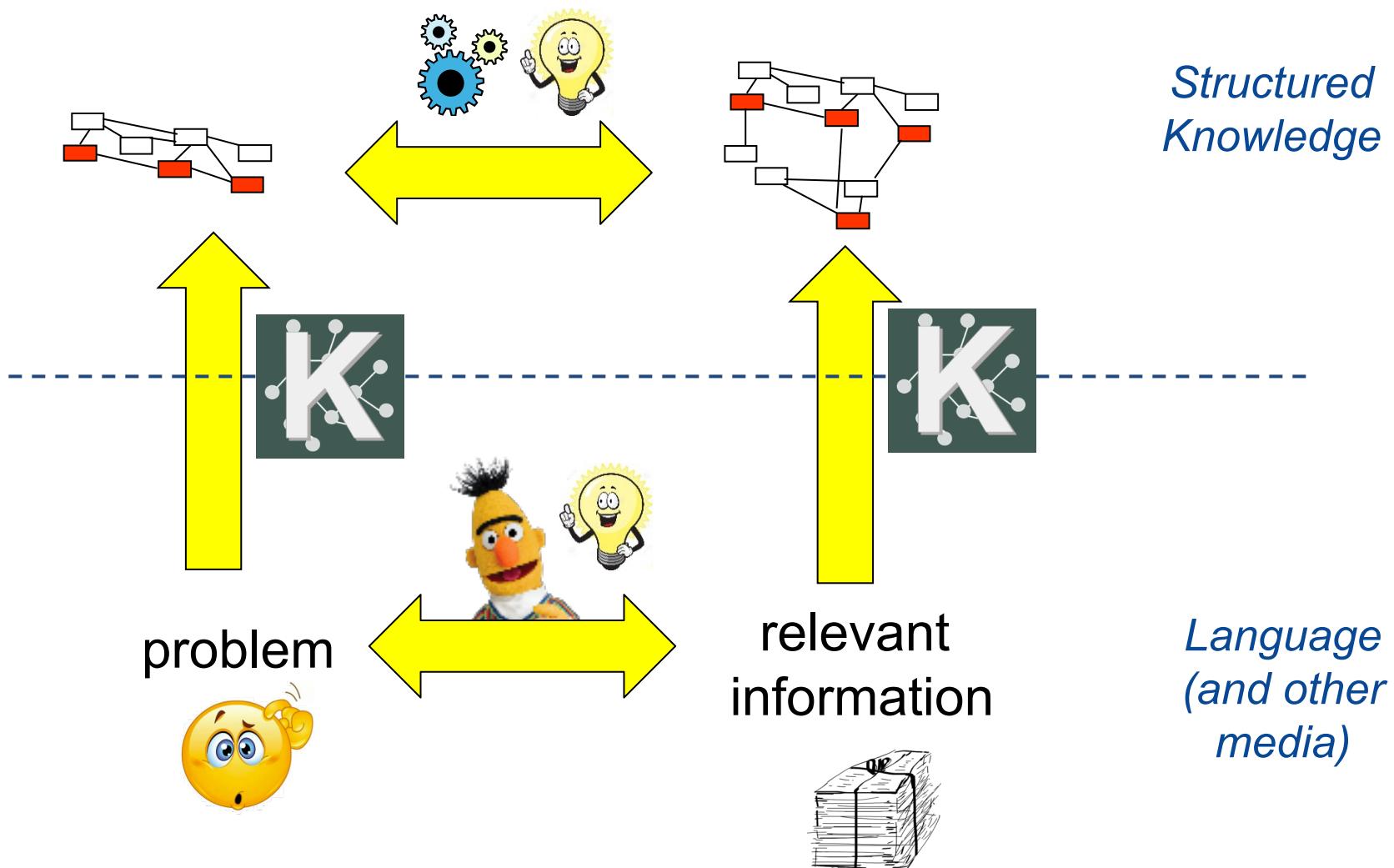
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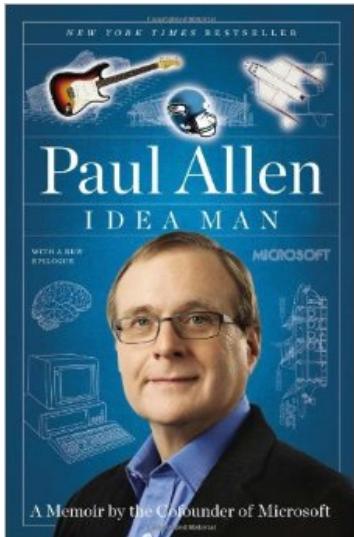
- Banff Knowledge Acquisition Workshops: 1986-1999

How do we get knowledge into the machine in a usable form?

# A Question for the field of Knowledge Capture



# Science Questions: A Grand Challenge...



*Over the last decade, I began to think about a "**Digital Aristotle**", an easy-to-use, all-encompassing knowledge storehouse....to advance the field of AI.*

How are the particles in a block of iron affected when the block is melted?

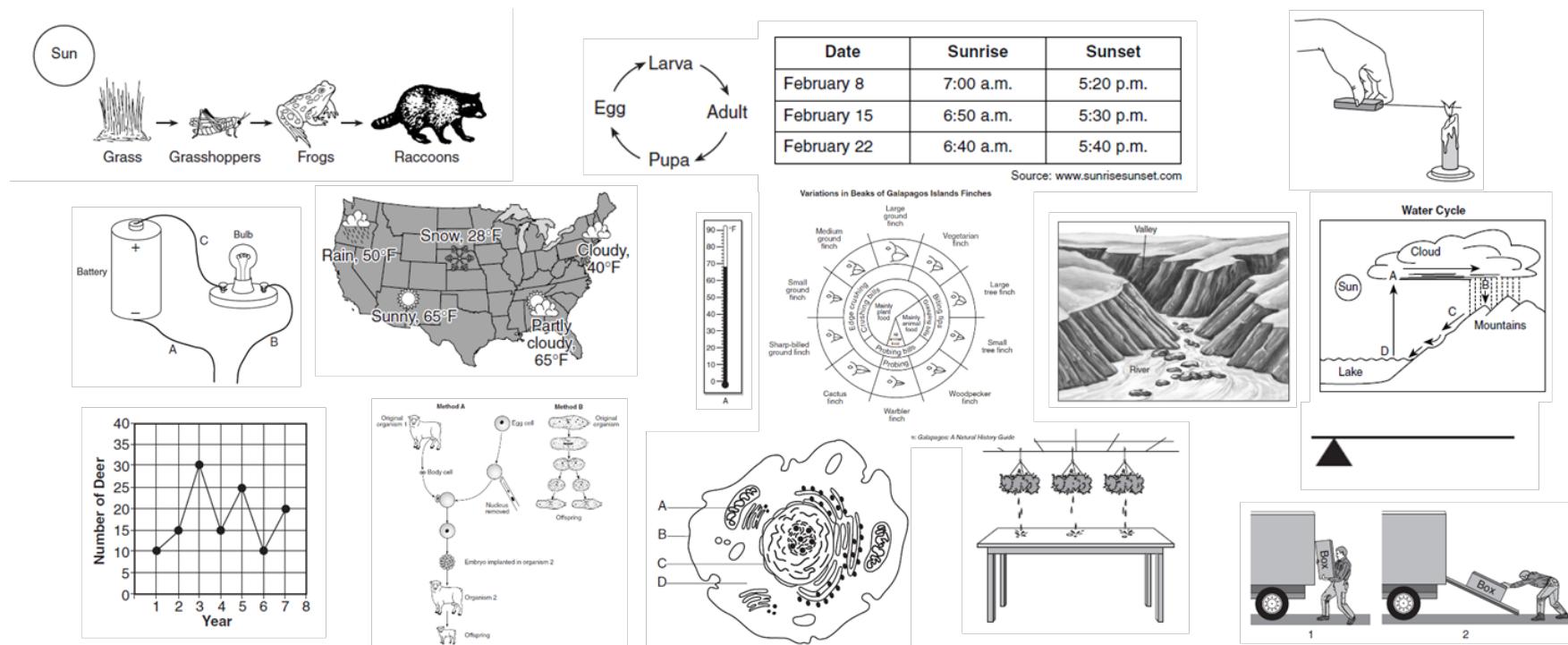
- (A) The particles gain mass.
- (B) The particles contain less energy.
- (C) The particles move more rapidly.**
- (D) The particles increase in volume.



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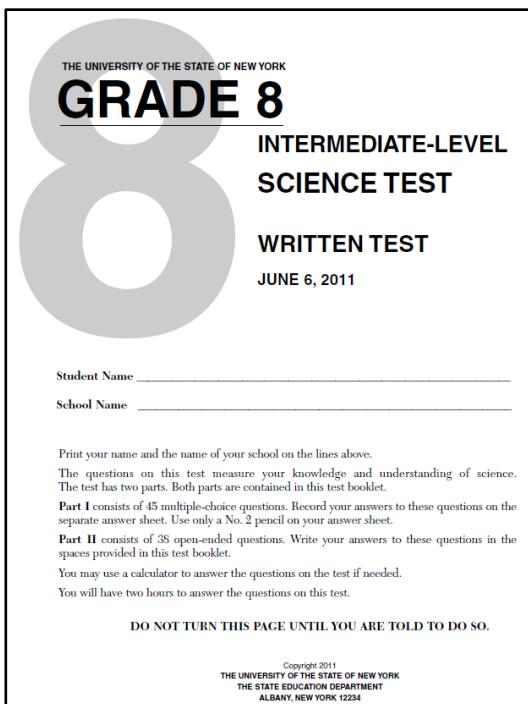
# Question Categories Not Covered

## Diagrams



## Direct Answer Questions

# Progression on NY Regents 8<sup>th</sup> Grade (NDMC)

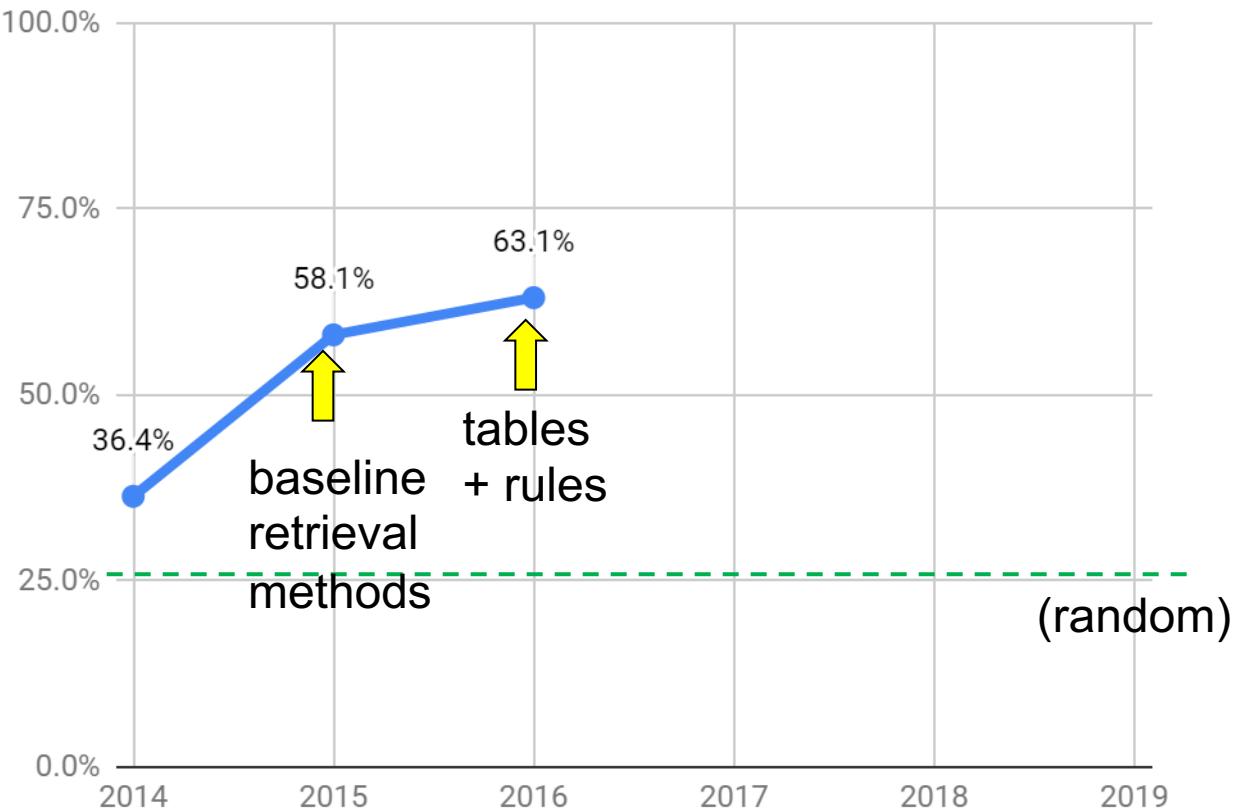
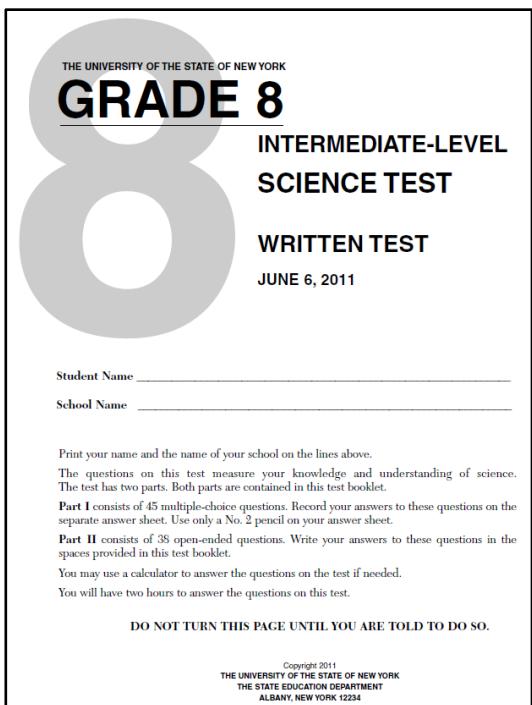


(hidden test set, questions as written, NDMC, 5 years/119 qns)



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# Progression on NY Regents 8<sup>th</sup> Grade (NDMC)



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\$80,000 • 119 teams

# The Allen AI Science Challenge

Wed 7 Oct 2015

Merger and 1st Submission Deadline

Sat 13 Feb 2016 (4.0 days to go)

## Dashboard

Home

Data

Make a submission

## Information

Description

Evaluation

Rules

Prizes

Timeline

## Forum

## Leaderboard

## Public Leaderboard

1. amsqr

2. Cardal

3. poweredByTalkwalker

4. Generation Gap

5. yamayamada

[Competition Details](#) » [Get the Data](#) » [Make a submission](#)

## Is your model smarter than an 8th grader?

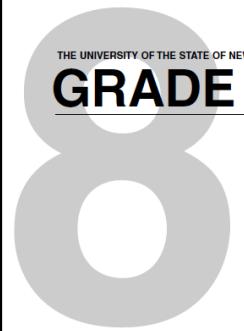


The Allen Institute for Artificial Intelligence (AI2) is working to improve humanity through fundamental advances in artificial intelligence. One critical but challenging problem in AI is to demonstrate the ability to consistently understand and correctly answer general questions about the world.

The [Aristo project](#) at AI2 is focused on building such a system. One way Aristo "learns" is by extracting facts from various sources and processing them into a structured knowledge base. When taking an exam, questions are parsed and processed along with

# Progression on NY Regents 8<sup>th</sup> Grade (NDMC)

CADE METZ BUSINESS 02.16.16 09:00 AM



THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

**GRADE 8**

INTERN  
SCIEN

WRITT

JUNE 6, 20

Student Name \_\_\_\_\_

School Name \_\_\_\_\_

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines.  
The questions on this test measure your knowledge.  
The test has two parts. Both parts are contained in this test.  
**Part I** consists of 45 multiple-choice questions. Record your answers on a separate answer sheet. Use only a No. 2 pencil on your answer sheet.

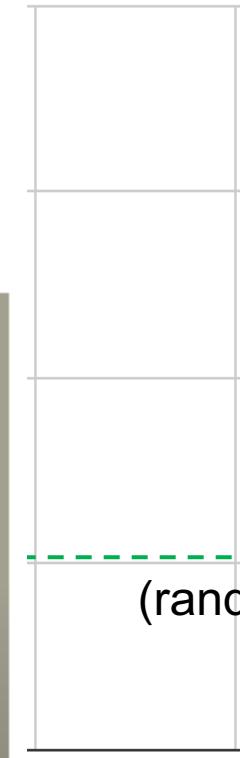
**Part II** consists of 38 open-ended questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this test booklet.

