Homework 2 STA 307

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```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from ISLP import load_data
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
AUTO = load_data("Auto")
```

Question 1

```
selected_coloumns = ['mpg','cylinders', 'displacement', 'weight', 'acceleration',]
X = AUTO[selected_coloumns]
y = AUTO['origin'] # Origin of car (1. American, 2. European, 3. Japanese)
print(X.head)

print("American cars: {0}".format((y == 1).sum())) # American
print("European cars: {0}".format((y == 2).sum())) # European
print("Japanese cars: {0}".format((y == 3).sum())) # Japanese
```

<pre><bound method="" ndframe.head="" of<="" pre=""></bound></pre>				mpg	cylinders	displacement	weight	acceleration
0	18.0	8	307.0	350	04	12.0		
1	15.0	8	350.0	369	93	11.5		
2	18.0	8	318.0	343	36	11.0		
3	16.0	8	304.0	343	33	12.0		
4	17.0	8	302.0	344	19	10.5		
387	27.0	4	140.0	279	90	15.6		
388	44.0	4	97.0	213	30	24.6		
389	32.0	4	135.0	229	95	11.6		
390	28.0	4	120.0	262	25	18.6		
391	31.0	4	119.0	272	20	19.4		

[392 rows x 5 columns]>

American cars: 245 European cars: 68 Japanese cars: 79

Question 2

```
print("Standard deviation")
print(X.std())
print("\n")
print("Mean")
print(X.mean())
```

Standard deviation

mpg 7.805007 cylinders 1.705783 displacement 104.644004 weight 849.402560 acceleration 2.758864

dtype: float64

Mean

mpg 23.445918 cylinders 5.471939 displacement 194.411990 weight 2977.584184 acceleration 15.541327

dtype: float64

Qustion 3

 \mathbf{a}

```
# scaler = StandardScaler()
# scaler.fit(X)
# X_standardized = scaler.transform(X)

# print("Means: ",np.mean(X_standardized,axis=0))
# print("Standard deviations: ",np.std(X_standardized,axis=0))

print("Original data size:",X.shape)
# Implement PCA with 2 principal components
pca = PCA(n_components=2)

# Fit the PCA model to the data and transform the data
X_reduced = pca.fit_transform(X)
print("Reduced data size:", X_reduced.shape)

#principal components
components = pca.components_
x = np.arange(components.shape[1]) # 6

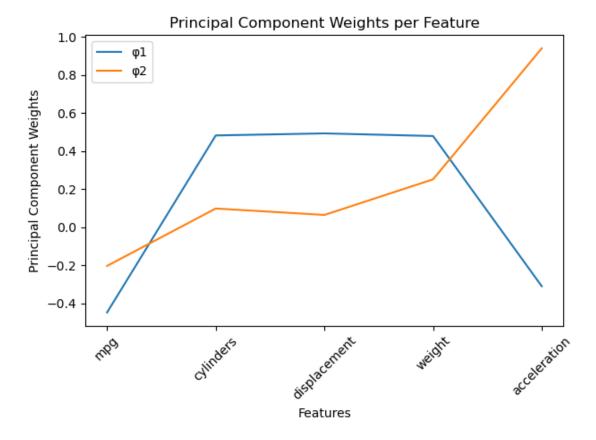
# Plot the first and second principal components
```

```
plt.plot(x, components[0], label='1')
plt.plot(x, components[1], label='2')

# Define feature names as tick labels
names = ['mpg', 'cylinders', 'displacement', 'weight', 'acceleration']
plt.xticks(ticks=x, labels=selected_coloumns, rotation=45)

# Labeling the axes and the legend
plt.xlabel('Features')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component Weights')
plt.title('Principal Component Weights per Feature')
plt.legend()

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig("plot.png", bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
```



b

It seems pca is caputring the data with larger scales this can lead to misleading conclusions and the importance of features

Question 4

```
# Manually standardize the data to have mean 0 and standard deviation 1
means = np.mean(X, axis=0)
stds = np.std(X, axis=0)
Z = (X - means) / stds

# Verify that all features in Z have a mean of approximately zero and a standard deviation of one
means_Z = np.mean(Z, axis=0)
stds_Z = np.std(Z, axis=0)
print(means_Z, stds_Z)
```

```
1.450087e-16
mpg
cylinders
               -1.087565e-16
               -7.250436e-17
displacement
weight
               -1.812609e-17
acceleration
                4.350262e-16
dtype: float64 mpg
                                1.0
cylinders
                1.0
                1.0
displacement
weight
                1.0
acceleration
                1.0
dtype: float64
```

Question 5

##+begin_{src} python :session graphics :results output :exports both :eval yes

```
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
Z_reduced = pca.fit_transform(Z)
print("Reduced data size:", Z_reduced.shape)
components = pca.components_
plt.plot(x, components[0], label='1')
plt.plot(x, components[1], label='2')

plt.xticks(ticks=x, labels=selected_coloumns, rotation=45)

plt.xlabel('Features')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component Weights')
plt.title('Principal Component Weights per Feature')
plt.legend()

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig("plot.png", bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
```