You may use a calculator to answer the questions on this test.  
You will have two hours to answer the questions on this test.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

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THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT  
ALBANY, NEW YORK

## THE BEST AI STILL FLUNKS 8TH GRADE SCIENCE



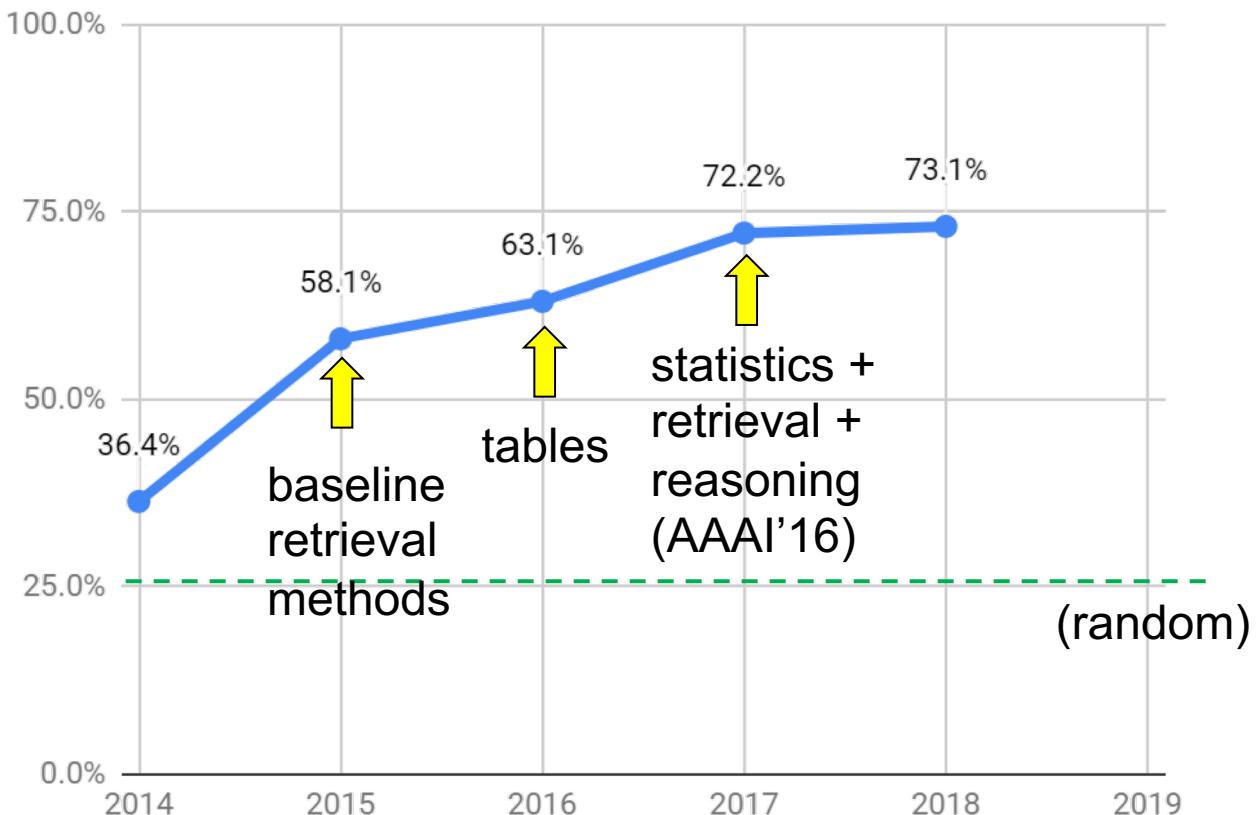
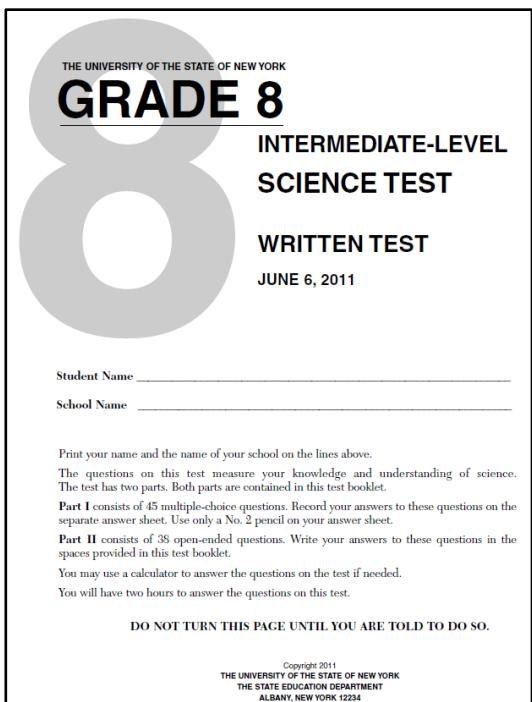
© THEN ONE/WIRED

(hidden test set, questions as written, NDMC, 5 years/119 qns)



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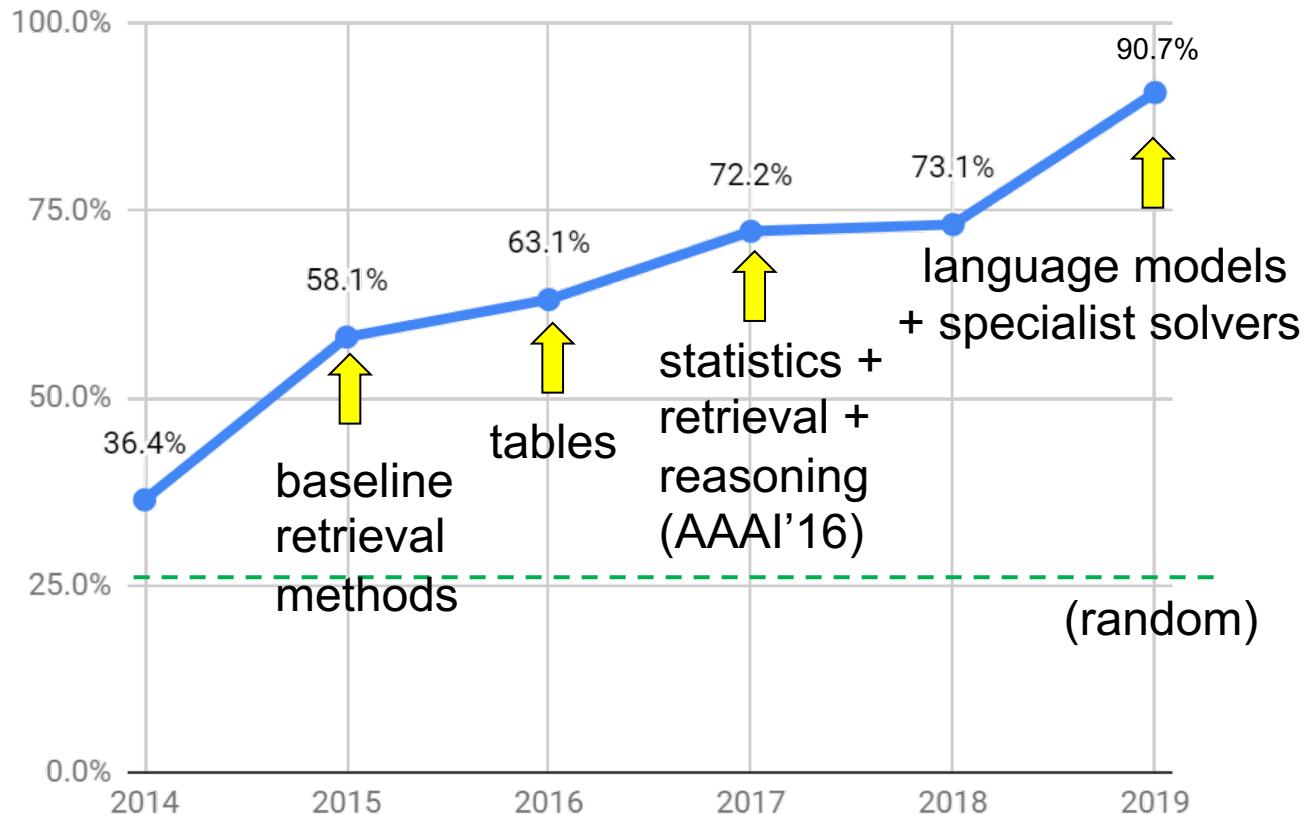
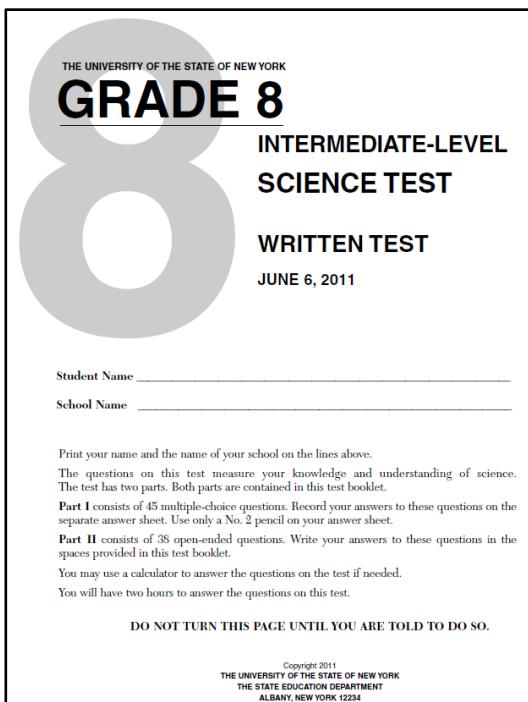


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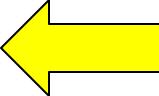
Separate test on 3 latest exams (2017-2019): 93.3%

(hidden test set, questions as written, NDMC, 5 years/119 qns)



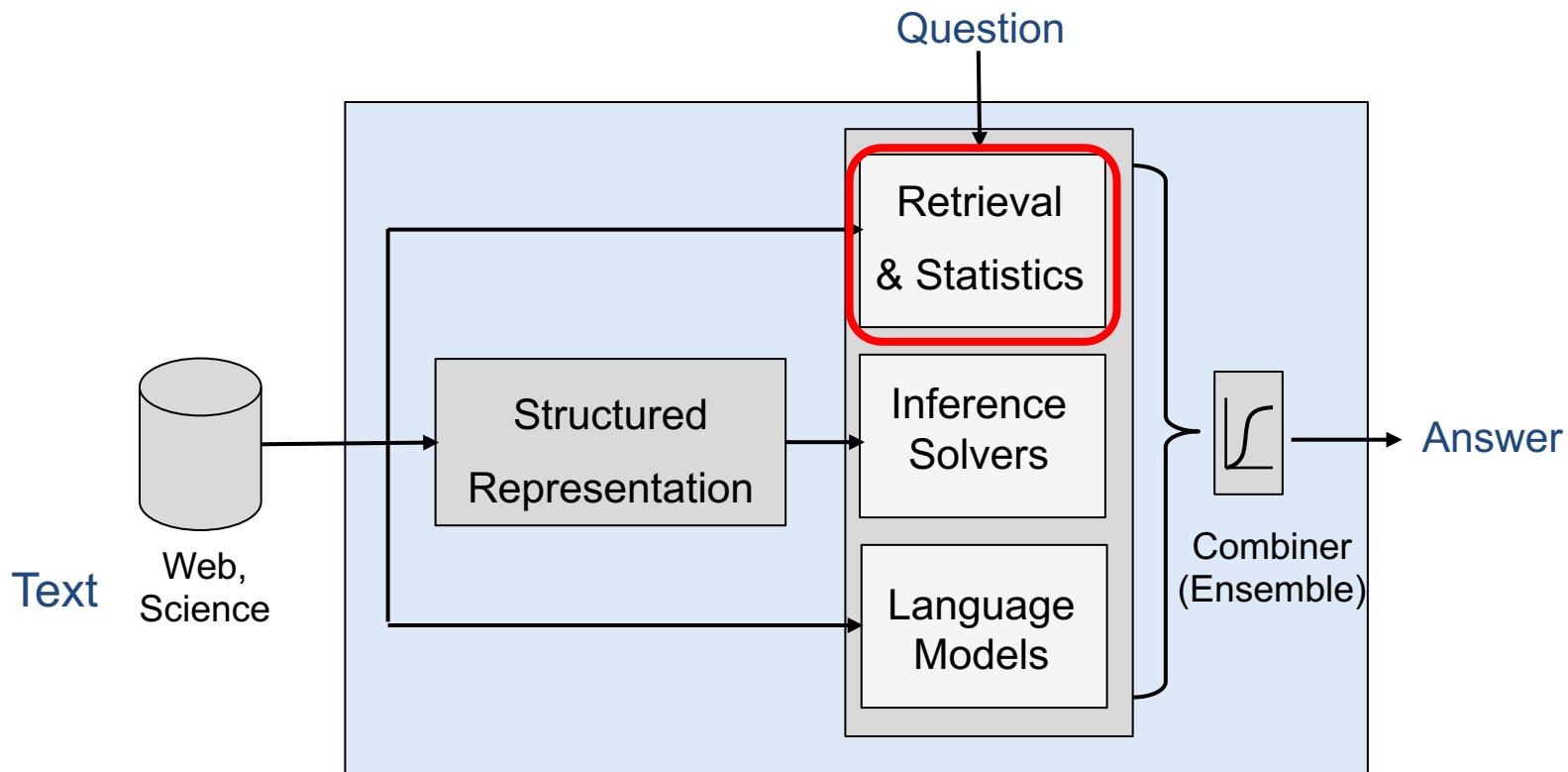
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# Outline

- Introduction
- How does Aristo work? 
- What is going on behind the high scores on the exams?
- Where does Aristo fail?
- What are steps forward?

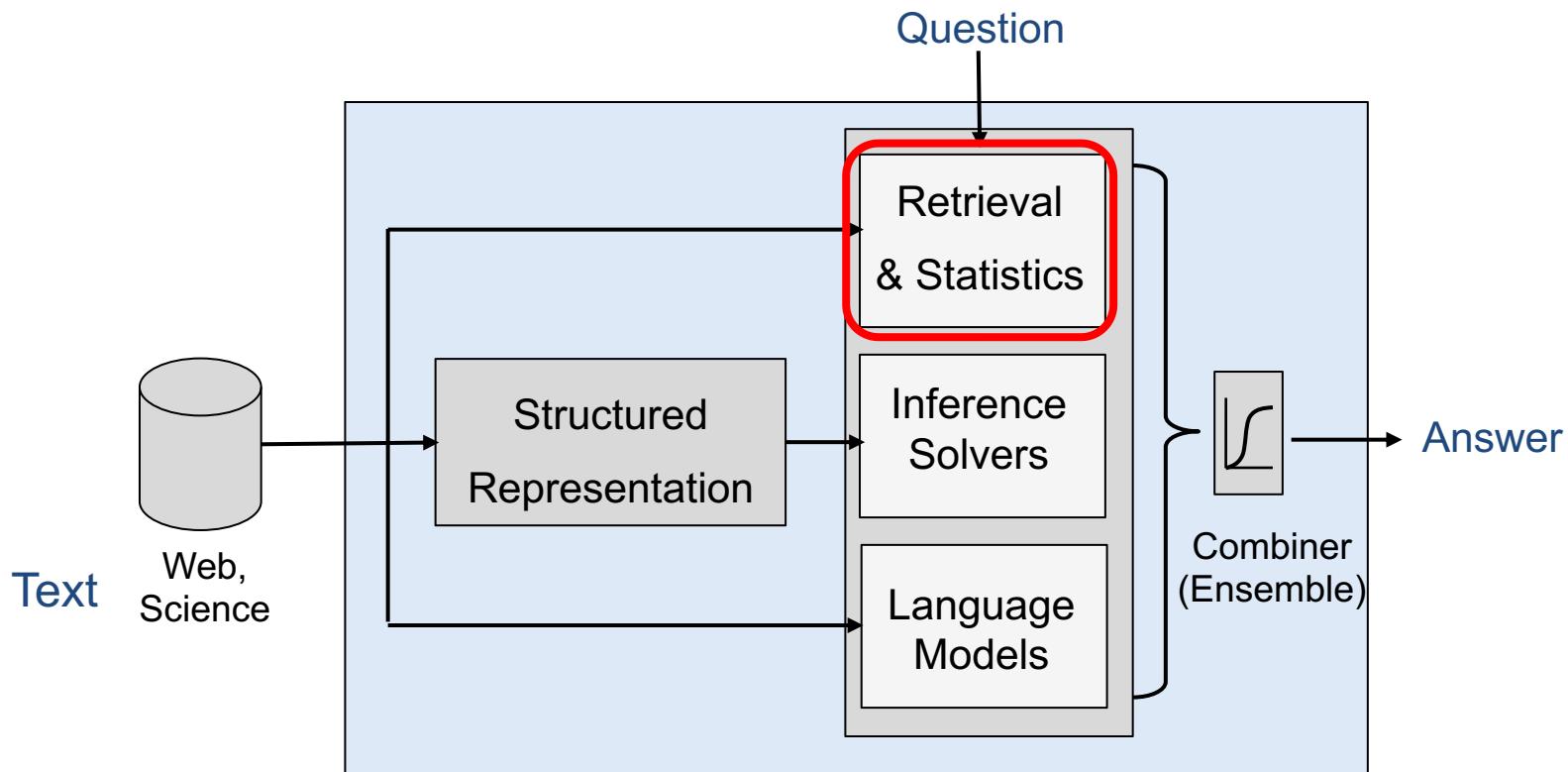
# Aristo: an over-simplified overview

- An ensemble architecture



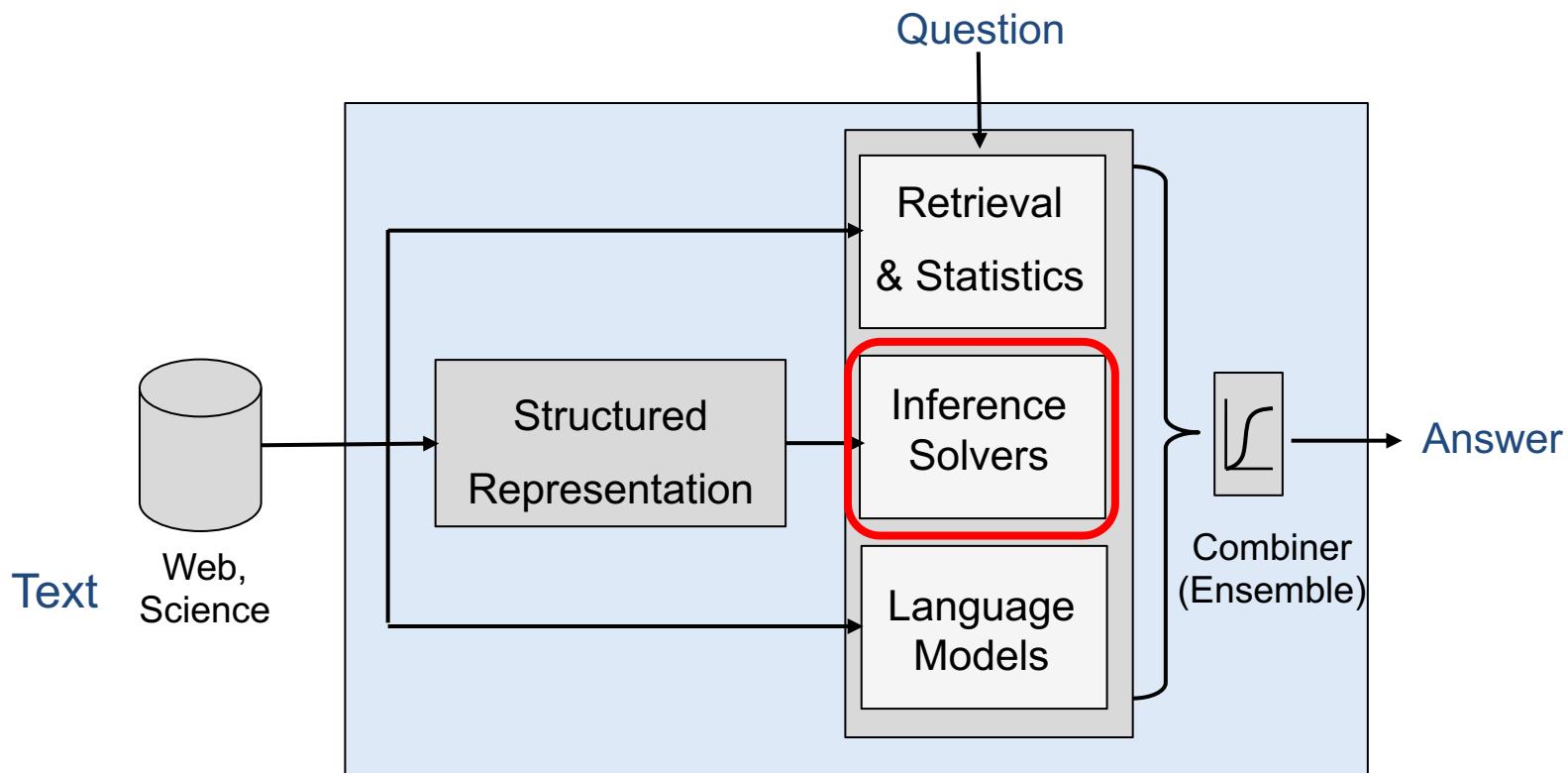
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# 1. Table Knowledge

In New York State, the longest period of daylight occurs during which month? (A) June  
(B) March (C) December (D) September



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# 1. Table Knowledge

In New York State, the longest period of daylight occurs during which month? (A) June  
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- Daylengths in different months and locations?
- Solstices?
- Where is New York State?
- Which hemisphere is it in?

# 1. Table Knowledge: Aristo's Tablestore

- ~120 tables, ~10-500 rows each
- Defined with respect to questions, study guides, syllabus

The screenshot shows a Google Sheets spreadsheet titled "Aristo Table Master Index". The spreadsheet contains a list of 22 tables, each with a unique ID and specific details. The columns are labeled A through G, and the rows are numbered 1 through 22. The columns represent the following information:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Date of last change
1	Table ID	Type	Bounded / Unbounded	Name	Template complete	Table complete	Current num rows	Structure changed
2	<a href="#">Table 01</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Orbital Event Daylight Hours	yes	yes	4	3
3	<a href="#">Table 02</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Orbital Event Timing	yes	yes	8	3
4	<a href="#">Table 03</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Country Hemispheres	yes	yes	267	3
5	<a href="#">Table 04</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Country Subdivisions	yes	yes	214	3
6	<a href="#">Table 05 and 09</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Earth Sciences Terms Examples	yes	yes	98	3
7	<a href="#">Table 06</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Phase Transitions	yes	yes	6	3
8	<a href="#">Table 07</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Device Energy Conversion	yes	yes	77	
9	<a href="#">Table 08</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Material Conductance	yes	yes	32	
10	<a href="#">Table 10</a>	Reusable	Unbounded	Characteristic Inheritance	yes	yes	17	
11	<a href="#">Table 11 and 12</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Adaptation to Environment	yes	yes	76	3
12	<a href="#">Table 13</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Biology Part and Function	yes	yes	17	
13	<a href="#">Table 14</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Senses	yes	yes	5	
14	<a href="#">Table 15</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Measuring Tools Units	yes	yes	23	
15	<a href="#">Table 16</a>	Reusable	Unbounded	Health Habits	yes	yes	316	
16	<a href="#">Table 17</a>	Reusable	Unbounded	Organism Activity Abstract Concrete	yes	SKIP - entailment has this knowledge	23	3
17	<a href="#">Table 18</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Definitions	yes	yes	2467	
18	<a href="#">Table 19</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Device Function Example	yes	yes	80	
19	<a href="#">Table 20</a>	Reusable	Unbounded	Energy Abstract Concrete	yes	yes (complete enough for now)	29	3
20	<a href="#">Table 21</a>	Reusable	Unbounded	Human-Environment Effects	yes	yes	131	3
21	<a href="#">Table 22</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Orbital Time Periods	yes	yes	4	3
22	<a href="#">Table 23</a>	Reusable	Bounded	Definitions	yes	yes	1	3

# IKE – Interactive Knowledge Extraction

OkCorpus   OkCorpus   Gas is conductor of heat - Bhavana  
localhost:8080/#

Target Table: Material-Conduct   Query: (\$Material-Conduct.Material ~1000) \$MC-Context (\$Material-Conduct.Energy)

Searching All 9 Corpora   Suggestions   Narrow ▾   Broaden ▾

Query Expression Editor:

```
graph TD; A[Sequence] --> B[Capture]; A --> C[Capture]; B --> D[$MC-Context]; C --> E[$Material-Conduct.Energy]
```

Add to Material-Conduct	Material	Energy	Count	Context	Order by count ▾
+ -	material	heat	19	Less material dissipates heat slower and the sphere would maintain its temperature longer .	
+ -	air	heat	15	Because air conducts heat much less readily than liquid does , less heat is transferred between the air and the absorber than in a	
+ -	soil	heat	13	In addition , moist soil will conduct heat better than dry soil .	
+ -	liquid	heat	12	But as a liquid absorbs heat energy , its molecules tend to vibrate more and more .	
+ -	gas	heat	11	However , the gas conducts heat away so some additional power is wasted to heating the surroundings .	
+ -	ice	heat	9	Sea ice formation releases heat during freezing conditions , and the melting of sea ice absorbs heat .	
+ -	salt water	electricity	9	The idea here is that salt water conducts electricity , and the conductivity can	
+ -	insulation	heat	8	Since insulation holds heat in , protection is provided by slowing down the loss of heat from young tree trunks , thus making them	
+ -	cold water	heat	6	Answer : Cold water conducts heat away from the body 25 times faster than cold air because water has a much higher conductivity than air .	
+ -	steam	heat	6	Conversion of the water to steam absorbs heat by reducing the oxygen content of the atmosphere and active burning should cease .	
+ -	air	electricity	4	Even an isolating material such as air will conduct electricity during a thunderstorm since lightning bolts have such immense voltages .	
+ -	salt water	heat	4	Solar ponds use the natural properties of salt water to collect and store heat	

(AKBC'16)



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# 1. Table Inference

In New York State, the longest period of daylight occurs during which month? (A) June  
(B) March (C) December (D) September

Subdivision	Country
New York State	USA
California	USA
Rio de Janeiro	Brazil
...	...

Orbital Event	Day Duration	Night Duration
Summer Solstice	Long	Short
Winter Solstice	Short	Long
....	....	...

Country	Hemisphere
United States	Northern
Canada	Northern
Brazil	Southern
....	...

Hemisphere	Orbital Event	Month
North	Summer Solstice	June
North	Winter Solstice	December
South	Summer Solstice	December
South	Winter Solstice	June

Semi-structured Knowledge

## 2. Table Inference

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South	Winter Solstice	June

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....	...

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North	Winter Solstice	December
South	Summer Solstice	December
South	Winter Solstice	June

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South	Summer Solstice	December
South	Winter Solstice	June

Semi-structured Knowledge

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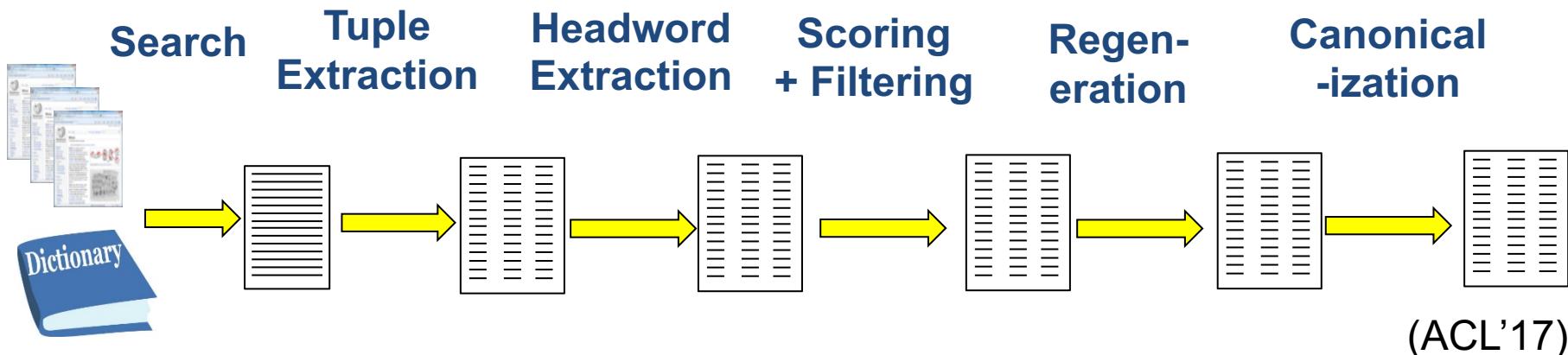
Hemisphere	Orbital Event	Month
North	Summer Solstice	June
North	Winter Solstice	December
South	Summer Solstice	December
South	Winter Solstice	June

Semi-structured Knowledge

IJCAI'16

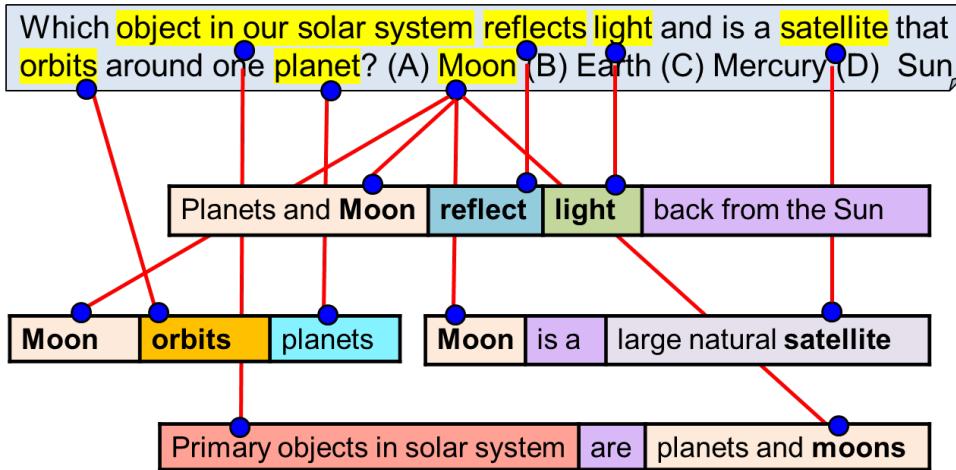
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# 2. Tuple Knowledge

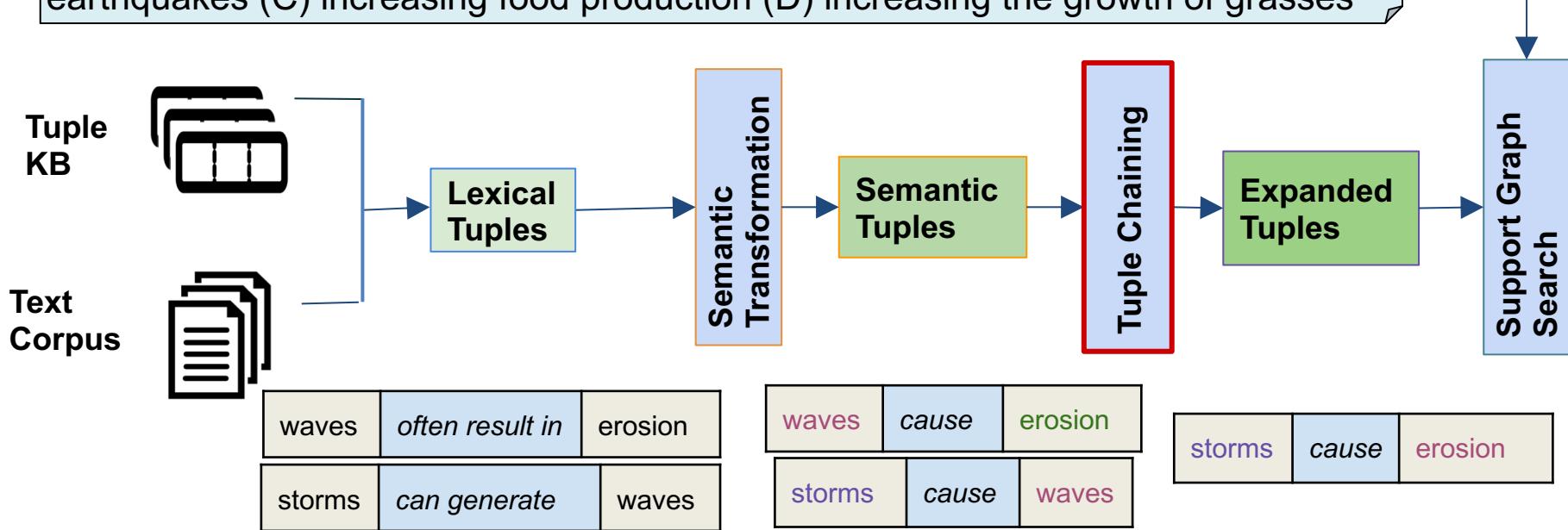


Score		Tuple			Verbalization
...	...	...	...	...	...
1.00	most	elephant	isa	mammal	// Elephant isa mammal.
1.00	most	elephant	isa	pachyderm	// Elephant isa pachyderm.
1.00	most	elephant	require	litre water	// Most elephants require litre water.
1.00	most	elephant	require	water	// Most elephants require water.
...					...
0.92	most	elephant	have	curve spine	// Most elephants have curve spines.
0.92	most	elephant	need	food	// Most elephants need food.
...	...	...	...	...	...
0.83	most	computer	receive	electric energy	// Most computers receive electric energy.
0.67	most	computer	solve	problem	// Most computers solve problems.
0.60	most	computer	provide	prediction	// Most computers provide predictions.
...	...	...	...	...	...

## 2. Tuple Inference

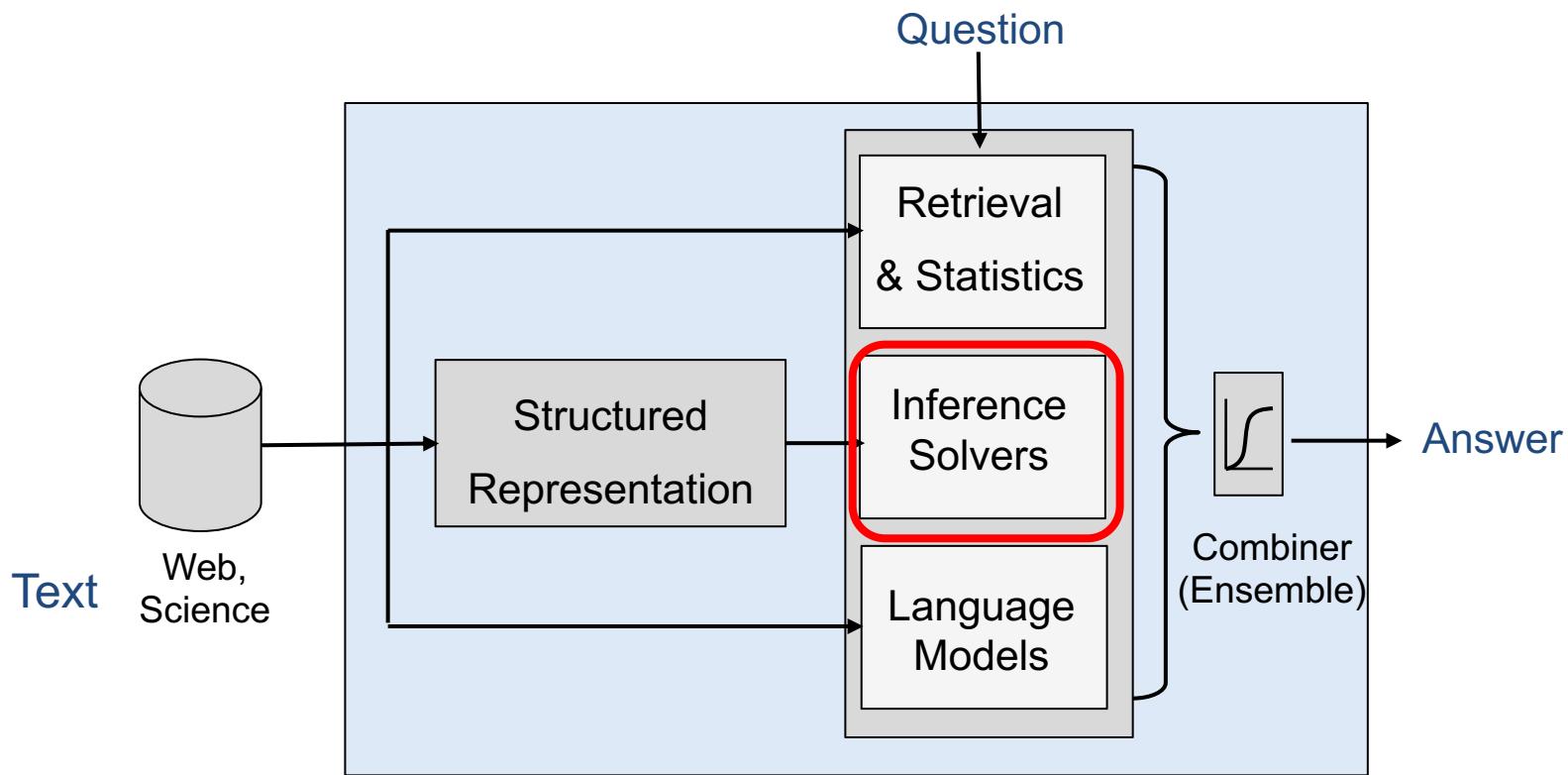


Stormy weather negatively affects a coastline by (A) causing erosion (B) causing earthquakes (C) increasing food production (D) increasing the growth of grasses



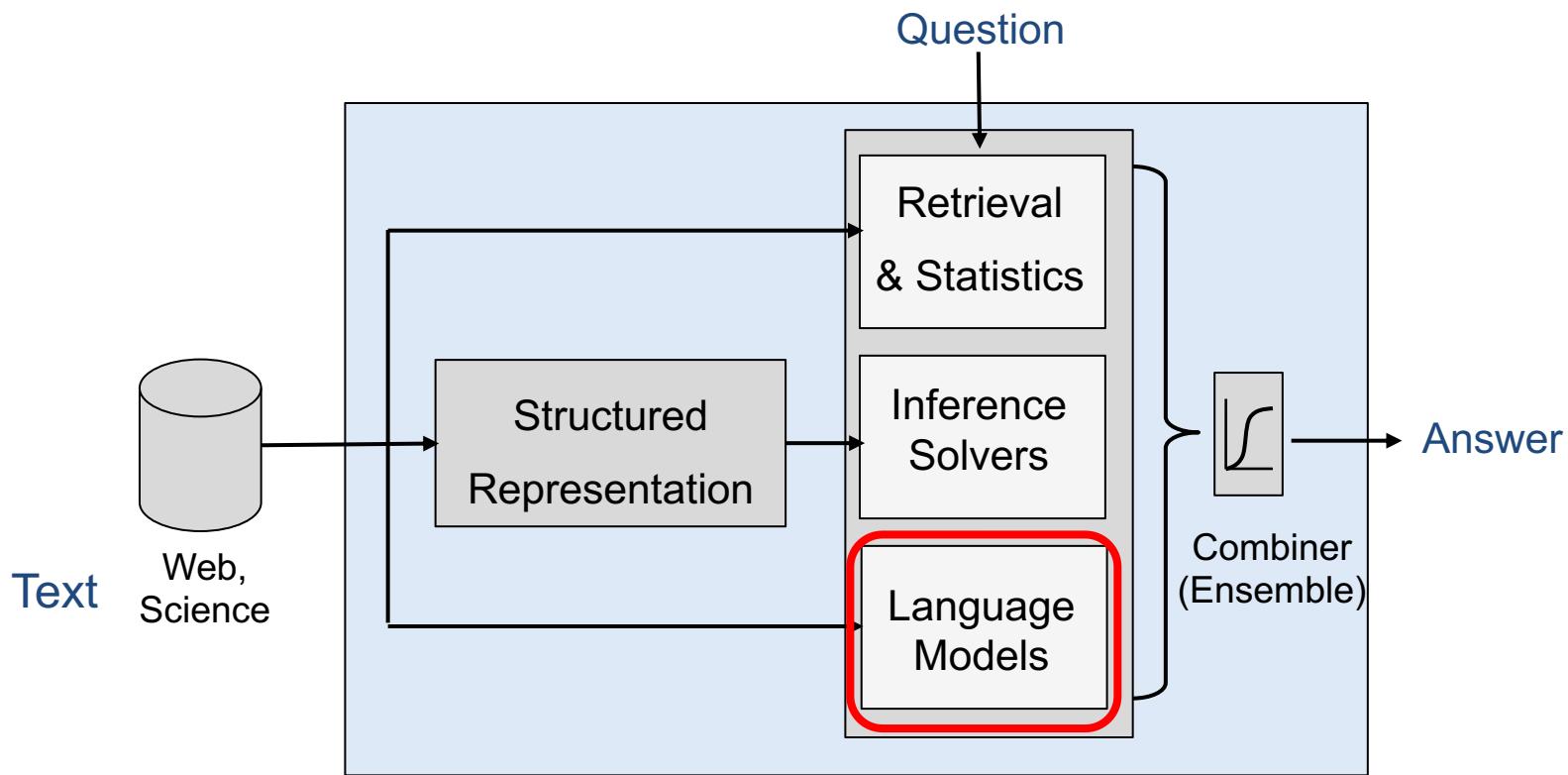
# Aristo: an over-simplified overview

- An ensemble architecture

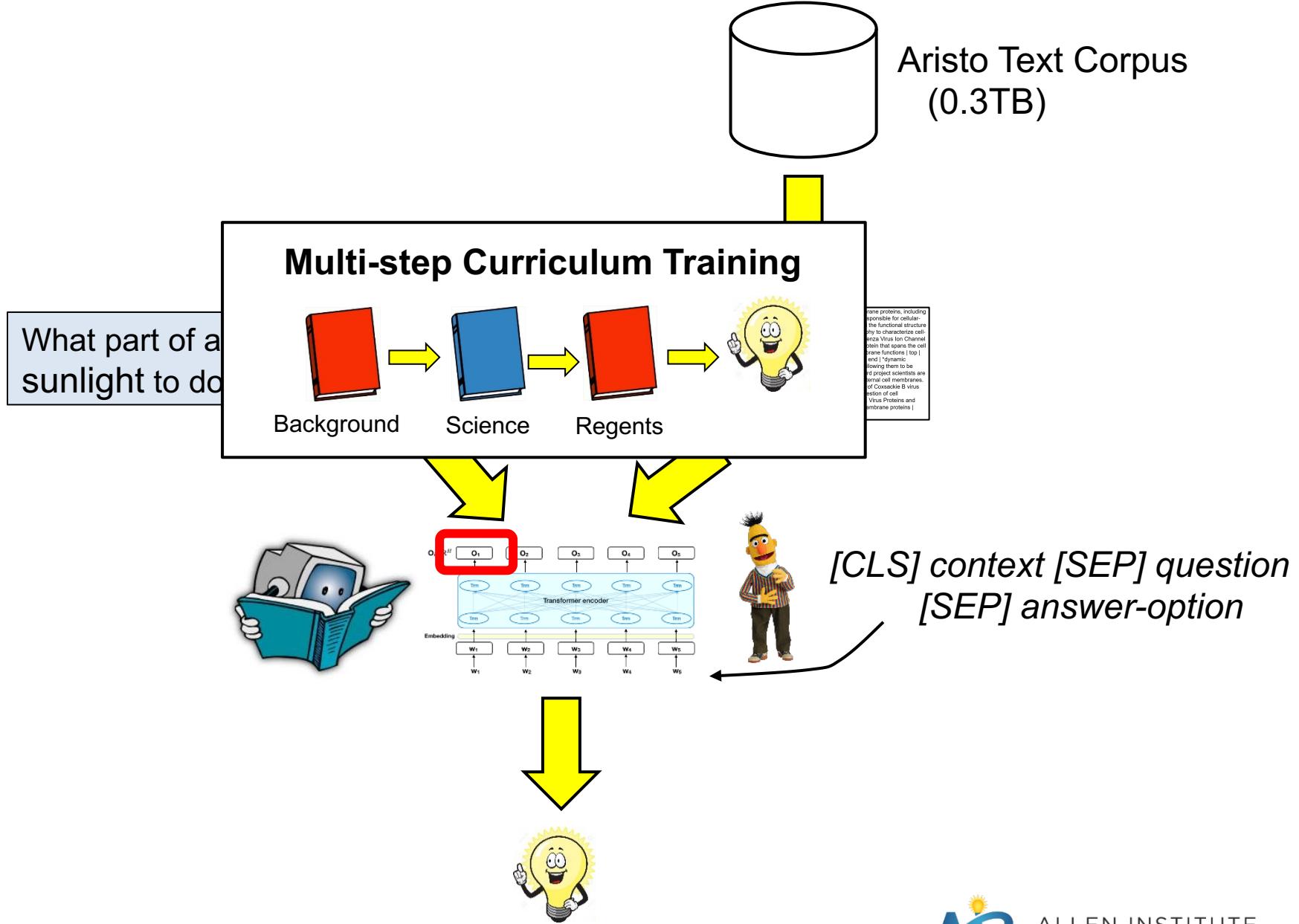


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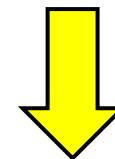
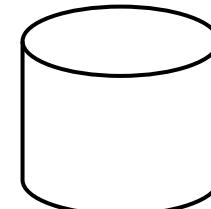
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# BERT and RoBERTa

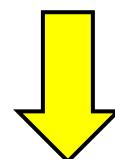
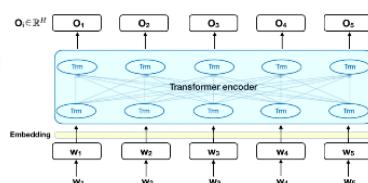


# Where is the Knowledge Capture?

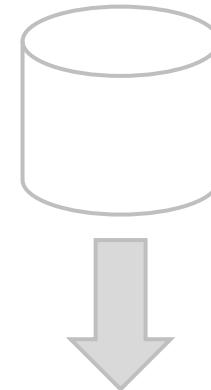


What part of a plant needs sunlight to do its job? (A) leaf

Shin's research interests involve the structure and function of cell membrane proteins, including influenza hemagglutinin protein and an HIV virus spike protein that are responsible for cellular-viral membrane fusion. Biophysical chemists study protein structure and the functional structure of cell membranes. Biochemical engineers study the synthesis and assembly of cell membranes, cell membrane proteins and viruses. Structure-Function Analysis of the Influenza Virus Ion Channel. Influenza virus protein M 2 is a small (97-residue) integral membrane protein that spans the cell membrane once and has a hydrophobic domain that is exposed to the outside of the cell [top]. Composition and Structure | Membrane proteins | Membrane functions | end | "dynamic boundary" Cell membranes enclose the internal compartments of cells, allowing them to be different from their environment. They also act as barriers to other cells. Current research areas are examining the effects of Coxsackie B virus proteins on the function of internal cell membranes. Dr Michael Carter is to undertake a study which will examine the effects of Coxsackie B virus protein on the function of internal cell membranes. A major focus of his research is how membrane structure and function is the structure of membrane proteins. Viral Proteins and Cell Membranes: Cell Membranes | top | Composition and Structure | Membrane proteins | Membrane functions |

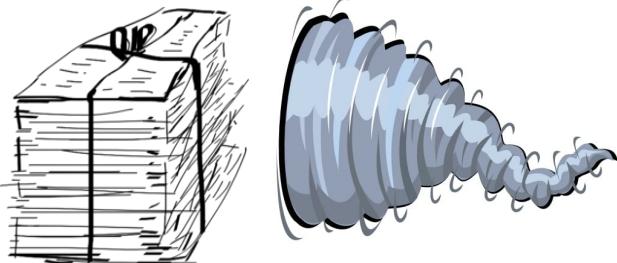


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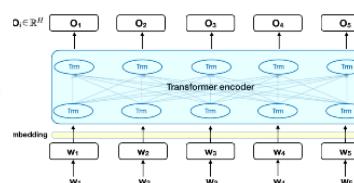


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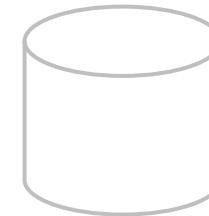


Wikipedia + BookCorpus  
(2.5B words + 11k books)



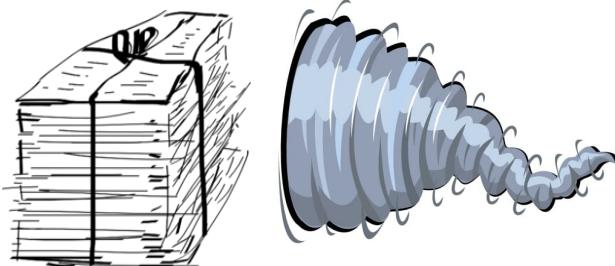
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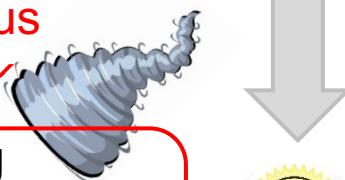
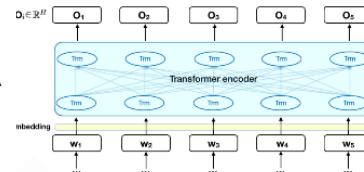
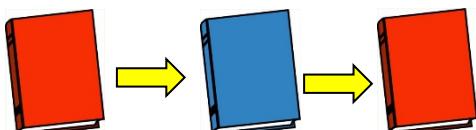
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Wikipedia + BookCorpus  
(2.5B words + 11k books)

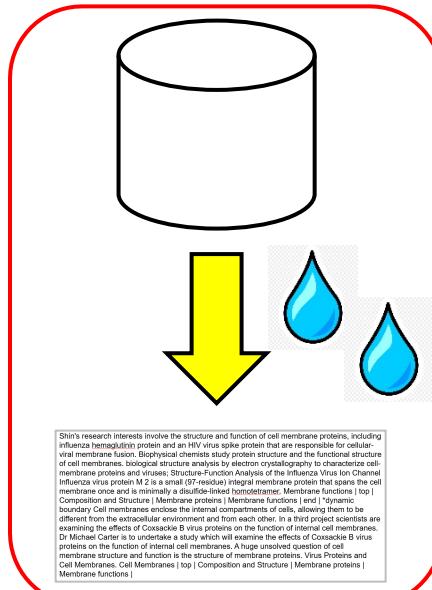
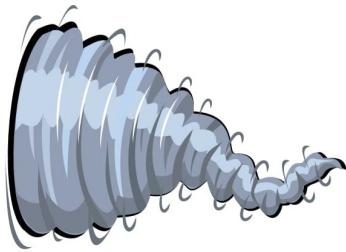
Curriculum Training



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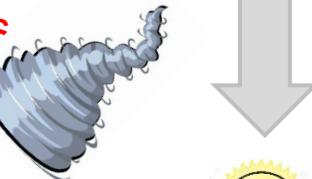
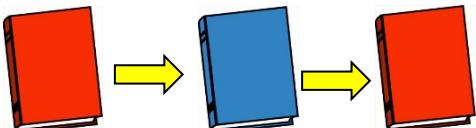
# Where is the Knowledge Capture?

What part of a plant needs sunlight to do its job? (A) leaf...



Wikipedia + BookCorpus  
(2.5B words + 11k boc')

Curriculum Training

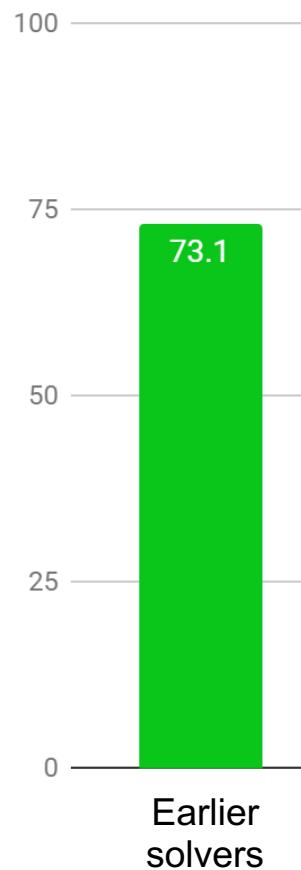


Aristo Corpus  
(2B words)



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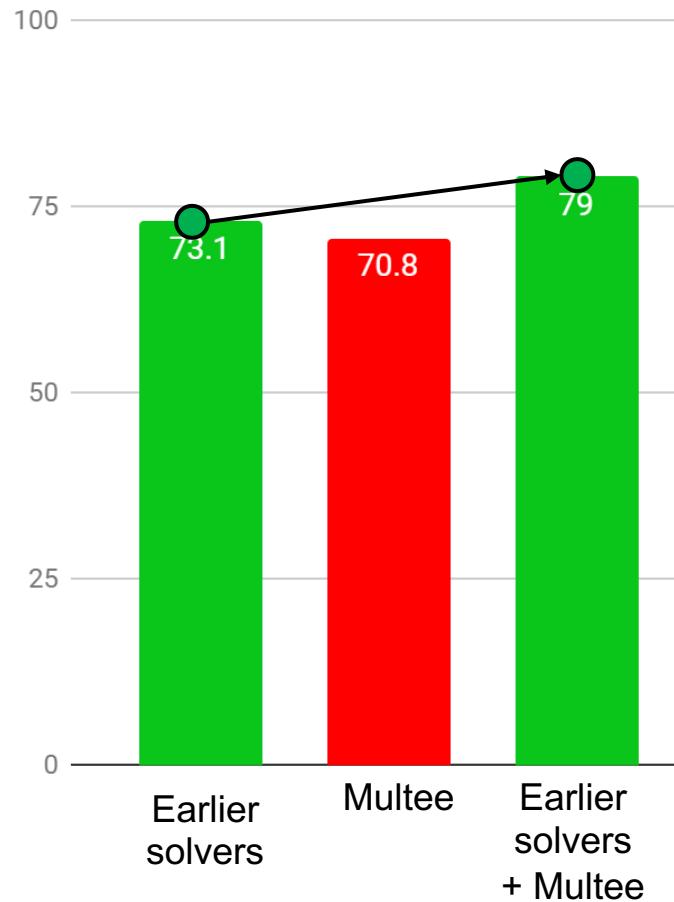
# Exploiting Language Models



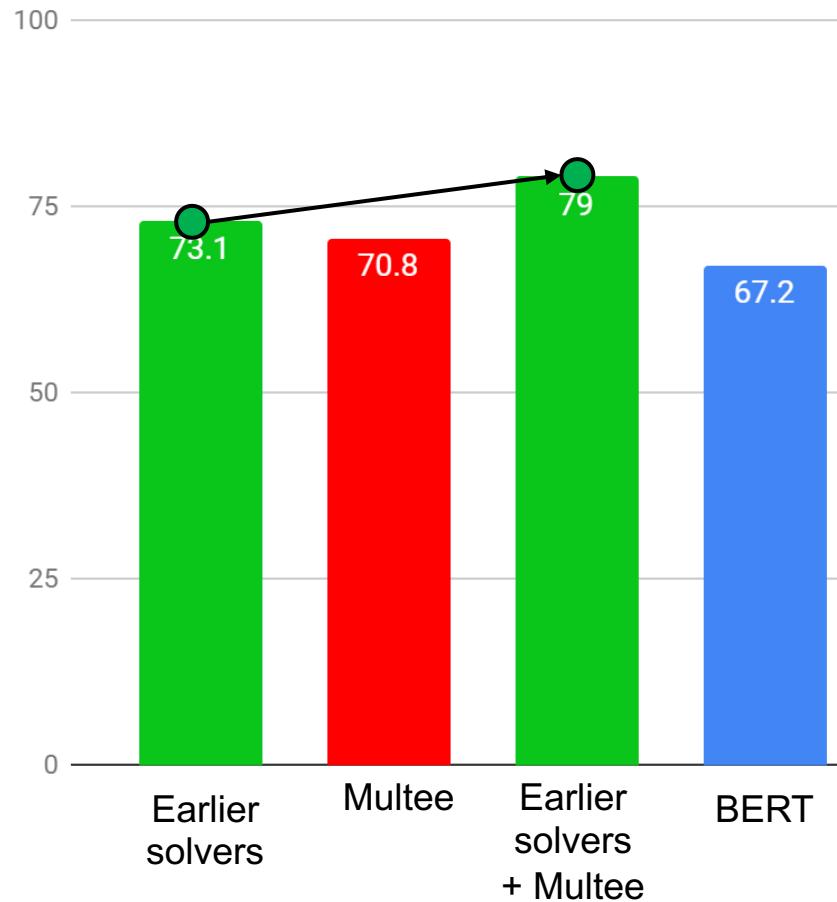
# Exploiting Language Models



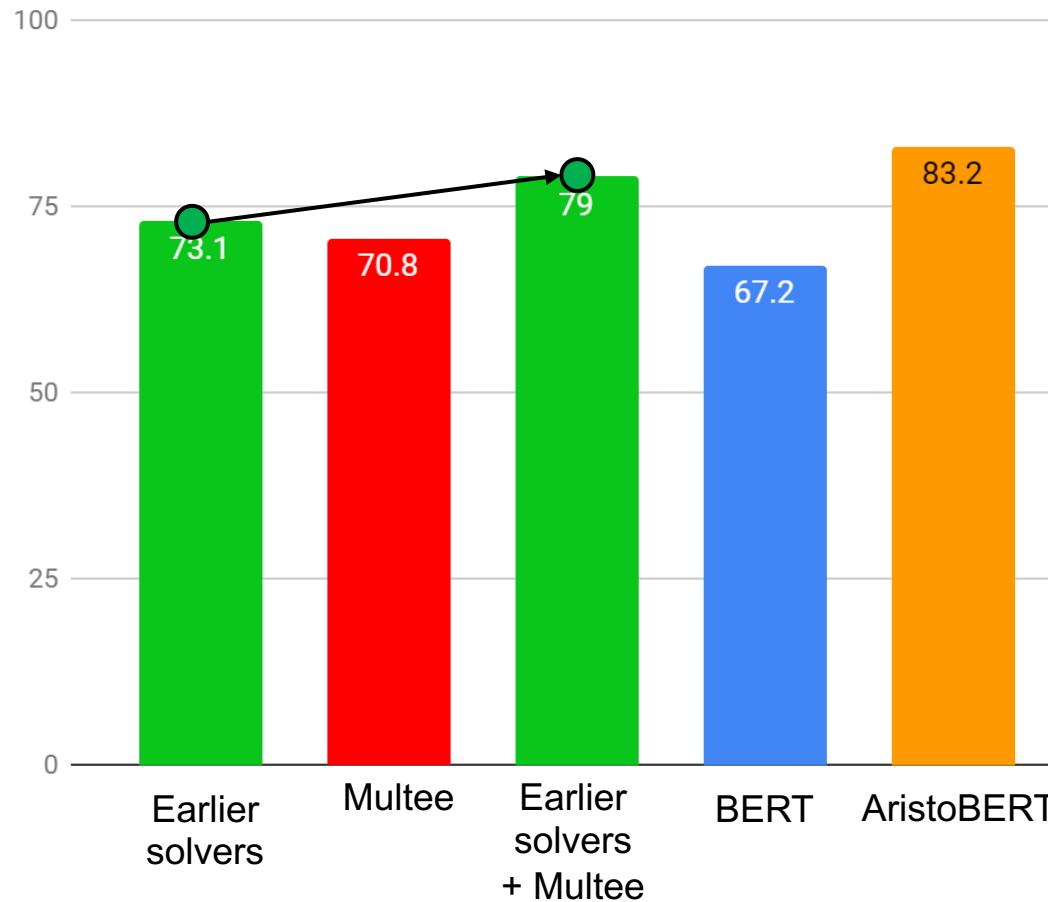
# Exploiting Language Models



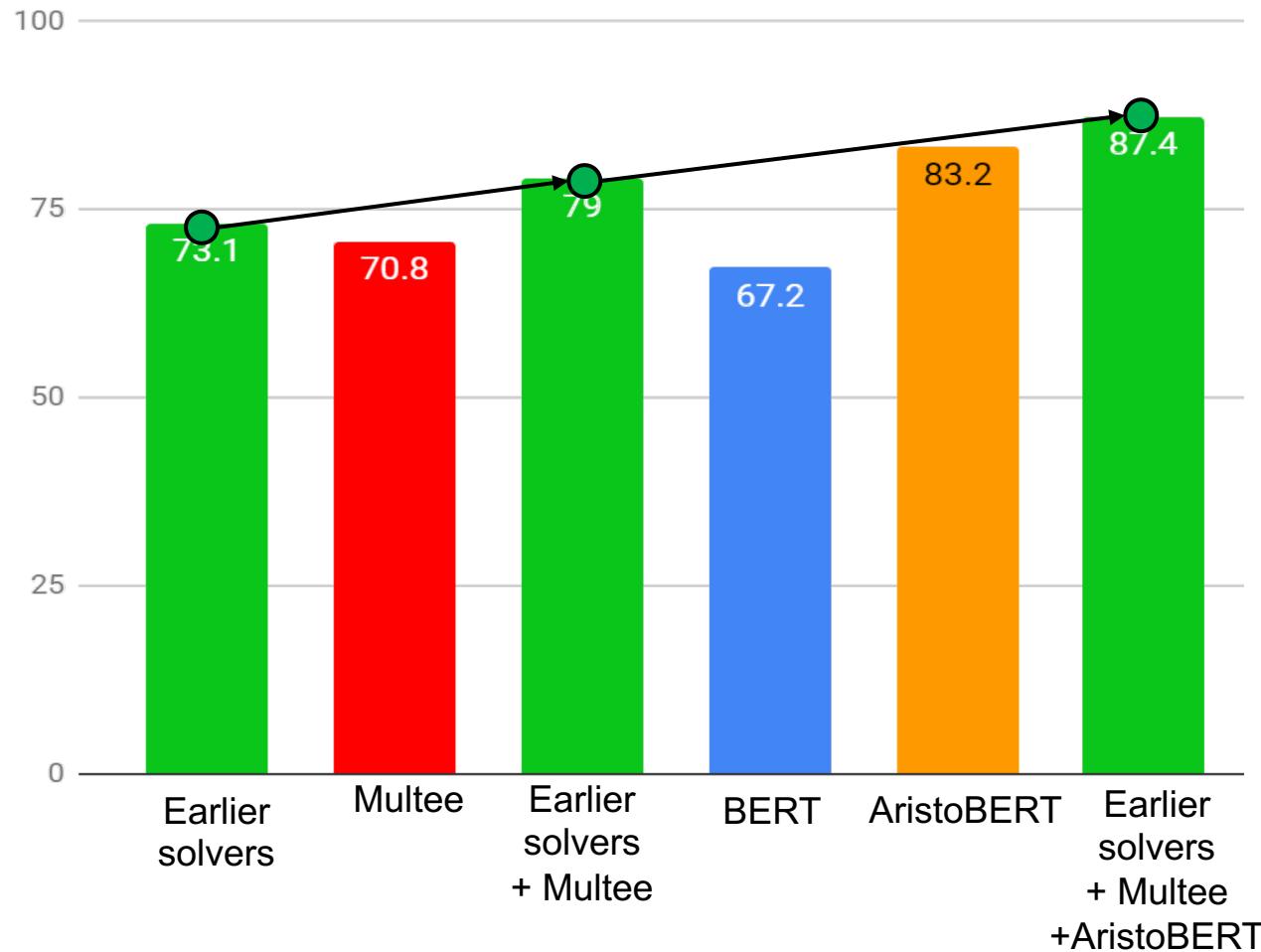
# Exploiting Language Models



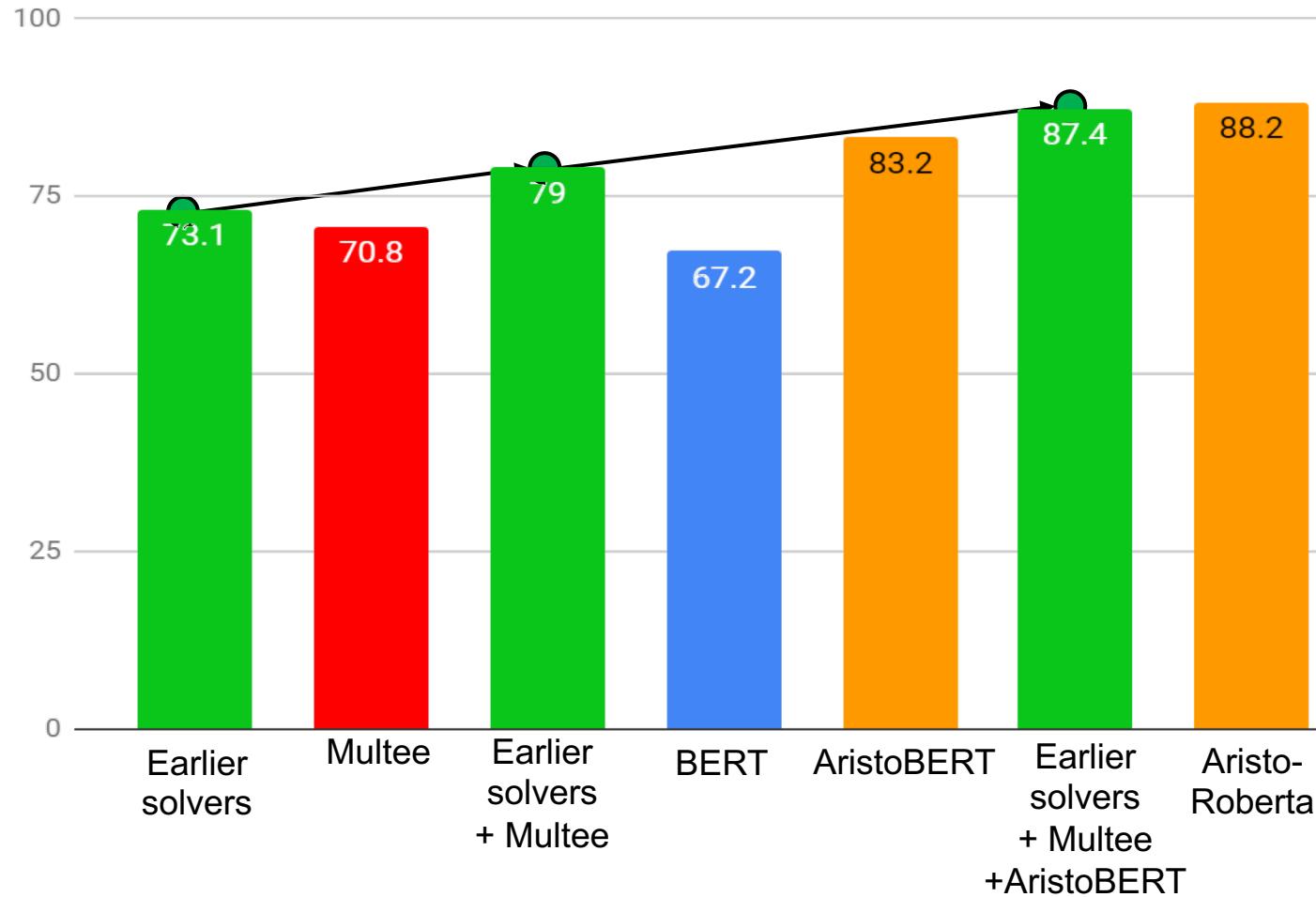
# Exploiting Language Models



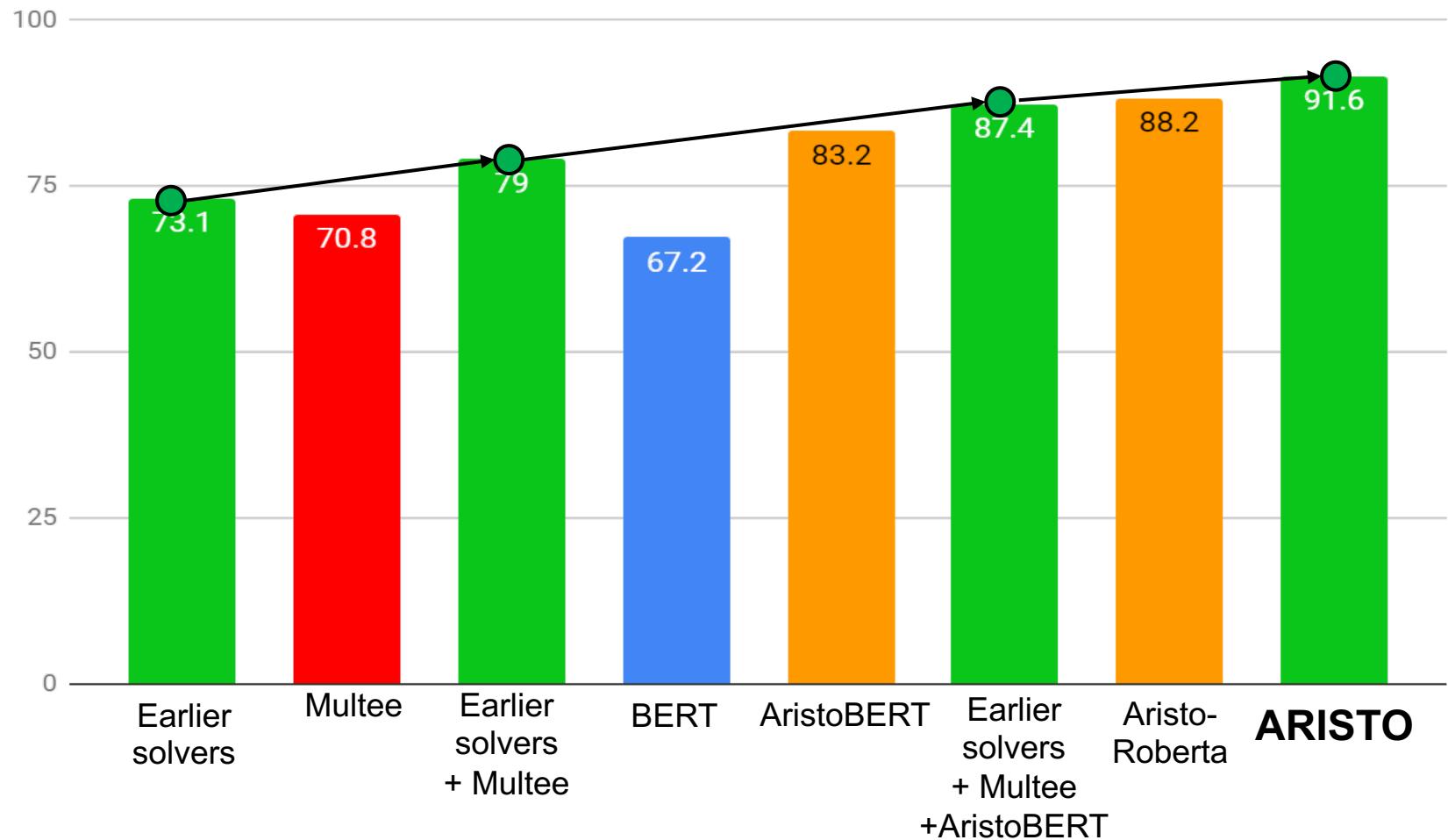
# Exploiting Language Models



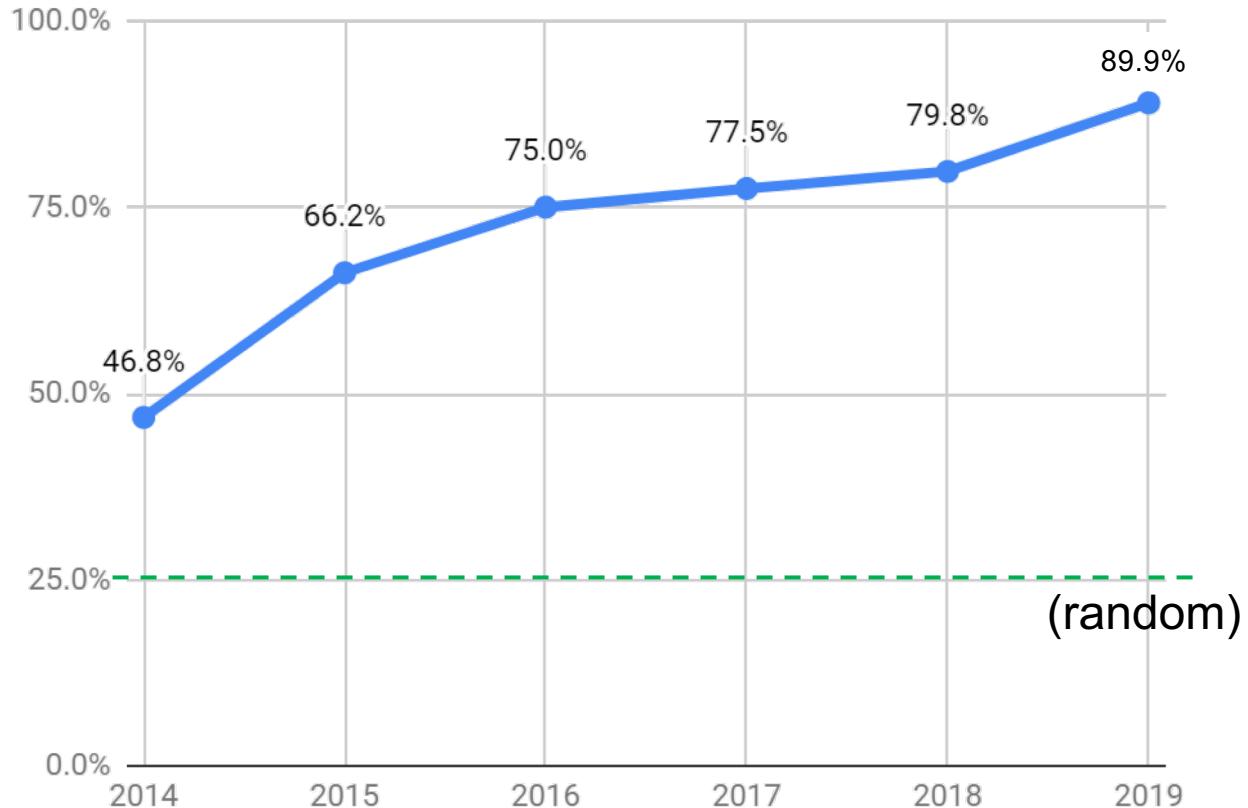
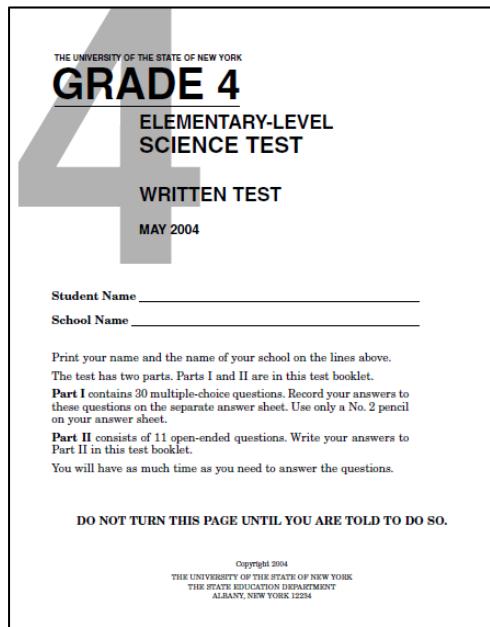
# Exploiting Language Models



# Exploiting Language Models



# Similar Progress on 4<sup>th</sup> Grade NDMC



Similarly on 12th grade NDMC:

- Random: 25.0%
- 2014: 40.6%
- 2019: 83.5%

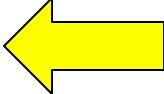
# Individual Solver Performances

Test Set	Num Q	IR	PMI	ACME	TupInf	Multee	AristoBERT	AristoRoBERTa	ARISTO
Regents 4th	109	64.45	66.28	67.89	63.53	69.72	86.24	88.07	<b>89.91</b>
Regents 8th	119	66.60	69.12	67.65	61.41	68.91	86.55	88.24	<b>91.60</b>
Regents 12th	632	41.22	46.95	41.57	35.35	56.01	75.47	82.28	<b>83.54</b>
ARC-Easy	2376	74.48	77.76	66.60	57.73	64.69	81.78	82.88	<b>86.99</b>
ARC-Challenge	1172	n/a <sup>†</sup>	n/a <sup>†</sup>	20.44	23.73	37.36	57.59	<b>64.59</b>	64.33

Most of the heavy lifting....



# Outline

- Introduction
- How does Aristo work?
- What is going on behind the high scores on the exams? 
- Where does Aristo fail?
- What are steps forward?

# 1. Checking for annotation artifacts

- (A) friction
- (B) light
- (C) force
- (D) weather

<b>Test dataset</b>	<b>“Answer only” score</b>
Regents 4th	38.53
Regents 8th	37.82
Regents 12th	47.94
ARC-Easy	36.17
ARC-Challenge	35.92
All	37.11



## 2. Is it fooled by “obviously wrong” answers?

The condition of the air outdoors at a certain time of day is known as

- (A) friction
- (B) light
- (C) force
- (D) weather [selected, correct]**



The condition of the air outdoors at a certain time of day is known as

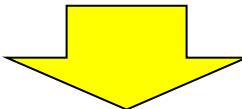
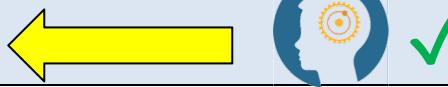
- (A) friction
- (E) joule
- (B) light
- (F) gradient
- (C) force
- (G) trench
- (D) weather
- (H) add heat



## 2. Is it fooled by “obviously wrong” answers?

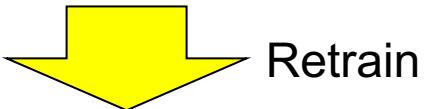
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- (A) friction
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The condition of the air outdoors at a certain time of day is known as

- (A) friction
- (E) joule
- (B) light
- (F) gradient [selected]**
- (C) force
- (G) trench
- (D) weather [correct]
- (H) add heat



The condition of the air outdoors at a certain time of day is known as

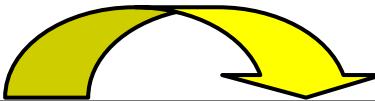
- (A) friction
- (E) joule
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- (C) force
- (G) trench
- (D) weather [correct, selected]**



## 2. Is it fooled by “obviously wrong” answers?

The condition of the air outdoors at a certain time of day is known as

- (A) friction
- (B) light
- (C) force
- (D) weather**



A yellow gauge chart with a green arc at the top, indicating a value of approximately 69.1.

Test dataset	4-way MC	Adversarial 8-way MC	% drop (relative)
Regents 4th	87.1	76.1	12.6
Regents 8th	78.9	76.4	3.1
Regents 12th	75.3	58.0	22.9
ARC-Easy	74.1	65.7	11.3
ARC-Challenge	55.5	47.7	14.0
<b>ALL</b>	<b>69.1</b>	<b>59.5</b>	13.8

Drop of (only)  $\approx 10$  points

Retrain

The condition of the air outdoors at a certain time of day is known as

- (A) friction
- (E) joule
- (B) light
- (F) gradient [selected]
- (C) force
- (G) trench
- (D) weather [correct, selected]**

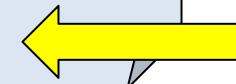


### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



City administrators can encourage energy conservation by

- (1) lowering parking fees
- (2) building larger parking lots
- (3) decreasing the cost of gasoline
- (4) lowering the cost of bus and subway fares



### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



increasing  
raising

- City administrators can encourage energy conservation by
- (1) lowering parking fees
  - (2) building larger parking lots
  - (3) ~~decreasing~~ the cost of gasoline
  - (4) ~~lowering~~ the cost of bus and subway fares



- Which of the following organs does a squirrel *not* have
- (A) a brain
  - (B) gills
  - (C) a heart
  - (D) lungs



### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



increasing  
raising

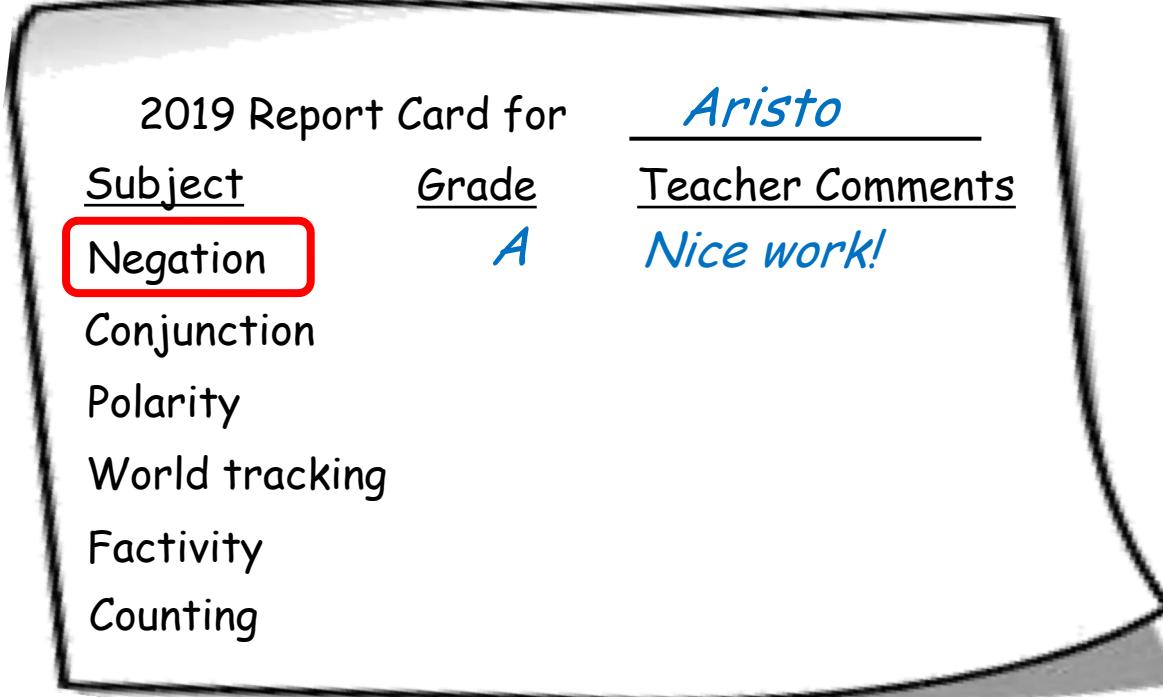
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- Which of the following organs does a squirrel ~~not~~ have
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### 3. More than Pattern Matching?

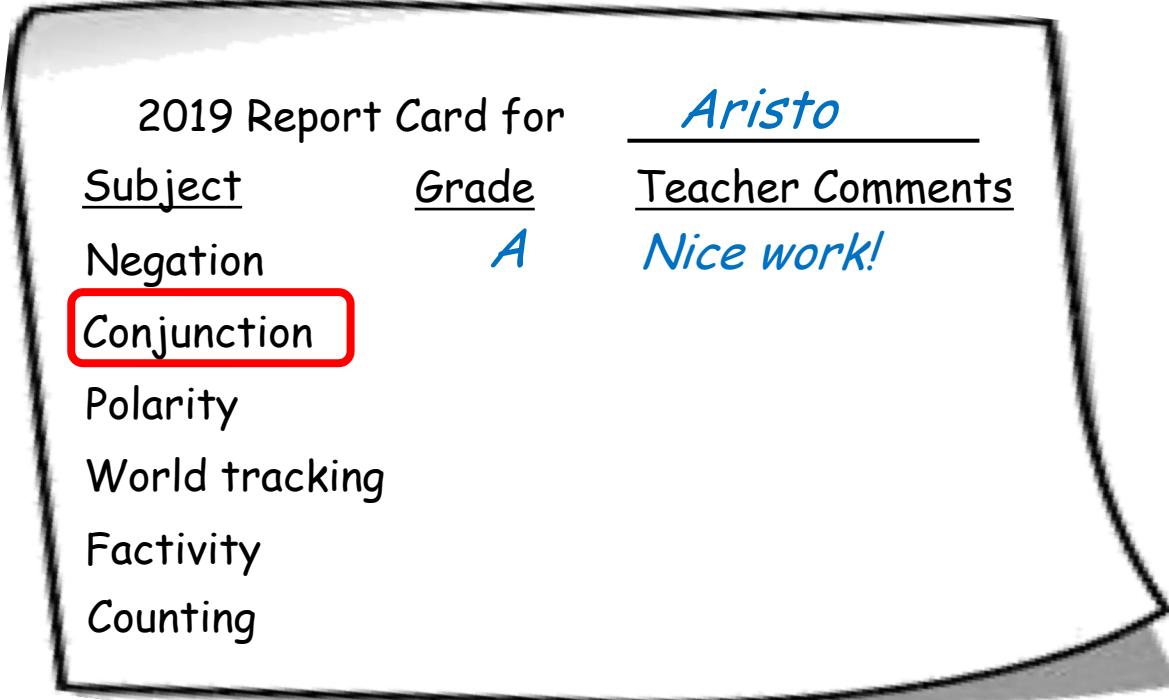


94%

Alan is small.	Alan is tall.	Bob is big.	Bob is tall.
Charlie is big.	Charlie is tall.	David is small.	David is short.

Which of the following is **not** tall? (A) Alan (B) Bob (C) Charlie (D) David **[correct]**

### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



94%

# Synthetic Conjunction Test

Context:

Alan is red.  
Alan is big.  
Bob is blue.  
Bob is small.  
Charlie is blue.  
Charlie is big.  
David is red.  
David is small.

Question:

Which of the following is big **and** blue? (A) Alan (B) Bob (C) Charlie **[correct]** (D) David



1 conjunct: 98%	88.5%
2 conjuncts: 95%	76.5%
3 conjuncts: 94.5%	+ 1 negation 76%
4 conjuncts: 80%	75%

Alan is red. Alan is big. Alan is light. Alan is old. Alan is tall. Bob is red. Bob is small. Bob is heavy. Bob is old. Bob is tall. Charlie is blue. Charlie is big. Charlie is light. Charlie is old. Charlie is tall. David is red. David is small. David is heavy. David is young. David is tall.

Which of the following is old **and** red **and** light and big **and not** short? (A) Alan (B) Bob (C) Charlie (D) David

### 3. More than Pattern Matching?

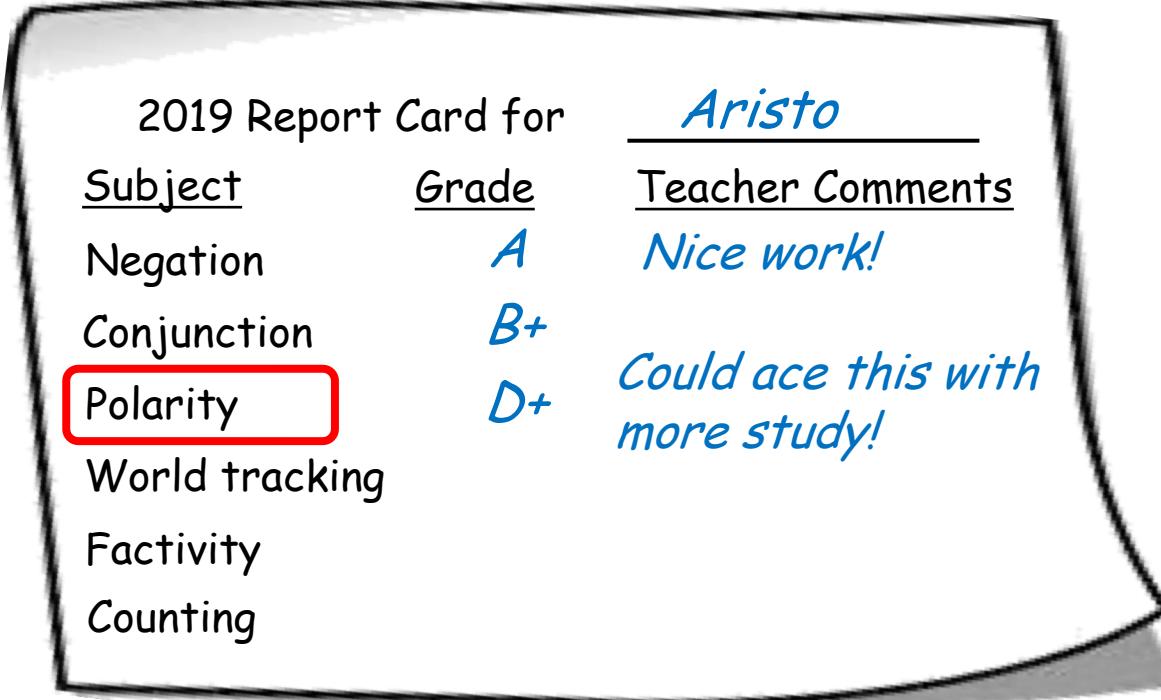
2019 Report Card for		<u>Aristo</u>
<u>Subject</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Teacher Comments</u>
Negation	<i>A</i>	<i>Nice work!</i>
Conjunction	<i>B+</i>	
Polarity		
World tracking		
Factivity		
Counting		



94%

80% - 98%

### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



94%

80% - 98%

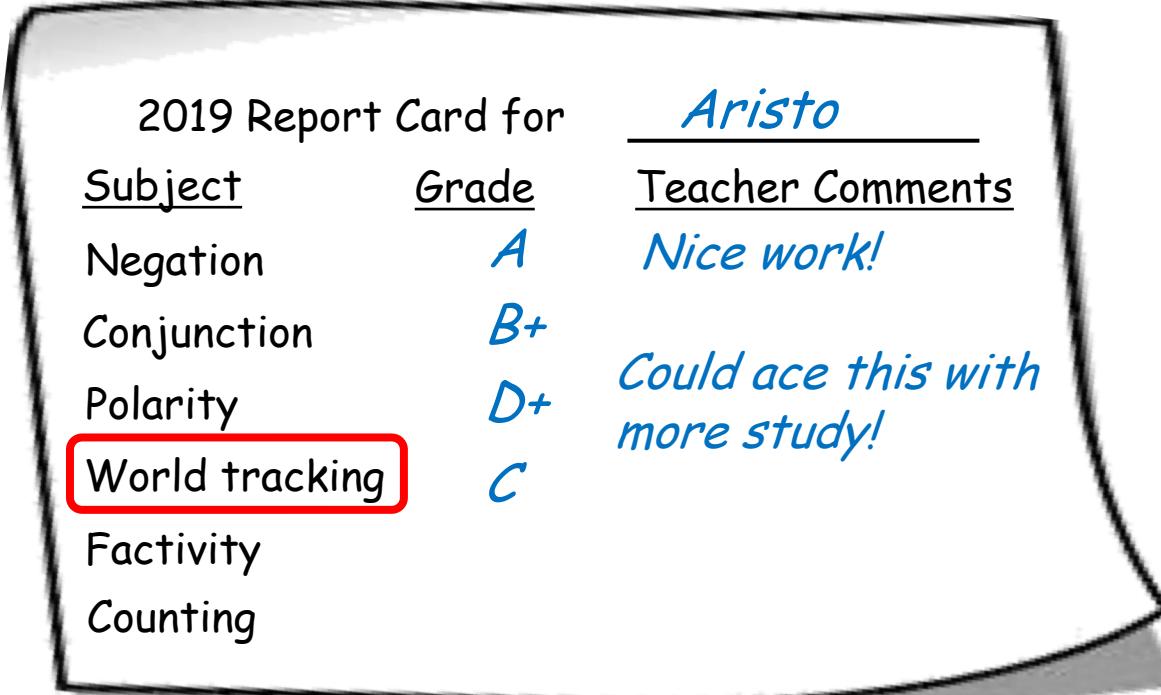
67.1%

**Context:** For a given medium, sound has a slower speed at lower temperatures.

**Question:** If Jim turns the thermostat ~~down~~<sup>up</sup> in his room while listening to music, what will happen to the speed of the sound waves in the room?  
(A) they will speed up (B) they will slow down ~~[correct]~~

*[correct]*

### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



**Context:** If someone travels for longer, they will travel further.

**Question:** John and Rita are going for a run. Rita gets tired and takes a break on the park bench. After twenty minutes in the park, who has run farther?  
(A) John [correct] (B) Rita

### 3. More than Pattern Matching?

2019 Report Card for

Subject

Grade

Negation

A

*Aristo*

Teacher Comments

Nice work!

Conjunction

B+

94%

Polarity

D+

80% -98%

World tracking

C

67.1%

Factivity

D

72.5%

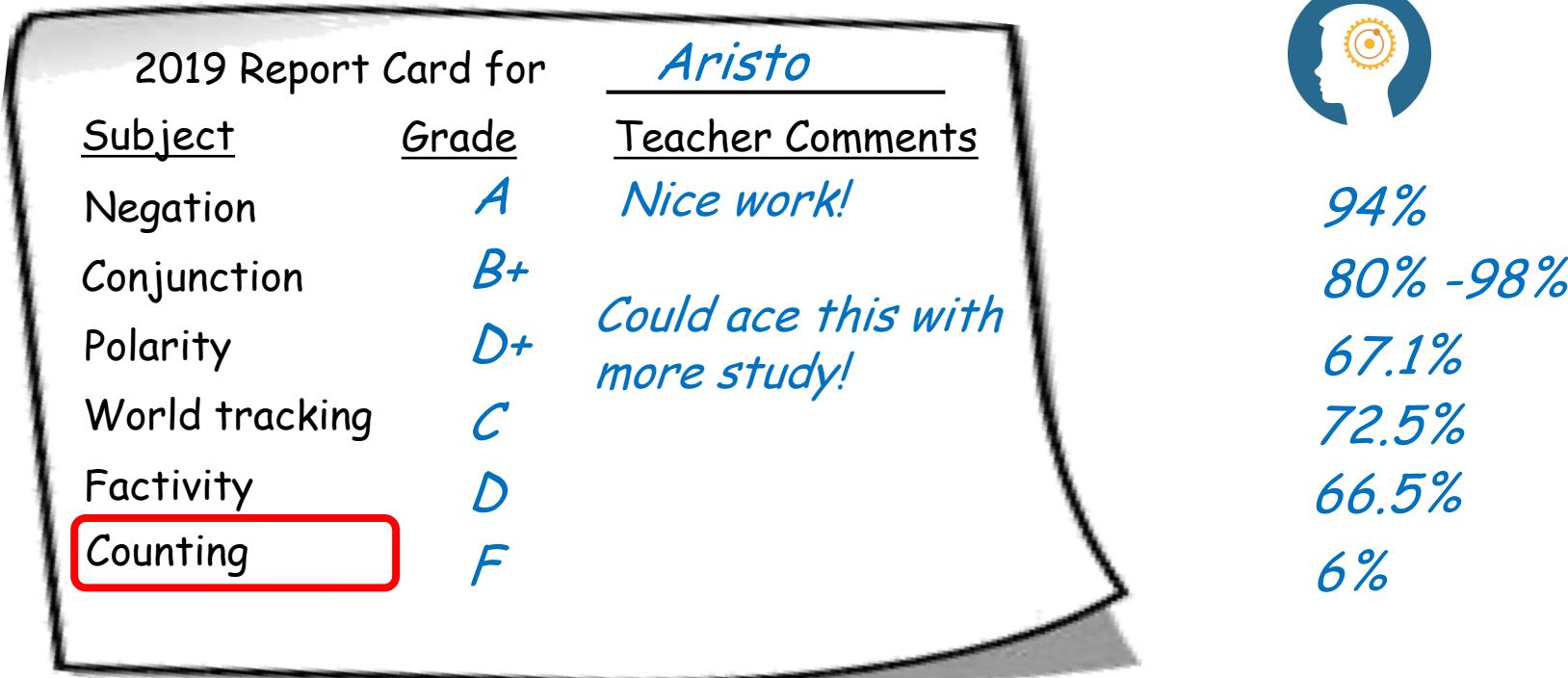
Counting

66.5%



If someone **regretted** that a particular thing happened then  
(A) that thing might or might not have happened .  
(B) that thing didn't happen .  
(C) **that thing happened [correct]**

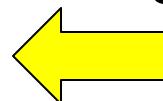
### 3. More than Pattern Matching?



Daniel picked up the football. Daniel dropped the football. Daniel got the milk.

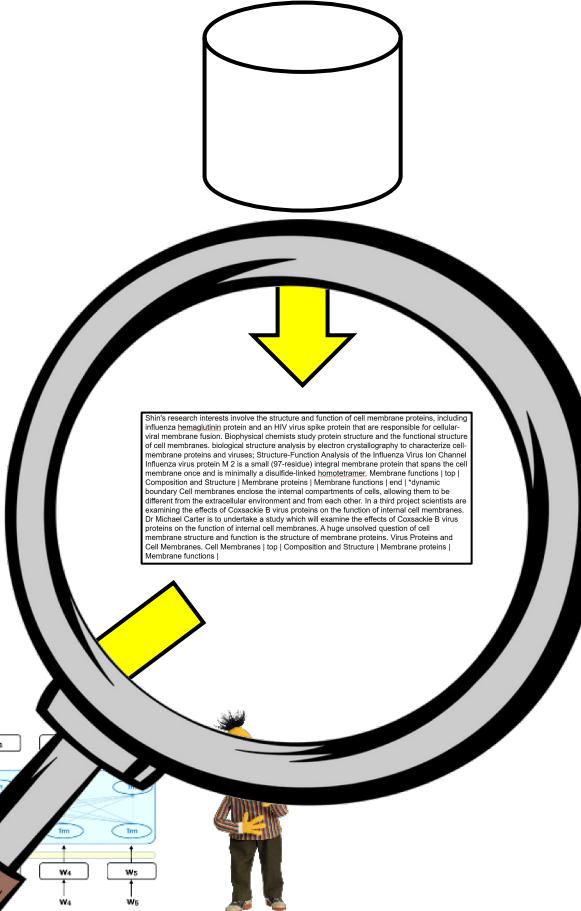
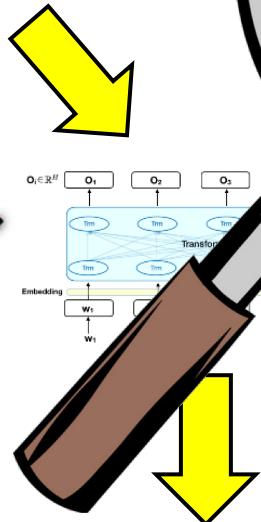
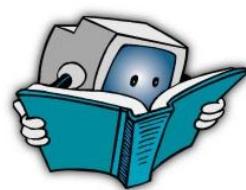
How many objects is Daniel holding? (A) zero (B) one (C) two (D) three

# Outline

- Introduction
- How does Aristo work?
- What is going on behind the high scores on the exams?
- Where does Aristo fail? 
- What are steps forward?

# 4. Where is Aristo Failing?

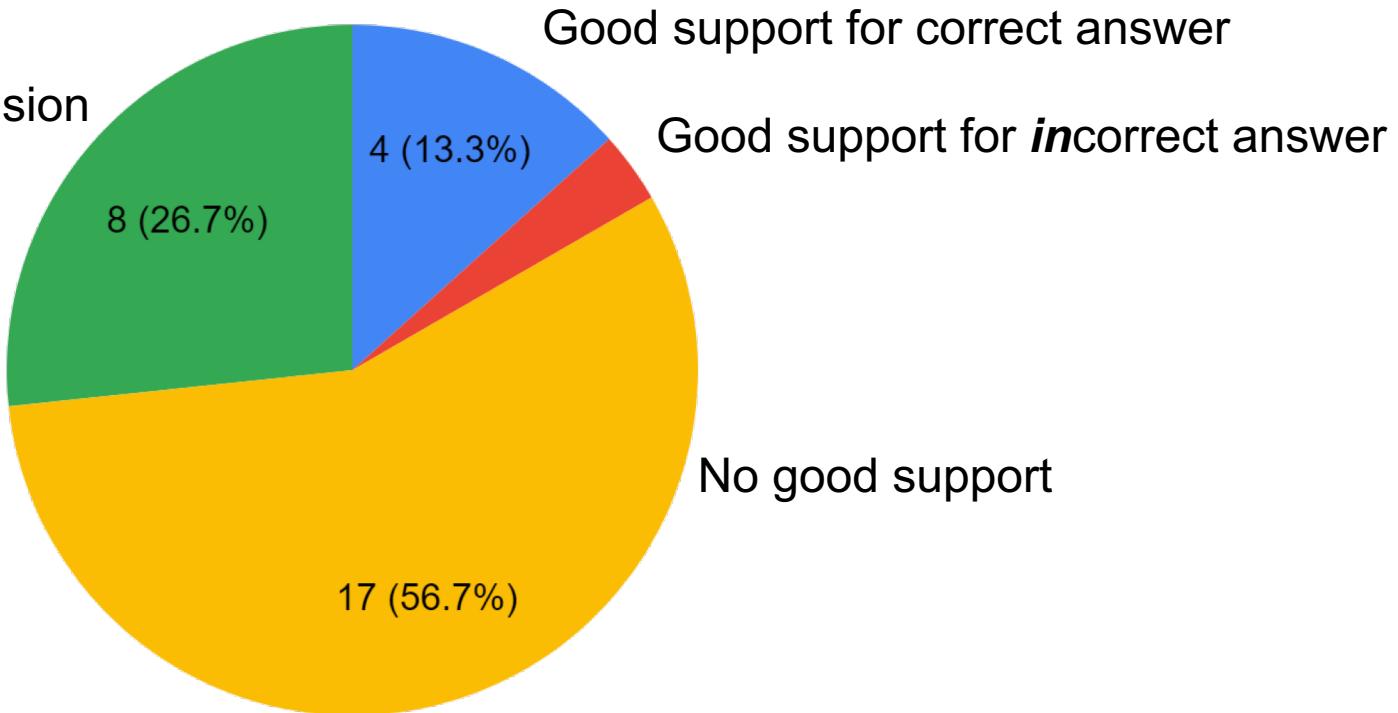
What part of a plant needs sunlight to do its job? (A) leaf..



# 4. Where is Aristo failing?

- Case study on 30 failures:

Reading Comprehension  
(IR won't help)



# 1. Good support for the correct answer (13%)

Which is the best unit to measure distances between Earth and other solar systems in the universe? (A) miles (B) kilometers **(C) light years (D) astronomical units**

*In general, distances in the solar system are measured in **astronomical units**.*

*Distances between Earth and the stars are often measured in terms of **light-years**.* 

## 2. Good support for the incorrect answer (3%)

Which of these objects will most likely float in water? (A) glass marble  
(B) steel ball **(C) hard rubber ball** **(D) table tennis ball**



- *I remember it had like a **rubber ball** in it, which would maybe **float up**...*
- *We played soccer with a giant **rubber ball that floated** like a balloon.*
- **Rubber toys floated** on the water.

### 3. No good support for the correct answer (57%)

Although they belong to the same family, an eagle and a pelican are different. What is one difference between them? (A) their preference for eating fish (B) their ability to fly **(C) their method of reproduction** **(D) their method of catching food**

- Need question decomposition

How are the particles in a block of iron affected when the block is melted?  
**(A) The particles gain mass.** (B) The particles contain less energy. **(C) The particles move more rapidly.** (D) The particles increase in volume.

- No good single supporting sentence

### 3. No good support for the correct answer (57%)

Which characteristic applies to animals in only one of these taxonomic groups: reptiles, mammals, birds, amphibians, or fishes? (A) have hair  
(B) lay eggs (C) have webbed feet (D) breathe with gills

- Boolean reasoning

Which geologic structure will most likely take the longest time to form?  
(A) a fault (B) a sinkhole (C) a river meander (D) a mountain range

- Cross-option comparative

## 4. Reading Comprehension (27%)

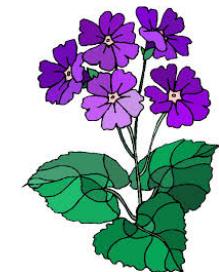
- Story (experimental method)

A student wants to determine the effect of garlic on the growth of a fungus species. Several samples of fungus cultures are grown in the same amount of agar and light. Each sample is given a different amount of garlic. What is the independent variable in this investigation? (A) amount of agar (B) amount of light (**C) amount of garlic** (**D) amount of growth**



- Meta/sentiment

Which statement is an opinion? (A) Many plants are green. (**B) Many plants are beautiful.** (**C) Plants require sunlight.** (D) Plants can grow in different places.



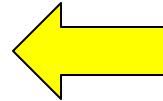
# Math Reasoning

About how long does it take for the Moon to complete one revolution around Earth? (A) 7 days (B) 30 days (C) 90 days (D) 365 days



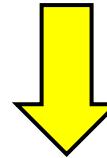
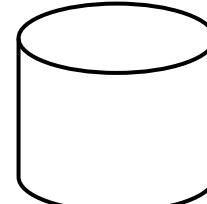
- Because it takes the moon about **27.3 days** to complete one orbit around the Earth, the moon moves a little bit further around the Earth each day.
- It takes **27.3 days** for the moon to complete one revolution around the earth.
- The moon completes one revolution of the Earth in about **29.5 days**.
- The Moon completes one revolution around the Earth in **27.32166 days**.

# Outline

- Introduction
- How does Aristo work?
- What is going on behind the high scores on the exams?
- Where does Aristo fail?
- What are steps forward? 

# 1. Question Decomposition

What virus structure is similar in function to a **cell membrane**?  
(A) **protein shell** (B) **internal protein...**



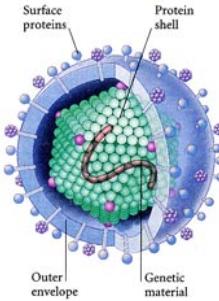
Shin's research interests involve the structure and function of cell membrane proteins, including influenza hemagglutinin protein and an HIV virus spike protein that are responsible for cellular-viral membrane fusion. Biophysical chemists study protein structure and the functional structure of cell membranes. A huge unsolved question of cell membrane structure and function is the structure of membrane proteins and viruses. Structure-Function Analysis of the Influenza Virus Ion Channel Influenza virus protein M 2 is a small (97-residue) integral membrane protein that spans the cell membrane once and is minimally a disulfide-linked homotetramer. Virus Proteins and Cell Membranes | top | Composition and Structure | Membrane proteins | Membrane functions | end | "dynamic boundary Cell membranes enclose the internal components of cells, allowing them to be differentiated from external environments. Not from the outside world. The main areas of research are examining the effects of Coxsackie B virus proteins on the function of cell membranes. Dr Michael Carter is to undertake a study with the aim of investigating the effects of Coxsackie B virus protein on the function of cell membranes. A huge unsolved question of cell membrane structure and function is the structure of membrane proteins. Virus Proteins and Cell Membranes: Cell Membranes | top | Composition and Structure | Membrane proteins | Membrane functions |"

structure-function of membrane **proteins**. membrane **protein** structure and function; Structure and function of membrane **proteins**; Shin's research interests involve the structure and function of **cell membrane** **proteins**, including influenza hemagglutinin **protein** and an HIV virus spike **protein** that are responsible for cellular-viral membrane fusion. biological structure analysis by electron crystallography to characterize cell-membrane **proteins** and viruses; Structure-Function Analysis of the Influenza Virus Ion Channel Influenza virus **protein** M 2 is a small (97-residue) integral membrane **protein** that spans the **cell membrane** once and is minimally a disulfide-linked homotetramer. Biophysical chemists study **protein** structure and the functional structure of **cell membranes**. A huge unsolved question of **cell membrane** structure and function is the structure of membrane **proteins**. Virus **Proteins** and **Cell Membranes**. **Cell Membranes** | top | Composition and Structure | Membrane **proteins** | Membrane functions |



# 1. Question Decomposition

What virus structure is similar in function to a cell membrane?  
(A) protein shell (B) internal protein...



→ What is the function of a cell membrane?

← Surrounds and protects, gives structure, regulates material, ...

→ What part of the virus surrounds and protects it?

← Protein shell, protein layer, ...

- GapQA (*EMNLP'19*)
- New dataset coming

## 2. Multihop Reasoning

Which conducts electricity? (A) suit of armor (B) cotton candy



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## 2. Multihop Reasoning

Which **conducts electricity?** (A) suit of armor (B) cotton candy

**Retrieval 1:**

The reciprocal of the electrical resistivity is the **electrical conductivity**.

**Electrical conductivity** is the capacity of metal to **conduct an electric current**.

**Electrical Conductivity** Water without minerals will not **conduct electricity**.

## 2. Multihop Reasoning

Which conducts electricity? (A) suit of armor (B) cotton candy

### Retrieval 1:

The reciprocal of the electrical resistivity is the electrical conductivity.

Electrical conductivity is the capacity of metal to conduct an electric current.

Electrical Conductivity Water without minerals will not conduct electricity.

### Retrieval 2:

It was not suited to be a center for extensive metal-working.

A suit of armour is a historical type of personal body armour made from metal.

Resisting arrest is a criminal charge, but civil suits can be filed.

### Form Chains:

“suit of armor...made from metal” AND “...metal conduct electrical current”

=> “suit of armor conducts electricity”



“Resisting arrest...suits can be filed” AND “reciprocal of resistivity is conductivity”

=> “suit of armor conducts electricity”



Train system to recognize good chains



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# 3. Modeling World States

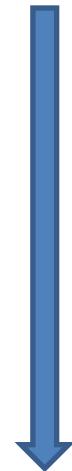
## Photosynthesis

Roots absorb water from the soil.

The water flows to the leaf.

Light and CO<sub>2</sub> enter leaf.

Light, water, CO<sub>2</sub> form sugar.



# 3. Modeling World States

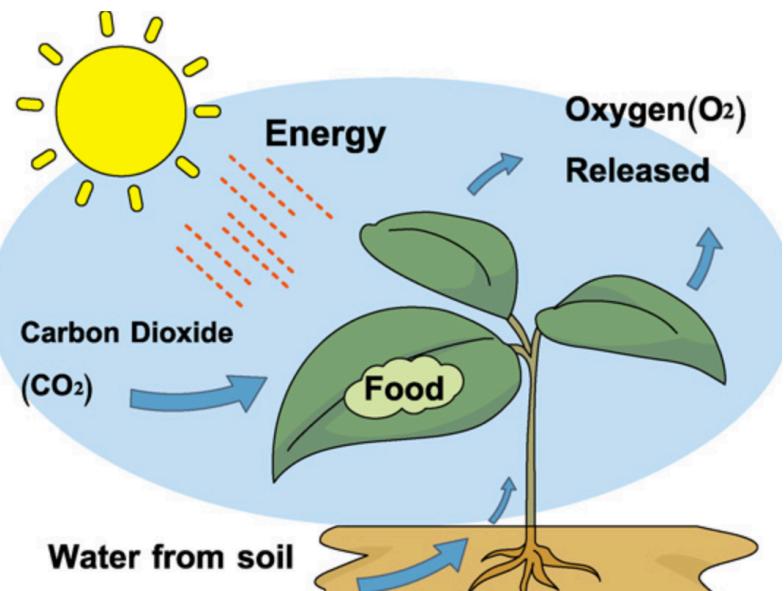
## Photosynthesis

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The water flows to the leaf.

Light and CO<sub>2</sub> enter leaf.

Light, water, CO<sub>2</sub> form sugar.



Where is the sugar created? **Light, water, CO<sub>2</sub>** [BiDAF]

# 3. Modeling World States

## Paragraph

- s1 Roots absorb water from soil.
- s2 The water flows to the leaf.
- s3 Light and CO<sub>2</sub> enter leaf.
- s4 Water, light, CO<sub>2</sub> form sugar.

## State changes: $\pi$

	water	light	CO <sub>2</sub>	sugar
s1				
s2				
s3				
s4				



# 3. Modeling World States

## Paragraph

- s1 Roots absorb water from soil.
- s2 The water flows to the leaf.
- s3 Light and CO<sub>2</sub> enter leaf.
- s4 Water, light, CO<sub>2</sub> form sugar.

## State changes: $\pi$

	water	light	CO <sub>2</sub>	sugar
s1	soil			
roots				
s2				
s3				
s4				

# 3. Modeling World States

## Paragraph

## State changes: $\pi$

s1	Roots absorb water from soil.
s2	The water flows to the leaf.
s3	Light and CO <sub>2</sub> enter leaf.
s4	Water, light, CO <sub>2</sub> form sugar.



	water	light	CO <sub>2</sub>	sugar
soil				
s1				
roots				
s2				
s3				
s4				

# 3. Modeling World States

## Paragraph

s1 Roots absorb water from soil.
s2 The water flows to the leaf.
s3 Light and CO <sub>2</sub> enter leaf.
s4 Water, light, CO <sub>2</sub> form sugar.

## State changes: $\pi$

	water	light	CO <sub>2</sub>	sugar
soil				
<b>roots</b>	s1			
<b>leaf</b>		s2		
s3				
s4				



# 3. Modeling World States

## Paragraph

## State changes: $\pi$

	s1 Roots absorb water from soil.
	s2 The water flows to the leaf.
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	water	light	CO2	sugar
s1				
soil				
roots				
s2				
leaf				
s3				
leaf				
s4				

# 3. Modeling World States

## Paragraph

## State changes: $\pi$

s1 Roots absorb water from soil.

s2 The water flows to the leaf.

s3 Light and CO<sub>2</sub> enter leaf.

s4 Water, light, CO<sub>2</sub> form sugar



	water	light	CO <sub>2</sub>	sugar
s1	soil	sun	?	-
s2	roots	sun	?	-
s3	leaf	sun	?	-
s4	leaf	leaf	leaf	-

The ProPara logo, which consists of a grid of colored squares (blue, orange, and yellow) arranged in a specific pattern.

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ProPara aims to promote the research in natural language understanding in the context of procedural... ([More](#))

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# 4. Explanation and Instruction

Can you pick up a penny with a magnet?



Why?

Yes



Because

- *pennies are made of metal*
- *metals are magnetic*

Actually:

*Not all metals are magnetic.*

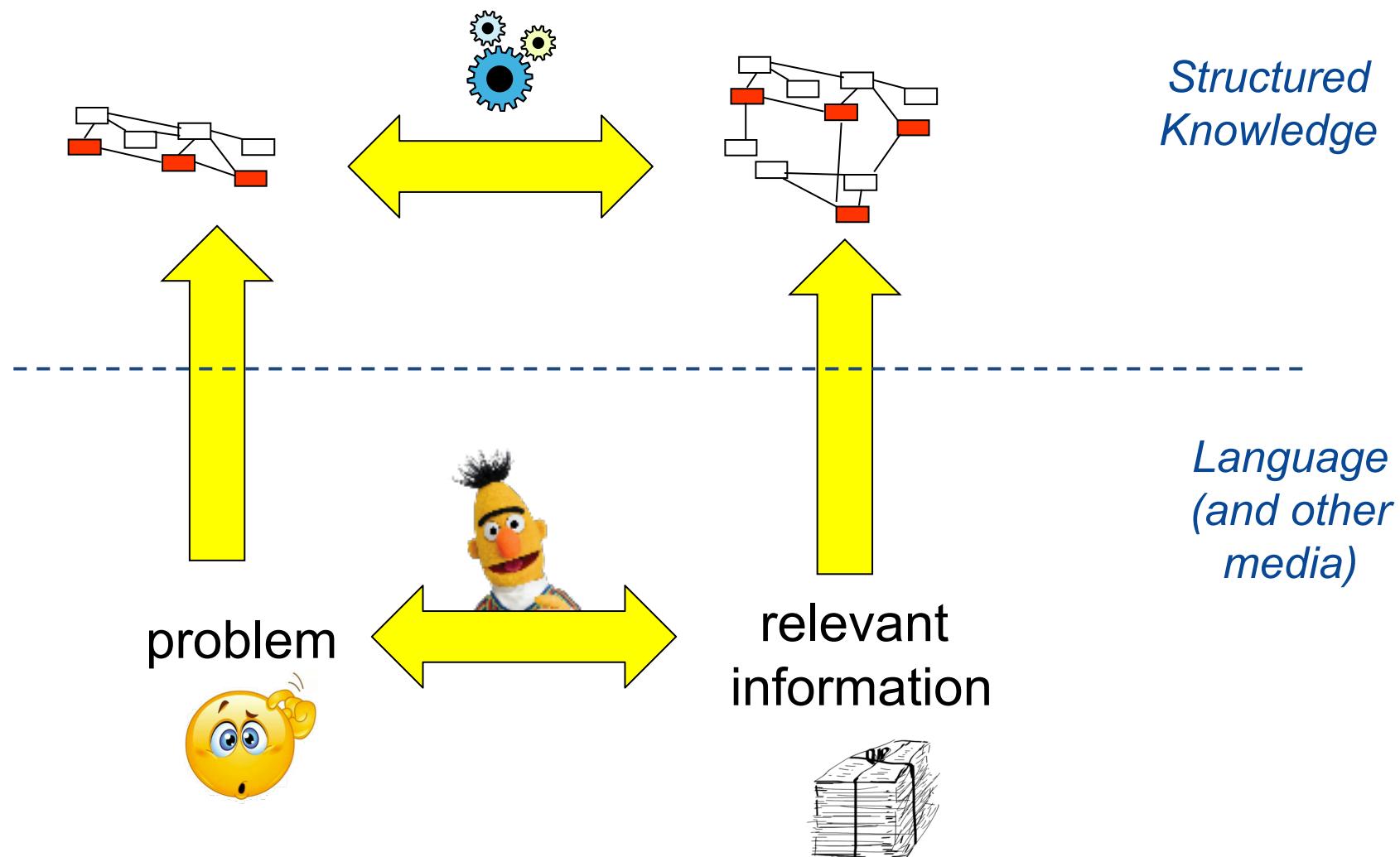
*Copper is not magnetic.*

Try again!

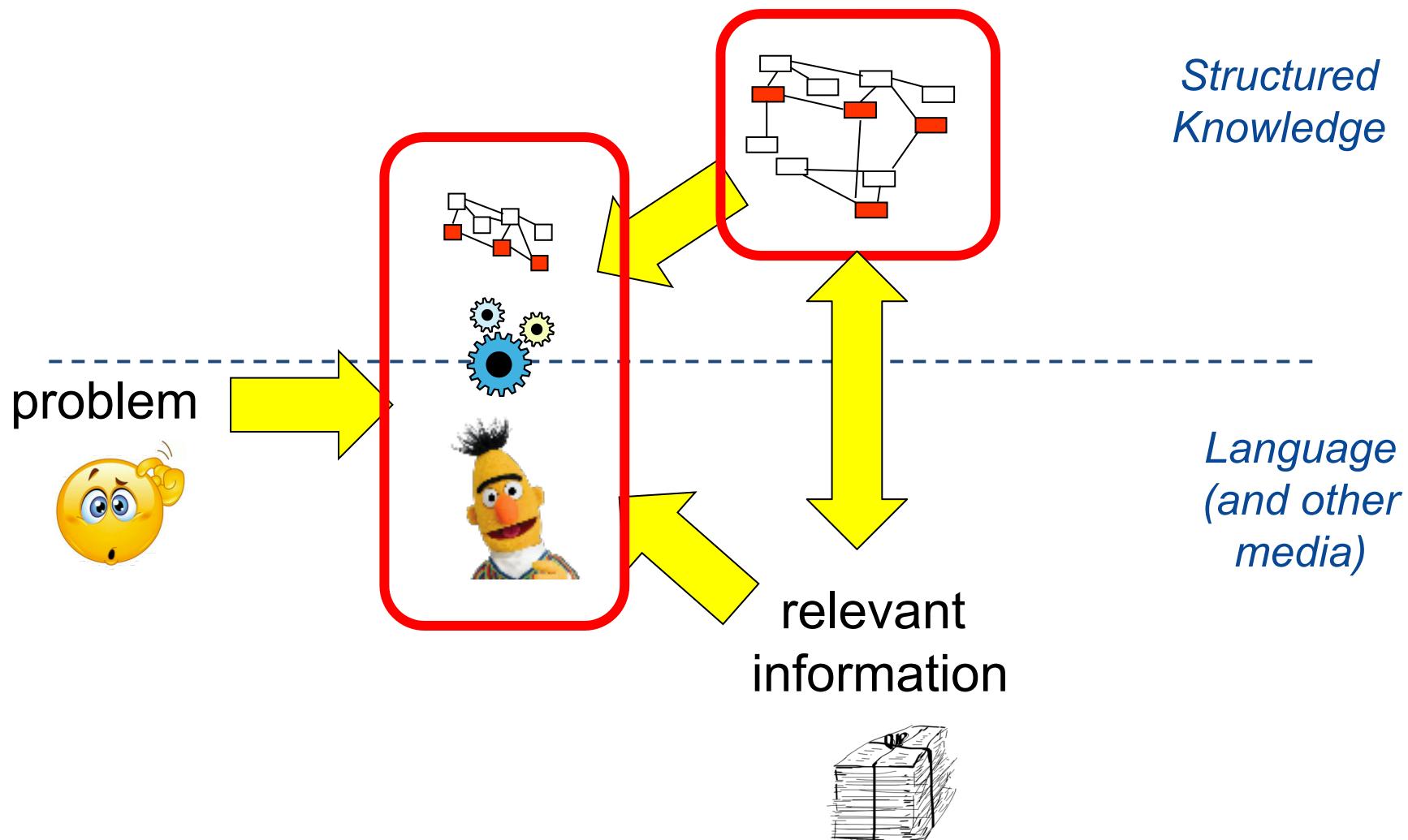
No – because:

- *pennies are made of copper*
- *copper is not magnetic*

# A Question for the field of Knowledge Capture



# A Question for the field of Knowledge Capture



# Summary



- Surprising success!
  - LMs: Structure not essential for many tasks
  - >> “just pattern matching”
- BUT:
  - falls short with numerous types of questions
  - many other AI aspects missing

What do we need going forward?

- Structured reasoning and knowledge capture *but* with more language-like representations

**Thank you!**  
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